

THE ROLE OF SULFUR INTERACTIONS IN CRYSTAL ARCHITECTURE: EXPERIMENTAL AND  
QUANTUM THEORETICAL STUDIES ON HYDROGEN, HALOGEN, AND CHALCOGEN BONDS IN  
TRITHIOCYANURIC ACID -  
PYRIDINE *N*-OXIDE CO-CRYSTALS

Kinga Wzgarda-Raj<sup>1</sup>, Marcin Palusiak<sup>1</sup>, Sławomir Wojtulewski<sup>2</sup>,  
Agnieszka J. Rybarczyk-Pirek<sup>1\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department of Physical Chemistry, Faculty of Chemistry, University of Łódź, ul. Pomorska  
163/165, 90-236 Łódź, Poland

<sup>2</sup> Institute of Chemistry, University of Białystok, ul. Ciołkowskiego 1K, 15-245 Białystok, Poland.

Supporting Information

I. Crystallographic data of the I-IV crystal structures.

	I	II	III	IV
<b>Crystal Data</b>				
Formula	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S <sub>3</sub> ·C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NO	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S <sub>3</sub> ·2(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	4(C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S <sub>3</sub> )·2(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> BrNO)·2H <sub>2</sub> O	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub> S <sub>3</sub> ·C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>9</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub>
M [g·mol <sup>-1</sup> ]	272.4	457.7	1093.1	429.6
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	triclinic	triclinic
Space group	C2/c	P2 <sub>1</sub> /c	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>
Unit cell:				
a [Å]	22.0734(4)	17.0067(3)	6.9760(2)	9.3250(3)
b [Å]	4.4546(1)	4.5591(1)	11.2345(2)	9.4506(4)
c [Å]	22.9310(4)	24.5193(3)	26.3305(5)	11.0920(4)
α [°]	90	90	80.082(2)	108.119(3)
β [°]	95.154(2)	108.580(2)	85.993(2)	91.734(3)
γ [°]	90	90	80.258(2)	112.132(4)
V [Å <sup>3</sup> ]	2245.7(8)	1802.0(6)	2001.7(8)	848.4(6)
Z	8	4	2	2

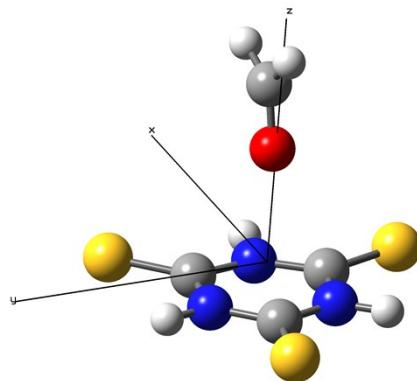
$F(000)$	1120.0	936.0	1103.6	440.0
$d_x$ [mg m <sup>-3</sup> ]	1.611	1.686	1.814	1.681
$\mu$ [mm <sup>-1</sup> ]	5.925	4.244	8.880	6.482
Crystal size [mm]	0.076 x 0.137 x 0.190	0.027 x 0.104 x 0.208	0.150 x 0.090 x 0.014	0.074 x 0.108 x 0.152
Crystal description	colourless	colourless	colourless	colourless
<b>Data collection</b>				
$\lambda$ [\text{\AA}]	CuK $\alpha$	CuK $\alpha$	CuK $\alpha$	CuK $\alpha$
2 $\theta$ range [°]	7.742 – 152.954	5.482 – 153.064	6.822 – 153.494	8.508 – 153.086
T [K]	100	100	100	100
$R_{int}$	0.0379	0.0266	0.0322	0.0253
<b>Refinement</b>				
Data unique/ Parameters	2368/146	3790/263	7385/560	3541/227
$R/wR^2$ [ $I > 2\sigma(I)$ ]	0.0250/0.0678	0.0271/0.0691	0.0267/0.0647	0.0246/0.0614
$R/wR^2$ (all data)	0.0253/0.0680	0.0299/0.0714	0.0286/0.0553	0.0266/0.0630
$\Delta\rho_{min}/\Delta\rho_{max}$ [e·Å <sup>-3</sup> ]	0.28/-0.30	0.29/-0.25	0.54/-0.81	0.28/-0.28
GooF on $F^2$	1.051	1.033	1.043	1.069

II. Parameters of selected hydrogen bonds for crystal structures I-IV [ $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ].

	Donor molecule	Acceptor molecule	Hydrogen bonds	D - H	H...A	D...A	D- H...A	symmetry	
I	TTCA	TTCA	N5-H5...S4	0.87(2)	2.45(2)	3.3140(12)	171.2(18)	$3/2-x, 3/2-y, 1-z$	
			N1-H1...S6	0.83(2)	2.50(2)	3.3104(12)	165(2)	$1-x, 2-y, 1-z$	
		PNO	N3-H3...O11	0.91(2)	1.71(2)	2.6189(15)	174(2)	$x, y, z$	
			N3-H3...N11	0.91(2)	2.46(2)	3.2874(17)	152.5(18)	$x, y, z$	
II	TTCA	NPNO	N1-H1...O11A	0.804(19)	1.95(2)	2.7386(16)	166.9(19)	$x, y, z$	
			N3-H3...O11B	0.84(2)	1.87(2)	2.7113(16)	171.7(18)	$-x, y, z$	
		TTCA	N5-H5...S6	0.878(19)	2.461(19)	3.3221(13)	166.9(19)	$-x, 1-y, -z$	
	NPNO	NPNO	C12A-H12A...O11A	0.94(2)	2.17(2)	3.1010(19)	170.7(17)	$-x, \frac{1}{2}+y, \frac{1}{2}-z$	
			C15A-H15A...O142B	0.94(2)	2.385(19)	3.3150(18)	171.6(16)	$1-x, -\frac{1}{2}+y, \frac{1}{2}-z$	
			C12B-H12B...O11B	0.955(19)	2.491(19)	3.1915(15)	130.2(14)	$1-x, -\frac{1}{2}+y, \frac{1}{2}-z$	
			C16B-H16B...O141A	0.94(2)	2.476(19)	3.1389(17)	127.9(15)	$x, \frac{1}{2}y, -\frac{1}{2}+z$	
III	TTCA	TTCA	N3C-H3C...S2B	0.85(3)	2.50(3)	3.3370(16)	170(2)	$1-x, 1-y, -z$	
			BPNO	N1C-H1C...O11A	0.93(3)	1.75(3)	2.673(2)	174(3)	$x, y, z$
		TTCA	N5C-H5C...S4B	0.85(3)	2.50(3)	3.3370(16)	170(2)	$1-x, 2-y, -z$	
			N5B-H5B...S4C	0.81(3)	2.54(3)	3.3445(16)	174(3)	$1-x, 2-y, -z$	
			N3B-H3B...S2C	0.80(3)	2.44(3)	3.2321(16)	172(3)	$1-x, 1-y, -z$	
			N1D-H1D...S6A	0.82(3)	2.41(3)	3.2170(16)	170(3)	$1-x, 1-y, 1-z$	
			N3A-H3A...S2D	0.87(3)	2.40(3)	3.2553(17)	169(3)	$1-x, -y, 1-z$	
		$\text{H}_2\text{O}$	BPNO	N1B-H1B...O11A	0.88(3)	1.99(3)	2.857(2)	171(3)	$x, y, z$
			N5A-H5A...O112B	0.85(3)	1.85(3)	2.686(2)	170(3)	$x, y, z$	
			N5D-H5D...O111A	0.89(3)	1.84(3)	2.717(2)	169(3)	$x, y, z$	
	$\text{H}_2\text{O}$	BPNO	O111A-H111A...O11D	0.87(3)	1.95(3)	2.8133(19)	171(3)	$x, y, z$	
			O111-H111...N11D	0.87(3)	2.53(3)	3.250(2)	141(3)	$x, y, z$	
			O111-H112...Br13A	0.76(3)	2.89(3)	3.5621(15)	150(3)	$1+x, y, z$	
			O222-H221...O11A	0.81(3)	1.91(3)	2.7033(19)	168(3)	$x, y, z$	
			O112B-H111B...N11A	0.87(3)	2.53(3)	3.250(2)	141(3)	$x, y, z$	
			O112B-H112B...O11D	0.83(4)	2.07(4)	2.887(2)	168(3)	$x, y, z$	
IV	TTCA	DTPNO	N1-H1...O11	0.85(2)	1.90(2)	2.7542(18)	174.8(19)	$x, y, z$	
		TTCA	N3-H3...S2	0.78(3)	2.61(3)	3.3833(15)	170(2)	$2-x, 2-y, 2-z$	
		DTPNO	N5-H5...O18	0.81(2)	2.00(2)	2.7989(19)	169.5(19)	$1+x, y, 1+z$	
	DTPNO	TTCA	C19-H19...S6	0.93(2)	2.80(2)	3.6754(18)	157.3(16)	$-1+x, y, -1+z$	
			C15-H15...S2	0.95(2)	2.71(2)	3.5551(16)	149.0(16)	$1-x, 1-y, 1-z$	
			C12-H12...S4	0.94(2)	2.85(2)	3.5089(18)	128.2(15)	$2-x, 1-y, 2-z$	

III. Geometries of optimized complexes of trithiocyanuric acid - ω-B97XD/aug-cc-pVTZ.

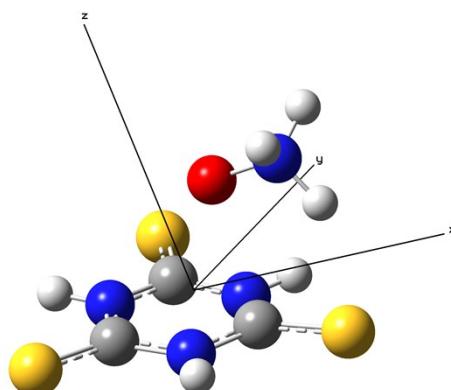
1. Complex of trithiocyanuric acid and methyl aldehyde.



S (Fragment=1)	-1.765378	-0.236116	-2.450953
S (Fragment=1)	-1.125941	-0.346999	2.788177
S (Fragment=1)	3.073385	0.157277	-0.372396
N (Fragment=1)	0.570881	-0.001230	-1.225286
N (Fragment=1)	-1.252328	-0.196678	0.146790
N (Fragment=1)	0.847457	-0.044034	1.047890
H (Fragment=1)	0.965932	0.036267	-2.150894
H (Fragment=1)	-2.244823	-0.318761	0.265665
H (Fragment=1)	1.453428	-0.048224	1.852102
C (Fragment=1)	-0.785705	-0.146508	-1.137481
C (Fragment=1)	-0.490539	-0.195602	1.282429
C (Fragment=1)	1.450164	0.029488	-0.177583
O (Fragment=2)	0.329578	-2.883070	-0.102527
C (Fragment=2)	0.183704	-4.069852	-0.175110
H (Fragment=2)	-0.810059	-4.522713	-0.333254
H (Fragment=2)	1.037611	-4.762873	-0.087328

Counterpoise corrected energy =	-1589.555033496047
BSSE energy =	0.000409798047
sum of monomers =	-1589.547787582540
complexation energy =	-4.80 kcal/mole (raw)
complexation energy =	-4.55 kcal/mole (corrected)

## 2. Complex of trithiocyanuric acid and amine N-oxide.

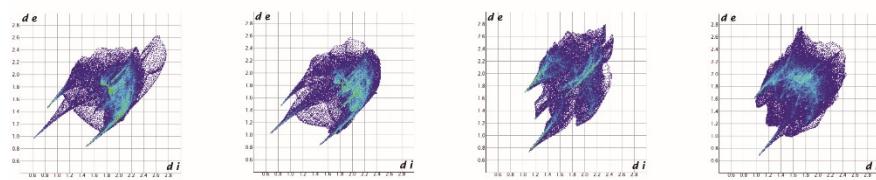


S(Fragment=1)	-1.455910	-1.427103	-2.162784
S(Fragment=1)	-1.132781	0.136347	2.867879
S(Fragment=1)	3.077252	0.532864	-0.301587
N(Fragment=1)	0.682782	-0.281481	-1.084619
N(Fragment=1)	-1.138731	-0.453390	0.286805
N(Fragment=1)	0.866133	0.258612	1.132700
H(Fragment=1)	1.121288	-0.450954	-1.974639
H(Fragment=1)	-2.087125	-0.753317	0.440866
H(Fragment=1)	1.425206	0.562687	1.913468
C(Fragment=1)	-0.589677	-0.731992	-0.924985
C(Fragment=1)	-0.445465	-0.029232	1.389194
C(Fragment=1)	1.498915	0.153968	-0.074606
O(Fragment=2)	0.487395	-2.897087	0.235042
N(Fragment=2)	-0.018587	-3.876734	-0.559039
H(Fragment=2)	-0.592879	-4.540317	-0.030502
H(Fragment=2)	-0.616910	-3.471466	-1.303770
H(Fragment=2)	0.720188	-4.417619	-1.018557

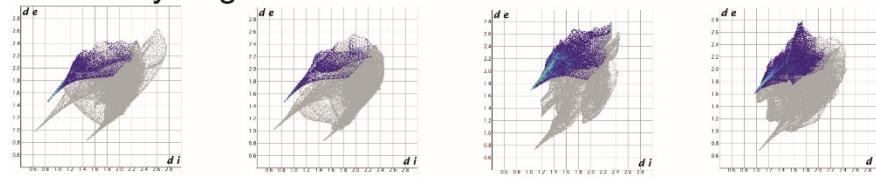
Counterpoise corrected energy = -1606.754113601611  
 BSSE energy = 0.000402283147  
 sum of monomers = -1606.732364997436  
 complexation energy = -13.90 kcal/mole (raw)  
 complexation energy = -13.65 kcal/mole (corrected)

- IV. Graphical motifs of the Hirshfeld surface 2D fingerprint plots of intermolecular interactions between two trithiocyanuric acid molecules (N-H...S and N-H...O) also between trithiocyanuric acid and *N*-oxides derivatives molecule (other) for structures I-IV.

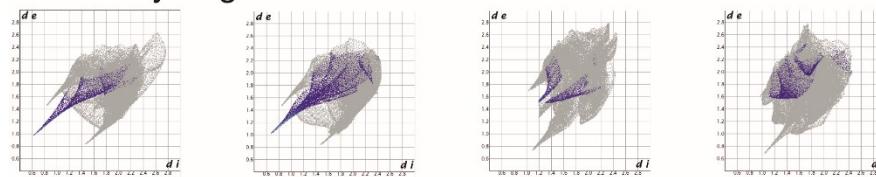
all contacts



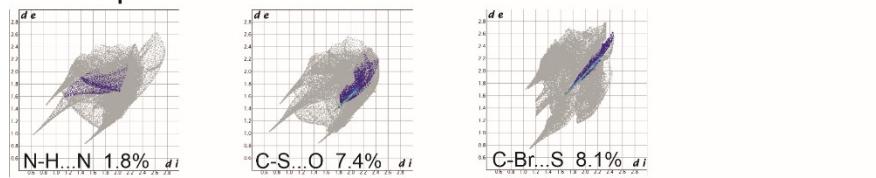
N-H...S hydrogen bonds



N-H...O hydrogen bonds



other specific contacts



(I)

(II)

(III)

(IV)