# **Electronic Supplementary Information**

# Specific and Non-Specific Interactions between Metal Cation and Zwitterionic Alanine Tripeptide in Saline Solutions Reported by the Symmetric Carboxylate Stretching and Amide-II Vibrations Juan Zhao<sup>†‡\*</sup> and Jianping Wang<sup>†‡\*</sup>

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#### 1. Frequency difference of the COO- stretching modes

**Table S1**. Peak positions of the  $I_{ss}$  and  $I_{as}$  (in cm<sup>-1</sup>) determined from derivative of the FTIR spectra of Ala3 in  $D_2O$  and in the four saline solutions each at 5 M concentration.  $\Delta v_{a-s}$  of each case is shown for comparison.

	$\nu$ (I <sub>as</sub> )	$\nu$ (I <sub>ss</sub> )	$\Delta v_{a-s}$
D <sub>2</sub> O	1590.9	1408.3	182.6
NaCl	1589.3	1409.2	180.1
CaCl <sub>2</sub>	1583.2/1610 <sup>a</sup>	1412.8	170.4/197.2
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	1582.5/1596 <sup>b</sup>	1414.3	168.2/181.7
ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	1588.9/1632 °	1411.6	177.3/220.4

a. Two peaks appear in the  $I_{as}$  component at 5 M CaCl<sub>2</sub> concentrations, but the blue-shifted (high-frequency) component overlaps with the  $I_2$  mode, thus their peak positions are not well resolved.

b. Two peaks appear in the  $I_2$  component at higher  $MgCl_2$  concentrations according to difference spectra, but the red-shifted (low-frequency) component overlaps with the  $I_{as}$  component while the blue-shifted (high-frequency) component overlaps with the  $I_1$  mode, thus their peak positions are not well resolved.

c. Two peaks appear in the  $I_{as}$  component at higher  $ZnCl_2$  concentrations, but the blue-shifted (high-frequency) component overlaps with the  $I_2$  mode, thus their peak positions are not well resolved.

### 2. Additional MD simulations and data analysis using the Amber94 force field.<sup>1</sup>



**Fig. S1**. Joint distribution of two nearest cation-oxygen distances for the zwitterionic Ala3 in four saline solutions. Dashed circles indicate the population of the bidentate form, whereas dashed oval indicate that of the pseudo-bridging form. Scattered distributions on the upper right corner in each case may indicate the binding of metal cation to the COO<sup>-</sup> group via a water molecule. Oxygen atoms are labeled in Scheme S1.



Scheme S1. Zwitterionic alanine tripeptide (Ala3) in an arbitrary conformation. Atoms and labelings: N1 belongs to the  $ND_3^+$  group; C1O1N2D is amide unit 1; C2O2N3D is amide unit 2; C3O3O4 is the COO<sup>-</sup> group.

## 3. References

(1) Cornell, W. D.; Cieplak, P.; Bayly, C. I.; Gould, I. R.; Merz, K. M.; Ferguson, D. M.; Spellmeyer, D. C.; Fox, T.; Caldwell, J. W.; Kollman, P. A. A Second Generation Force Field for the Simulation of Proteins, Nucleic Acids, and Organic Molecules. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1995**, *117*, 5179-5197.