

Supplementary information for “Pressure effects on the structures and electronic properties of halide perovskite CsPbX₃ (X=I, Br, Cl)”

Xinyu Wang^{1,2}, Hao Tian^{1,2}, Xu Li^{1,2}, Hai Sang¹, Chonggui Zhong³, Jun-Ming Liu^{1, a)}, Yurong Yang^{1,2,b)}

¹*Laboratory of Solid State Microstructures, Nanjing University, Nanjing 210093, China*

²*Jiangsu Key Laboratory of Artificial Functional Materials, Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Nanjing University, Nanjing 210093, China*

³*School of Sciences, Nantong University, Nantong, 226007, China*

^{a)} Electronic mail: liujm@nju.edu.cn

^{b)} Electronic mail: yangyr@nju.edu.cn

As indicated in the manuscript, we carried out the phonon calculation for predicting the stability of pressure-induced structures. Here, we use a supercell approach as implemented in the PHONOPY code.¹ Figs. S1-S3 show the phonon-dispersion curves for different pressure-induced phases of CsPbX₃ (X=I, Br, Cl).

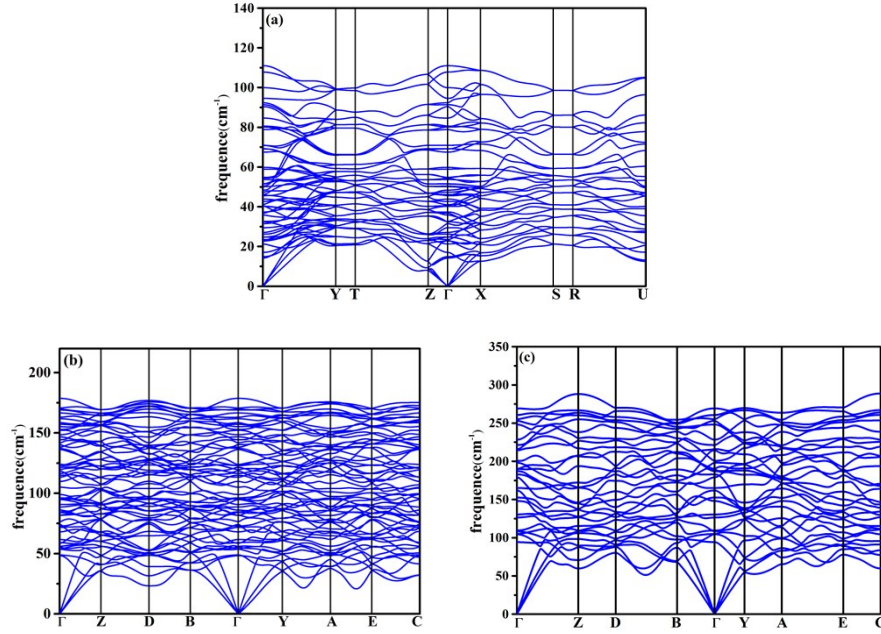


Fig. S1. Calculated phonon-dispersion curves for (a) non-Pv-*Pnma* (0 GPa), (b) *C2/m* I (20 GPa), (c) *C2/m* II (70 GPa) phases of CsPbI₃

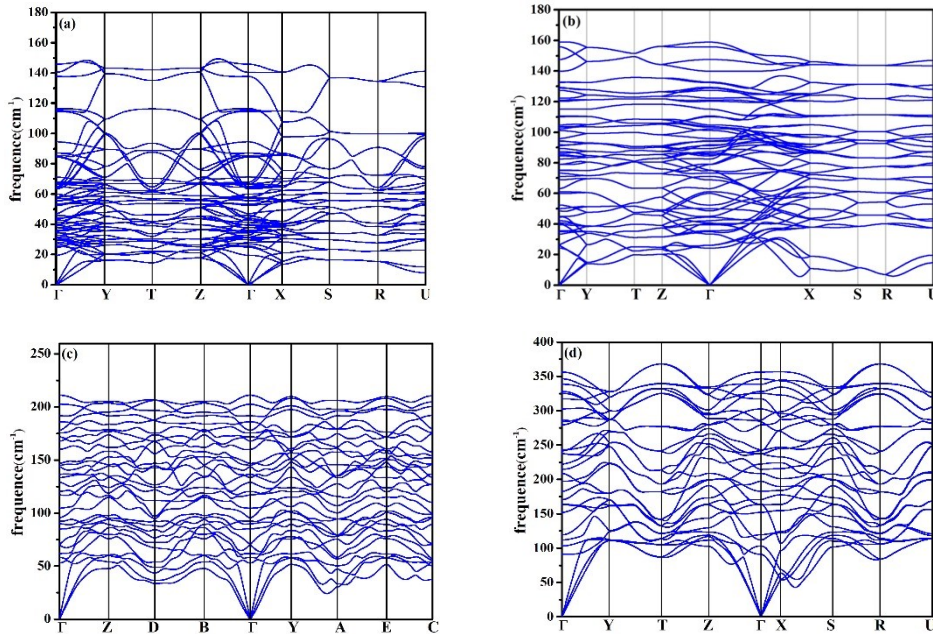


Fig. S2. Calculated phonon-dispersion curves for (a) Pv-*Pnma* (0 GPa), (b) non-Pv-*Pnma* (5 GPa), (c) *C2/m* I (20 GPa), (d) *Cmcm* (70 GPa) phases of CsPbBr₃

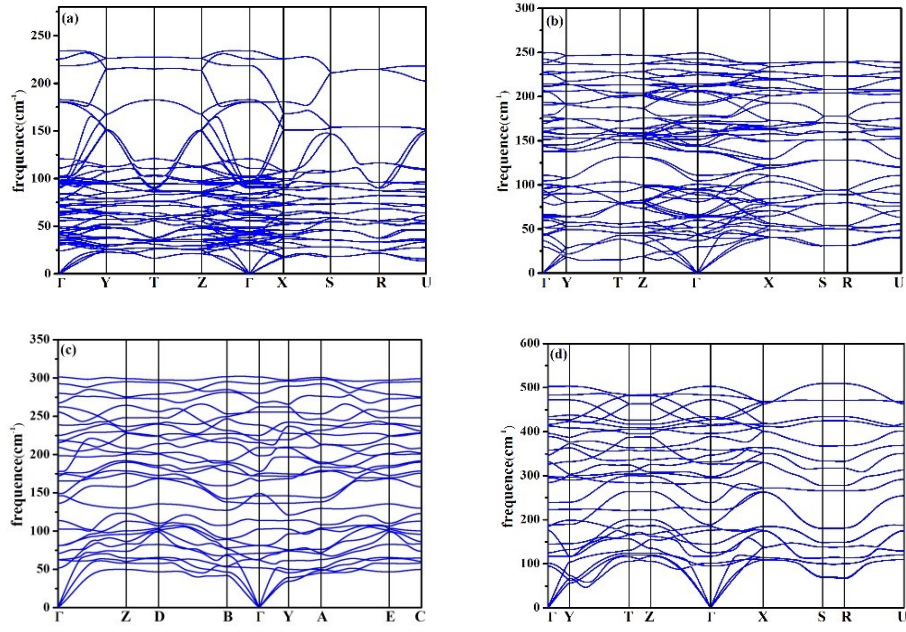


Fig. S3. Calculated phonon-dispersion curves for (a) Pv-*Pnma* (0 GPa), (b) non-Pv-*Pnma* (5 GPa), (c) *C2/m* I (20 GPa) , (d) *Cmcm* (70 GPa) phases of CsPbCl₃

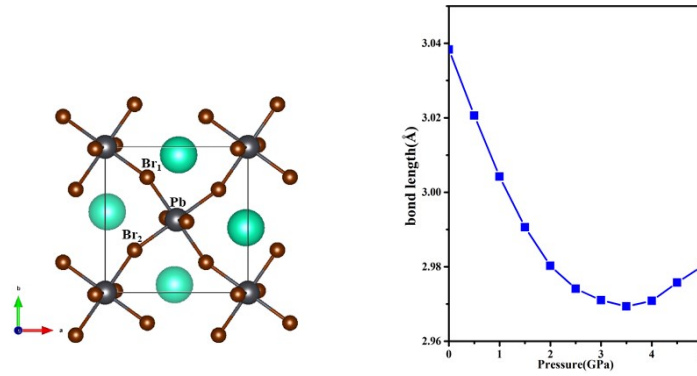


Fig. S4. The structure of CsPbI₃ Pv-*Pnma* phase (Right panel) and average of in-plane Br-Pb (Br₁-Pb and Br₂-Pb) bonds length (left panel).

1. A. Togo, F. Oba and I. Tanaka, *Phys. Rev. B*, 2008, **78**, 134106.