

## Surface Oxygen Species Essential for the Catalytic Activity of Ce-M-Sn (M = Mn, or Fe) in Soot Oxidation

Meng Wang<sup>a, d</sup>, Yan Zhang<sup>a, b, \*</sup>, Yunbo Yu<sup>a, c, d</sup>, Wenpo Shan<sup>a, b</sup> Hong He<sup>a, c, d</sup>

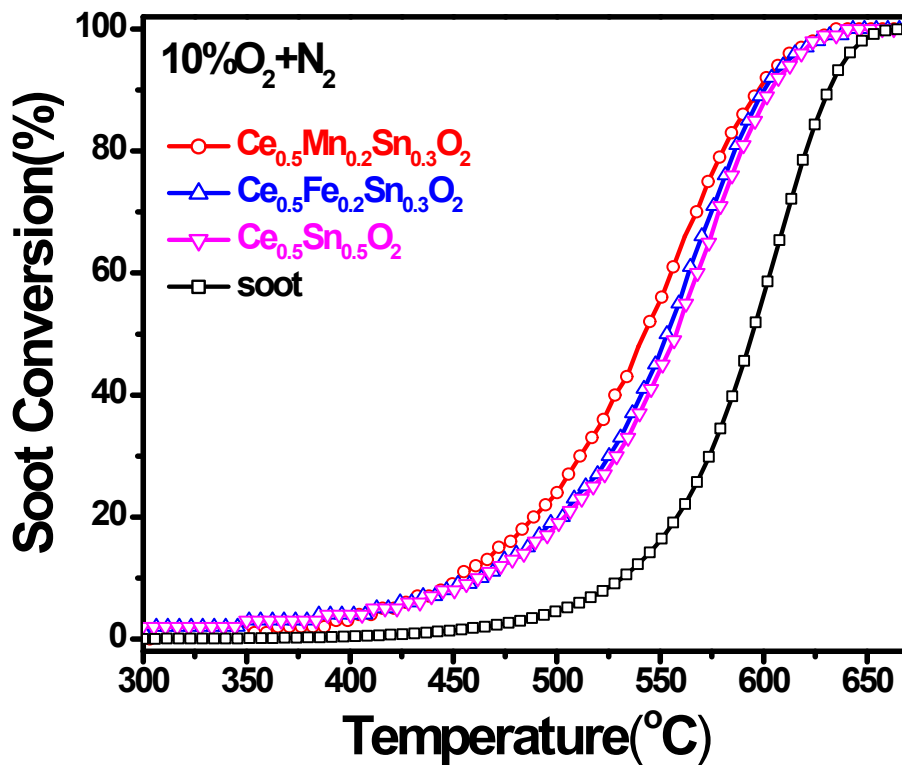
<sup>a</sup> Center for Excellence in Regional Atmospheric Environment, Institute of Urban Environment, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Xiamen 361021, China

<sup>b</sup> Ningbo Urban Environment Observation and Research Station, Institute of Urban Environment, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Ningbo 315800, China

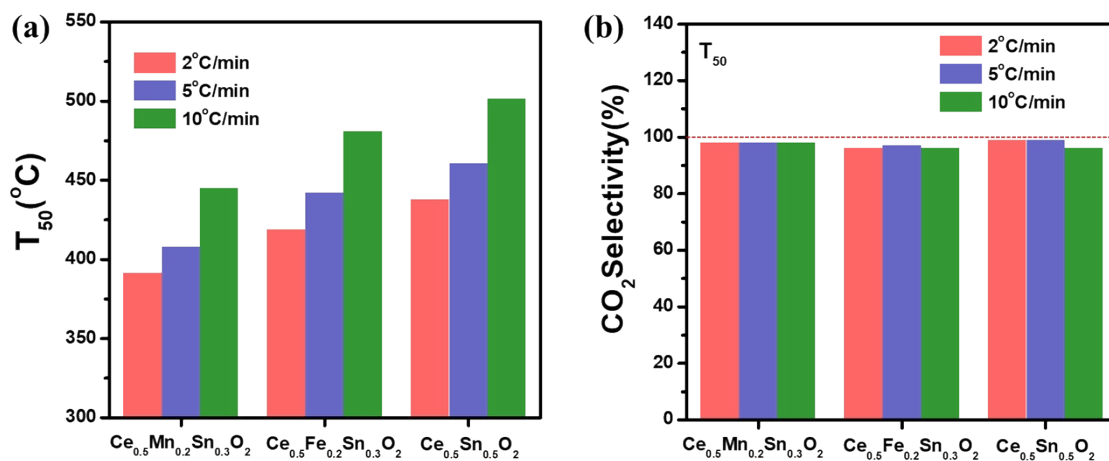
<sup>c</sup> State Key Joint Laboratory of Environment Simulation and Pollution Control, Research Center for Eco-Environmental Sciences, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100085, China

<sup>d</sup> University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

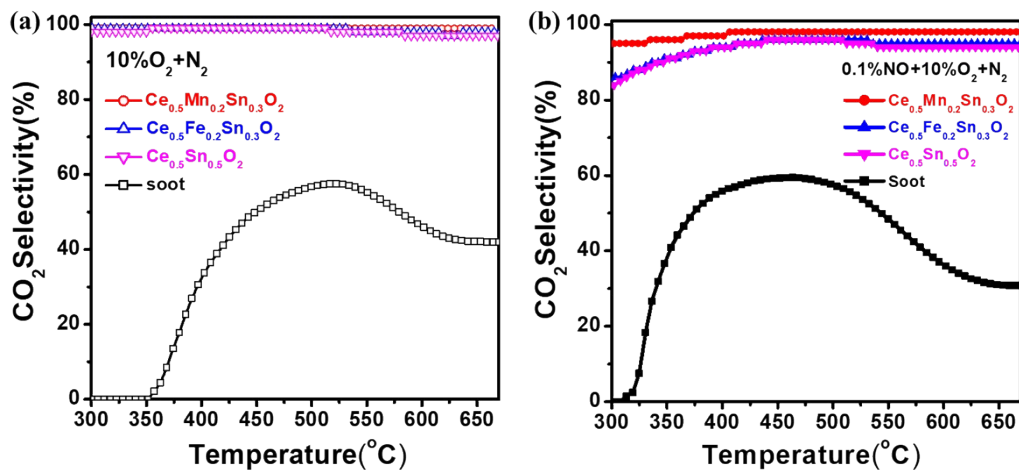
\* Corresponding Author: Yan Zhang (E-mail: [yzhang3@iue.ac.cn](mailto:yzhang3@iue.ac.cn))



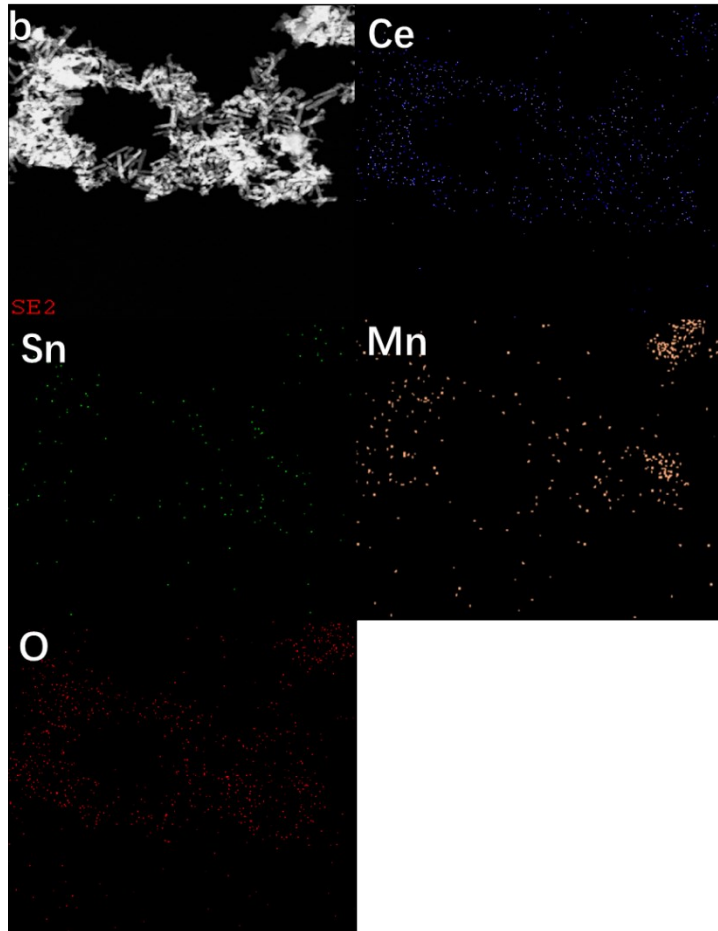
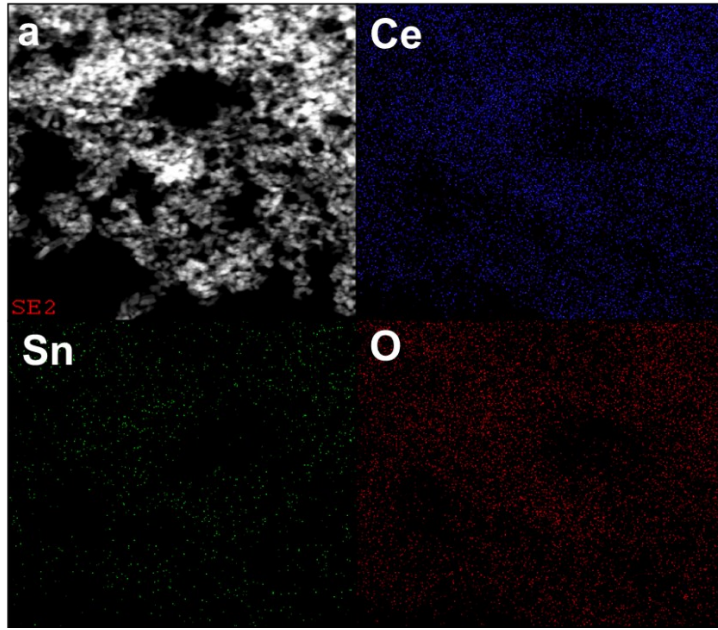
**Figure S1.** Soot conversion of the as-prepared catalysts during the temperature-programmed oxidation. Reaction conditions: 10% O<sub>2</sub> balanced by N<sub>2</sub>, GHSV 300,000 ml·g<sup>-1</sup>·h<sup>-1</sup> (heating rate = 10 °C/min).

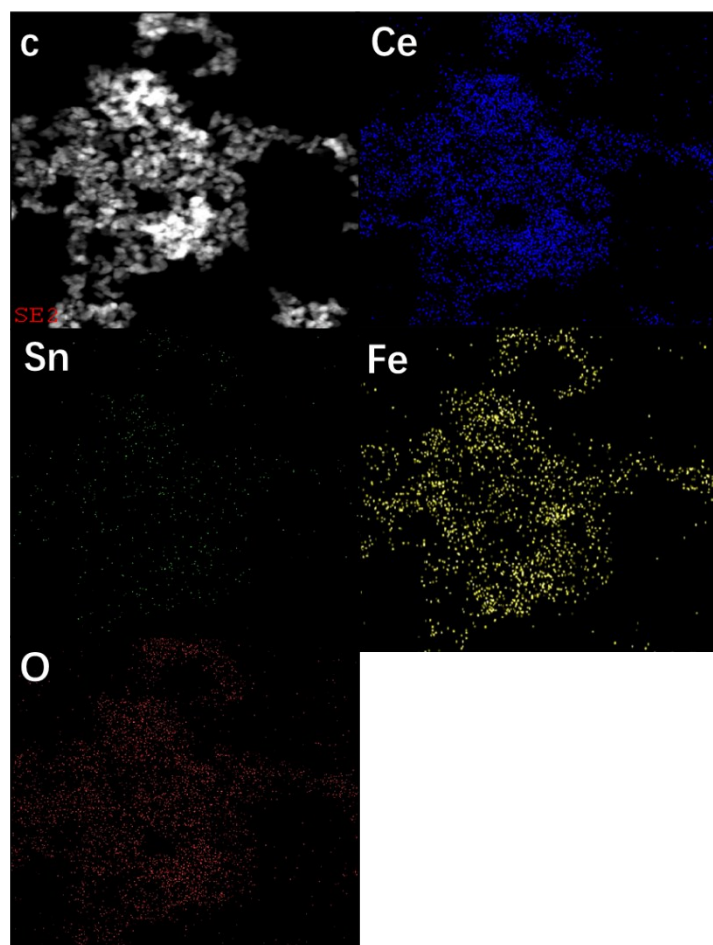


**Figure S2.** Soot conversion of the as-prepared catalysts during temperature-programmed oxidation under the different heating rate. Reaction conditions: 0.1% NO and 10% O<sub>2</sub> balanced by N<sub>2</sub>, GHSV 300,000 ml·g<sup>-1</sup>·h<sup>-1</sup>.

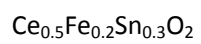


**Figure S3.** CO<sub>2</sub> selectivity of the as-prepared catalysts during the temperature-programmed oxidation in different reactant gas, GHSV 300,000 ml·g<sup>-1</sup>·h<sup>-1</sup> (heating rate=10°C/min). **(a)** 10% O<sub>2</sub> balanced by N<sub>2</sub>, **(b)** 0.1% NO and 10% O<sub>2</sub> balanced by N<sub>2</sub>.





**Figure S4.** Element mapping results from EDS of (a)  $\text{Ce}_{0.5}\text{Sn}_{0.5}\text{O}_2$  (b)  $\text{Ce}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Sn}_{0.3}\text{O}_2$  (c)



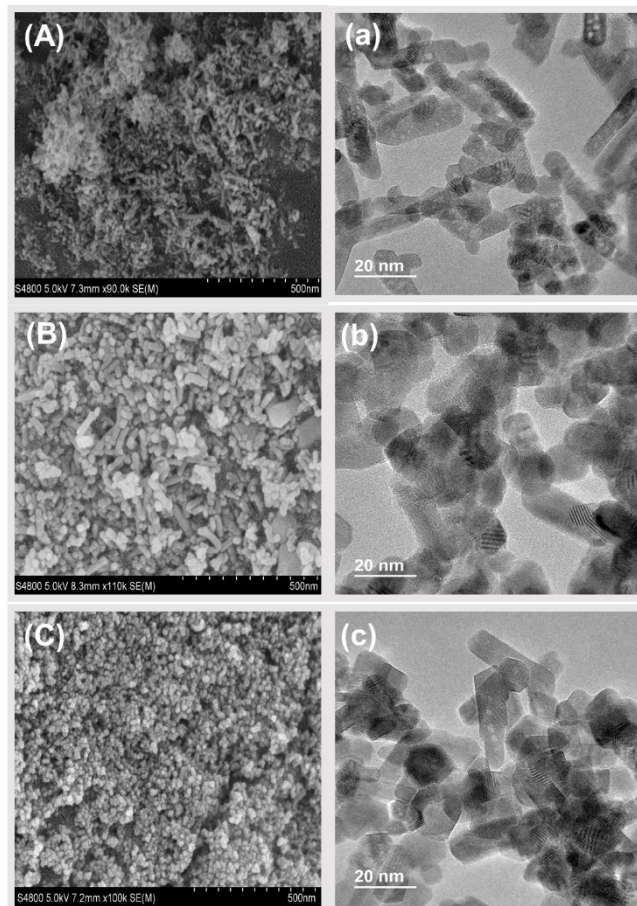


Figure S5. SEM images of the (A)  $\text{Ce}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Sn}_{0.3}\text{O}_2$  (B)  $\text{Ce}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{Sn}_{0.3}\text{O}_2$  (C)  $\text{Ce}_{0.5}\text{Sn}_{0.5}\text{O}_2$ ; TEM

images of the (a)  $\text{Ce}_{0.5}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Sn}_{0.3}\text{O}_2$  (b)  $\text{Ce}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{Sn}_{0.3}\text{O}_2$  (c)  $\text{Ce}_{0.5}\text{Sn}_{0.5}\text{O}_2$

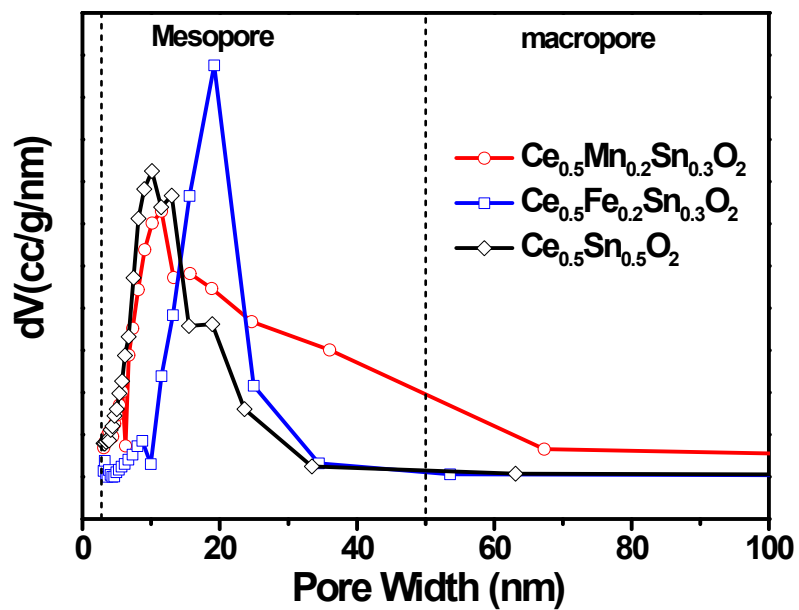


Figure S6. Pore-size distribution of the catalysts modified by Mn and Fe

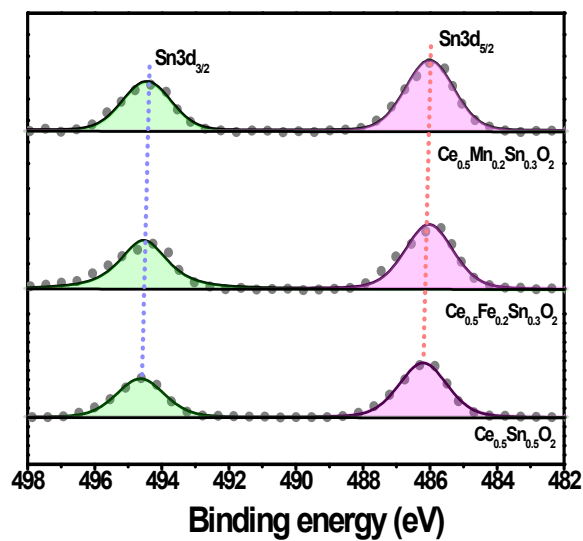


Figure S7. Sn 3d XPS spectra of the catalysts

Table S1 Textural parameters of all catalysts derived from N<sub>2</sub> physisorption results

Sample	$S_{\text{BET}}$ (m <sup>2</sup> /g)	Pore volume(cm <sup>3</sup> /g)	Pore size (n m)
Ce <sub>0.5</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Sn <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	86.69	0.47	11.52
Ce <sub>0.5</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Sn <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	42.49	0.25	19.20
Ce <sub>0.5</sub> Sn <sub>0.5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	63.28	0.24	10.13