## **Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)**

## Homoleptic versus heteroleptic trinuclear systems with mixed L-cysteinate and D-penicillaminate regulated by a diphosphine linker

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## 1. Tables

complex	maximum wavelength, $\lambda_{max}$	quantum yield, $\Phi$	Lifetime, $\tau / \mu s (A_i)^a$ and $\tau_{ave} / \mu s$
	/ nm		
1 <sub>Zn</sub>	516	0.04	$\tau = 0.00488(3468), 0.123(368), 0.761(157)^{b}$
			$\tau_{\rm ave} = 0.532^{\ b}$
2 <sub>Zn</sub>	525	0.05	$\tau = 0.00472(3879), 0.356(47), 6.27(36)^{c}$
			$\tau_{\rm ave} = 5.45^{\ c}$

Table S1. Luminescence properties of  $\mathbf{1}_{Zn}$  and  $\mathbf{2}_{Zn}$  in the solid state.

a: pre-exponential factors; b: excited at 405 nm, observed at 520 nm; c: a: excited at 405 nm, observed at 525

nm.

Table S2. Total energies of the optimized structures

Molecules	Total energy (a.u.)	Total energy (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> )	
$[Zn{Au_2(dppm)(L-cys)_2}]$	-1980.77776390	-5200532.0	
$[Zn{Au_2(dppm)(D-pen)_2}]$	-2138.00363347	-5613328.5	
[Zn{Au <sub>2</sub> (dppm)(L-cys)(D-pen)}]	-2059.38956527	-5406927.3	
$[Zn{Au_2(dppe)(L-cys)_2}]$	-2020.08998626	-5303746.3	
$[Zn{Au_2(dppe)(D-pen)_2}]$	-2177.31467572	-5716539.7	
[Zn{Au <sub>2</sub> (dppe)(L-cys)(D-pen)}]	-2098.70289925	-5510144.5	

	$1_{\mathrm{Ni}}$	2 <sub>Ni</sub>	1 <sub>Zn</sub>	$2_{Zn}$
Formula	$C_{33}H_{48}N_2Au_2NiO_{10}P_2S_2$	$C_{34}H_{52}N_2Au_2NiO_{11}P_2S_2$	$C_{33}H_{48}N_2Au_2ZnO_{10}P_2S_2$	$C_{34}H_{52}N_2Au_2ZnO_{11}P_2S_2$
Colour, form	Green, plate	Blue, plate	Colourless, plate	Colourless, plate
Mw	1211.43	1243.48	1218.09	1250.14
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Triclinic	Monoclinic	Triclinic
Space group	$P2_{1}$	<i>P</i> 1	$P2_{1}$	P1
a/ Å	18.3452(4)	10.5688(2)	18.4269(4)	10.3527(8)
<i>b</i> / Å	12.3860(3)	15.8075(3)	12.2826(3)	15.3022(13)
c/ Å	19.8824(4)	16.1811(4)	20.0060(4)	15.8338(13)
α/°	90	106.128(8)	90	104.376(7)
β/ °	111.973(8)	99.779(7)	111.579(8)	101.422(7)
γ/°	90	104.476(7)	90	102.993(7)
V/ Å <sup>3</sup>	4189.6(3)	2429.84(16)	4210.6(3)	2280.4(3)
Ζ	4	2	4	2
T/K	200(2)	200(2)	200(2)	100(2)
F(000)	2352	1212	2360	1216
ρ calcd / g.	1.921	1.700	1.922	1.821
cm <sup>-3</sup>				
μ(Mo Kα)/	7.660	6.607	7.744	1.615
$mm^{-1}$				
Crystal size/	$0.05 \times 0.05 \times 0.02$	0.15×0.08×0.01	0.12×0.06×0.01	0.08×0.02×0.02
mm <sup>3</sup>				
$R1 (I > 2\sigma(I)^{a})$	0.0647	0.0785	0.0736	0.1183
wR2 (all data) <sup>b)</sup>	0.1220	0.1862	0.1521	0.3162
GOF	1.016	1.003	1.016	0.985

 Table S3. Crystallographic data of the compounds.

<sup>a</sup>  $R_1 = \Sigma |(|Fo|-|Fc|)| / \Sigma (|Fo|).$ <sup>b</sup>  $wR_2 = [\Sigma w (Fo^2 - Fc^2)^2 / \Sigma w (Fo^2)^2]^{1/2}.$ 

## 2. Figures



**Fig. S1.** ESI-TOF mass spectra (positive mode) of the *in situ*-prepared metalloligands, (a)  $[Au_2(dppm)(D-pen)_2]^{2-}(L1^{dppm})$  and (b)  $[Au_2(dppm)(L-cys)_2]^{2-}(L2^{dppm})$  in methanol-water (1:1). Inset: the isotope patterns of the dominant signals at m/z = 1097 and 1041 with the simulated patterns.



Fig. S2. Absorption spectra of  $1_{Ni}$  and  $2_{Ni}$  in methanol-water (1:1).



**Fig. S3.** Perspective views of (a)  $[Ni(L1^{dppm})]$  and  $[Ni(L2^{dppm})]$  molecules with an intermolecular NH···O hydrogen bond (dashed line) and (b) a packing structure viewed from the crystallographic *b*-axis of  $\mathbf{1}_{Ni}$ . Colour code: Au, pink; Ni, blue-green; S, yellow; P, orange; O, red; N, blue; and C, grey. H atoms were omitted for clarity.



Fig. S4. Simulated (red) and observed (black) powder X-ray diffraction patterns of 1<sub>Ni</sub>.



**Fig. S5.** ESI-TOF mass spectra (positive mode) of the *in situ*-prepared metalloligands, (a)  $[Au_2(dppe)(D-pen)_2]^{2-}$  (L1<sup>dppe</sup>) and (b)  $[Au_2(dppe)(L-cys)_2]^{2-}$  (L2<sup>dppe</sup>) in methanol-water (1:1). Inset: the isotope patterns of the dominant signals at m/z = 1111 and 1055 with the simulated patterns.



**Fig. S6.** Perspective views of (a) C-[Ni(L3<sup>dppe</sup>)] and A-[Ni(L3<sup>dppe</sup>)] molecules with an intermolecular NH···O hydrogen bond (dashed line) and (b) a packing structure viewed from crystallographic *a*-axis of  $2_{Ni}$ . Colour code: Au, pink; Ni, blue-green; S, yellow; P, orange; O, red; N, blue; and C, grey. H atoms were omitted for clarity.



Fig. S7. Simulated (red) and observed (black) powder X-ray diffraction patterns of 2<sub>Ni</sub>.



**Fig. S8.** Perspective views of (a)  $[Zn(L1^{dppm})]$  and  $[Zn(L2^{dppm})]$  molecules with an intermolecular NH···O hydrogen bond (dashed line) and (b) a packing structure viewed from the crystallographic *b*-axis of  $1_{Zn}$ . Colour code: Au, pink; Zn, pale-purple; S, yellow; P, orange; O, red; N, blue; and C, grey. H atoms were omitted for clarity.



**Fig. S9.** Perspective views of (a) C-[Zn(L3<sup>dppe</sup>)] and A-[Zn(L3<sup>dppe</sup>)] molecules with an intermolecular NH···O hydrogen bond (dashed line) and (b) a packing structure viewed from crystallographic *a*-axis of  $2_{zn}$ . Colour code: Au, pink; Zn, pale-purple; S, yellow; P, orange; O, red; N, blue; and C, grey. H atoms were omitted for clarity.



Fig. S10. Simulated (red) and observed (black) powder X-ray diffraction patterns of 1<sub>Zn</sub>.



Fig. S11. Simulated (red) and observed (black) powder X-ray diffraction patterns of  $2_{Zn}$ .



**Fig. S12.** ESI mass spectra of the reaction mixture of  $L1^{dppm}$ ,  $L2^{dppm}$  and zinc acetate in methanolwater (1:1): (i)  $[Zn{Au_2(dppm)(L-cys)_2}+Na]^+ (m/z = 1103.01)$ , (ii)  $[Zn{Au_2(dppm)(L-cys)(D-pen)_2}+Na]^+ (m/z = 1131.04)$  and (iii)  $[Zn{Au_2(dppm)(D-pen)_2}+Na]^+ (m/z = 1159.08)$ .



**Fig. S13.** ESI mass spectra of the reaction mixture of  $L1^{dppe}$ ,  $L2^{dppe}$  and zinc acetate in methanolwater (1:1): (i)  $[Zn{Au_2(dppe)(L-cys)(D-pen)}+Na]^+ (m/z = 1145.06)$ .