## **Supporting Information**

## Immobilization of N-oxide functionality into NbO-type MOFs for significantly enhanced C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>/CH<sub>4</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub>/CH<sub>4</sub> separations

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Fig. S1 The experimental and simulated PXRD patterns of (a) ZJNU-18, (b) ZJNU-19, and (c) ZJNU-20.



Fig. S2 TGA curves of the as-synthesized (a) ZJNU-18, (b) ZJNU-19, and (c) ZJNU-20 under  $N_2$  atmosphere.



Fig. S3 Comparison of FTIR spectra of (a) ZJNU-18 and its ligand  $H_4L3$ , (b) ZJNU-19 and its ligand  $H_4L1$ , and (c) ZJNU-20 and its ligand  $H_4L2$ .



 $S_{\text{BET}} = \frac{1}{(3.39612 \times 10^{-7} + 0.00182)}{22414 \times 6.023 \times 10^{23} \times 0.162 \times 10^{-18} = 2391 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}}{S_{\text{Langmuir}}} = \frac{(1/0.00164)}{22414 \times 6.023 \times 10^{23} \times 0.162 \times 10^{-18}} = 2654 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}}$ BET constant  $C = 1 + 0.00182/3.39612 \times 10^{-7} = 5360$ 

$$(p / p_o)_{n_m} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{C} + 1} = 0.01347$$

**Fig. S4** The consistency plot (a), BET surface area plot (b), and Langmuir surface area plot (c) for **ZJNU-18**.



 $S_{\text{BET}} = 1/(4.23864 \times 10^{-7} + 0.00201)/22414 \times 6.023 \times 10^{23} \times 0.162 \times 10^{-18} = 2165 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$   $S_{\text{Langmuir}} = (1/0.00177)/22414 \times 6.023 \times 10^{23} \times 0.162 \times 10^{-18} = 2459 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$ BET constant  $C = 1 + 0.00201/4.23864 \times 10^{-7} = 4743$ 

$$(p / p_o)_{n_m} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{C} + 1} = 0.01431$$

**Fig. S5** The consistency plot (a), BET surface area plot (b), and Langmuir surface area plot (c) for **ZJNU-19**.



 $S_{\text{BET}} = \frac{1}{(6.83907 \times 10^{-7} + 0.00202)} / 22414 \times 6.023 \times 10^{23} \times 0.162 \times 10^{-18} = 2154 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}}{S_{\text{Langmuir}}} = \frac{(1/0.00173)}{22414 \times 6.023 \times 10^{23} \times 0.162 \times 10^{-18}} = 2516 \text{ m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}}$ BET constant  $C = 1 + 0.00202 / 6.83907 \times 10^{-7} = 2955$ 

$$(p / p_o)_{n_m} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{C} + 1} = 0.01806$$

**Fig. S6** The consistency plot (a), BET surface area plot (b), and Langmuir surface area plot (c) for **ZJNU-20**.



**Fig. S7** Pure-component isotherms of (a)  $C_2H_2$ , (b)  $CO_2$ , and (c)  $CH_4$  in **ZJNU-18** at four different temperatures of 298 K, 295 K, 288 K, and 278 K. Solid and open symbols represent adsorption and desorption data, respectively. STP stands for standard temperature and pressure.



**Fig. S8** Pure-component isotherms of (a)  $C_2H_2$ , (b)  $CO_2$ , and (c)  $CH_4$  in **ZJNU-19** at four different temperatures of 298 K, 295 K, 288 K, and 278 K. Solid and open symbols represent adsorption and desorption data, respectively. STP stands for standard temperature and pressure.



**Fig. S9** Pure-component isotherms of (a)  $C_2H_2$ , (b)  $CO_2$ , and (c)  $CH_4$  in **ZJNU-20** at four different temperatures of 298 K, 295 K, 288 K, and 278 K. Solid and open symbols represent adsorption and desorption data, respectively. STP stands for standard temperature and pressure.



**Fig. S10** Comparison of the pure-component isotherm data for (a)  $C_2H_2$ , (b)  $CO_2$ , and (c)  $CH_4$  in **ZJNU-18** with the fitted isotherms at 278 K, 288 K, and 298 K.



**Fig. S11** Comparison of the pure-component isotherm data for (a)  $C_2H_2$ , (b)  $CO_2$ , and (c)  $CH_4$  in **ZJNU-19** with the fitted isotherms at 278 K, 288 K, and 298 K.



**Fig. S12** Comparison of the pure-component isotherm data for (a)  $C_2H_2$ , (b)  $CO_2$ , and (c)  $CH_4$  in **ZJNU-20** with the fitted isotherms at 278 K, 288 K, and 298 K.



Fig. S13 IAST calculations of (a)  $C_2H_2/CH_4$  and (b)  $CO_2/CH_4$  adsorption selectivities of **ZJNU-18** for the equimolar binary gas mixtures at three different temperatures of 298 K, 288 K, and 278 K.



Fig. S14 IAST calculations of (a)  $C_2H_2/CH_4$  and (b)  $CO_2/CH_4$  adsorption selectivities of **ZJNU-19** for the equimolar binary gas mixtures at three different temperatures of 298 K, 288 K, and 278 K.



**Fig. S15** IAST calculations of (a)  $C_2H_2/CH_4$  and (b)  $CO_2/CH_4$  adsorption selectivities of **ZJNU-20** for the equimolar binary gas mixtures at three different temperatures of 298 K, 288 K, and 278 K.













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**Fig. S16** <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra.

Adsorbates	BP (K)	<i>Т</i> <sub>с</sub> (К)	p <sub>c</sub> (bar)	Kinetic diameter (Å)	Molecular dimension (Å)	Polarizability $(\times 10^{25} \text{ cm}^3)$	Dipole moment (×10 <sup>18</sup> esu cm)	Quadruple moment (×10 <sup>26</sup> esu cm <sup>2</sup> )
$C_2H_2$	188.40	308.30	61.14	3.3	3.3×3.3×5.7	33.3-39.3	0	+7.5
$CO_2$	194.65	304.12	73.74	3.3	3.2×3.3×5.4	29.11	0	-4.3
$CH_4$	111.66	190.56	45.99	3.758	3.7×3.7×3.7	25.93	0	0

Table S1. Summarizes of physical parameters of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>4</sub>

BP: normal boiling point;  $T_c$ : critical temperature;  $p_c$ : critical pressure

MOFs	ZJNU-18	ZJNU-19	ZJNU-20	
Empirical formula	$C_{37}H_{52}Cu_2N_6O_{16}$	$C_{37}H_{50}Cu_2N_6O_{16}$	$C_{37}H_{50}Cu_2N_6O_{16}$	
Formula weight	963.92	961.91	961.91	
$\lambda$ (Å)	1.54178	0.71073	1.54178	
Crystal system	Trigonal	Trigonal	Trigonal	
Space group	R-3m:H	R-3m:H	R-3m:H	
	<i>a</i> = 18.5593(10) Å	<i>a</i> = 18.6199(3) Å	<i>a</i> = 18.5543(7)) Å	
	<i>b</i> = 18.5593(10) Å	<i>b</i> = 18.6199(3) Å	b = 18.5543(7) Å	
Unit call dimensions	c = 38.480(2) Å	c = 38.2895(8)  Å	c = 38.4604(19) Å	
Unit cell dimensions	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$	
	$\beta = 90^{\circ}$	$\beta = 90^{\circ}$	$\beta = 90^{\circ}$	
	$\gamma = 120^{\circ}$	$\gamma = 120^{\circ}$	$\gamma = 120^{\circ}$	
$V(\text{\AA}^3)$	11478.5(14)	11496.5(4)	11466.6(10)	
Ζ	9	9	9	
$D_{\rm c} ({\rm g}{\rm cm}^{-3})$	1.255	1.250	1.254	
$\mu (\mathrm{mm}^{-1})$	1.584	0.897	1.586	
F(000)	4518	4500	4500	
$\theta$ range for data collection (°)	4.765 to 72.206	2.708 to 27.494	2.980 to 72.417	
	$-17 \le h \le 22$	$-24 \le h \le 23$	$-22 \le h \le 13$	
Limiting indices	$-22 \le k \le 22$	$-19 \le k \le 24$	$-22 \le k \le 17$	
	$-47 \le l \le 26$	$-37 \le l \le 49$	$-47 \le l \le 31$	
Reflections collected / unique	16630 / 2733	19677 / 3157	12356 / 2761	
R <sub>int</sub>	0.0337	0.0183	0.0576	
	Full-matrix	Full-matrix	Full-matrix	
Refinement method	least-squares on $F^2$	least-squares on $F^2$	least-squares on $F^2$	
Data/restraints/parameters	2733 / 92 / 122	3157 / 97 / 126	2761 / 99 / 131	
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.083	1.078	0.970	
	$R_1 = 0.0430$	$R_1 = 0.0366$	$R_I = 0.0515$	
Final <i>R</i> indices $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$	$wR_2 = 0.1334$	$wR_2 = 0.1208$	$wR_2 = 0.1443$	
$\mathbf{D}$ is the equation $(-11, 1, \infty)$	$R_1 = 0.0461$	$R_1 = 0.0386$	$R_1 = 0.0601$	
<i>k</i> indices (all data)	$wR_2 = 0.1391$	$wR_2 = 0.1227$	$wR_2 = 0.1523$	
Largest diff. peak and hole $(e^{-}A^{-3})$	0.685 and -0.319	0.736 and -0.472	0.761 and -0.331	
CCDC	1992051	1992049	1992050	

Table S2 Crystal data and structure refinement for ZJNU-18, ZJNU-19, andZJNU-20.

Adsorbates	$q_{\rm sat}$ (mmol g <sup>-1</sup> )	$b_0$ $(kPa)^{-\nu}$	E (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> )	V	$R^2$
$C_2H_2$	26.45879	6.96469×10 <sup>-6</sup>	19.139	0.71195	0.99986
CO <sub>2</sub>	27.00081	1.79578×10 <sup>-7</sup>	22.531	1	0.99998
CH <sub>4</sub>	10.88758	1.7423×10 <sup>-6</sup>	15.310	1	0.99987

**Table S3** Langmuir-Freundlich parameters for adsorption of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>4</sub> in **ZJNU-18**.

**Table S4** Langmuir-Freundlich parameters for adsorption of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>4</sub> in **ZJNU-19**.

Adsorbates	$q_{\rm sat}$ (mmol g <sup>-1</sup> )	b <sub>0</sub> (kPa) <sup>-ν</sup>	E (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> )	V	$R^2$
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> 17.81701		6.16506×10 <sup>-6</sup>	21.237	0.74305	0.9999
CO <sub>2</sub>	21.53152	1.70584×10 <sup>-7</sup>	23.905	1	0.99997
CH <sub>4</sub>	10.06031	1.11068×10 <sup>-6</sup>	16.773	1	0.999999

**Table S5** Langmuir-Freundlich parameters for adsorption of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>4</sub> in **ZJNU-20**.

Adsorbates	$q_{ m sat}$	$b_0$	E	v	$R^2$	
	$(\text{mmol } g^{-1})$	$(kPa)^{-\nu}$	$(kJ mol^{-1})$			
$C_2H_2$	18.52123	6.4074×10 <sup>-6</sup>	21.071	0.72047	0.99967	
CO <sub>2</sub>	21.15993	1.86027×10 <sup>-7</sup>	23.666	1	0.99988	
CH <sub>4</sub>	9.42552	1.20995×10 <sup>-6</sup>	16.750	1	0.99998	

**Table S6** Summary of pore textural and gas adsorption properties of NOTT-101,ZJNU-35, ZJNU-18, ZJNU-19 and ZJNU-20.

MOFs	NOTT-101	ZJNU-35	ZJNU-18	ZJNU-19	ZJNU-20	
$S_{\rm BET}/S_{\rm Langmuir}$ (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )		2755/2961	2591/2827	2391/2654	2165/2459	2154/2516
$V_{\rm p}~({\rm cm}^3~{\rm g}^{-1})$	1.058	1.006	0.955	0.882	0.902	
$D_{\rm c} ({\rm g}{\rm cm}^{-3})$		0.6838	0.7001	0.7087	0.7284	0.7303
	298 K	176.6	179.8	180.5	204.9	199.1
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> uptake <sup><i>a</i></sup>	295 K	186.8	189.1	191.5	214.5	210.0
$(cm^3 g^{-1}, STP)$	288 K	212.3	216.5	216.9	233.7	229.9
	278 K	258.1	258.3	254.9	262.4	258.2
	298 K	85.0	88.4	88.4	106.5	103.8
CO <sub>2</sub> uptake <sup><i>a</i></sup>	295 K	90.0	94.8	95.5	114.7	111.9
$(\mathrm{cm}^3 \mathrm{g}^{-1}, \mathrm{STP})$	288 K	109.1	113.8	115.0	136.9	133.1
	278 K	141.2	146.8	150.0	174.6	170.6
	298 K	20.8	20.3	20.0	21.1	21.2
CH <sub>4</sub> uptake <sup>a</sup>	295 K	21.2	21.5	21.3	22.5	22.6
$(\mathrm{cm}^3 \mathrm{g}^{-1}, \mathrm{STP})$	288 K	23.7	25.1	24.7	26.1	26.2
	278 K	29.0	30.9	29.9	32.5	32.4
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> /CH <sub>4</sub>	298 K	26.7	28.7	27.7	42.2	42.1
(v/v = 1/1)	288 K	30.3	31.8	32.1	50.6	50.9
IAST selectivity <sup>a</sup>	278 K	35.3	36.4	38.6	62.7	64.8
CO <sub>2</sub> /CH <sub>4</sub>	298 K	4.8	5.2	5.1	6.4	6.2
(v/v = 1/1)	288 K	5.6	5.7	5.8	7.3	7.1
IAST selectivity <sup>a</sup>	278 K	6.6	6.5	6.7	8.5	8.3

 $S_{\text{BET}}/S_{\text{Langmuir}} = \text{BET}$  and Langmuir surface areas;  $V_{\text{p}} = \text{total pore volume}$ ;  $D_{\text{c}} = \text{calculated framework}$ density; <sup>*a*</sup> at 1 atm; STP = standard temperature and pressure