Supporting information

Surface sites assemble strategy on Pt-Ru nanowires for accelerated methanol oxidation

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Characterization Techniques.

Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) images were collected by JEM-2100 at 200 kV. The magnified images of the NWs were confirmed by a Tecnai G2 F20 S-Twin high resolutions transmission electron microscope (HRTEM) operating at 200 kV. The crystal structure of the NWs was evaluated by X-ray diffraction (XRD) patterns using a Brüker D8 Advance diffractometer at 40 kV and 40 mA for Cu K α radiation ($\lambda K_{\alpha 1}$ = 1.5406 Å; $\lambda K_{\alpha 2}$ = 1.5443 Å), with a scan speed of 5 °/min and a step size of 0.02 in 20, instrument broadening: 0.12°. The valence states of Pt and Ru was carried out on X-ray photoelectron spectrum (XPS) test using PHI 5000 Versaprobe system with monochromatic Al K α radiation (1486.6 eV), all the values of binding energy were calibrated by the C1s peak at 284.6 eV. Inductively coupled plasma-optical emission spectroscopy (ICP-OES) was performed on IRIS Intrepid II XSP (Thermo Fisher), working parameters: RF power, 1150 W; nebulizer flow, 26.0 PSI; auxiliary gas, 1.0 LPM.

| Catalysts | Mass ratio (Pt: Ru) |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Ru/Pt NWs | 100:0.45 |
| Ru@Pt NWs | 100:0.42 |
| 0.09%Ru/Pt NWs | 100:0.09 |
| 1.9%Ru/Pt NWs | 100:1.92 |
| Ru/Pt NWs after stability test | 100:0.40 |

 Table S1. The compositions of RuPt NWs and Ru@Pt NWs catalysts determined by ICP-OES.

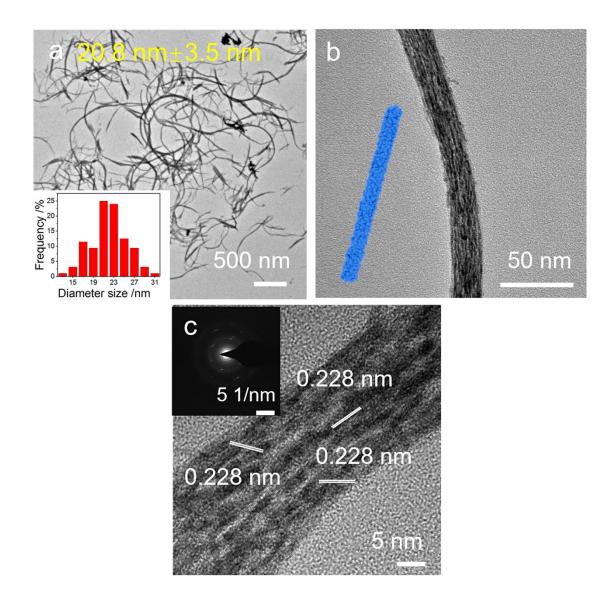


Fig. S1. (a) (b) TEM and (c) HRTEM images of pure Pt NWs.

| materials | 2θ /degree (111) | lattice parameter (Å) | strain (%) |
|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| Pt crystal (PDF#04-0802) | 39.76 | 0.2538 | - |
| Ru/Pt NWs | 40.124 | 0.2519 | 0.75 |
| Ru@Pt NWs | 40.068 | 0.2522 | 0.63 |

 Table S2 The XRD data of different materials.

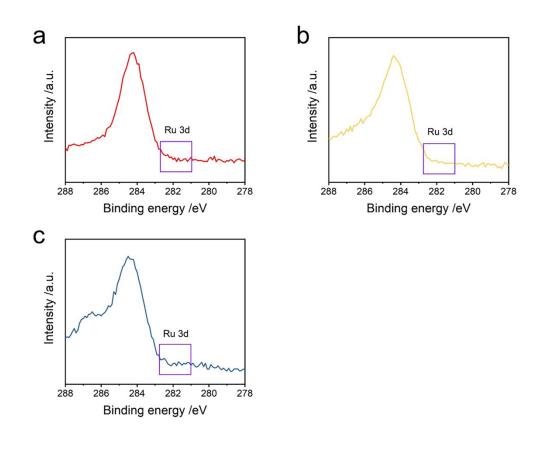


Fig. S2. XPS patterns of the Ru 3d of the as-prepared (a) Pt NWs (b) Ru/Pt NWs and (d) Ru@Pt NWs catalysts.

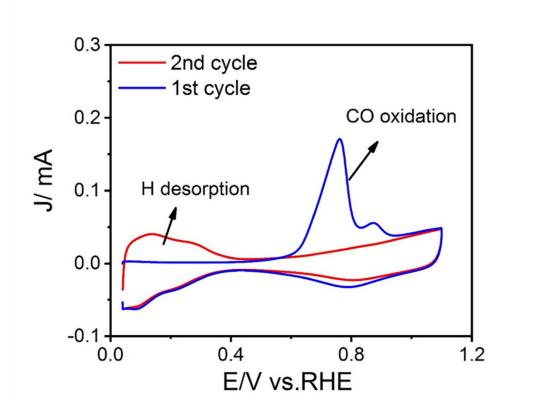


Fig. S3. Illustration of CO-stripping curves of Ru/Pt NWs.

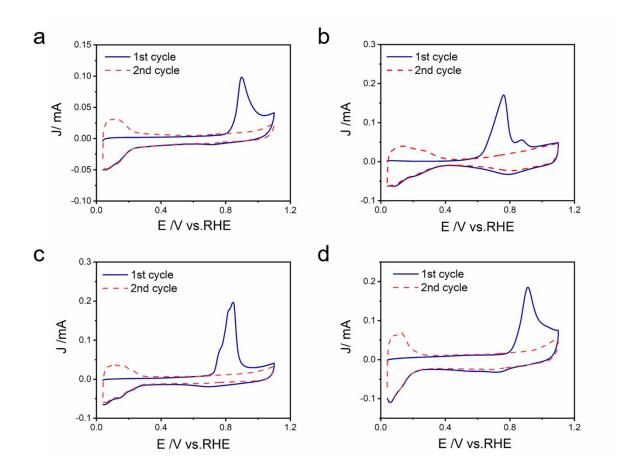


Fig S4. The whole CO stripping curves of (a) Pt NWs, (b) Ru/Pt NWs, (c) Ru@Pt NWs and (d) Pt/C modified electrodes.

| sanples | $\mathrm{ECSA}_{\mathrm{H}} \left(\mathrm{m}^2 \mathrm{g}^{-1}_{\mathrm{pt}}\right)$ | ECSA _H / ECSA _{CO} | ECSA _{CO} of first peak (m ² g ⁻¹ _{pt}) | ECSA _{CO} (m ² g ⁻¹ _{pt}) | First peak area/total peak area |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Pt NWs | 9.39 | 1.00: 1.08 | - | 10.14 | - |
| Ru/Pt NWs | 19.75 | 1.00: 0.99 | 18.64 | 19.55 | 95.37% |
| Ru@Pt NWs | 13.54 | 1.00: 1.14 | 3.59 | 15.44 | 23.23% |
| Pt/C | 23.93 | 1.00: 1.11 | - | 26.56 | - |
| 0.09%Ru/Pt NWs | 17.47 | 1.00: 1.16 | 19.20 | 20.26 | 94.74% |
| 1.9%Ru/Pt NWs | 13.55 | 1.00: 1.09 | 14.24 | 14.76 | 96.49% |

Table S3. Summaries of $ECSA_{H}$, $ECSA_{CO}$ and their ratios; the two peak areas of CO oxidation and their ratios in 0.1 M HClO₄ solution at a sweep rate of 50 mV s⁻¹.

| Table S4. Summaries of MOR activity of the prepare NWs and commercial Pt/C in 0.1 M |
|---|
| HClO ₄ +1 M CH ₃ OH solution at 30 °C. |

| | Based on H _{upd} | | Based on CO stripping | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Sample | Specific activity | Mass activity | Specific activity | |
| | $(mA cm^{-2})$ | (mA mg ⁻¹ _{Pt}) | (mA cm ⁻²²) | |
| Pt NWs | 1.94 | 219.51 | 1.80 | |
| Ru/Pt NWs | 3.93 | 568.40 | 3.97 | |
| Ru@Pt NWs | 2.58 | 292.89 | 0.77 | |
| Commercial Pt/C | 1.68 | 280.00 | 1.51 | |
| 0.09%Ru/Pt NWs | 2.60 | 244.62 | 2.24 | |
| 1.9%Ru/Pt NWs | 3.25 | 337.44 | 2.98 | |
| | | | | |

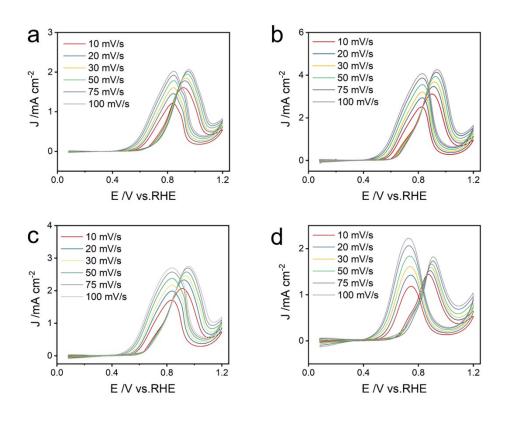


Fig. S5. CV plots of methanol electrooxidation on (a) Pt NWs, (b) Ru/Pt NWs, (c) Ru@Pt NWs and (d) Pt/C modified electrodes at different scan rates.

| Sanples | Slope value | Pearson correlation coefficient |
|-------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Pt NWs | 0.063 | 0.96845 |
| Ru/Pt NWs | 0.1642 | 0.98223 |
| Ru@Pt NWs | 0.104 | 0.97599 |

0.054

0.1403

0.1144

0.99683

0.98153

0.99005

Table S5. The slope values of catalysts in this work

Pt/C

0.09%Ru/Pt NWs

1.9%Ru/Pt NWs

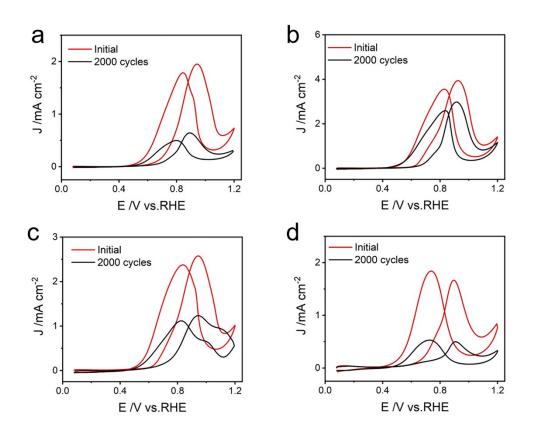


Fig. S6. The initial and after 2000 cycles of MOR for (a) Pt NWs, (b) Ru/Pt NWs, (c) Ru@Pt NWs and (d) Pt/C in 0.1M HClO₄ and 1 M methanol solution at a scan rate of 50 mV s⁻¹.

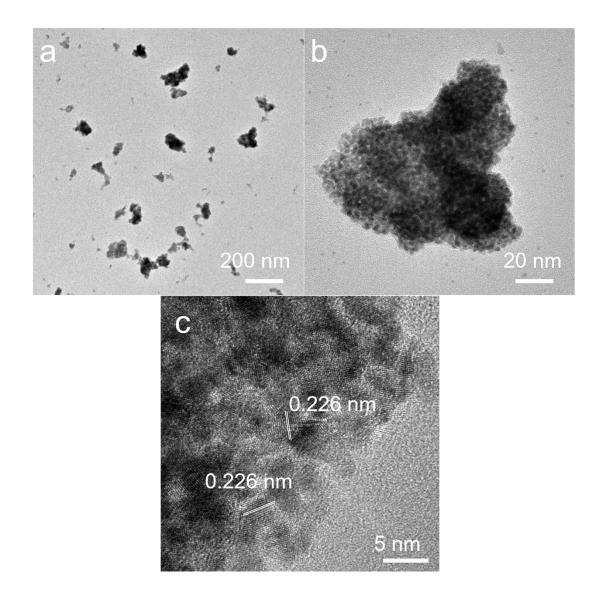


Fig. S7. TEM images of Pt₃Ru₁ clusters.

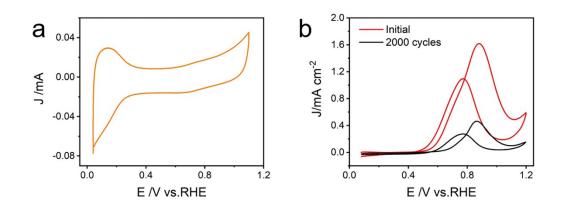


Fig. S8. A) CV curves, B) the initial and after 2000 cycles of MOR of Pt_3Ru_1 catalyst in 0.1 M HClO₄ and 1 M methanol solution at a sweep rate of 50 mV s⁻¹.

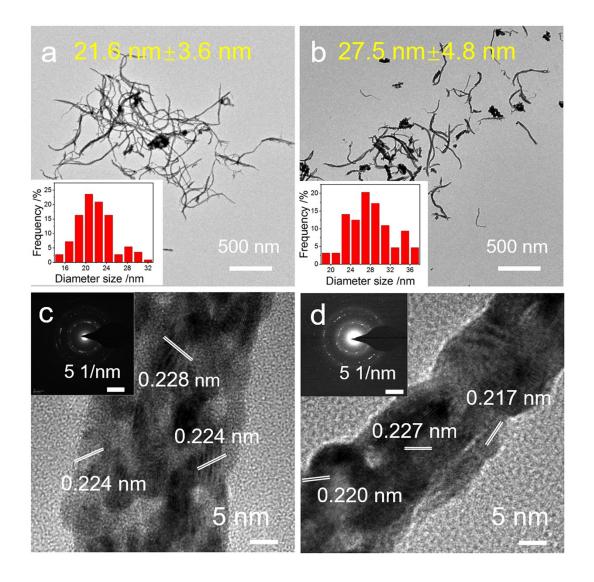


Fig. S9. (a) (b) TEM and (c) (d) HRTEM images of 0.09% Ru/Pt NWs and 1.9%Ru/Pt NWs.

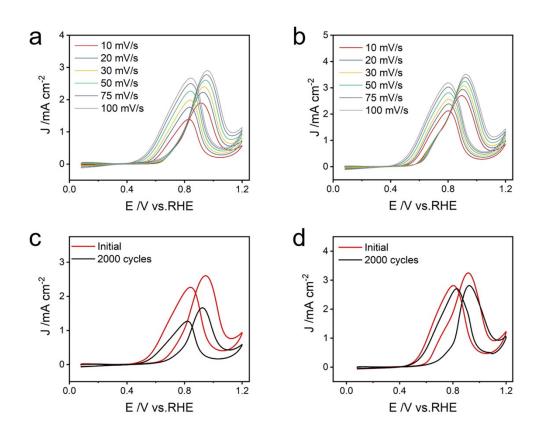


Fig. S10. (a-b) CV plots of methanol electrooxidation on (a) 0.09%Pt NWs and (b) 1.9%Ru/Pt NWs modified electrodes at different scan rates. (c-d) The initial and after 2000 cycles of MOR for (c) 0.09%Ru/Pt NWs and (d) 1.9%Ru/Pt NWs in 0.1M HClO₄ and 1 M methanol solution at a sweep rate of 50 mV s⁻¹.

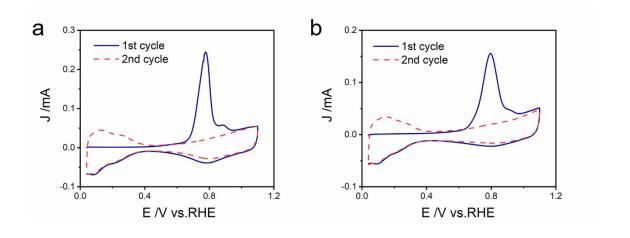


Fig S11. The whole CO stripping curves of (a) 0.09% Ru/Pt NWs and (b) 1.9% Ru/Pt NWs modified electrodes.