

Field-induced SIM behaviour of Co(II) complex with 1,1'-diacetylferrocene-derived ligand

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Electronic Supplementary Information

X-Ray single crystal diffraction study of I. X-ray data for a single crystal of **I** were collected on a CCD diffractometer Agilent XCalibur with EOS detector (Agilent Technologies UK Ltd, Yarnton, Oxfordshire, England) using graphite-monochromated MoK α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å) and treated by CrysAlisPro software for cell refinement, data collection, and data reduction with empirical absorption correction (Scale3AbsPack) of the experimental intensities [1]. The structure was solved by direct methods and refined against all F^2 data [2]. All non-hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic thermal parameters, positions of hydrogen atoms were obtained from difference Fourier syntheses and refined with riding model constraints. The X-ray crystal structure data have been deposited with the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center, with reference codes CCDC 2020491. Selected crystallographic parameters and the data collection and refinement statistics are given in Table S1, ESI†, selected bond lengths and angles are presented in Table S2, ESI†. The powder XRD measurements show that sample of compound **I** is the monophasic crystalline material (Fig. S1.).

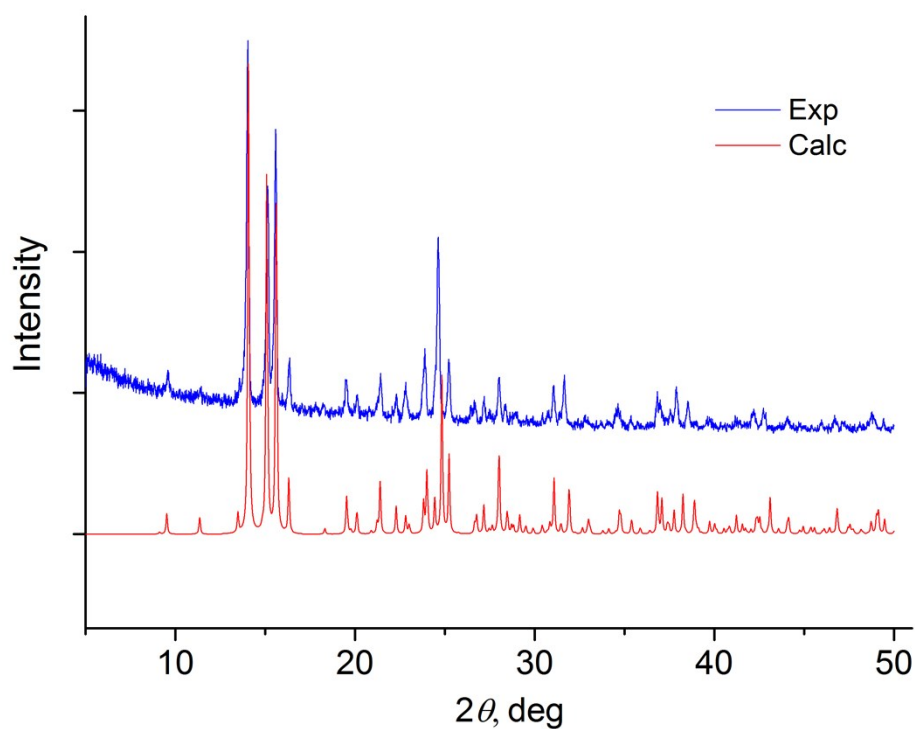


Figure S1. Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of polycrystalline samples of complexes: experimental for complex **I** (blue) and calculated from single crystal data for complex **I** (red).

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement for **I**

Parameters	Values
formula (M)	C ₂₆ H ₂₄ Cl ₂ Co ₁ Fe ₁ N ₆ O _{0.09} (607.63)
Temperature, K	100.0(1)
crystal system, space group	tetragonal, <i>P</i> 4 ₁ 2 ₁ 2
<i>a</i> = <i>b</i> , Å	13.1248(2)
<i>c</i> , Å	14.3338(2)
Volume, Å ³	2469.15(8)
<i>Z</i> , ρ _{calc} , g/cm ³	4, 1.635
μ, mm ⁻¹	1.505
<i>F</i> (000)	1239
Crystal size, mm ³	0.35×0.15×0.15
θ range, °	3.10 - 29.05
Index ranges	-13 ≤ <i>h</i> ≤ 17, -17 ≤ <i>k</i> ≤ 12, -17 ≤ <i>l</i> ≤ 19
Reflections collected / unique [<i>R</i> (int)] / <i>I</i> >2σ(<i>I</i>)	9188 / 3260 [0.0265] /
Completeness to θ	0.998
Number of parameters	171
GOOF	1.061
Final <i>R</i> indices [<i>I</i> >2σ(<i>I</i>)]	<i>R</i> ₁ = 0.0258, <i>wR</i> ₂ = 0.0598
<i>R</i> indices (all data)	<i>R</i> ₁ = 0.0298, <i>wR</i> ₂ = 0.0624
Absolute structure parameter	-0.024(12)
Δρ _{max} / Δρ _{min} , e·Å ⁻³	0.482 / -0.341

Table S2. Selected bond lengths [$\text{\AA}$] and angles [deg] for compound **I**.

Bond	d, $\text{\AA}$	Bond	d, $\text{\AA}$
Co(1)-N(1)	2.161(2)	Co(1)-N(2)	2.203(2)
Co(1)-Cl(1)	2.4429(5)	Fe(1)-C(3)	2.036(2)
Fe(1)-C(4)	2.039(2)	Fe(1)-C(5)	2.039(2)
Fe(1)-C(1)	2.056(2)	Fe(1)-C(2)	2.052(2)
N(1)-C(10)	1.343(3)	N(1)-C(6)	1.358(3)
N(2)-C(11)	1.289(3)	N(3)-C(12)	1.287(3)
N(2)-N(3)	1.403(3)	C(12)-C(4)	1.469(3)
C(7)-C(6)	1.389(3)	C(7)-C(8)	1.391(3)
C(9)-C(8)	1.388(3)	C(9)-C(10)	1.388(3)
C(6)-C(11)	1.455(3)	C(12)-C(13)	1.503(3)
C(1)-C(2)	1.421(3)	C(1)-C(5)	1.424(3)
C(4)-C(3)	1.440(3)	C(4)-C(5)	1.442(3)
C(2)-C(3)	1.418(3)		
Angle	$\omega, ^\circ$	Angle	$\omega, ^\circ$
N(1)-Co(1)-N(1) ^{#1}	109.44(9)	C(3)-Fe(1)-C(4) ^{#1}	111.98(9)
N(1)-Co(1)-N(2) ^{#1}	172.63(7)	C(5)-Fe(1)-C(4) ^{#1}	132.47(9)
Cl(1)-Co(1)-Cl(1) ^{#1}	168.82(3)	C(4)-Fe(1)-C(2) ^{#1}	143.96(9)
N(1)-Co(1)-N(2)	76.19(6)	C(3) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(2)	174.59(9)
N(2) ^{#1} -Co(1)-N(2)	98.63(9)	C(3)-Fe(1)-C(2)	40.58(9)
N(1)-Co(1)-Cl(1)	82.66(5)	C(5)-Fe(1)-C(2)	68.60(9)
N(1) ^{#1} -Co(1)-Cl(1)	90.87(5)	C(5) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(2)	114.31(9)
N(2) ^{#1} -Co(1)-Cl(1)	92.64(5)	C(4) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(2)	143.96(9)
N(2)-Co(1)-Cl(1)	94.65(5)	C(4)-Fe(1)-C(2)	68.91(9)
C(10)-N(1)-Co(1)	128.25(15)	C(2) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(2)	135.92(13)
C(6)-N(1)-Co(1)	114.13(13)	C(3) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(1)	134.38(9)
C(11)-N(2)-N(3)	114.02(18)	C(3)-Fe(1)-C(1)	68.53(9)
C(11)-N(2)-Co(1)	113.80(14)	C(5)-Fe(1)-C(1)	40.71(9)
N(3)-N(2)-Co(1)	131.31(13)	C(5) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(1)	145.50(9)
N(1)-C(6)-C(11)	116.42(18)	C(4) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(1)	173.03(9)
C(2)-C(1)-C(5)	108.3(2)	C(3) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(3)	143.34(13)
C(4)-C(12)-C(13)	119.05(19)	C(3) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(5)	108.30(9)
N(3)-C(12)-C(4)	115.72(19)	C(3)-Fe(1)-C(5)	69.32(9)

C(8)-C(9)-C(10)	118.8(2)	C(4)-Fe(1)-C(1)	68.97(9)
C(6)-C(7)-C(8)	119.0(2)	C(2) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(1)	111.29(9)
N(3)-C(12)-C(13)	125.2(2)	C(2)-Fe(1)-C(1)	40.46(9)
C(3)-Fe(1)-C(5) ^{#1}	108.29(9)	C(3)-Fe(1)-C(1) ^{#1}	134.38(9)
C(5)-Fe(1)-C(5) ^{#1}	172.85(13)	C(5)-Fe(1)-C(1) ^{#1}	145.50(9)
C(3) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(4)	111.98(9)	C(4)-Fe(1)-C(1) ^{#1}	173.03(9)
C(4) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(4)	106.55(12)	C(2)-Fe(1)-C(1) ^{#1}	111.29(9)
C(3)-Fe(1)-C(4)	41.38(8)	C(1)-Fe(1)-C(1) ^{#1}	115.99(13)
C(5)-Fe(1)-C(4)	41.43(9)	C(10)-N(1)-C(6)	117.25(19)
C(5) ^{#1} -Fe(1)-C(4)	132.47(9)	C(12)-N(3)-N(2)	117.05(18)
C(3)-Fe(1)-C(2) ^{#1}	174.59(9)	C(2)-C(1)-Fe(1)	69.62(13)
C(5)-Fe(1)-C(2) ^{#1}	114.31(9)	C(5)-C(1)-Fe(1)	69.00(12)
C(7)-C(6)-C(11)	120.9(2)	C(4)-C(3)-Fe(1)	69.42(12)
N(1)-C(10)-C(9)	123.5(2)	C(1)-C(5)-C(4)	107.97(19)
N(2)-C(11)-C(6)	119.2(2)	C(1)-C(5)-Fe(1)	70.29(13)
C(9)-C(8)-C(7)	118.7(2)	C(4)-C(5)-Fe(1)	69.29(12)
C(3)-C(2)-C(1)	108.5(2)	C(3)-C(4)-C(5)	107.05(19)
C(3)-C(2)-Fe(1)	69.11(13)	C(3)-C(4)-C(12)	126.17(19)
C(1)-C(2)-Fe(1)	69.91(12)	C(5)-C(4)-C(12)	126.74(19)
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	108.2(2)	C(3)-C(4)-Fe(1)	69.20(12)
C(2)-C(3)-Fe(1)	70.32(13)	C(5)-C(4)-Fe(1)	69.28(12)
N(1)-C(6)-C(7)	122.73(19)	C(12)-C(4)-Fe(1)	124.78(15)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: ^{#1} y, x, -z

Computational details

Theoretical calculations of the electronic structure for complex **I** were performed using a post-Hartree–Fock multi-reference wavefunction (WF) approach based on state-averaged complete active space self-consistent field calculations (SA-CASSCF) [3-5] followed by N-electron valence second-order perturbation theory (NEVPT2) [6-9]. Scalar relativistic effects were account for using a standard second-order Douglas–Kroll–Hess (DKH) procedure [10]. For calculations, a segmented all-electron relativistically contracted version [11] of Ahlrichs polarized triple-zeta basis set, def2-TZVP [12-14], was used for all atoms. To improve the

calculation time, the resolution of the identity approximation with corresponding correlation fitting of the basis set [15] was employed. Spin–orbit effects were included using the quasi-degenerate perturbation theory (QDPT) [16].

The CASSCF active space was constructed from 5 MOs with predominant contributions of 3d-AOs from the metal center and 7 electrons, corresponding to metal ion CAS(7, 5). Ten quartets and 40 doublet states were included in the WF expansion.

For all calculations, nuclei coordinates of non-hydrogen atoms were taken from diffraction experimental data, and positions of hydrogen atoms were optimized employing density functional theory with the BP86 functional and Ahlrichs polarized basis set def2-TZVP (optimized nuclei coordinates are listed in Table S3, ESI†).

Splitting of the d-orbitals was analyzed within the *ab initio* ligand field theory (AILFT) [17, 18] as implemented in ORCA software.

Table S3. Atomic coordinates used for ZFS calculations (hydrogen atoms positions optimized at BP86/def2-TZVP level of theory while non-hydrogen atoms are fixed at positions obtained from single crystal X-ray diffraction study)

Co	1.18971914813404	2.43824272001278	3.84869710627750
Cl	-0.18186259214886	4.12032682083468	4.87545033051699
Cl	1.70312603817490	1.26161553675098	1.91678473236533
N	1.37317279635709	1.08766976188048	5.55623357669205
N	0.38913896411349	0.19057695262195	5.80699390632533
H	0.43478349364151	-0.51209342526760	6.54313480126880
N	-0.68055087277282	1.06532175307572	3.94447962065723
N	-1.56420952826155	-0.80589356092489	5.18239033099433
N	3.06463116477177	2.82456176766218	4.84034618643296
N	3.87067086616076	3.80531768789111	4.36719120526593
H	4.77262137208214	4.04039543629593	4.77742010583841
N	4.26256515019149	5.50011373367696	2.91056151909313
N	2.20865441834349	4.25301259632579	2.81373561504133
C	2.43947701097685	1.12329712545256	6.29433060448735
C	2.72670228634025	0.20499507096314	7.44068740399518

H	2.41970090343034	-0.82863481945039	7.20790531570810
H	2.18891067241559	0.50406453885503	8.35702597872827
H	3.79344698813122	0.16410767769881	7.67743115233871
C	-0.66778378417222	0.15769447247272	4.92581307535958
C	-1.74498699609382	0.99348631268115	3.11115001411065
C	-2.72398558207923	0.03839574909009	3.28848089523873
H	-3.57450919880330	-0.00342684911136	2.60728037582524
C	-2.61970349195841	-0.84950357400545	4.34197351914159
C	-1.80435316554295	1.97173132518225	1.98475525656382
H	-1.77890301839432	2.99609505272922	2.38491459635777
H	-2.71269016097494	1.83496979081578	1.38526128894037
H	-0.91360614862493	1.84540534805283	1.35048521668649
C	-3.66027215437701	-1.89663921947313	4.60698515221548
H	-3.19463878349035	-2.89016165574136	4.67680652305440
H	-4.42656626539648	-1.91335407757991	3.82153651219807
H	-4.15288993113895	-1.70736197486248	5.57323684614464
C	3.40220793594393	2.16831765791826	5.89469905576965
C	4.63664002973317	2.44344348328765	6.69427589449769
H	5.55218758871295	2.11862626366369	6.16870636313834
H	4.62043766291059	1.94641987065127	7.66705338182412
H	4.74096926099399	3.52362835572344	6.89339771609101
C	3.42101289719801	4.54887626252242	3.30120918712917
C	3.83934040012566	6.26958446917665	1.89236168009109
C	2.60132002031852	6.05327420353336	1.29829450340347
H	2.25492989980073	6.67741564366265	0.47521096957315
C	1.79671444547130	5.02929565848039	1.78783944106740
C	0.44372933711223	4.74673187569154	1.22892002039638
H	-0.29584050311531	4.79748824927277	2.04347755958245
H	0.41954255430901	3.72253898940412	0.82772878820242
H	0.17643789212494	5.45763845335371	0.43801324288670
C	4.77112355671134	7.35134349797880	1.44797253143042
H	5.73406457093274	6.91959402910271	1.13778872234600
H	4.98500502193132	8.03614829278198	2.28223927987638
H	4.35730982975006	7.92963666918903	0.61256789883039

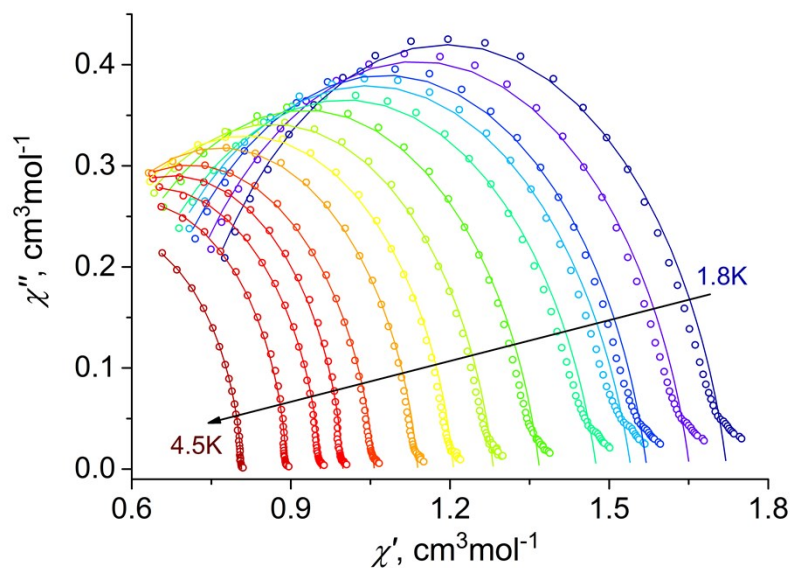


Figure S2. Cole-Cole diagrams for **I** at $H_{DC} = 1000$ Oe (points – experiment, lines – fit by generalized Debye model).

Table S4. Best fit parameters of the generalized Debye model for the Cole-Cole plot of complex **I** at $H_{DC}=1000$ Oe

T , K	χ_S , cm ³ mol ⁻¹	χ_T , cm ³ mol ⁻¹	τ , s	α	R_1^a
1.8	0.666	1.722	5.76E-04	0.145	1.1E-02
1.9	0.623	1.652	5.15E-04	0.153	1.1E-02
2.0	0.584	1.571	4.57E-04	0.149	0.9E-03
2.1	0.548	1.541	4.10E-04	0.169	1.2E-02
2.2	0.528	1.476	3.80E-04	0.164	9.2E-03
2.4	0.483	1.369	3.09E-04	0.139	5.3E-03
2.6	0.447	1.282	2.57E-04	0.127	3.8E-03
2.8	0.419	1.207	2.18E-04	0.112	2.4E-03
3.0	0.392	1.139	1.85E-04	0.102	1.5E-03
3.3	0.362	1.057	1.46E-04	0.091	1.0E-03
3.5	0.356	0.998	1.31E-04	0.064	6.8E-04
3.7	0.331	0.956	1.10E-04	0.073	4.7E-04
4.0	0.324	0.892	0.95E-04	0.045	2.6E-04
4.5	0.301	0.807	0.70E-04	0.047	7.1E-05

$$^a \text{ The mean residual sum of squares, } R_1 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(Y_{\text{exp}} - Y_{\text{calc}})^2}{Y_{\text{exp}}^2}$$

Table S5. Spin-free state (δ_E) and spin-orbit state (Δ_E) energies (cm^{-1}) calculated with CASSCF and CASSCF+NEVPT2 approximations.

	CASSCF		CASSCF+NEVPT2	
Spin	Spin-free states (δ_E)	Spin-orbit states (Δ_E)	Spin-free states (δ_E)	Spin-orbit states (Δ_E)
3/2	0.0	0.0 99.1	0.0	0.0 77.6
3/2	1055.6	1123.7 1299.4	1407.6	1464.8 1588.4
3/2	1640.9	1896.3 1947.3	2277.4	2467.5 2507.4
3/2	5774.2	5969.4 6043.0	7994.0	8131.2 8188.4

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