

Supporting Information

In-situ intercalation and exploitation of Co₃O₄ nanoparticles grown on carbon nitride nanosheets for highly efficient degradation of methylene blue

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Table S1. The denoted name and synthesized samples for various samples.

Samples	concentration of Co(NO ₃) ₂
1-Co ₃ O ₄ /S-C ₃ N ₄	6 mM
Co ₃ O ₄ /S-C ₃ N ₄	23mM
4-Co ₃ O ₄ /S-C ₃ N ₄	46 mM

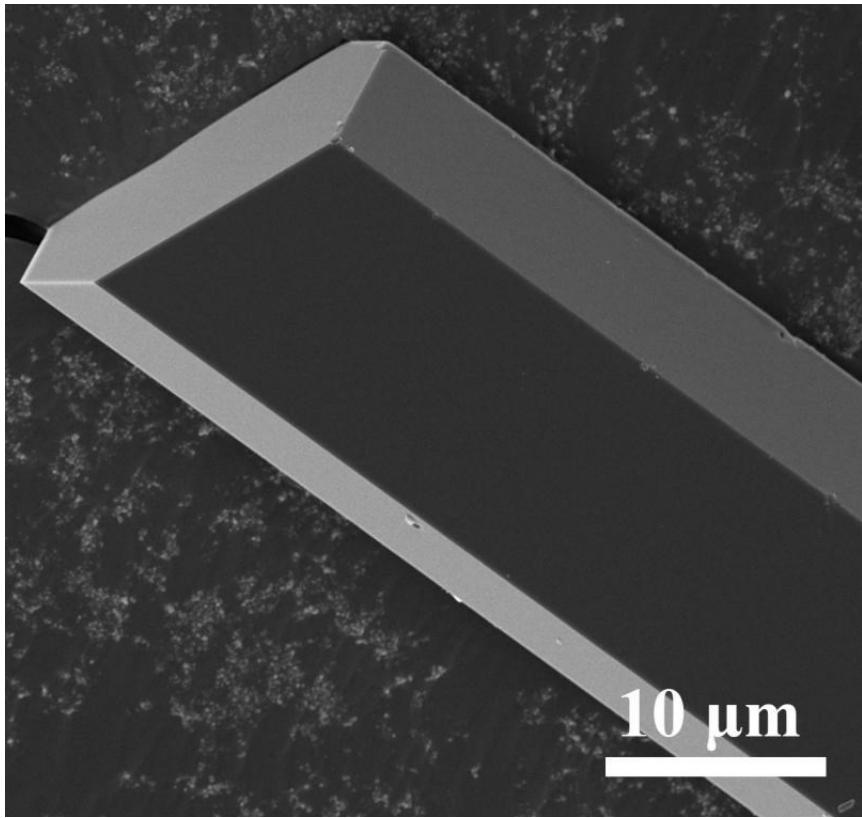


Fig. S1 SEM image of C₃N₄ precursor.

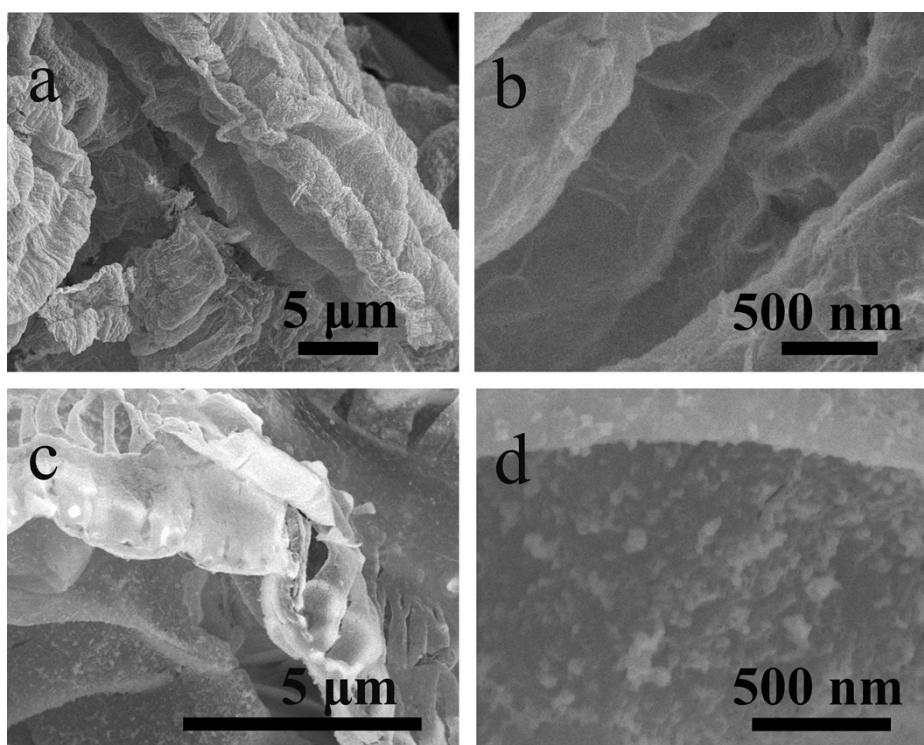


Fig. S2 SEM images of (a, b) 1- $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{S-C}_3\text{N}_4$, (c, d) 4- $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{S-C}_3\text{N}_4$.

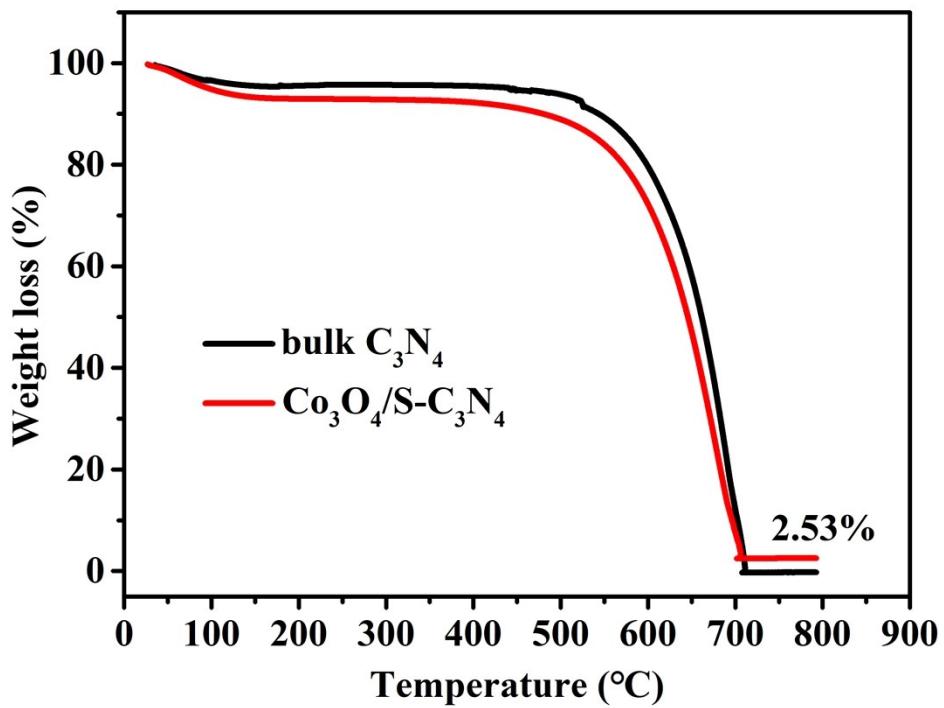


Fig. S3 TG curves of bulk C₃N₄ and Co₃O₄/S-C₃N₄ samples tested in air ambient with a heating rate of 10 °C min⁻¹.

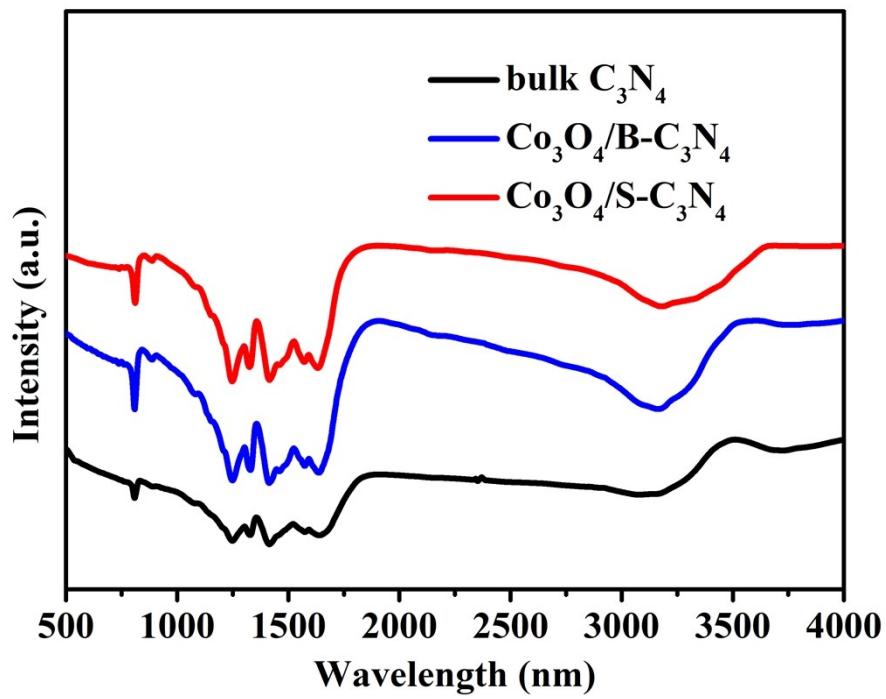


Fig. S4 FT-IR spectra of various samples.

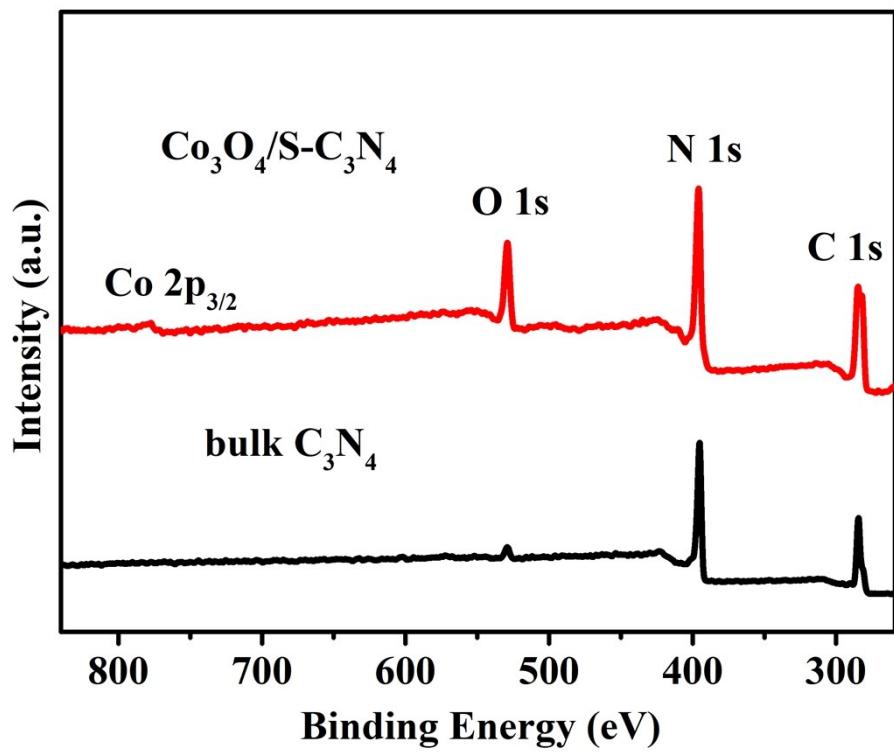


Fig. S5 Wide XPS spectrum of the bulk C_3N_4 and $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{S}-\text{C}_3\text{N}_4$ samples.

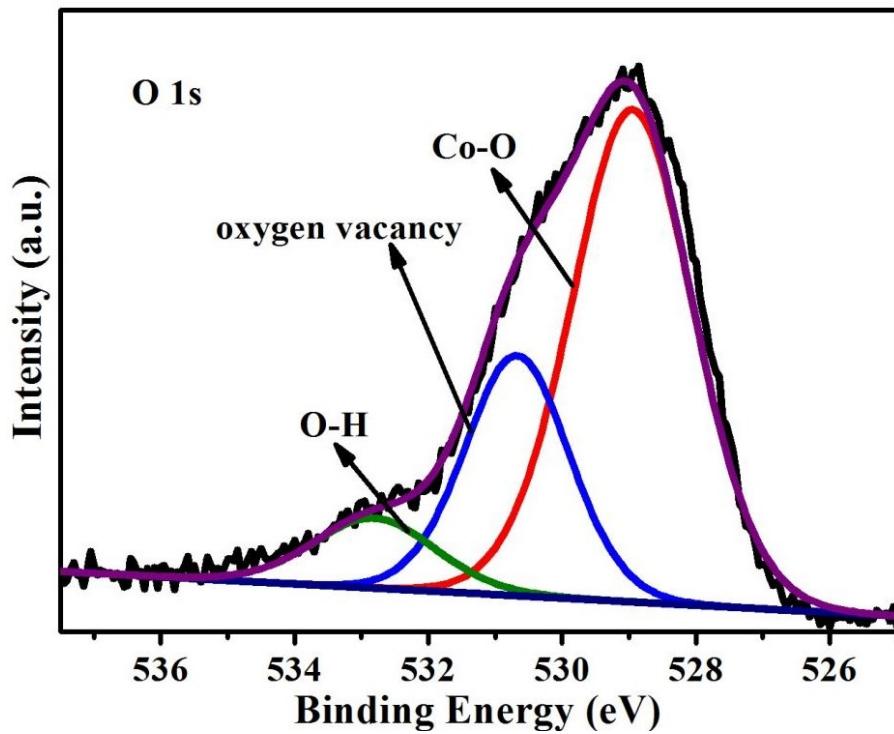


Fig. S6 XPS spectra of O 1s for $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{S}-\text{C}_3\text{N}_4$ sample.

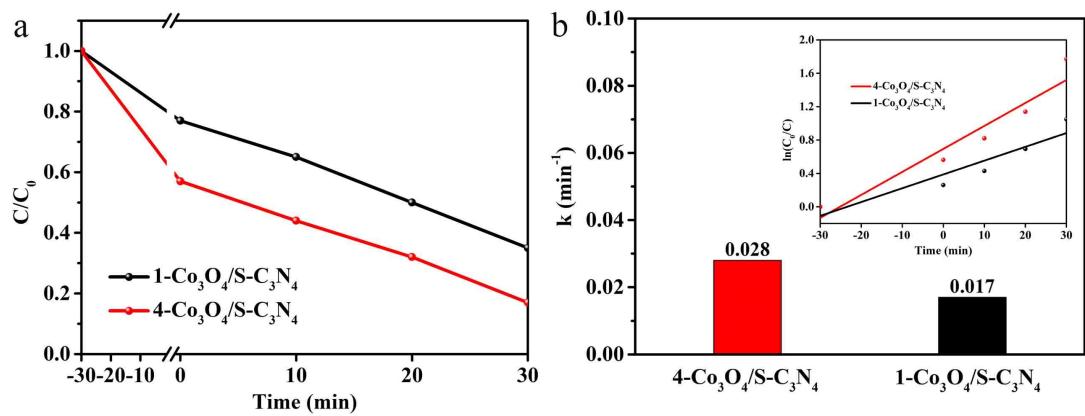


Fig. S7 Methylene blue degradation efficiency diagram of sample 1-Co₃O₄/S-C₃N₄ and 4-Co₃O₄/S-C₃N₄

Table S2. Comparison the photocatalytic degradation rate of **Co₃O₄/S-C₃N₄** with the reported C₃N₄-based heterojunctions.

Catalyst	Catalyst usage (mg)	Methylene blue concentration (mg L ⁻¹)	Reaction time (min)	Degradation rate (%)	References
α-ZnTcPc/g-C ₃ N ₄	50	10	50	94.49	S1
N-ZnO/g-C ₃ N ₄	100	20	90	95	S2
g-	30	10	40	99	S3
C ₃ N ₄ /Ag ₃ PO ₄ /NCDs					
g-C ₃ N ₄ /TiO ₂ /Ag	6	7.5	60	100	S4
WO ₃ /g-C ₃ N ₄	50	50	90	95	S5
TiO ₂ /Na-g-C ₃ N ₄	100	20	120	100	S6
Ag ₂ O/g-C ₃ N ₄	100	10	30	100	S7
TiO _{2-x} /Ag/g-C ₃ N ₄	25	10	180	99	S8
g-C ₃ N ₄ -RGO-TiO ₂	50	30	180	92	S9
g-C ₃ N ₄ /Ag ₂ CrO ₄	10	10	120	99.1	S10
Ag-Fe ₃ O ₄ /g-C ₃ N ₄	25	10	120	99	S11
Zn _{0.25} Cd _{0.75} S/g-C ₃ N ₄	10	10	120	92.25	S12
g-C ₃ N ₄ /Fe@ZnO	100	10	90	95	S13
g-C ₃ N ₄ /MoS ₂ /Bi ₂ O ₃	50	20	90	98.5	S14
CoFe ₂ O ₄ /g-C ₃ N ₄	20	10	180	97.3	S15
ZnFe ₂ O ₄ /g-C ₃ N ₄	30	10	120	98	S16
CaFe ₂ O ₄ 30%/g-C ₃ N ₄	100	10	120	90	S17
PANI/C ₃ N ₄	25	11	120	~ 80	S18
Co₃O₄/S-C₃N₄	10	10	30	99.5	This work

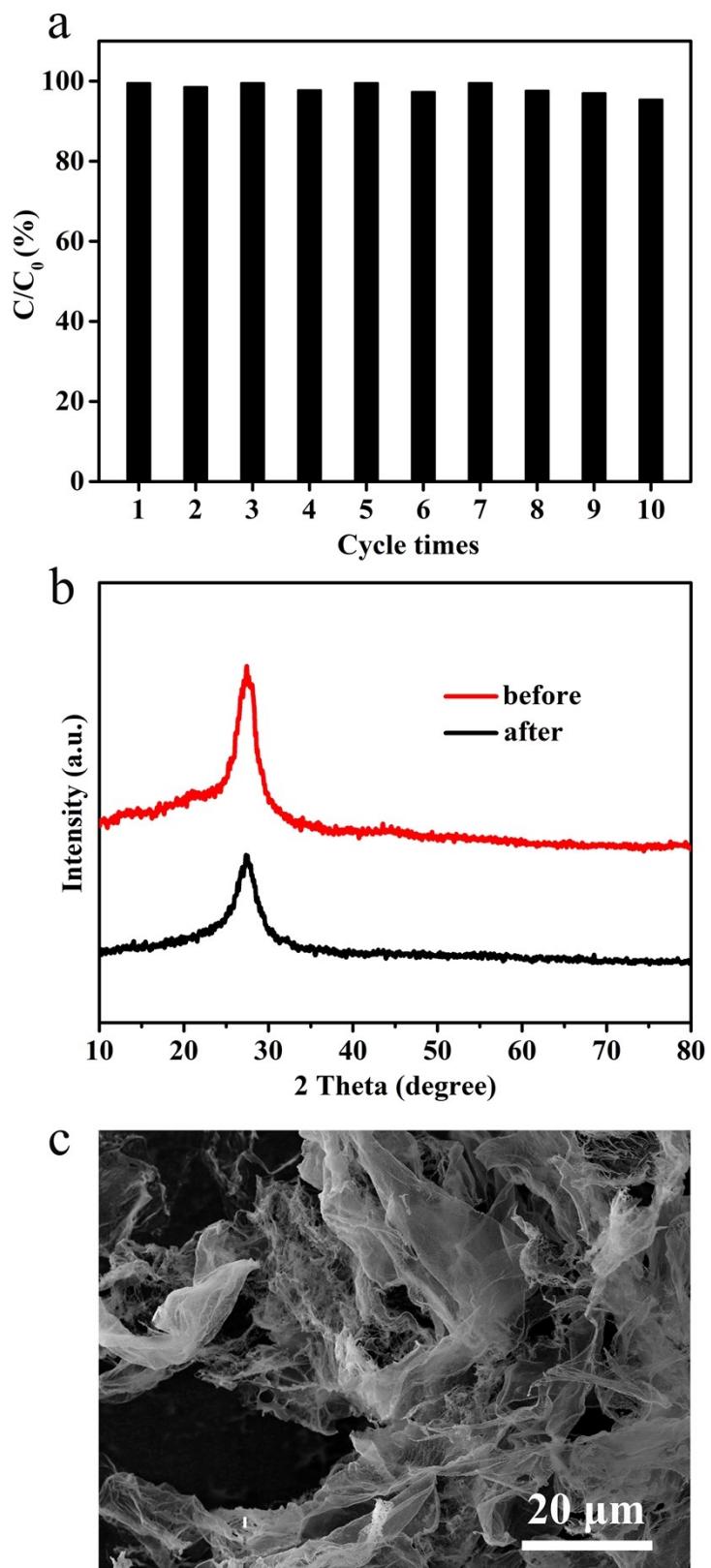


Fig. S8 Degradation ratios for 10 photocatalytic cyclic tests of $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{S}-\text{C}_3\text{N}_4$ sample.

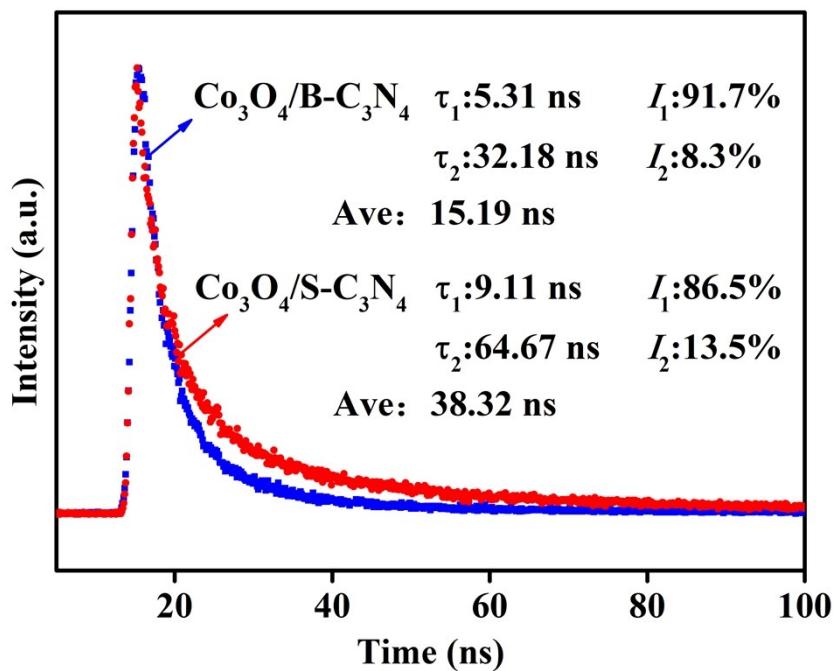


Fig. S9 Time-resolved PL decay spectra of $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{B}-\text{C}_3\text{N}_4$ and $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{S}-\text{C}_3\text{N}_4$ samples.

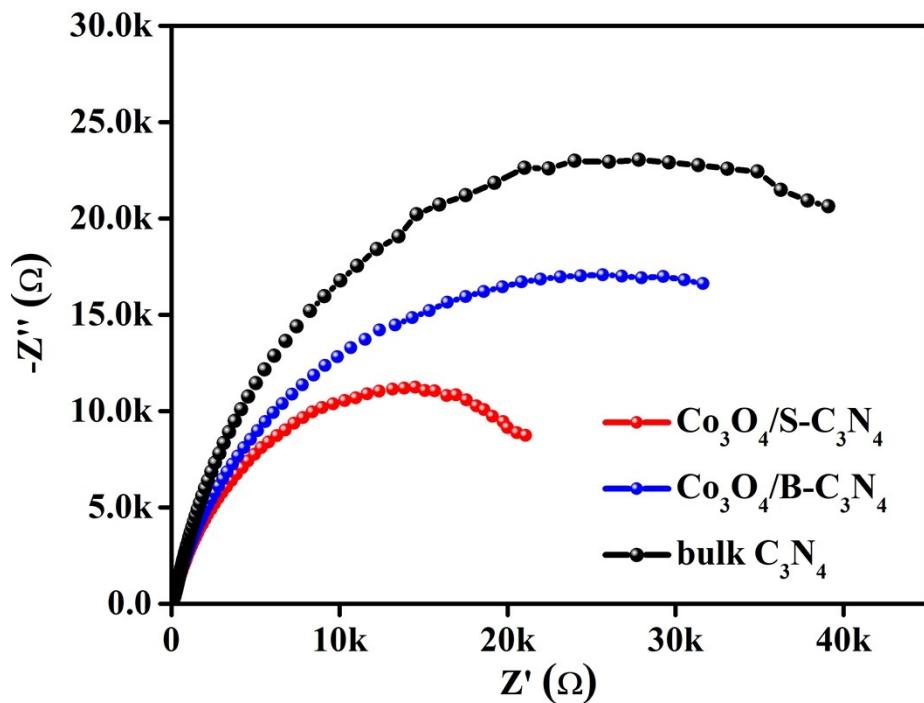


Fig. S10 EIS Nyquist plots of bulk C_3N_4 , $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{B}-\text{C}_3\text{N}_4$ and $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{S}-\text{C}_3\text{N}_4$ electrodes with visible light irradiation.

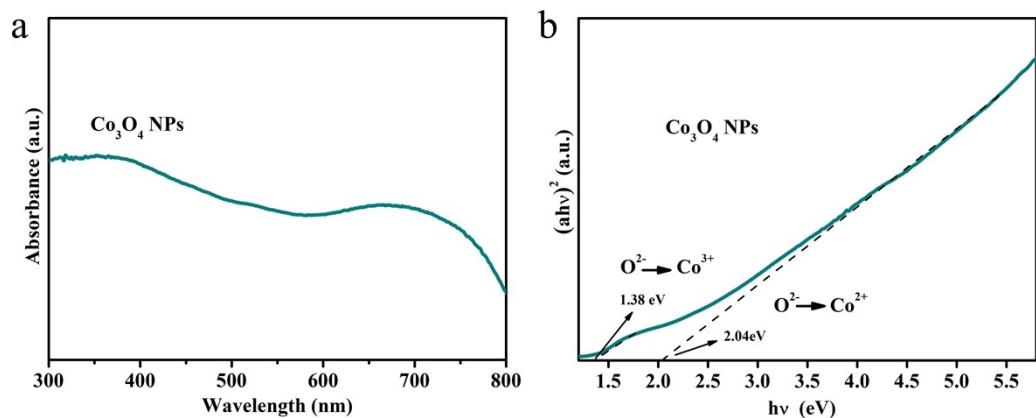
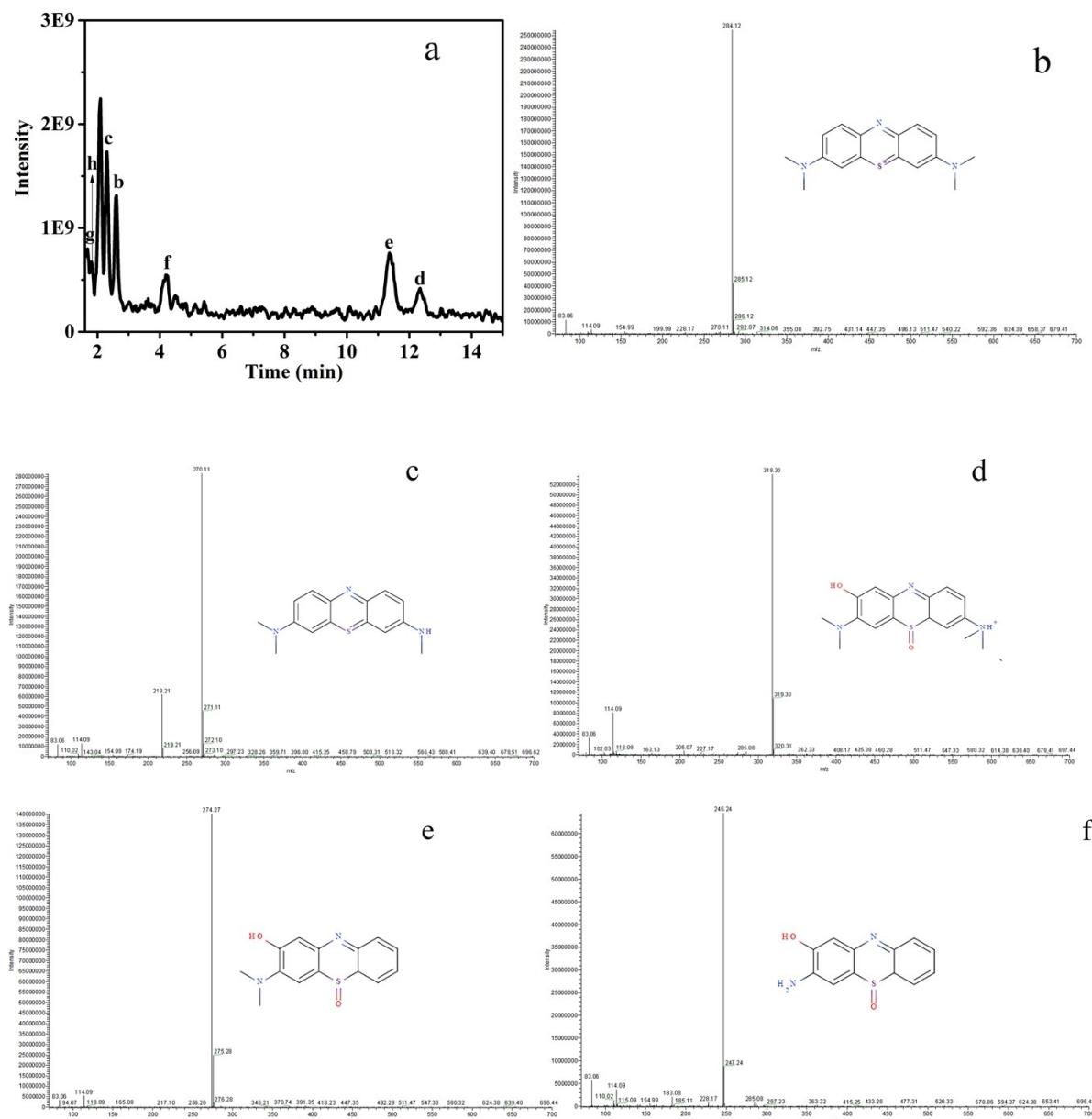


Fig. S11 (a) UV-vis absorption spectra of Co_3O_4 NPs, (b) Optical bandgap diagrams of Co_3O_4 NPs.



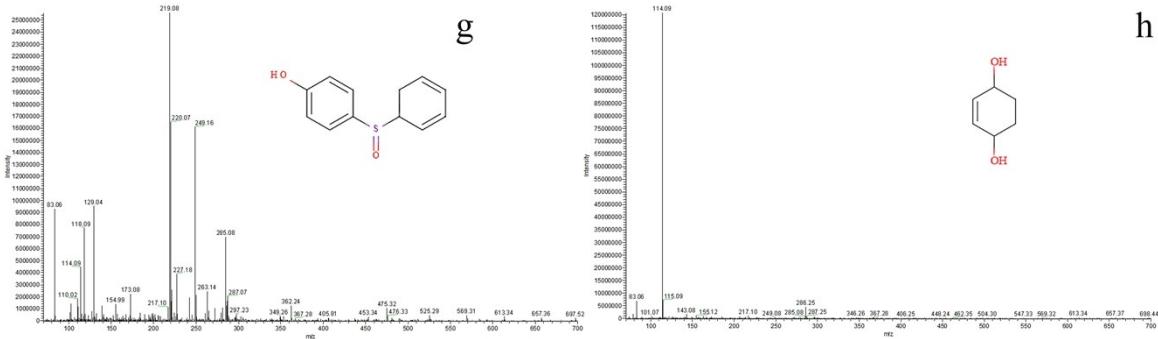


Fig. S12 (a) Total ion flow diagram, (b-h) the mass spectrum of the sample $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{S}-\text{C}_3\text{N}_4$ obtained by the LC-MS during the photocatalytic degradation of methylene blue after 20 min photodegradation.

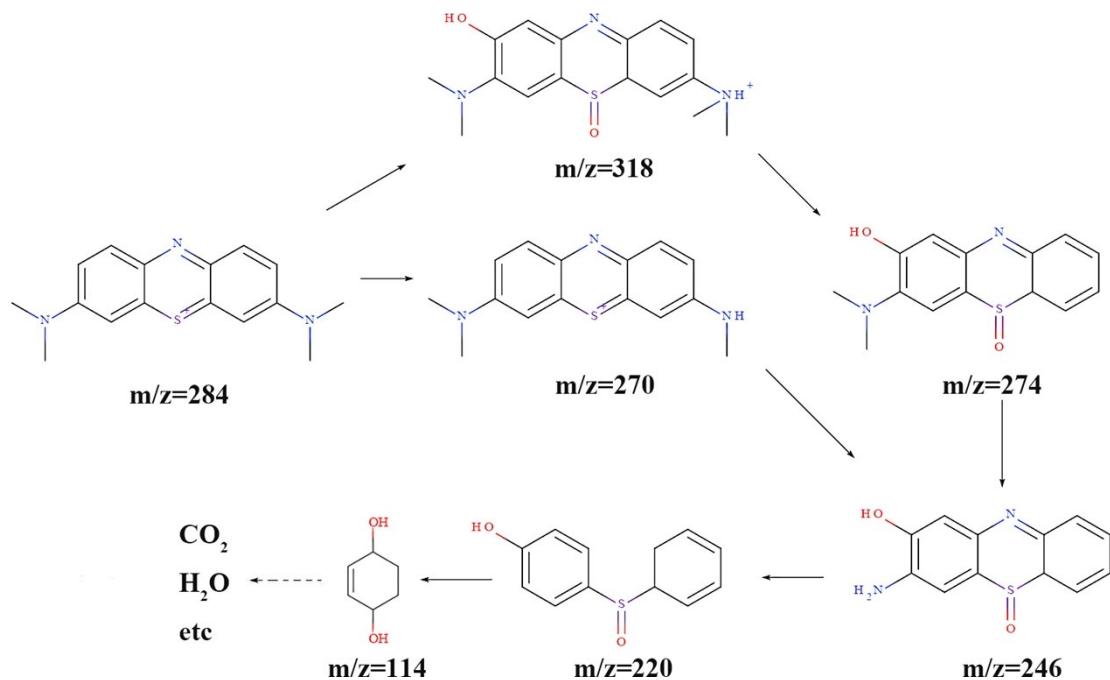


Fig. S13 Propose a way to degrade MB by $\text{Co}_3\text{O}_4/\text{S}-\text{C}_3\text{N}_4$ photocatalysis

The molecular ion peak at $m/z=284$ is attributed to MB (**Fig. S12b**). The first step decomposition of MB molecules should be done followed the two means: On the one hand, it could be directly broken the $-\text{N}-\text{CH}_3$ bond to produce an intermediate with a $m/z=270$ (**Fig. S12c**). On the other hand, the S atoms of the $\text{C}-\text{S}^+=\text{C}$ group in MB molecules could be oxidized by $\cdot\text{OH}$ radicals,^{19,20} at the same time, the active species $\cdot\text{OH}$ and $\cdot\text{O}_2^-$ attack the benzene ring in the methylene blue ion, resulting in

the intermediate with $m/z=318$ was formed (**Fig. S12d**). The low bond energy of N-CH₃ is easy to be attacked by the active molecule •OH and form an intermediate with $m/z=274$ (**Fig. S12e**). Under the attack of •OH, an intermediate with $m/z=114$ is formed after the substitution reaction ($m/z=246$) and addition reaction ($m/z=220$). After a series of oxidation processes, methylene blue was degraded to form CO₂, H₂O and other small molecules.

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