

**Realizing enhanced cyclability of cactus-like  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4$  nanocrystals anode enabled by molecular layer deposition**

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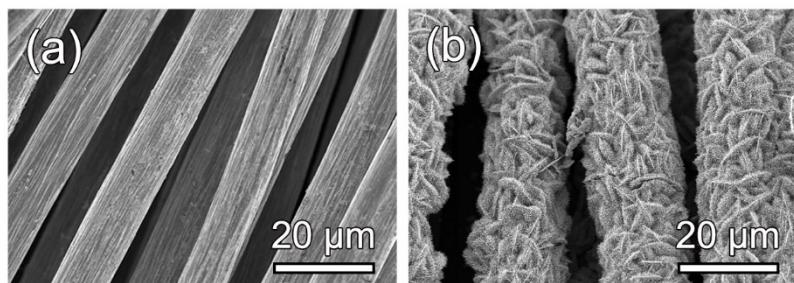


Figure S1. SEM images of bare CC (a) and cactus-like  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4$  flakes on CC (b).

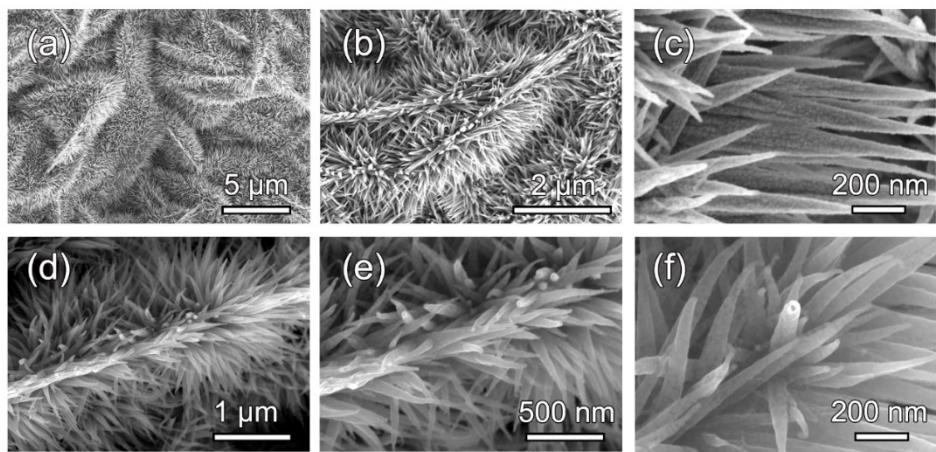


Figure S2. SEM images of (a-c) bare  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4$  and (d-f)  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4@\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{carbon}$  with different magnifications.

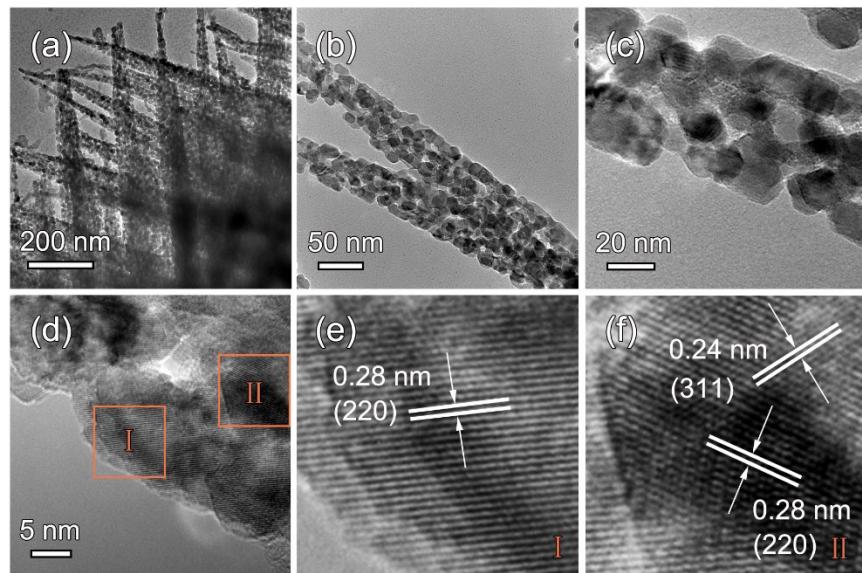


Figure S3. (a, b) Low-magnification TEM images, (c-f) high-magnification TEM images of bare  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4$ .

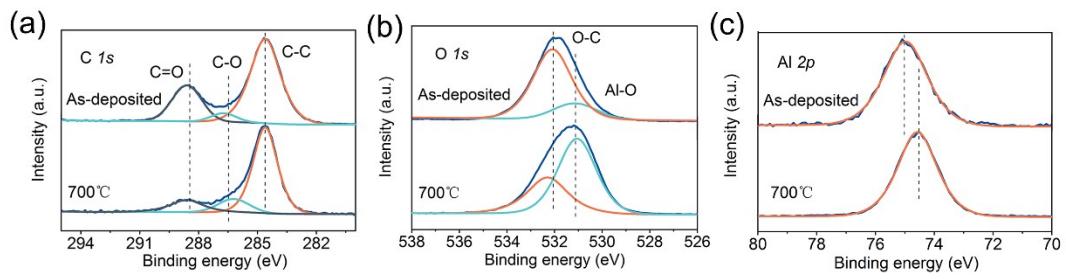


Figure S4. XPS spectra of as-deposited and annealed alucone films on Si: (a) C 1s, (b) O 1s and (c) Al 2p.

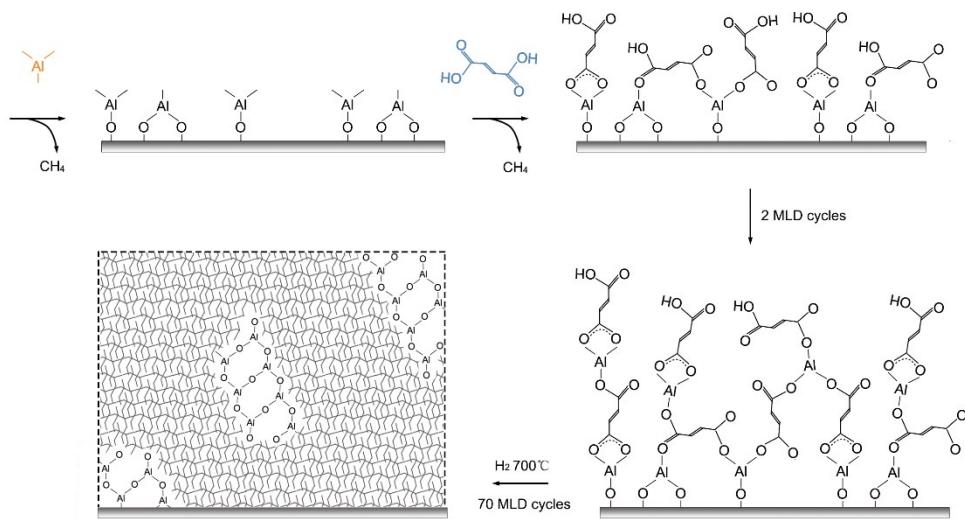


Figure S5. A schematic of the possible reaction mechanism and subsequent pyrolysis for the TMA-fumaric acid film.

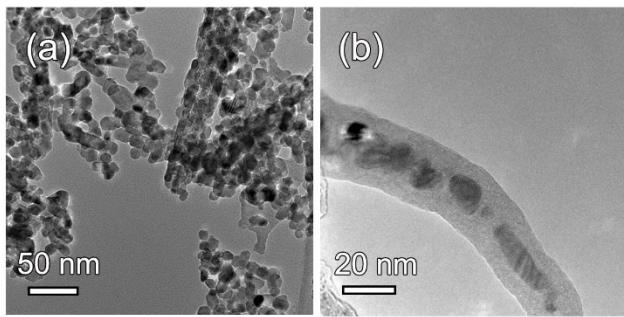


Figure S6. TEM images of (a) bare  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4$  and (b)  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4@\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{carbon}$  ultrasonic dispersion for 10 min in alcohol.

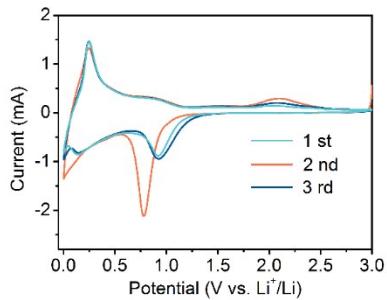


Figure S7. CV curves of bare  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4$  for the first three cycles at the scan rate of 0.1  $\text{mV s}^{-1}$ .

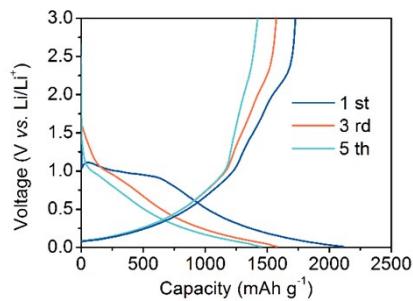


Figure S8. Charge/discharge curves for the 1st, 3rd and 5th cycles at 200  $\text{mA g}^{-1}$  of bare  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4$  electrode.

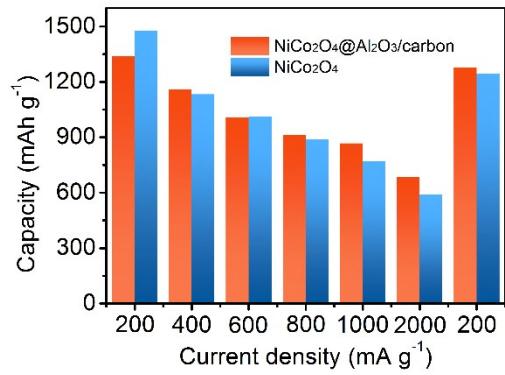


Figure S9. Column view of rate performance of  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4@\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{carbon}$  and bare  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4$  electrodes.

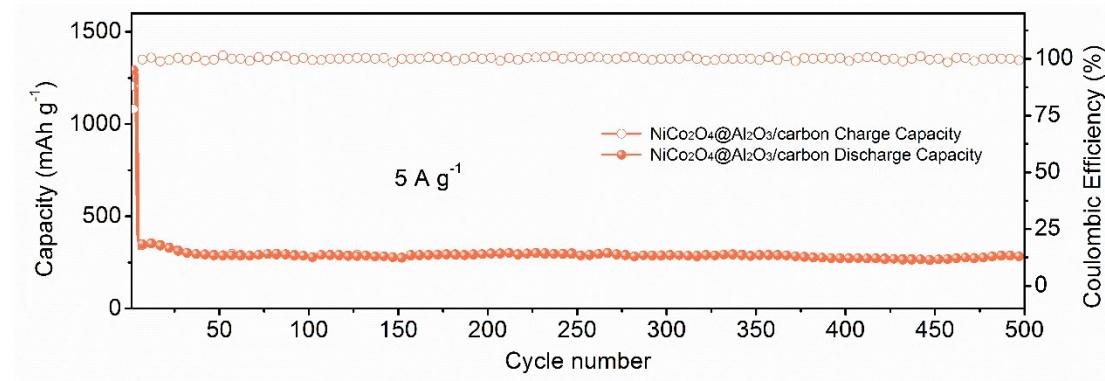


Figure S10. Cycling performance of  $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4@\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3/\text{carbon}$  electrode at  $5 \text{ A g}^{-1}$ .

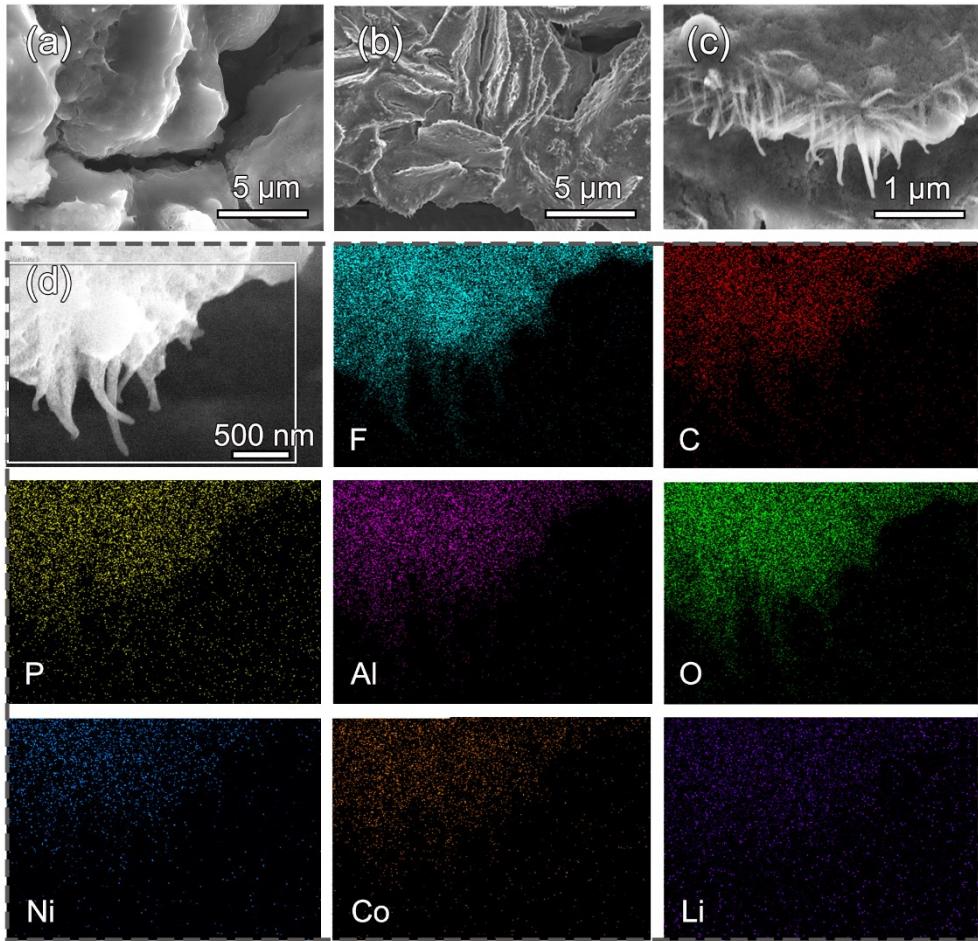


Figure S11. (a) SEM image for cycled NiCo<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> anode after 200 cycles; (b, c) SEM images and (d) corresponding EDS mapping of elemental F, C, P, Al, O, Ni, Co, and Li for the cycled NiCo<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/carbon anode after 200 cycles.

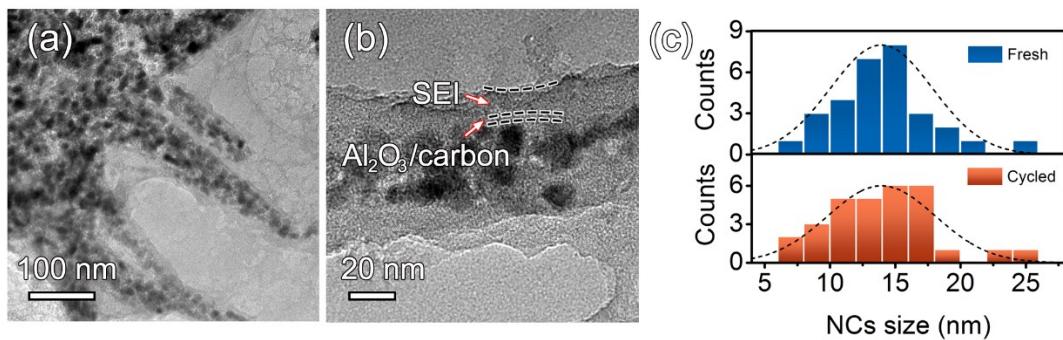


Figure S12. (a, b) TEM images of NiCo<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/carbon electrode after 200 charge/discharge cycles at 2 A g<sup>-1</sup>. The thickness of SEI layer is ~10 nm indicated by the upper arrow; (c) Distribution of NiCo<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> NCs size in NiCo<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/carbon before and after cycling.

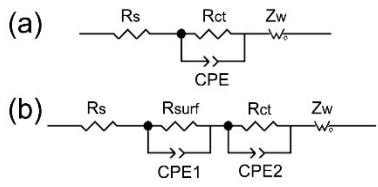


Figure S13. Equivalent electrical circuit diagram.

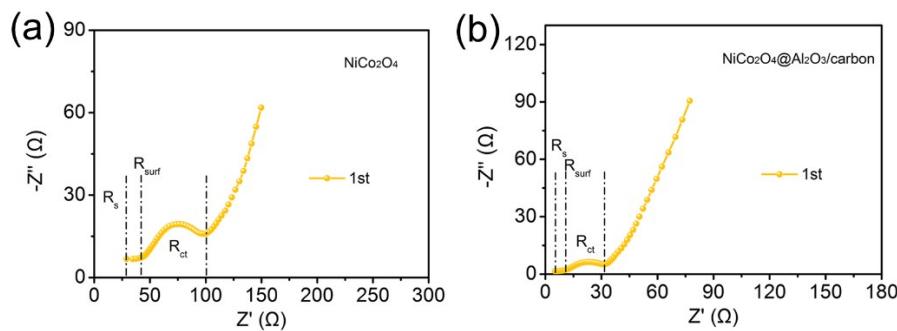


Figure S14. Electrochemical impedance spectra of (a) bare  $NiCo_2O_4$  and (b)  $NiCo_2O_4 @ Al_2O_3 / carbon$  after the first cycle.

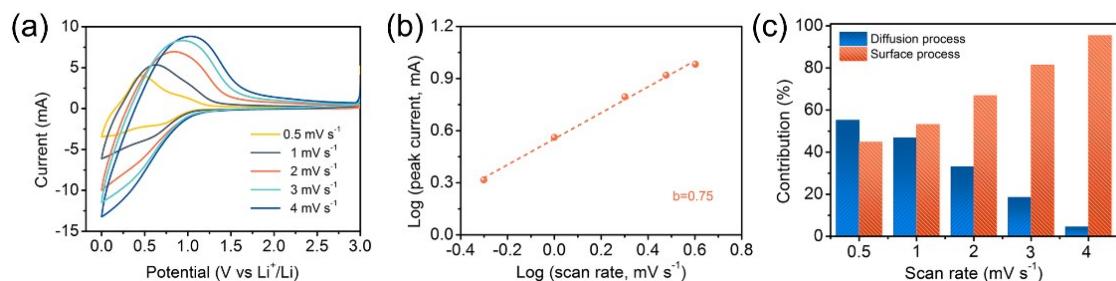


Figure S15. Kinetics analyses of electrochemical behavior: (a) CV profiles of  $NiCo_2O_4 @ Al_2O_3 / carbon$  anode at various scan rates; (b) Relationship between the log (peak current) and log (scan rate); (c) Contribution ratios of capacitive and diffusion-controlled charge storage at different scan rates.

Table S1

Comparison of Li-ion storage performances between recent reported  $NiCo_2O_4$  based

anodes and this work.

Anode material	Current density (A g <sup>-1</sup> )	Cycle number	Reversible capacity (mAh g <sup>-1</sup> )	Refs.
NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> @N-doped carbon submicrospheres	1	1000	371.4	[1]
NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> @ZIF-67/GO	0.5	80	1025	[2]
	2	80	740	
NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> @Ni-B composites	0.5	500	865	[3]
NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> -holey graphene	0.178	450	931.2	[4]
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> composite	0.178	200	1528	[5]
NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> @MnO <sub>2</sub> composites	1	100	841.9	[6]
Ni-NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> @ZnCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	0.1	70	1571.9	[7]
	1	600	1097.5	
NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /CNT	1	200	1673	[8]
NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> @TiO <sub>2</sub>	2	800	749.74	[9]
PPC/NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	2	1100	363	[10]
	0.2	150	1574	
NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> @Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /carbon	2	200	931.2	This work
	5	500	280	

## References

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