

Supporting Information

Magnetic Site Dilution Approach to Achieve Bifunctional Fluorescence Thermometer and Single-Ion Magnet

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Figure S1. The variable temperature fluorescence test systems.

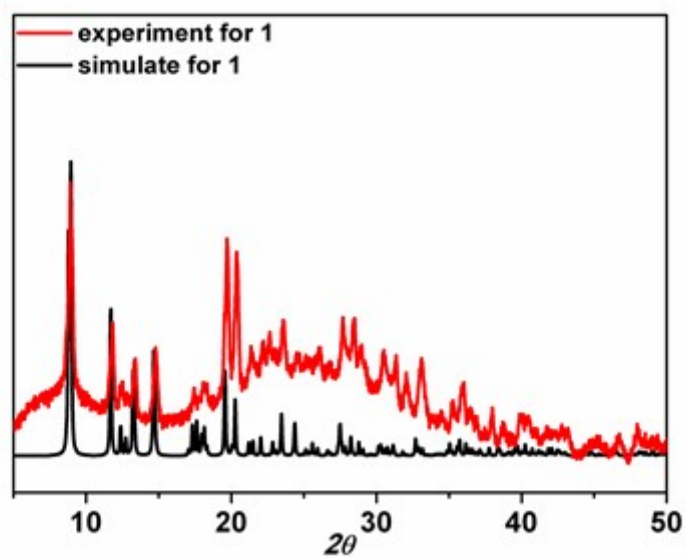


Figure S2. Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of complex1.

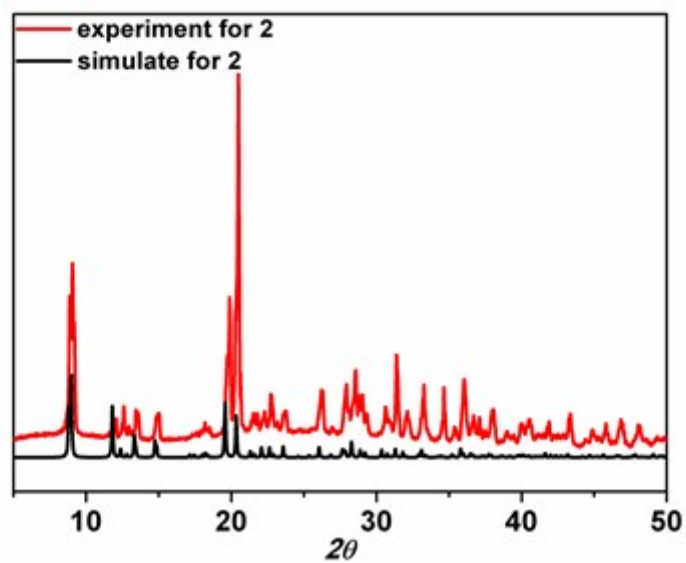


Figure S3. Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of complex2.

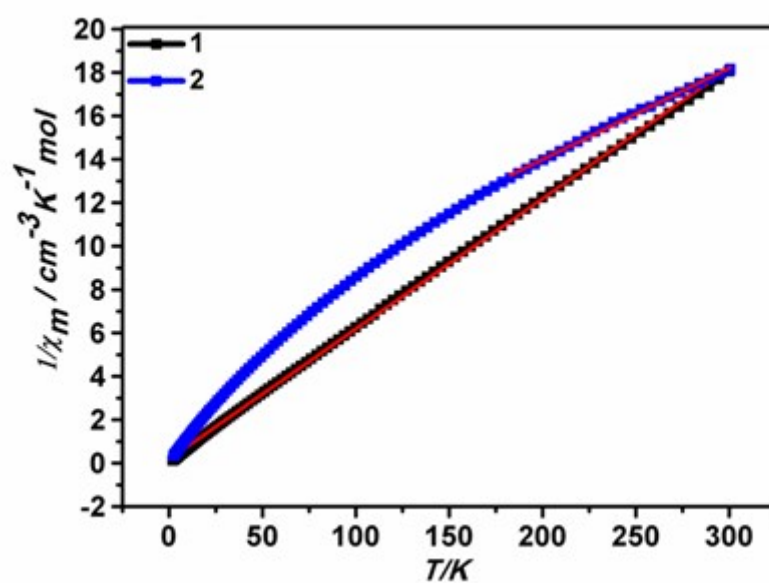


Figure S4. The Curie plot of 1 (-■-) and 2(-■-).

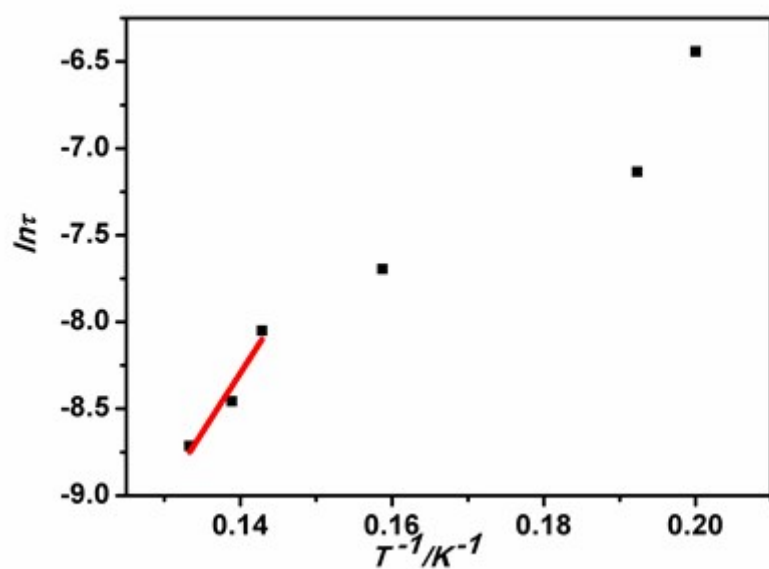


Figure S5. Magnetization relaxation time $\ln \tau$ vs T^{-1} for complex 1 (solid line represents the best fit to the Arrhenius law).

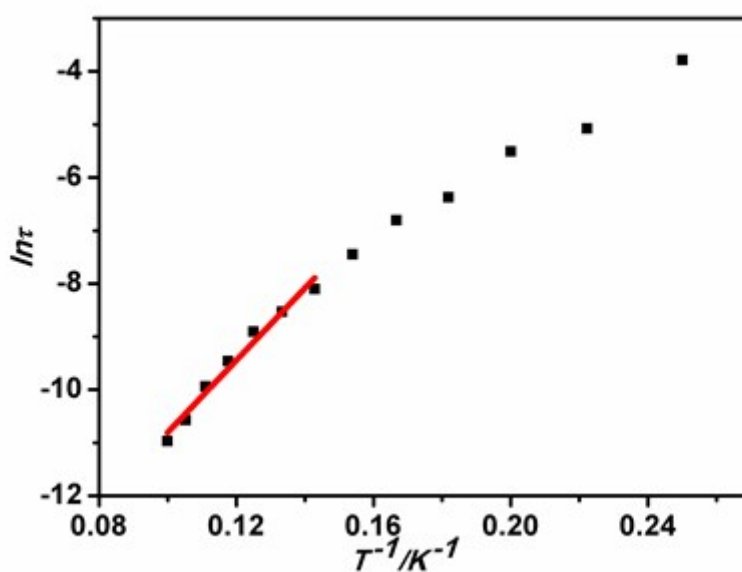


Figure S6. Magnetization relaxation time $\ln\tau$ vs T^{-1} for complex **2** (solid line represents the best fit to the Arrhenius law).

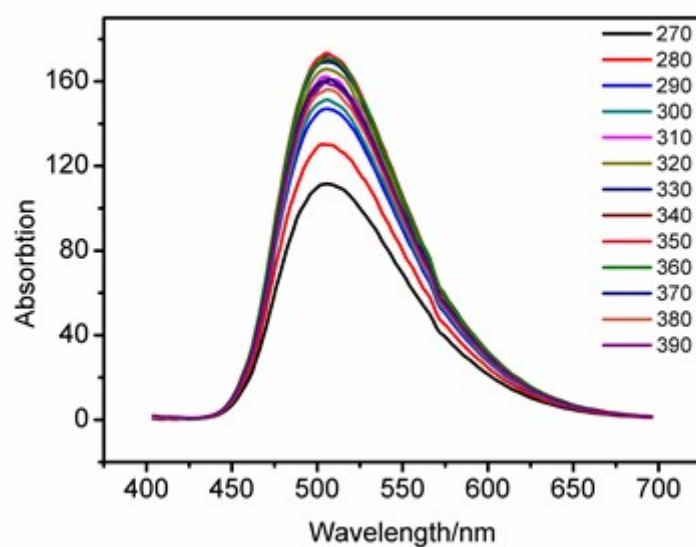


Figure S6. Room-temperature emission spectra of complex **2** excited at 270-390nm.

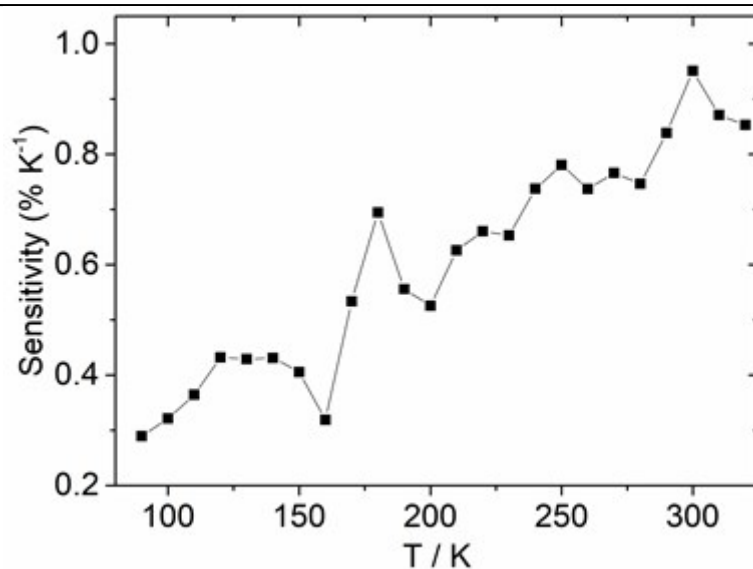


Figure S8. The relative thermal sensitivity of the luminescent thermometers of **2**.

The relative thermal sensitivity of the luminescent thermometers of **2** was calculated by the $S = \left| \frac{\partial I / \partial T}{I} \right|$.