

## **Utilization of a Pt(II) di-yne Chromophore incorporating a 2,2'-bipyridine-5,5'-diyl spacer as a Chelate to Synthesize a Green and Red Emitting d-f-d Heterotrinnuclear Complex**

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## **Electronic Supporting Information**

**Table S1.** Spherical atomic coordinates coordination polyhedron of the coordinated ligating atoms for the complex.

Ligand atom	Spherical coordinates		
	$R$ (Å)	$\theta$ (°)	$\phi$ (°)
N(bpy)	2.684	43.249	140.127
N(bpy)	2.647	53.235	54.811
O( $\beta$ -diket.1)	2.416	121.819	108.611
O( $\beta$ -diket.1)	2.428	109.439	186.236
O( $\beta$ -diket.2)	2.399	142.021	279.170
O( $\beta$ -diket.2)	2.415	122.055	17.380
O( $\beta$ -diket.3)	2.407	61.180	246.040
O( $\beta$ -diket.3)	2.422	62.825	326.377

**Table S2.** ZDO electronic densities ( $q$ ) and electrophilic superdelocalizabilities ( $SE$ ) for each atom directly coordinated to Eu(III) in complex **[Eu(btfa)<sub>3</sub>1c]**, calculated with the Sparkle/PM6 model by considering the B3LYP geometry. Charge factors ( $g$ ) and polarizabilities ( $\alpha$ ) were obtained from a fitting procedure, and the electric dipole intensity parameters ( $\Omega_\lambda^{\text{FED}}$ ) were calculated using such quantities.

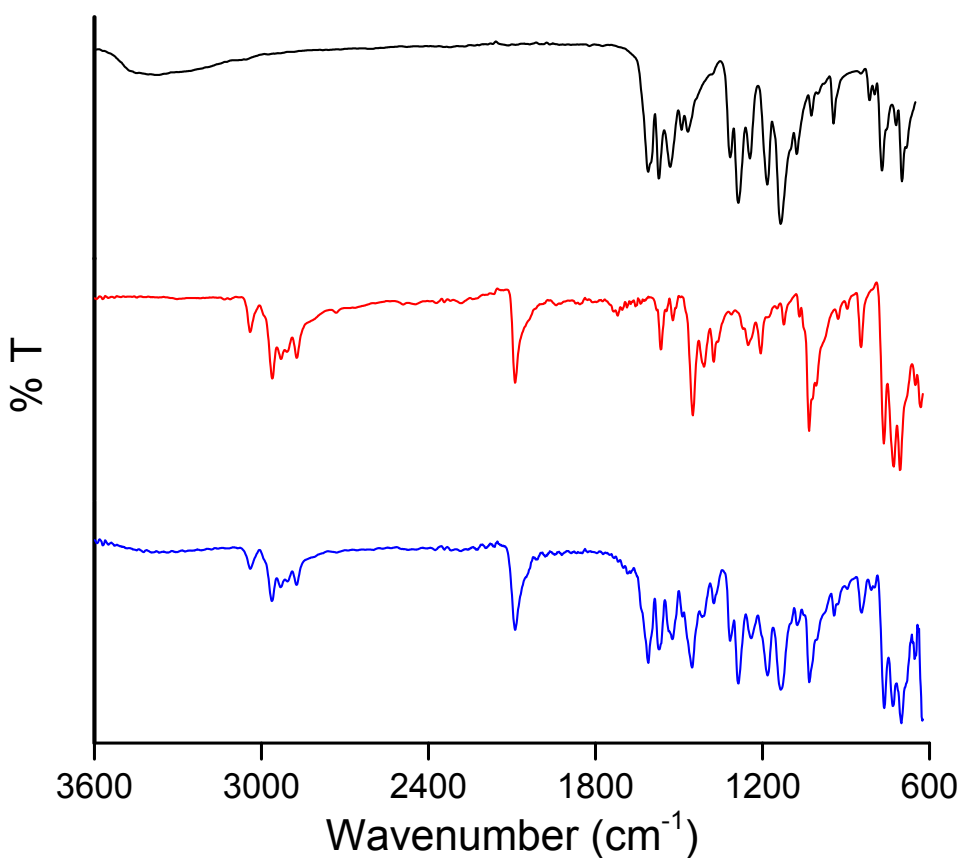
Ligand atom	QDC parameters			
	$Q = 0.0658 \text{ au}^{-1}$ $D = 33.06 \text{ au}^{-1} \cdot \text{Å}^3$ $C = 21.20 \text{ Å}^3$ $D/C = 1.56 \text{ au}^{-1}$			
	$q$ (au)	$SE$ (au)	$g$	$\alpha$ (Å <sup>3</sup> )
N(bpy)	5.5415	-0.2127	0.3645	14.1654
N(bpy)	5.5451	-0.2636	0.3647	12.4798
O( $\beta$ -diket.1)	6.8878	-0.5021	0.4530	4.5953
O( $\beta$ -diket.1)	6.8491	-0.4979	0.4505	4.7339
O( $\beta$ -diket.2)	6.9026	-0.5232	0.4540	3.8970
O( $\beta$ -diket.2)	6.8582	-0.5287	0.4511	3.7159
O( $\beta$ -diket.3)	6.8934	-0.4846	0.4534	5.1724
O( $\beta$ -diket.3)	6.8588	-0.5045	0.4511	4.5153
$\Omega_2^{\text{FED}} = 0.0115 \times 10^{-20} \text{ cm}^2$ $\Omega_4^{\text{FED}} = 0.0347 \times 10^{-20} \text{ cm}^2$ $\Omega_6^{\text{FED}} = 0.0862 \times 10^{-20} \text{ cm}^2$				

**Table S3.** The HOMO and LUMO estimation by the computational studies (Sparkle/PM6, B3LYP and CAM-B3LYP).

Compound	[Eu(btfa) <sub>3</sub> 1c]		
	Sparkle/PM6 <sup>a</sup>	B3LYP	CAM-B3LYP <sup>b</sup>
HOMO energy (eV)	-7.81	-5.40	-6.55
LUMO energy (eV)	-1.28	-2.18	-0.82
$\Delta E_{(\text{HOMO-LUMO})}$ (eV)	6.53	3.19	5.73

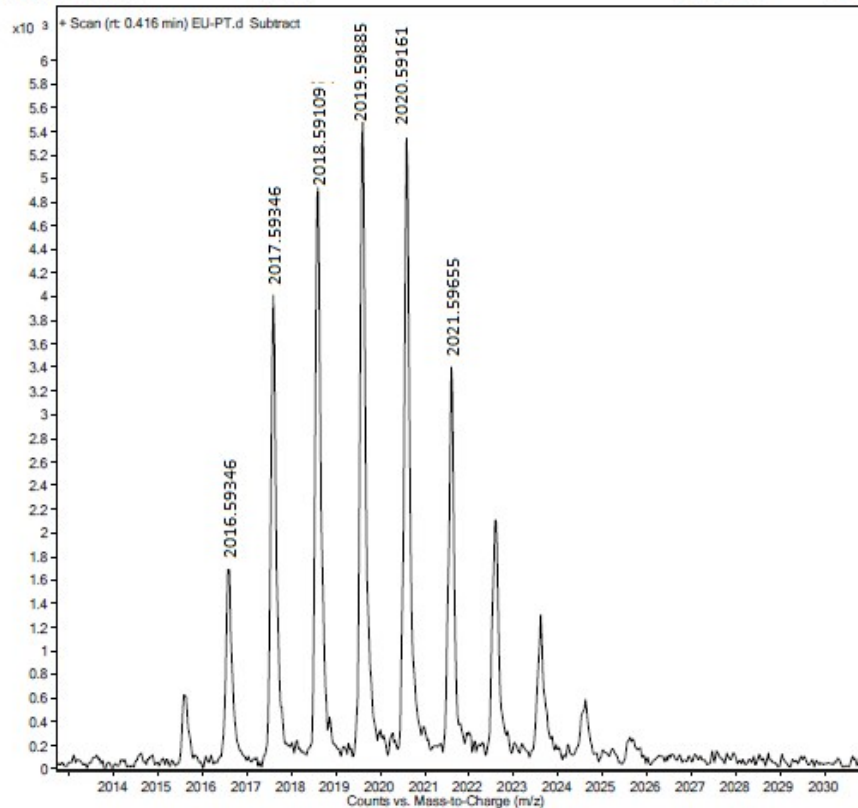
<sup>a</sup>geometry optimized at the Sparkle/PM6 level.

<sup>b</sup>geometry optimized at the B3LYP/SVP/LANL68/MWB52 level



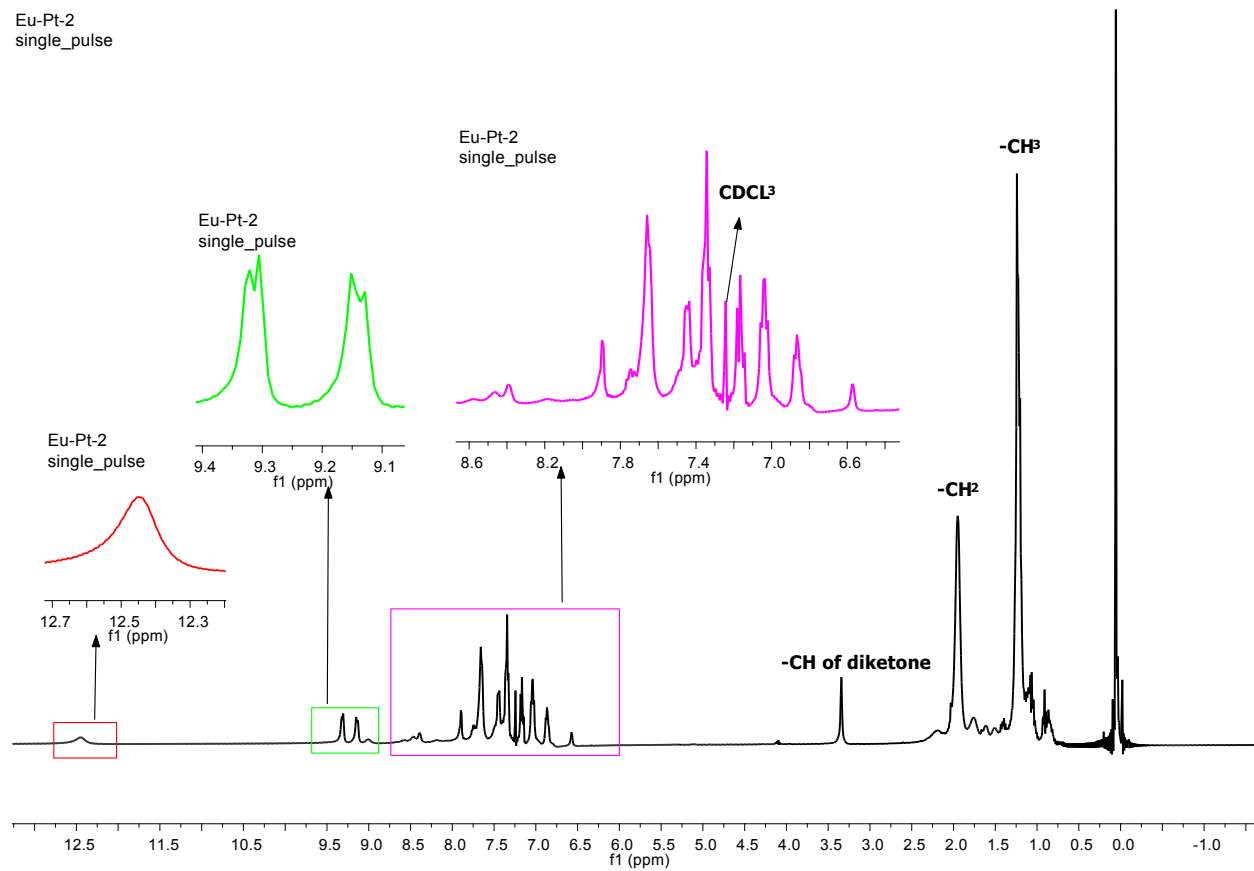
**Fig. S1.** FT-IR spectra of [Eu(btfa)<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] (black), (1c) (red) and heterotrimeric [Eu(btfa)<sub>3</sub>1c] complex (blue).

Sample Name	EU-PT	Position	Vial 21	Instrument Name	Instrument 1
User Name		Inj Vol	30	InjPosition	
Sample Type	Sample	IRM Calibration Status	Success	Data Filename	EU-PT.d
ACQ Method	POSITIVE ION METHOD MS.m	Comment		Acquired Time	28-Oct-20 1:40:28 PM

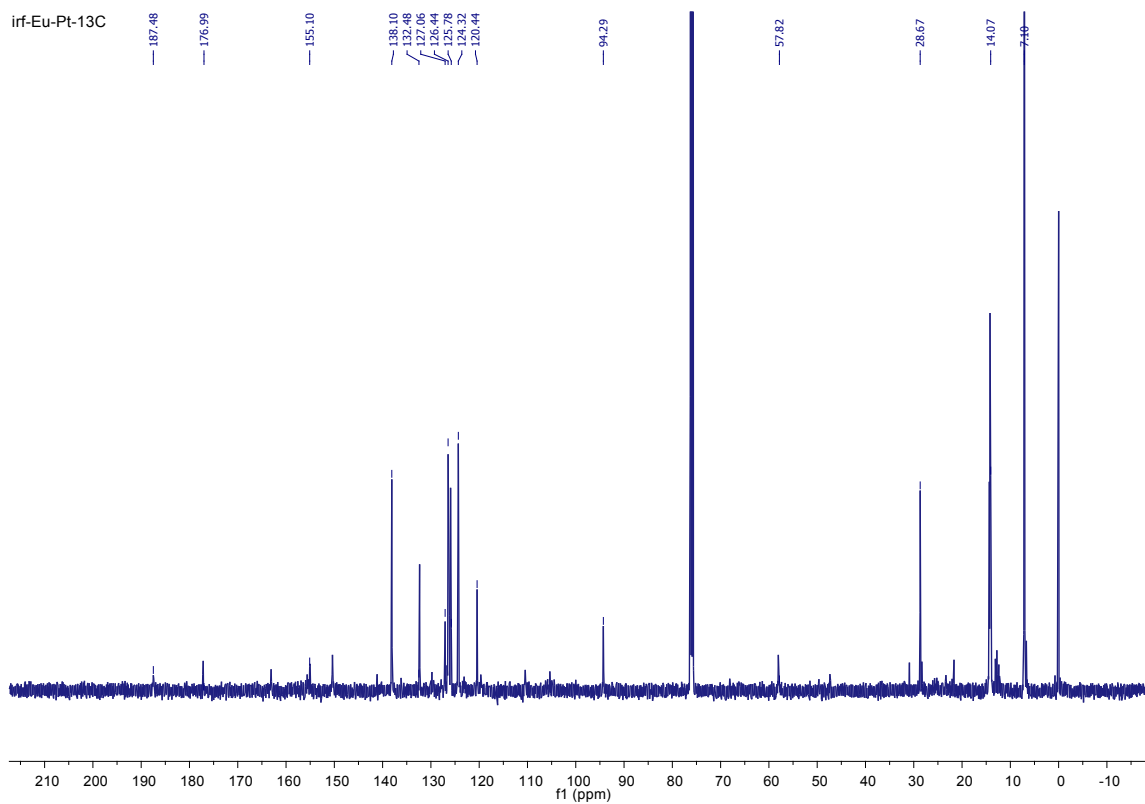


**Fig. S2.** (Q-TOF) LC/MS spectrum of heterotrinnuclear **[Eu(btfa)<sub>3</sub>(1c)]** in positive mode. 2016.59346 m/z.

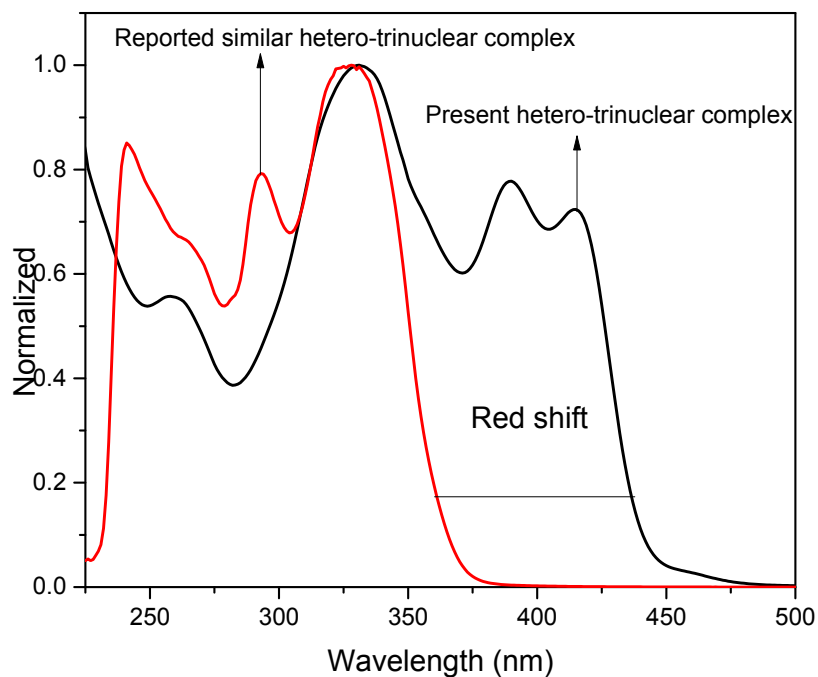
Eu-Pt-2  
single\_pulse



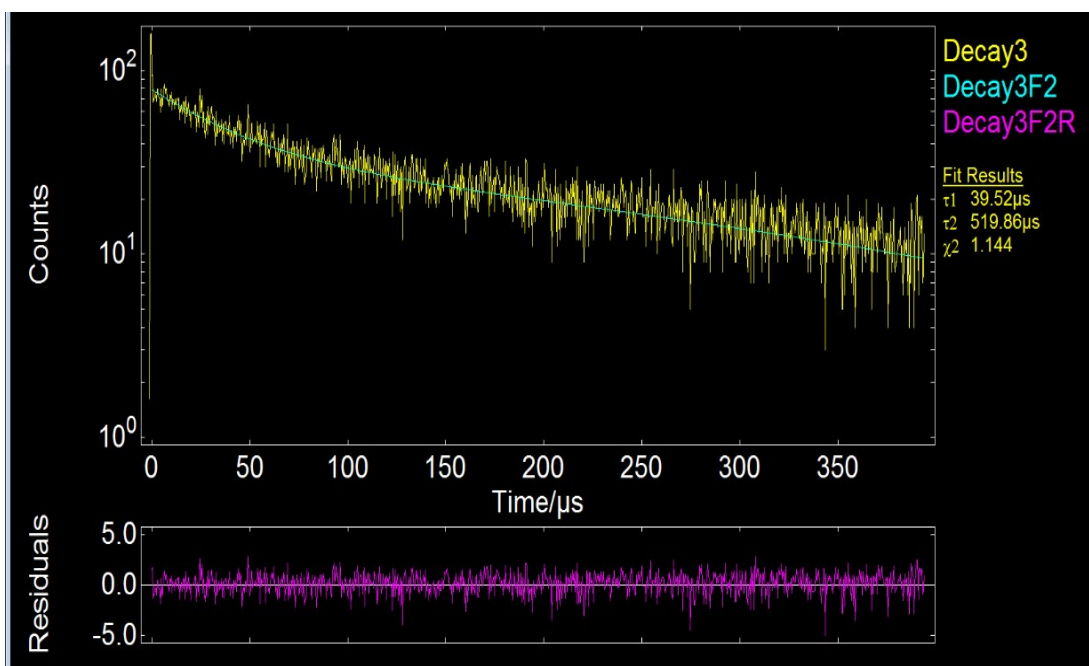
**Fig. S3.** 400 MHz  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of the  $[\text{Eu}(\text{btfa})_3]1\text{c}$  in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ .



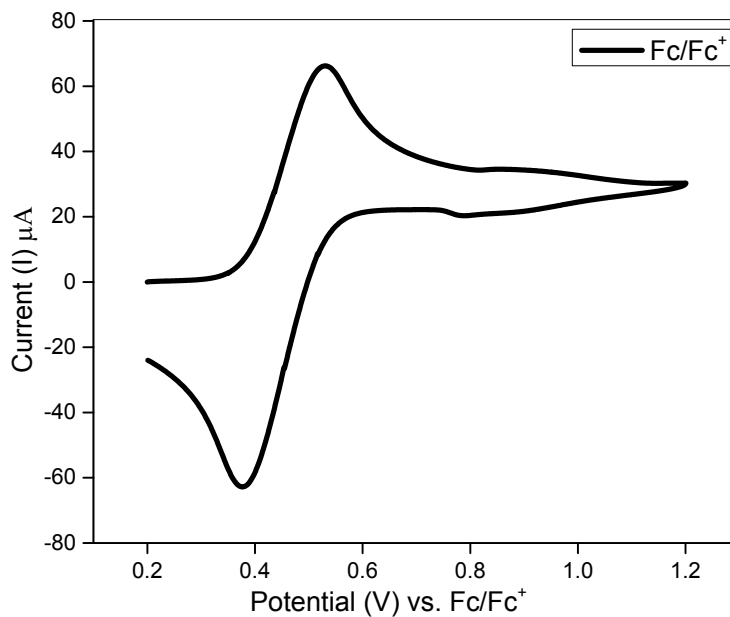
**Fig. S4.** 100.6 MHz  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the  $[\text{Eu}(\text{btfa})_3\mathbf{1c}]$  in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ .



**Fig. S5.** Room temperature optical absorption spectra of  $[\text{Eu}(\text{btfa})_3\mathbf{1c}]$  (red) and its reported kinked analogue  $[\text{Eu}(\text{btfa})_3\mathbf{1d}]^1$  displaying the red shift.



**Fig. S6.** Decay curve of  $[\text{Eu}(\text{btfa})_3\mathbf{1c}]$  with fitted curve and observed luminescence lifetime in DCM at room temperature.



**Fig. S7.** CV of ferrocene/ferrocenium in the 0.0 to 1.4 V region on glassy carbon electrode in 0.1 M  $\text{Bu}_4\text{NPF}_6$  solution in DCM at a scan rate of 100 mV/s.

#### References

1. R. Ilmi, A. Haque, I. J. Al-Busaidi, N. K. Al Rasbi and M. S. Khan, *Dyes Pigm.*, 2019, **162**, 59-66.