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Activation of inorganic peroxides with magnetic graphene for the removal of

antibiotics in wastewater

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Figure S1. SEM images of magnetic graphene with different magnetite:graphene ratios. MG0.2 (A1 and A2), MG0.4 (B1 and B2), MG0.6 (C1 and C2) and MG0.8 (D1 and D2)



Figure S2. FTIR spectra of magnetic Graphene with different magnetite:graphene ratios



Figure S3. Raman spectra of bare graphene, magnetic graphene with different magnetite ratios, and bare magnetite (from RRUFFTM database)



Figure S4. XPS high resolution spectra of O1s, C1s and $Fe2p_{2/3}$ and their deconvolution of the magnetic graphene catalysts



Figure S5. Leaching of iron into solution after 120 min in magnetic graphene catalysts at different pH values. *Experimental conditions:* V=100 mL; $C_{CAT}=0.5 \text{ g } L^{-1}$; $C_{H3PO4}=5 \text{ mM}$.



Figure S6. Leaching of iron into solution over time in MGX catalysts at different pH values. *Experimental conditions:* V=100 mL; $C_{CAT}=0.5 \text{ g } L^{-1}$; $C_{H3PO4}=5 \text{ mM}$.



Figure S7. Evolution of PMS conversion in the presence of scavengers in ultrapure (empty symbols) SUWW matrix (filled symbols) during PMS-catalytic activation. *Experimental conditions:* V=250 mL; $C_{SMX,0}=5 \text{ mg } L^{-1}$; $C_{MG0,2}=250 \text{ mg } L^{-1}$; $C_{scavenger}=10 \text{ mM}$; $C_{PMS,0}=0.5 \text{ mM}$; $pH_i=9.2\pm0.1$.