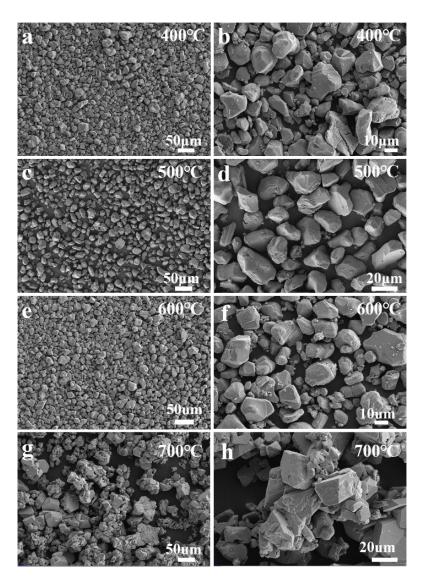
## **Supporting information**

## One-pot compositional and structural regeneration of degraded $\rm LiCoO_2$ for directly reusing as a high-performance lithium-ion battery cathode

Juan Yang<sup>a</sup>, Wenyu Wang<sup>a</sup>, Huimeng Yang<sup>a</sup> and Dihua Wang<sup>\*a</sup>



**Fig. S1** SEM images of LiCoO<sub>2</sub> regenerated in LiOH-KOH-Li<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> molten salt at 400 °C (a-b), 500 °C (c-d), 600 °C (e-f) and 700 °C (g-h), respectively.

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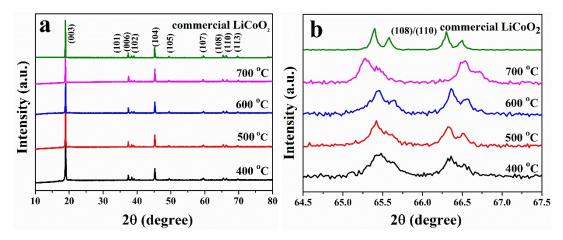


Fig. S2 (a) the XRD patterns of commercial  $LiCoO_2$  and regenerated  $LiCoO_2$  prepared at various temperatures; (b) The enlarged view of all (108)/(110) reflections in (a).

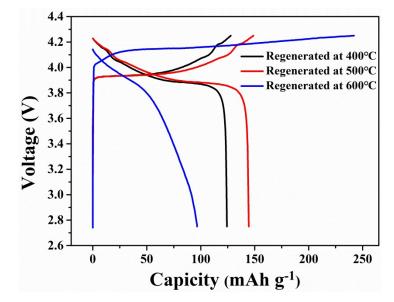


Fig. S3 Voltage–capacity profiles of different regenerated LiCoO<sub>2</sub> materials at 0.2 C.

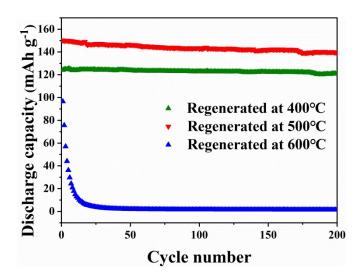


Fig. S4 Cycling performance of different regenerated LiCoO<sub>2</sub> materials at 0.2 C.

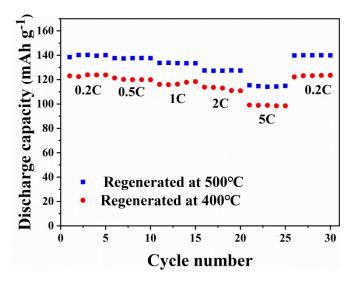


Fig. S5 Discharge specific capacity performance of different regenerated LiCoO<sub>2</sub> materials at different rate.