

Supporting Information for:

Determination of stable isotope ratios using Nuclear Reaction Analysis coupled with a particle-gamma coincidence method

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This supporting information provides the figures and tables to support the results presented in the main text.

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Table S.2: Gamma-ray energies (in keV) used from $^{63,65}\text{Cu}$ and $^{60,62}\text{Ni}$ to obtain the $^{63,65}\text{Cu}$ reaction cross-sections with $^{\text{nat}}\text{Cu}$ and ^{65}Cu targets and to determine the $^{63,65}\text{Cu}$ isotopic ratio in the $^{\text{mixed}}\text{Cu}$ target. The “Coincidence Spectrum” column indicates the coincidence spectrum from which the gamma-ray was observed, while the “ E_{yref} ” column indicates the reference energy values, taken from references ²⁻⁵. The errors are the standard counting statistics uncertainties and correspond to one sigma ($k = 1$).

Nucleus	Coincidence Spectrum	E_{yref} (keV)
^{63}Cu	γ -proton	449.93 (5)
		584.82 (15)
		645.4 (3)
		669.62(5) + 668.5 (2)
		742.25 (10)
		765.7 (5)
		881.0 (1)
		899.0 (4)
		955.0 (17) + 956.1 (5)
		1048.8 (5)
		1130.7 (3) + 1131.0 (1)
		1178.9 (3)
		1245.2 (2)
		1327.03 (8)
		1350.1 (4)
		1412.08 (5)
		1543.0 (1)
		1547.04 (6)
		1861.3 (3)
		2011.4 (5) + 2012.0 (1)
2092.6 (5)		
2336.5 (3)		
^{65}Cu	γ -proton	255.0 (13)
		312.4 (6)
		439.7 (7)
		499.7 (21)
		609.5 (1)
		612.7 (8)
		770.6 (2)
		1052.0 (4)
		1115.546 (4)
		1162.6 (11) + 1163.7 (11)
		1724.92 (6)
		2094.3 (2)
^{60}Ni	γ -alpha	467.3 (2)
		826.06 (3)
		1332.501 (5)
^{62}Ni	γ -alpha	1128.82 14
		1163.50 (12)

References

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