

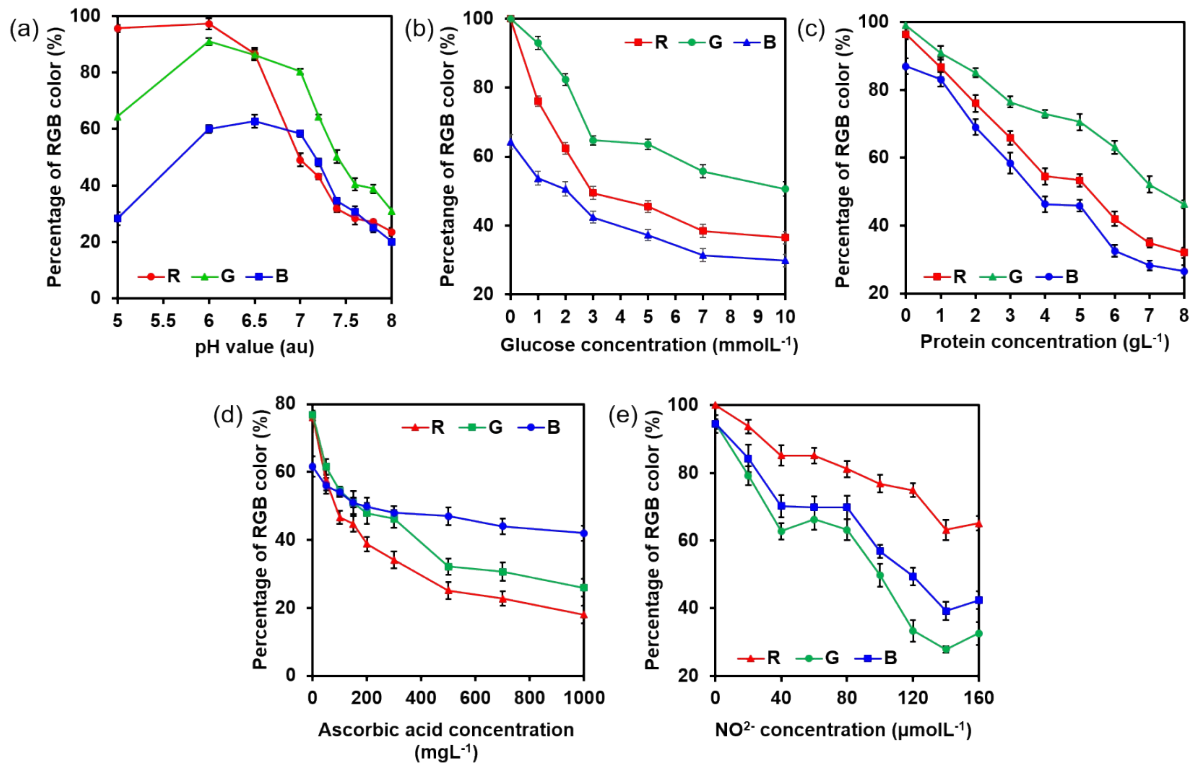
Lab on a Chip

Supplementary Information

Title: Integration of Paper Microfluidic Sensors into Contact Lenses for Tear Fluid Analysis

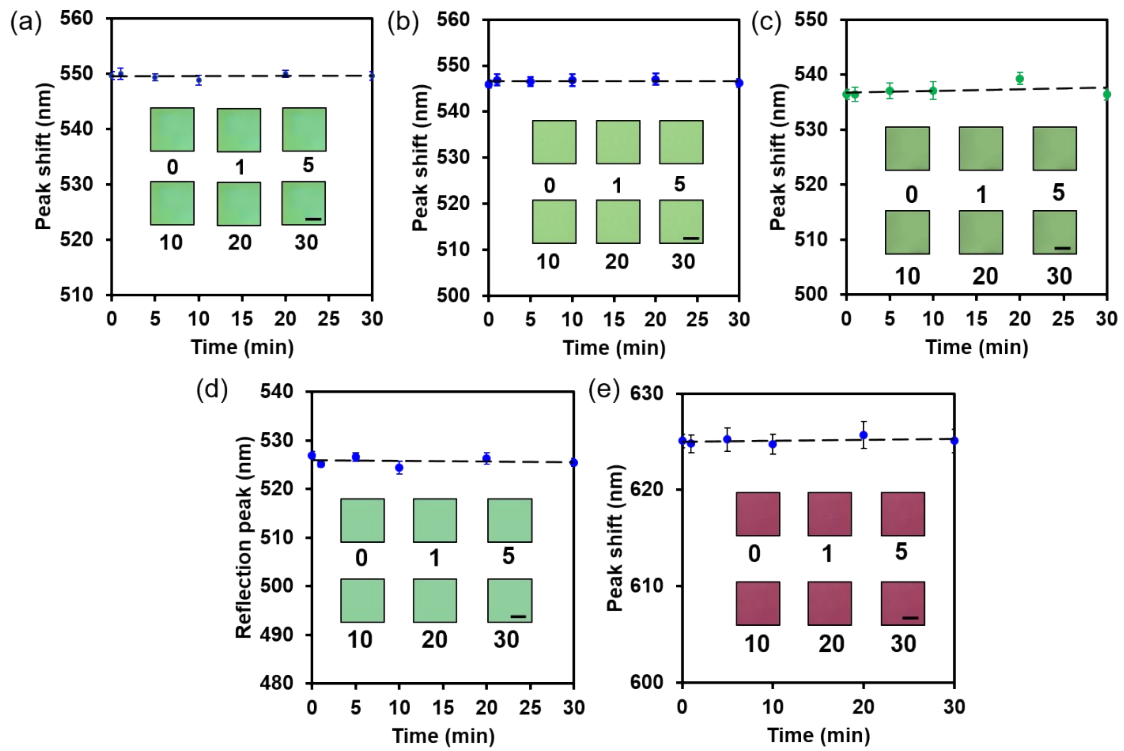
Authors: Rosalia Moreddu, Mohamed Elsherif, Hadie Adams, Maria F. Cordeiro, James S.

Wolffsohn, Daniele Vigolo, Haider Butt, Jonathan M. Cooper, Ali K. Yetisen

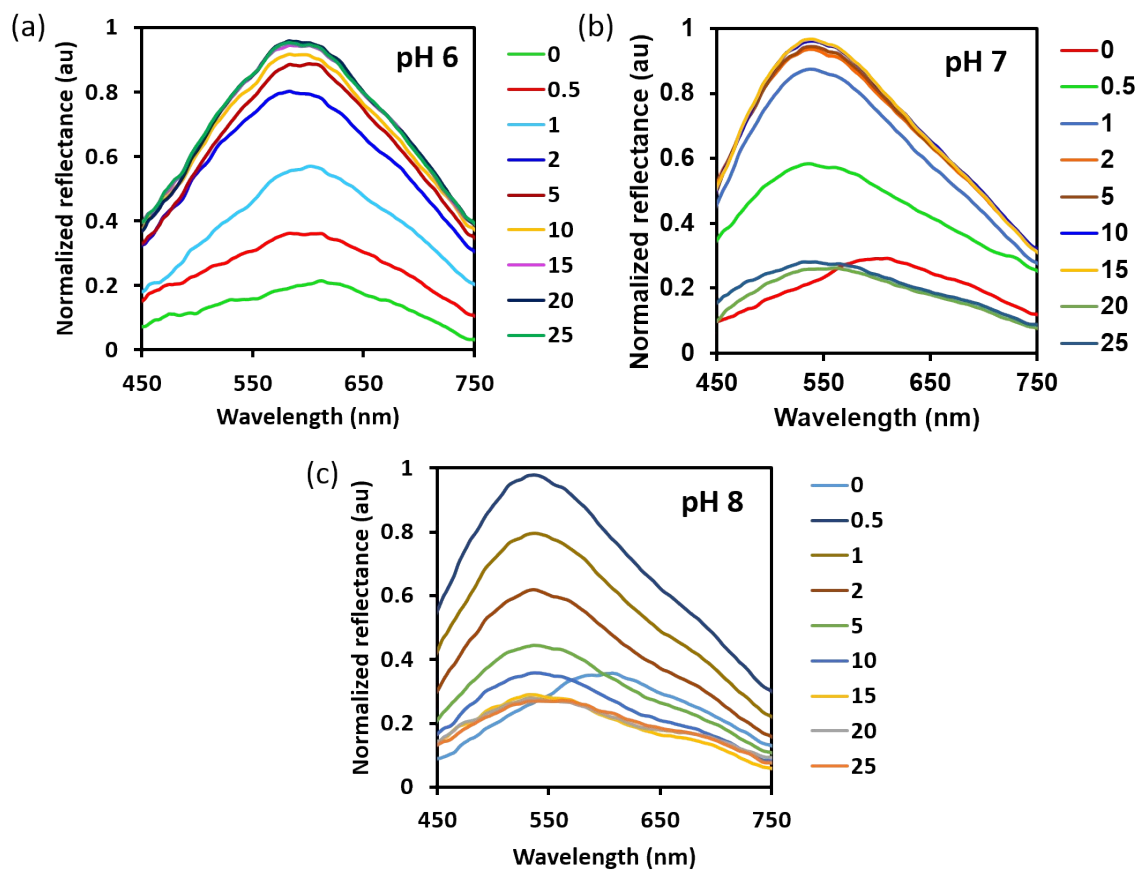


Supplementary figure S1. Percentage of RGB color at different concentration of analytes.

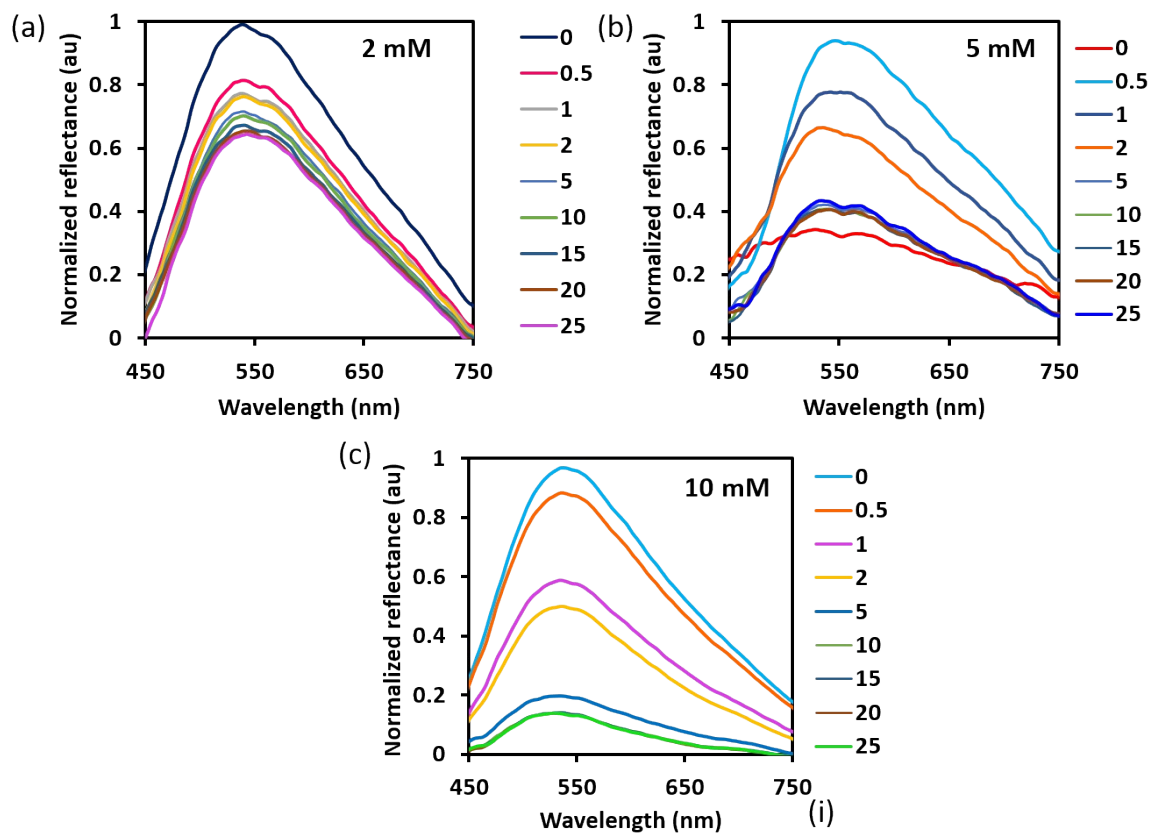
(a) Hydrogen ions; (b) glucose; (c) proteins; (d) ascorbic acid; (e) nitrite ions.



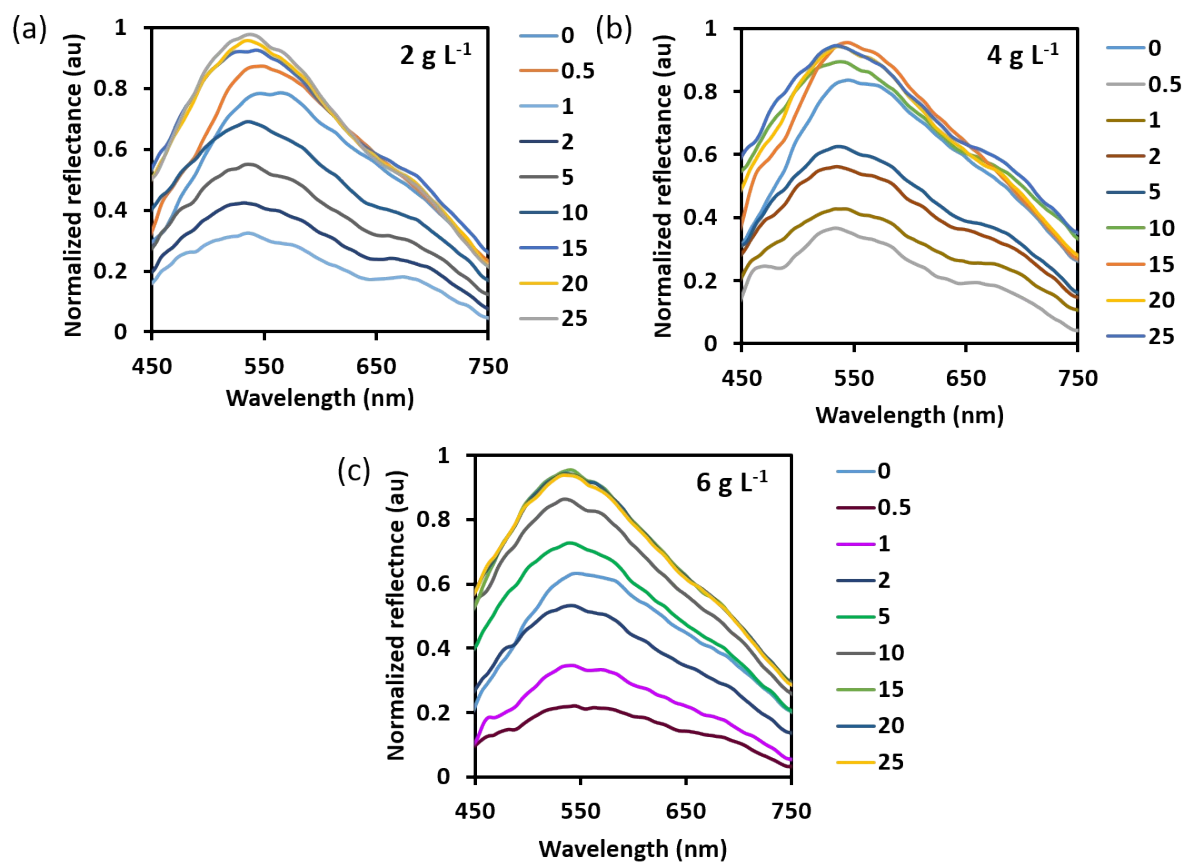
Supplementary figure S2. UV-dependent reflection peak trend when exposing the sensors to UV light at 355 nm for 0, 1, 5, 10, 20 and 30 minutes. (a) pH sensor, (b) glucose sensor), (c) protein sensor, (d) L-ascorbic acid sensor, (e) nitrite sensor.



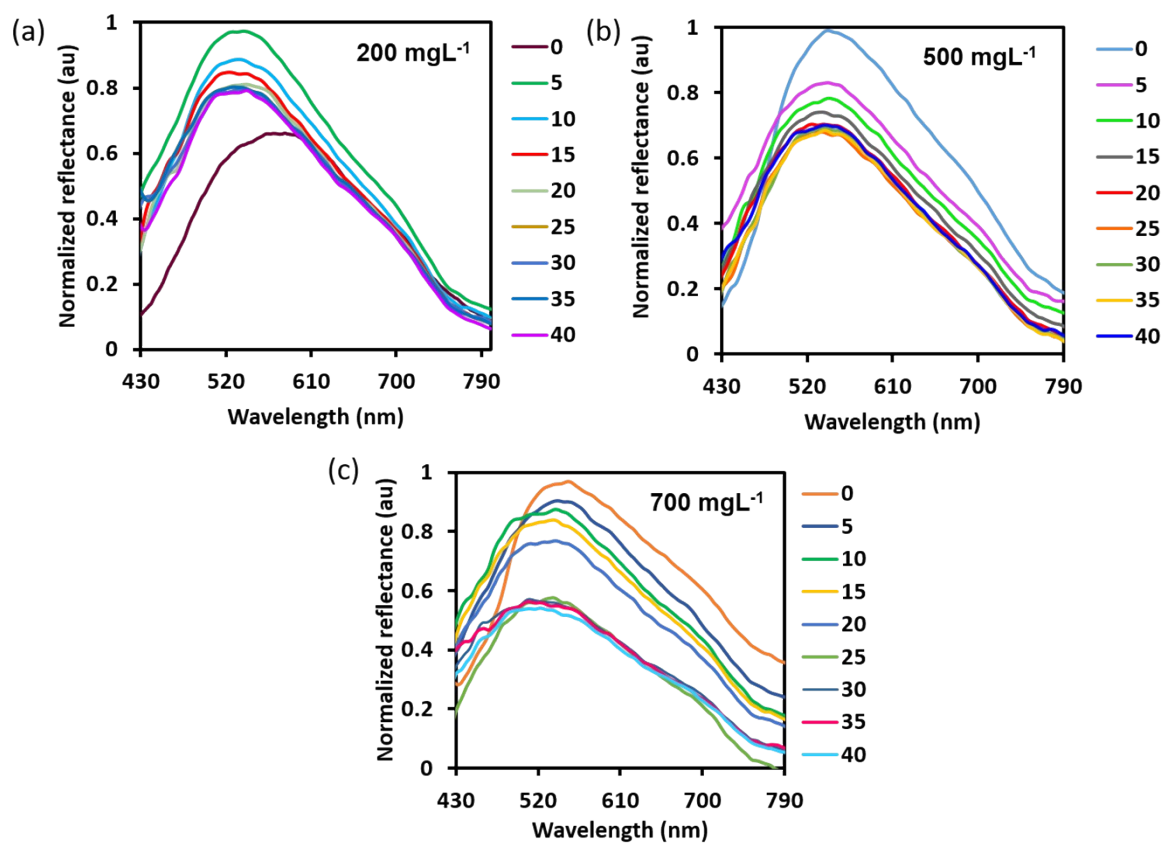
Supplementary figure S3. Reflection peak of the pH sensor over time when exposed to sample tears at different pH. (a) pH 6.0, (b) pH 7.0, pH 8.0.



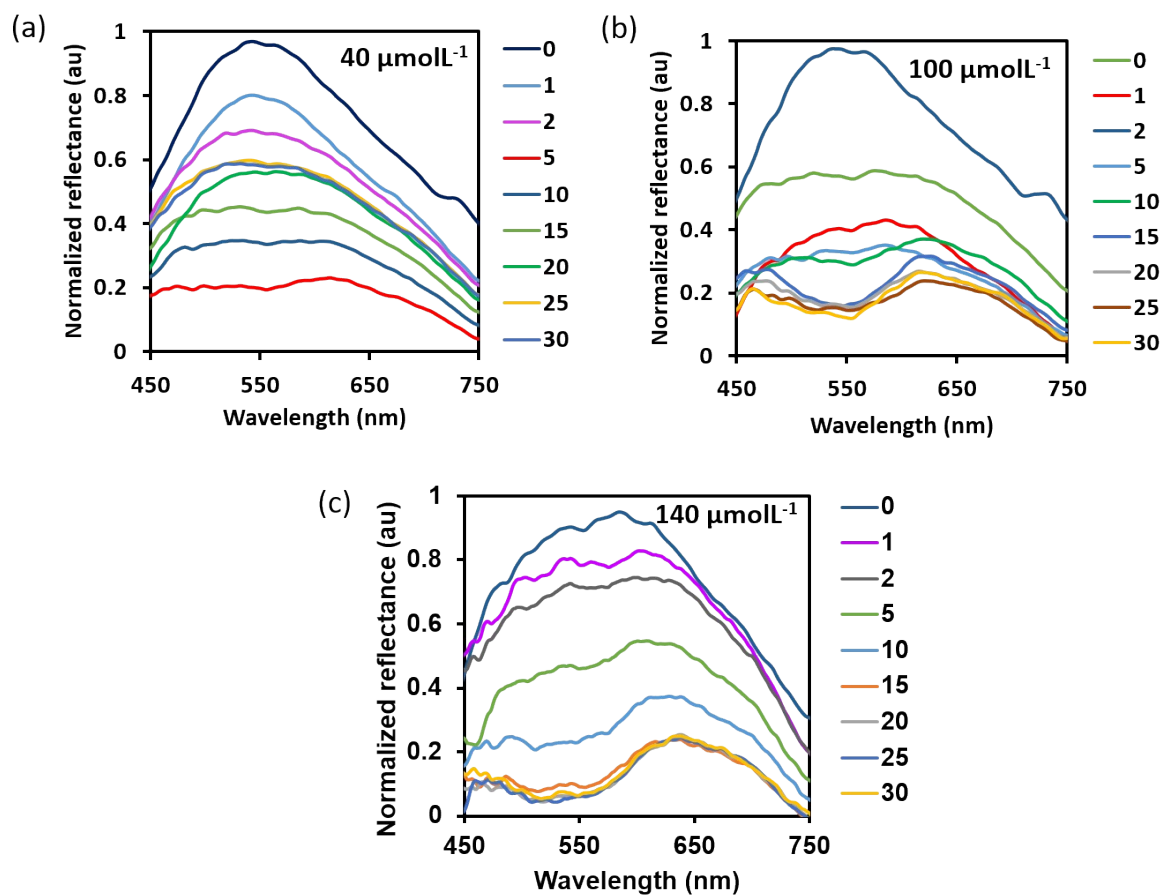
Supplementary figure S4. Reflection peak of the glucose sensor over time when exposed to sample tears at different glucose concentrations. (a) 2 mM, (b) 5 mM, 10 mM.



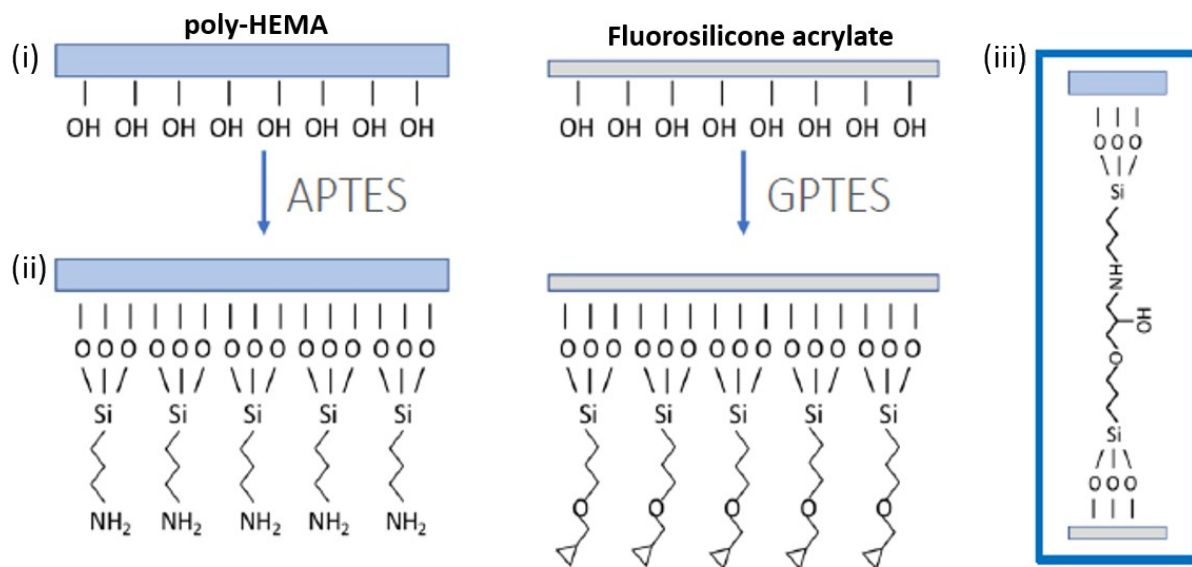
Supplementary figure S5. Reflection peak of the protein sensor over time when exposed to sample tears at different protein concentrations. (a) 2 gL⁻¹, (b) 4 gL⁻¹, (c) 6 gL⁻¹.



Supplementary figure S6. Reflection spectra of the L-ascorbic acid sensor over time when exposed to sample tears at different L-ascorbic acid concentrations. (a) 200 mgL⁻¹, (b) 500 mgL⁻¹, (c) 700 mgL⁻¹.



Supplementary figure S7. Reflection spectra of the nitrite sensor over time when exposed to sample tears at different nitrite concentrations. (a) 40 μM , (b) 100 μM , (c) 140 μM .



Supplementary figure S8. Poly-(HEMA) to acrylate chemical bonding. (i) In a first step, OH groups are obtained on both surfaces by O₂ plasma treatment; (ii) poly-HEMA is soaked in a 1:100 (v/v) APTES aqueous solution, and acrylic is soaked in a 1:100 (v/v) GPTES aqueous solution for 20 min. (iii) Chemical structure of the interface, where an irreversible bonding is formed.