# Structure Guided Generation of Thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine *Mycobacterium tuberculosis bd* oxidase Inhibitors†

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#### **Electronic supplementary information**

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- 1. Experimental Section, Chemistry

All anhydrous solvents, reagent grade solvents for chromatography and starting materials were purchased from either Aldrich Chemical Co. (Milwaulkee, WI) or Fisher Scientific (Suwanee, GA) unless otherwise noted. The reactions were monitored by TLC on precoated Merck 60 F254 silica gel plates and visualized using UV light (254 nm). All compounds were analyzed for purity by a Bruker micrOTOF with Agilent 1290 UHPLC or Agilent 6520 Q-TOF with Agilent 1100 nano-HPLC and were characterized by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR using a Bruker DPX Avance I NMR Spectrometer (300 MHz) and/or a Bruker Ascend Avance III HD Spectrometer (500 MHz) and/or Bruker Avance III Spectrometer (600 MHz). Chemical shifts are reported in ppm ( $\delta$ ) relative to the residual solvent peak in the corresponding spectra; chloroform  $\delta$  7.27 and  $\delta$  77.23, methanol  $\delta$  3.31 and  $\delta$  49.00 and coupling constants (J) are reported in hertz (Hz) (where, s = singlet, br s = broad singlet, d = doublet, dd = double doublet, bd = broad doublet, ddd = double doublet of doublet, t = triplet, tt-triple triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet) and analyzed using MestreNova NMR data processing. <sup>19</sup>F NMR were run without a standard and are uncorrected. Mass spectra values are reported as m/z. Melting points were measured on a Buchi B-545 melting point instrument and are uncorrected, measured against benzoic acid 118.8-120.2°C.

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General procedure A for the preparation of 7, 10, 11, 13, 17, 19, 22.

In a sealed vial, 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), desired amine (0.57 mmol) and  $K_2CO_3$  (79 mg, 0.57 mmol) were dissolved in DMSO (4 mL). The reaction was heated to 100°C for 12 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated to dryness and the residue was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and washed with 5% aqueous acetic acid solution (2x), water and brine. The organic phase was collected, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Crude material obtained was purified by either silica gel column chromatography with a gradient of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> : ethyl acetate : solvent system (0 to 80%) or recrystallized from hot isopropanol or acetonitrile to afford the product.

General procedure B for the preparation of 12, 14-16, 18, 20, 21.

In a sealed vial, 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol, 1 equiv.) and amine (1 equiv.) were dissolved in a 3:1 tetrahydrofuran: 2-propanol solution (4 mL). Next, 12 M HCl (11  $\mu$ L, "drop", ~0.4 equiv.) was added. The solution heated to 70°C for 24 h. The reaction was concentrated to dryness and the residue was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO3 solution, water, and brine. The organic phase was collected, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude material obtained was purified by either silica gel column chromatography with a gradient of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> : ethyl acetate : solvent system (0-80%) or recrystallized from hot isopropanol or acetonitrile to afford the product.



*N*-(3-(Trifluoromethyl)phenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**7**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure A using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (50 mg, 0.28 mmol), 2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethan-1-amine (55 mg, 0.38 mmol), potassium carbonate (39 mg, 0.28 mmol) to give **7** as a yellow flaky solid (32 mg, 33% yield). m.p. 109.8-111.4°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.47-7.43 (m, 3H), 5.06 (br s, 1H), 3.97 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.11 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 159.8, 157.2, 155.0, 139.7, 132.3, 130.9, 129.1, 125.5, 123.5, 115.2, 42.2, 35.6. <sup>19</sup>F (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm -62.56 (s, 3F). HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S, 324.0777, found 324.0890; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 5.9 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(2-(Trifluoromethyl)phenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**10**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure A using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 2-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethan-1-amine (0.09 mL, 0.57 mmol), potassium carbonate (79 mg, 0.57 mol) to give **10** as white, fluffy crystals (80.8 mg, 42%). m.p. 141.5-141.8°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.46-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 3.96 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.24 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 159.8, 157.2, 155.1,137.4, 131.9, 131.7, 130.8, 126.7, 125.5, 123.5, 121.3, 115.2, 42.2, 23.5. <sup>19</sup>F (470 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm -59.2 (s, 3F). HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S, 324.0777, found 324.0786; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 6.4 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**11**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure A using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethan-1-amine (108 mg, 0.57 mmol), and potassium carbonate (79 mg, 0.57 mmol) to give **11** as yellow crystals (75.1 mg, 39%). m.p. 171.0-171.5°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 3.97 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.11 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 159.89, 157.16, 155.03, 142.98, 130.89, 129.23, 125.10 (q, *J* = 15.0 Hz), 125.52, 123.13, 120.97, 115.22, 42.13, 35.60. <sup>19</sup>F (470 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm - 62.43 (s, 3F). HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S, 324.0777, found 324.0780; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 6.5 min, >95% pure.



*N*-Phenethylthieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine amine (**12**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure B using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 2-phenylethan-1-amine (0.07 mL, 0.57 mmol) and 12 N HCl (11  $\mu$ L, 0.13 mmol) to give **12** as yellow, sand-like crystals (35.1 mg, 24%). m.p. 173.0-173.5°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  ppm 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (t, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.24 (m, 4H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (q, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  ppm 159.69, 157.30, 155.04, 139.99, 133.26, 129.15, 128.81, 126.56, 124.91, 115.15, 42.29, 35.34. HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S, 256.0903, found 256.0911; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 5.6 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-(Trifluoromethoxy)phenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**13**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure A using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 2-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)ethan-1-amine (120 mg, 0.57 mmol), and potassium carbonate (81 mg, 0.57 mmol) to give **13** as a white solid (39.2 mg, 20%). m.p. 129.0-130.8°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  ppm 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.40-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.98 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  ppm 159.7, 157.3, 155.0, 147.3, 139.6, 133.3, 130.9, 124.9, 121.4, 119.7, 115.1, 42.0, 34.5. <sup>19</sup>F (282 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  ppm -56.8 (s, 3F). HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS, 340.0726, found 340.0741; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 5.5 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-(Trifluoromethoxy)benzyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**14**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure B using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (50 mg, 0.29 mmol), 4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzylamine (56 mg, 0.29 mmol), and 12 M HCl (11 μL, 0.13 mmol). Crude material was purified through column chromatography (ethyl acetate) to give **14** as an orange solid (21.2 mg, 22%). m.p. 109.5-109.9°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.20-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (br.s, 1H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm 157.1, 154.8, 149.6, 140.6, 131.3, 130.2, 126.0, 125.4, 120.3, 120.0, 115.2, 44.4. <sup>19</sup>F (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm -57.7 (s, 3F). HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS, 326.0569, found 326.0568; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 6.5 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-(Trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**15**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure B using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (60 mg, 0.35 mmol), 4-(trifluoromethoxy)aniline (62 mg, 0.35 mmol), and 12 M HCl (11  $\mu$ L, 0.13 mmol) to give **15** as a yellow solid (49.6 mg, 45%). m.p. 151.2-151.8°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.77 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (dt, *J* = 9.0, 3.3 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.26 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 161.2, 155.6, 154.6, 146.1, 136.4, 123.4, 125.4, 124.3, 121.8, 115.5. <sup>19</sup>F (282 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  ppm -58.0 (s, 3F). HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>8</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS, 312.0413, found 312.0425; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 5.8 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-Methoxyphenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**16**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure B using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethan-1-amine (0.09 mL, 0.57 mmol), and 12 M HCl (11  $\mu$ L, 0.13 mmol) to give **16** as a shiny bronze solid (75.4 mg, 46%). m.p. 151.5-151.7°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.67 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dt, J = 8.6, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (dt, J = 8.6, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.98 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 159.7, 158.4, 157.3, 155.0, 130.8, 130.6, 129.8, 12525, 115.2, 114.2, 55.3, 42.6, 34.8. HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS, 286.1009, found 286.0998; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 5.6 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-(Pentafluoro- $\lambda^6$ -sulfaneyl)phenethyl)thieno[3,2-d]pyrimidin-4-amine (**17**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure A using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (72 mg, 0.42 mmol), 2-(4-(pentafluoro- $\lambda^6$ -sulfaneyl)phenyl)ethan-1-amine (105 mg, 0.42 mmol), and potassium carbonate (59 mg, 0.42 mmol) to give **17** as a white solid (59.3 mg, 36%). m.p. 288.1-288.2°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  ppm 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 3.76 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.05 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 159.7, 157.3, 155.0, 145.2, 133.4, 130.2, 126.2, 124.9, 115.2, 41.7, 34.7; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  ppm 84.5 (penta, *J* = 150.0 Hz, 1F), 63.0 (d, *J* = 150.0 Hz, 4F); HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>5</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>, 382.0466; found 382.0476; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 6.8 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-Methylphenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**18**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure B using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 2-(*p*-tolyl)ethan-1-amine (79 mg, 0.57 mmol), and 12 M HCl (11  $\mu$ L, 0.13 mmol) to give **18** as pale yellow crystals (75.1 mg, 47%). m.p. 186.8-190.0°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.89 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 159.7, 157.3, 155.0, 136.9, 135.5, 133.2, 129.4, 129.0, 124.9, 42.4, 34.9, 21.1. HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S, 270.1059, found 270.1051; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 6.1 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-(*tert*-Butyl)phenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**19**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure A using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 2-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)ethan-1-amine (106 mg, 0.57 mmol), and potassium carbonate (79 mg, 0.57 mmol) to give **19** as a yellow solid (103 mg, 55%). m.p. 133.8-134.5°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.66 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 5.4Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 3.95 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 159.9, 157.3, 155.1, 149.6, 135.6, 130.7, 128.5, 125.6, 125.5, 115.2, 64.41, 42.4, 35.2, 34.5, 31.4. HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S, 312.1534 found, 312.1520; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 5.8 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-Chlorophenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**20**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure B using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethan-1-amine (0.08 mL, 0.57 mmol), and 12 M HCl (11  $\mu$ L, 0.13 mmol) to give **20** as a pale yellow, flaky solid (34.7 mg, 20%). m.p. 174.2-175.0°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.67 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dt, *J* = 8.4, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 7.21-7.16 (m, 2H), 5.00 (br.s, 1H), 3.92 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.02 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 159.7, 157.2, 154.9, 137.2, 132.5, 130.9, 130.2, 128.8, 125.5, 115.2, 42.3, 35.1. HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S, 290.0513 found, 290.0513; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 6.2 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(3,4-Dichlorophenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**21**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure B using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethan-1-amine (0.09 mL, 0.57 mmol), and 12 M HCl (11  $\mu$ L, 0.13 mmol) to give **21** as a yellow brown pebble-like solid (35.1 mg, 18%). m.p. 186.1-187.2°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  ppm 8.45 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.00 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, MeOD)  $\delta$  ppm 158.2, 157.4, 154.0, 140.2, 132.4, 131.7, 130.7,130.0, 129.7, 128.6, 123.4, 115.4, 41.5, 34.2. HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S, 324.0124, found 324.0132; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 6.7 min, >95% pure.



*N*-(4-(Dimethylamino)phenethyl)thieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (**22**). The reaction was carried out according to the general procedure A using 4-chlorothieno[3,2-*d*]pyrimidine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), 4-(2-aminoethyl)-*N*,*N*-dimethylaniline (0.10 mL, 0.57 mmol), and potassium carbonate (79 mg, 0.57 mmol) to give **22** as pale yellow crystals (88.3 mg, 49%). m.p. 169.5-171.7°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 8.66 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, ), 5.02 (br.s, 1H), 3.90 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.96 (s, 6H), 2.93 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ppm 162.26, 159.71, 157.33, 155.06, 149.57, 130.74, 129.51, 125.44, 113.10, 42.67, 40.77, 34.65. HRMS (EI), M + 1 calculated for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>4</sub>S 299.1325 found, 299.1320; HPLC *t*<sub>R</sub> = 4.2 min, >95% pure.

### 2. NMR spectra







































































## 3. Experimental section, Biology

#### Screening assay

Mycobacterium bovis BCG and Mycobacterium tuberculosis strains were cultured in Middlebrook 7H9 medium (Becton Dickson and Company Limited, USA) supplemented with 0.05% tween 80, 0.5% glycerol, Bovine Serum Albumin Fraction V, D-glucose, and NaCl. *M. tuberculosis* clinical isolate N0145 was a gift from Sebastien Gagneux. Prior to use, bacteria cells were pelleted and resuspended in medium without glycerol and adjusted to an approximated cell density of 10<sup>7</sup> CFU/mL. 1 µL of test compounds of varying concentrations were added to each well of 96-well white plates, and 100 µL of bacterial culture was subsequently added to each well. The assay plates were incubated at 37°C for 15 hours, after which the BacTiter-Glo<sup>™</sup> (Promega, USA) reagent was added. Following a 12-minute delay, the luminescence of each plate was measured using a BioTek Cytation 3 Cell Imaging Multiple-mode reader.

 $IC_{50}$  values were determined using GraphPad Prism 9. The values reflected in the table represent the average and standard deviation, which were calculated from the  $IC_{50}$  values of replicates from two experimental repeats.