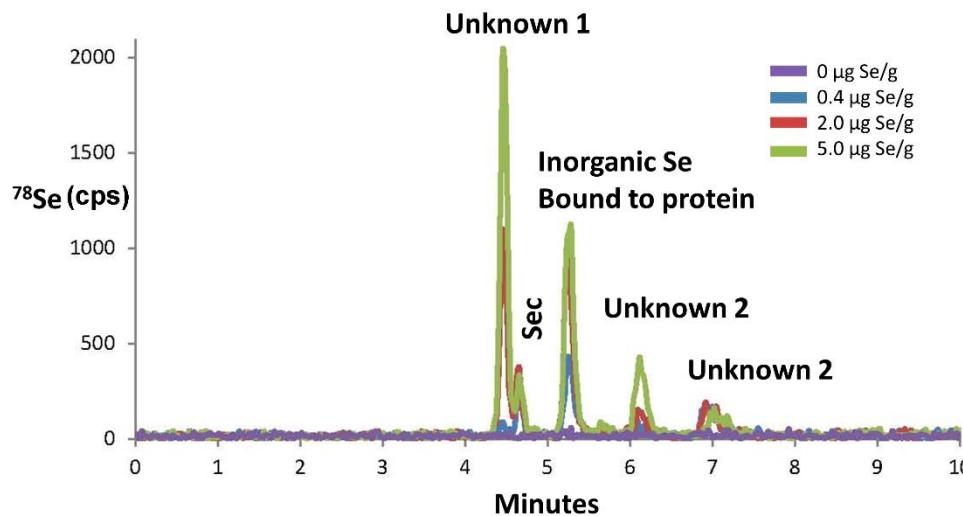


**Figure S1**



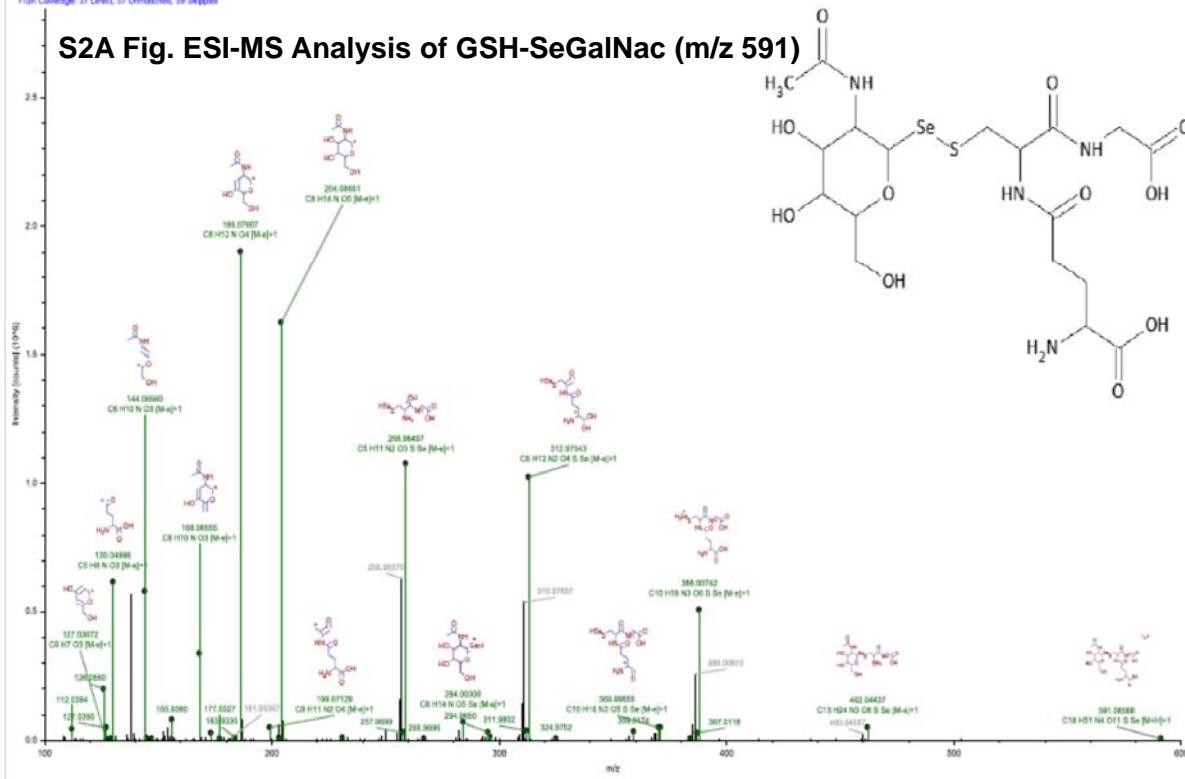
**Fig. S1 RP HPLC-ICP MS chromatograms of proteinaceous Se species in turkey liver.**

Proteinaceous fractions from livers of turkeys fed 0, 0.4, 2.0, and 5 µg Se/g diet were derivatized with iodoacetamide, protease treated, and subjected to RP HPLC-ICP MS, with 30 min elution followed by ICP-MS for  $^{78}\text{Se}$ ; there were no peaks after 8 min. Detected peaks: 4.45 min, unknown; 4.66 min, Sec as CAM-Sec; 5.28 min, inorganic Se bound to protein, as  $\text{Se}(\text{CAM})_2$ ; 6.11 min, unknown; 7.0 min, unknown. Authentic SeMet elutes at 11.25 min, but was not detected in any sample. Peak identified for derivatized Sec and inorganic Se were confirmed by standard addition.

3kDaS02 (F1) #261, RT=3.084 min, MS2, FTMS (+), [HCO, DDF, 591.0870@30, +1]

FISH Coverage: 37 Direct, 57 Unmatched, 59 Skipped

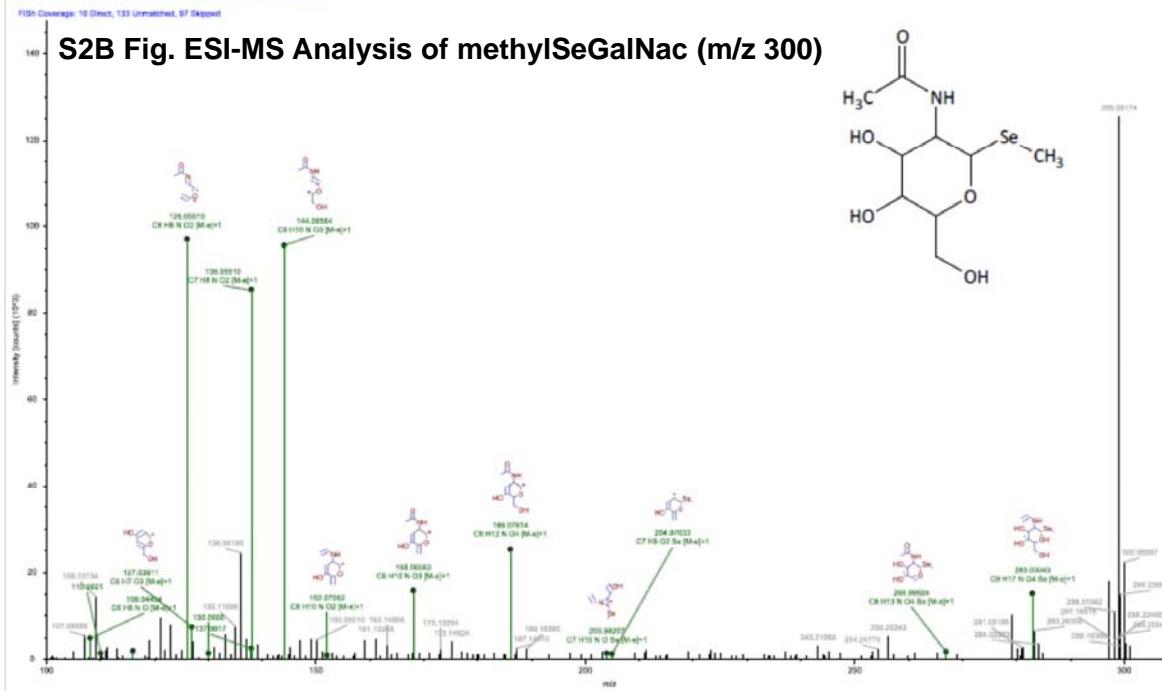
### S2A Fig. ESI-MS Analysis of GSH-SeGalNac (m/z 591)



34Dw932 (F1) d987, RT=4.086 min, M92, FTMS (+), (4CD, OOF, 300.0345@90, +1)

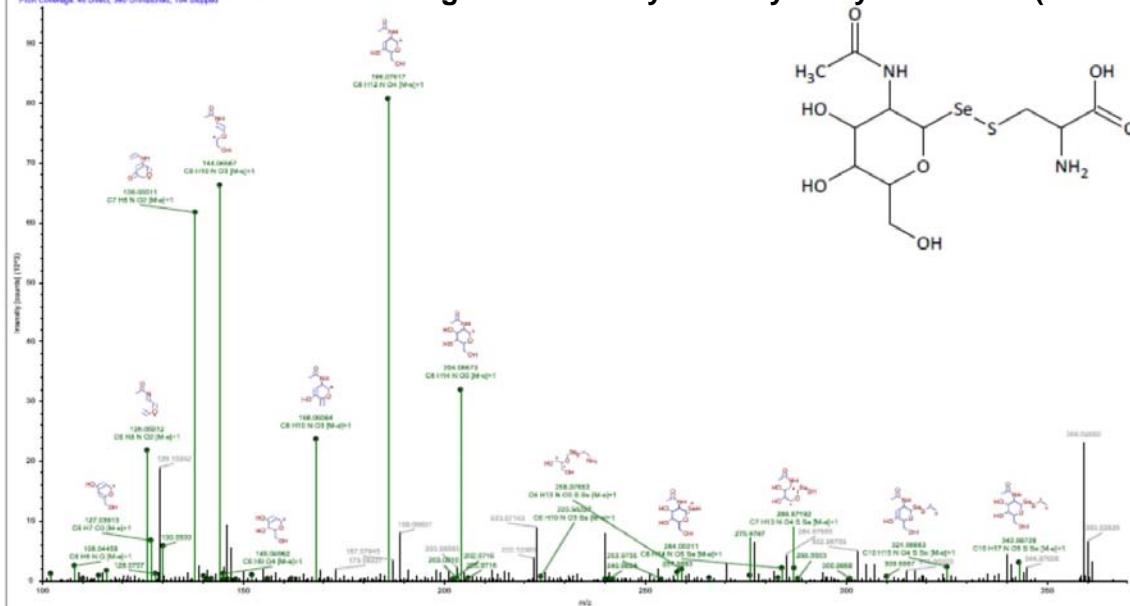
FISH COVERAGE: 18 Direct, 133 Unmatchet, 97 Skipped

## S2B Fig. ESI-MS Analysis of methylSeGalNac ( $m/z$ 300)



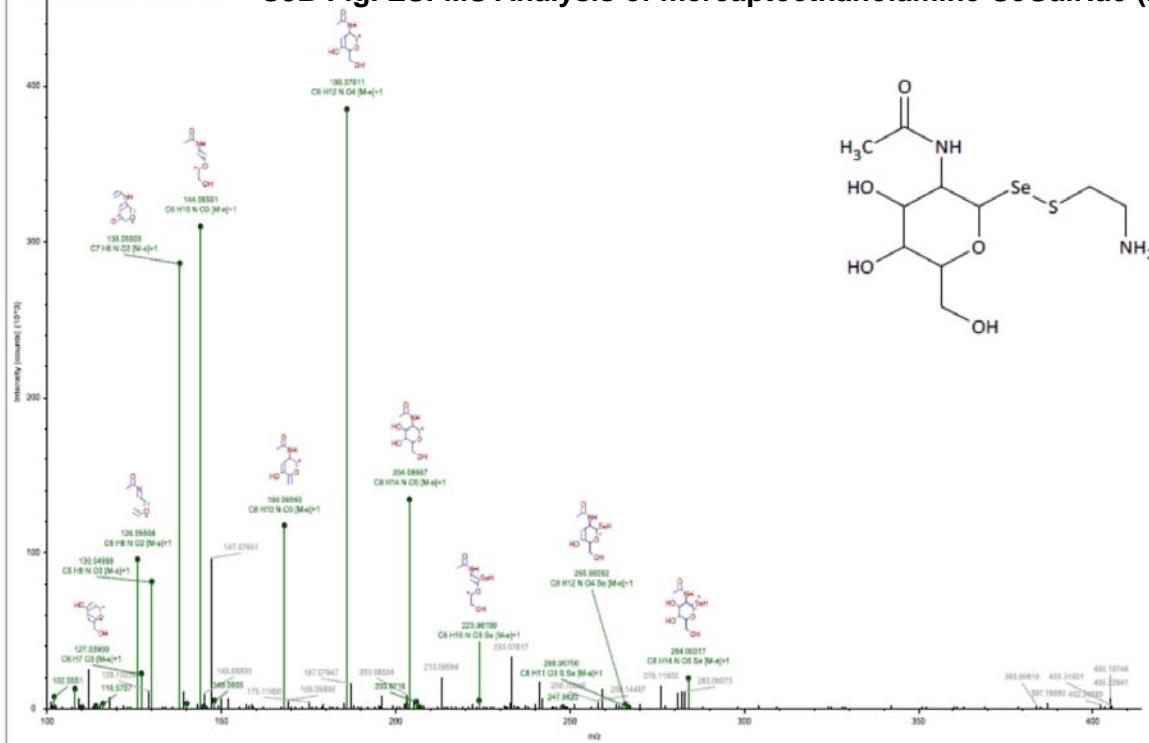
10kDa05 (F4) #027, RT=2.727 min, MS2, FTMS (+), (HCD, DOF, 361.0334@30, +1)  
FTM Coverage: 49 Direct, 390 Unmatched, 104 Skipped

**S3A Fig. ESI-MS Analysis of Cysteinyl-SeGalNac ( $m/z$  361)**

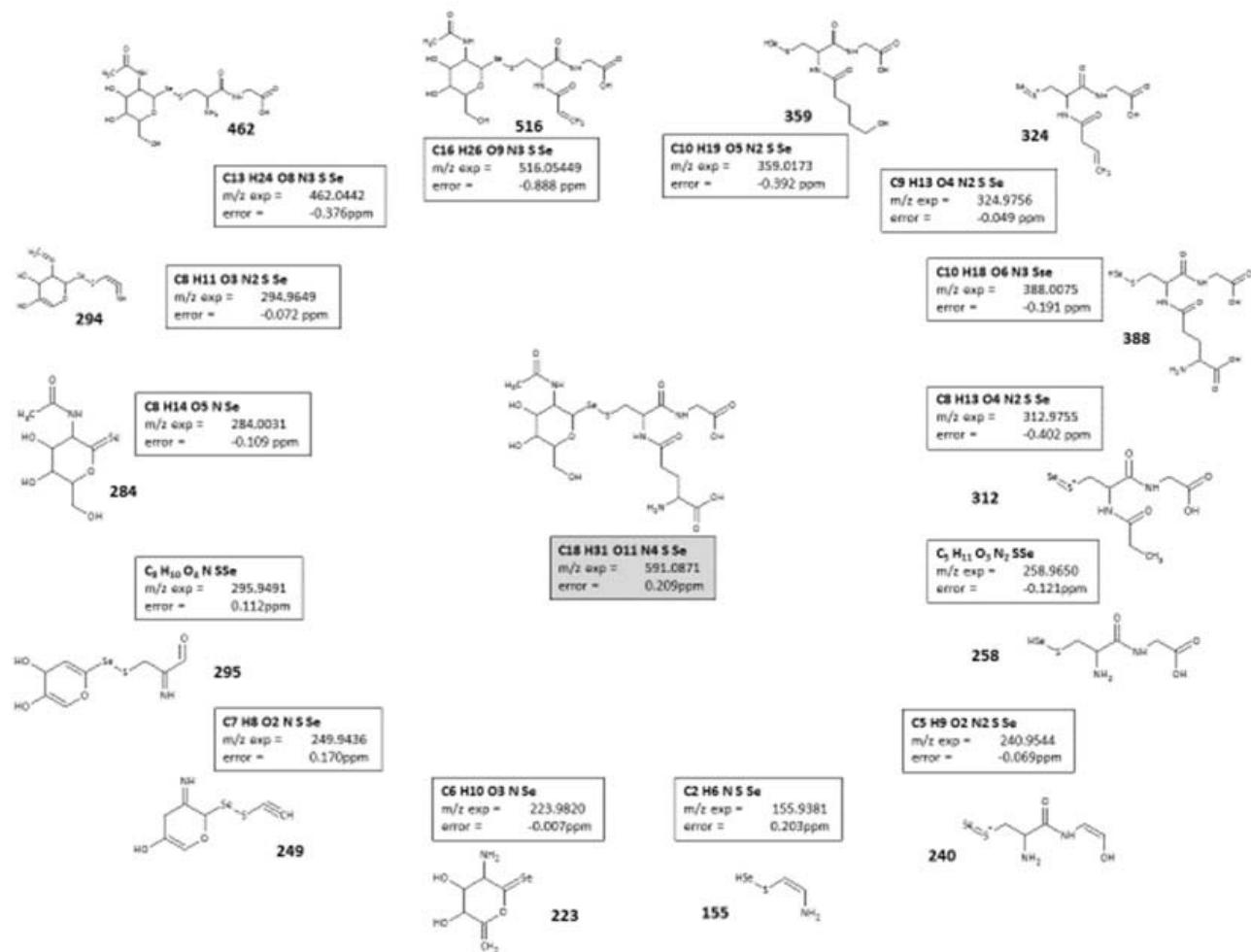


10kDa05 (F4) #148, RT=2.182 min, MS2, FTMS (+), (HCD, DOF, 405.0232@30, +1)  
FTM Coverage: 25 Direct, 130 Unmatched, 105 Skipped

**S3B Fig. ESI-MS Analysis of mercaptoethanolamine-SeGalNac ( $m/z$  405)**



**S4 Fig. Structures of GSH-SeGalNac and fragments**



**Table S1. Effect of high Se supplementation on liver Se****Se supplemented as selenite**

<u>Species</u>	<u>Diet Se (µg Se/g diet)</u>	<u>Liver Se (nmol/g)</u>	<u>Reference</u>
Rat	0.005	0.26	Raines & Sunde 2011
	0.08	5.94	
	5	36.80	
Rat	0.02	0.25	Whanger & Butler 1988
	0.2	9.12	
	4	19.76	
Chicken	0.1	4.18	Ort & Latshaw 1978
	5	30.65	
Turkey	0	0.24	Taylor et al. 2019
	0.4	5.43	
	5	31.89	

**Se supplemented as selenomethionine**

Rat	0.02	0.25	Whanger & Butler 1988
	0.2	11.27	
	4	66.11	

1. Raines AM, Sunde RA 2011 Selenium toxicity but not deficient or super-nutritional selenium status vastly alters the transcriptome in rodents. *BMC Genomics* 12: 26. PMID: 21226930
2. Whanger PD, Butler JA 1988 Effects of various dietary levels of selenium as selenite or selenomethionine on tissue selenium levels and glutathione peroxidase activity in rats. *J. Nutr.* 118: 846-852.
3. Ort JF, Latshaw JD 1978 The toxic level of sodium selenite in the diet of laying chickens. *J Nutr.* 108: 1114-1120. PMID: 660303
4. Taylor RM, Bourget VG, Sunde RA 2019 High dietary inorganic selenium has minimal effects on turkeys and selenium status biomarkers. *Poult. Sci.* 98: 855-865. PMID: 30239950