

# Electronic Supplementary Information

## Multilevel Nanoimprint Lithography with a Binary Mold for Plasmonic Colour Printing

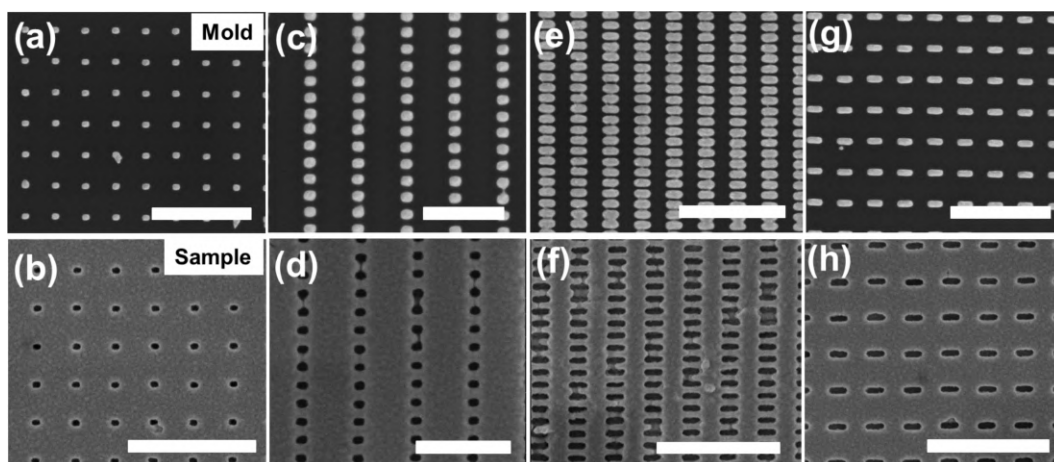
Muhammad Faris Shahin Shahidan,<sup>†</sup> Jingchao Song,<sup>†</sup> Timothy D James,<sup>†,‡</sup> and  
Ann Roberts<sup>\*,†</sup>

<sup>†</sup>*School of Physics, The University of Melbourne, 3010, Australia*

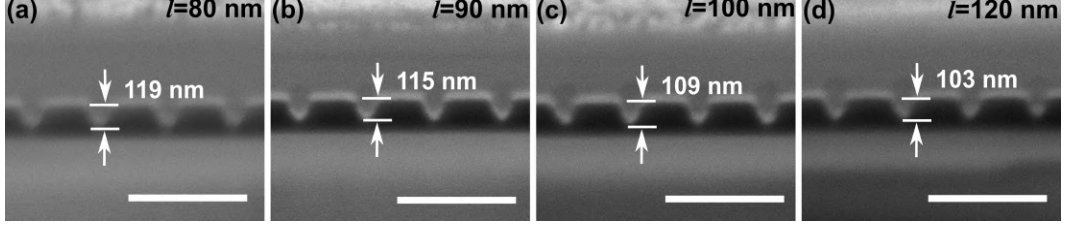
<sup>‡</sup>*Reserve Bank of Australia, Craigieburn, Victoria, 3064, Australia*

E-mail: mshahidan@student.unimelb.edu.au

## Nanoimprint Lithography Results



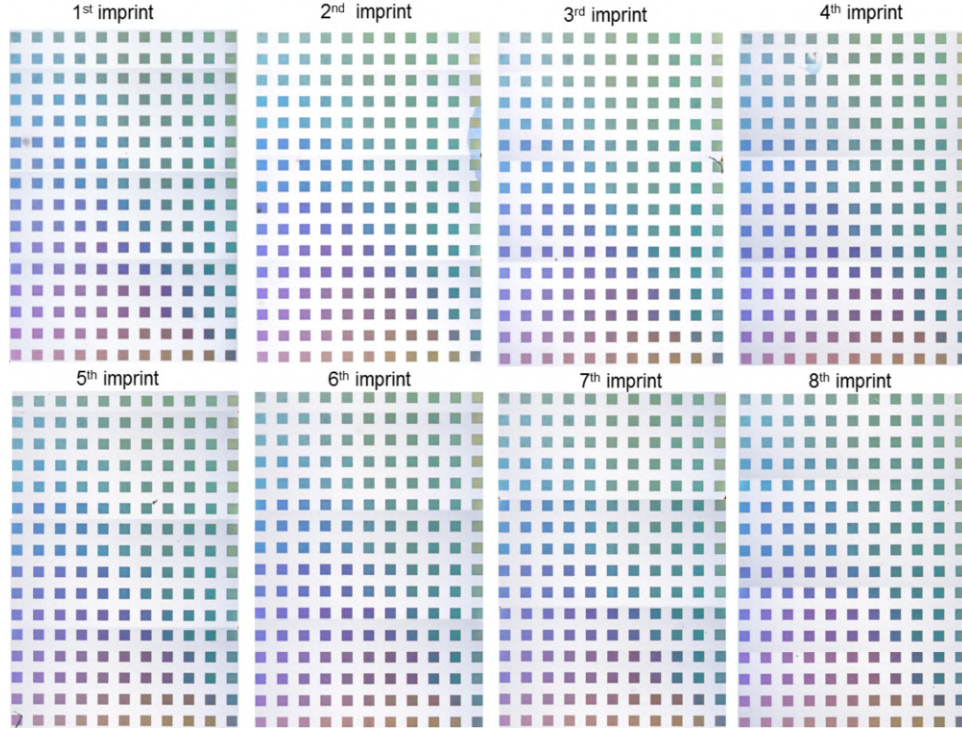
**Figure S1:** SEM images of fabricated mould with different particle geometry: (a)  $l=75$  nm,  $P_x=100$  nm, (c)  $l=75$  nm,  $P_x=300$  nm, (e)  $l=150$  nm,  $P_x=100$  nm and (d)  $l=150$  nm,  $P_x=300$  nm; and SEM images of the corresponding fabricated sample with different particle geometry: (b)  $l=75$  nm,  $P_x=100$  nm, (d)  $l=75$  nm,  $P_x=300$  nm, (f)  $l=150$  nm,  $P_x=100$  nm and (h)  $l=150$  nm,  $P_x=300$  nm. All scale bars refer to 500 nm



**Figure S2:** Cross-sectional images of the shows the height of the imprinted structures with fixed periodicity,  $P_x$  but varying length,  $l$  from 80-120 nm. All scale bars refers to 500 nm

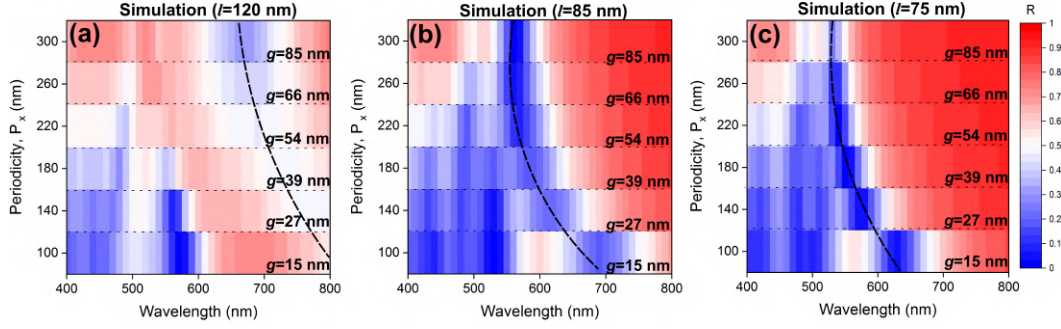
**Table S1:** Table showing the relationship between the periodicity,  $P_x$  of the imprinted structures and the resultant vertical gap size,  $g$  (and the standard deviation) measured from the SEM images. The equation of line of best fit and the r-square value were obtained from the line plot showed in Figure 3.

Periodicity, $P_x$ (nm)	100	140	180	220	260	300
Vertical gap size, $g$ (nm)	15.3	27.2	39.3	53.6	65.5	84.6
$g$ (standard deviation, nm)	2.862	4.093	4.467	3.872	3.086	4.658
Equation of line of best fit	$y=0.339x-20.371$					
R-square value	0.99365					

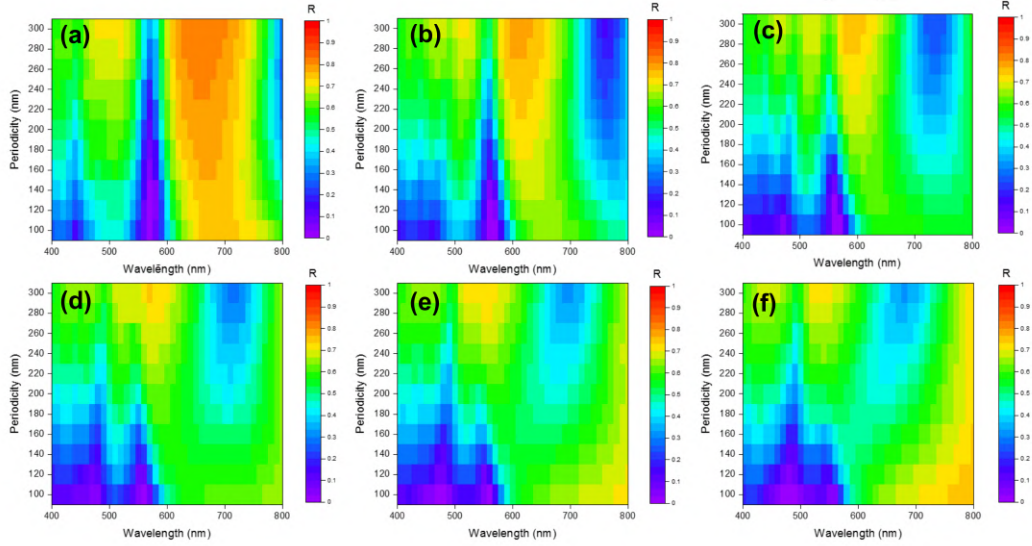


**Figure S3:** Bright field image of color palettes of reproduced nanoimprinted samples from first to eighth imprints under linearly polarized light with direction parallel to the long-axis of the nanorods

# Finite Element Method (FEM) Simulations Results



**Figure S4:** Simulated 2D reflectance map showing the effect of lattice period,  $P_x$  and film/nanorod gap,  $g$  for nanorod of length (a)  $l=120$  nm, (b)  $l=85$  nm and (c)  $l=75$  nm. The dashed line indicate the shift of the resonance wavelength (dipole mode) as the gap increases.



**Figure S5:** Simulated 2D reflectance map showing the effect of lattice period,  $P_x$  for different film/nanorod gap size,  $g$  i.e (a)  $g=10$  nm, (b)  $g=20$  nm, (c)  $g=30$  nm, (d)  $g=40$  nm, (e)  $g=50$  nm and (f)  $g=60$  nm