

Electronic Supplementary Information

Tetrakis-(N-methyl-4-pyridinium)-Porphyrin as a Diamagnetic Chemical Exchange Saturation Transfer (diaCEST) MRI Contrast Agent

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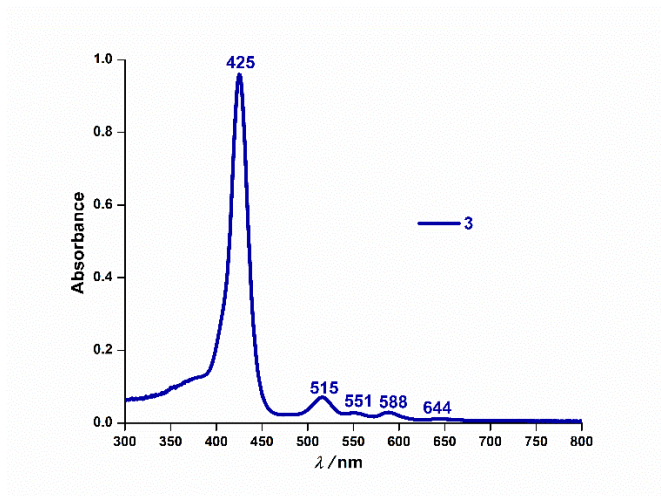


Figure S1: UV absorption spectrum of **TmPyP** (please refer to compound **2** in Chart 1 in the manuscript for the structure) in DMSO. The characteristic sharp soret band appears at 425 nm along with four weak Q bands at 515nm, 551nm, 588nm and 644nm.

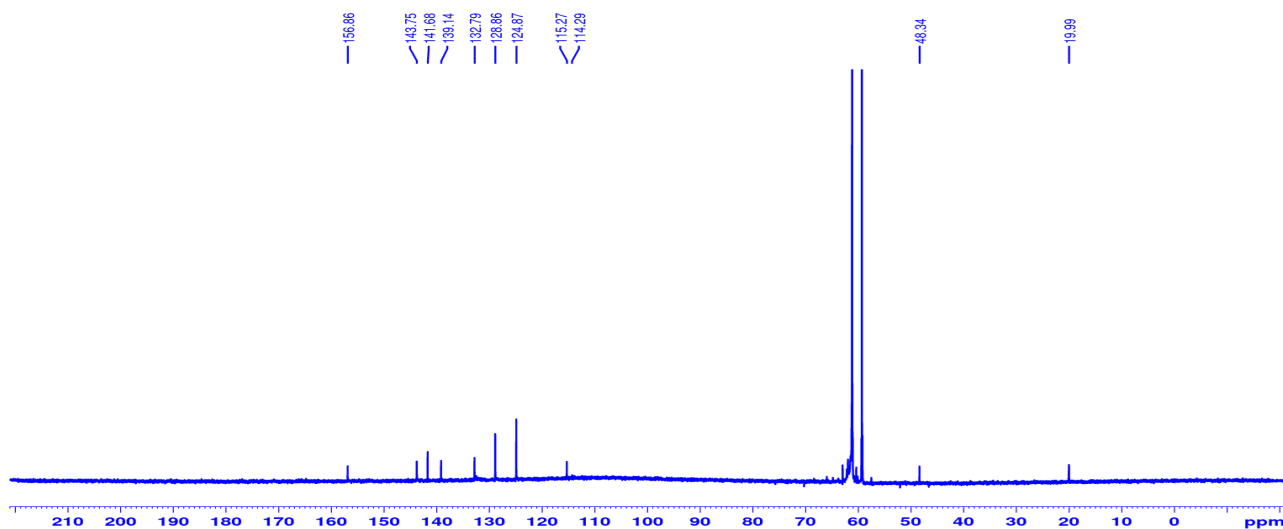


Figure S2: ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of **TmPyP** in DMSO-d_6 recorded on 700 MHz. δ 19.99, 48.34, 114.29, 115.27, 124.87, 128.86, 132.79, 139.14, 141.68, 143.75 and 156.86.

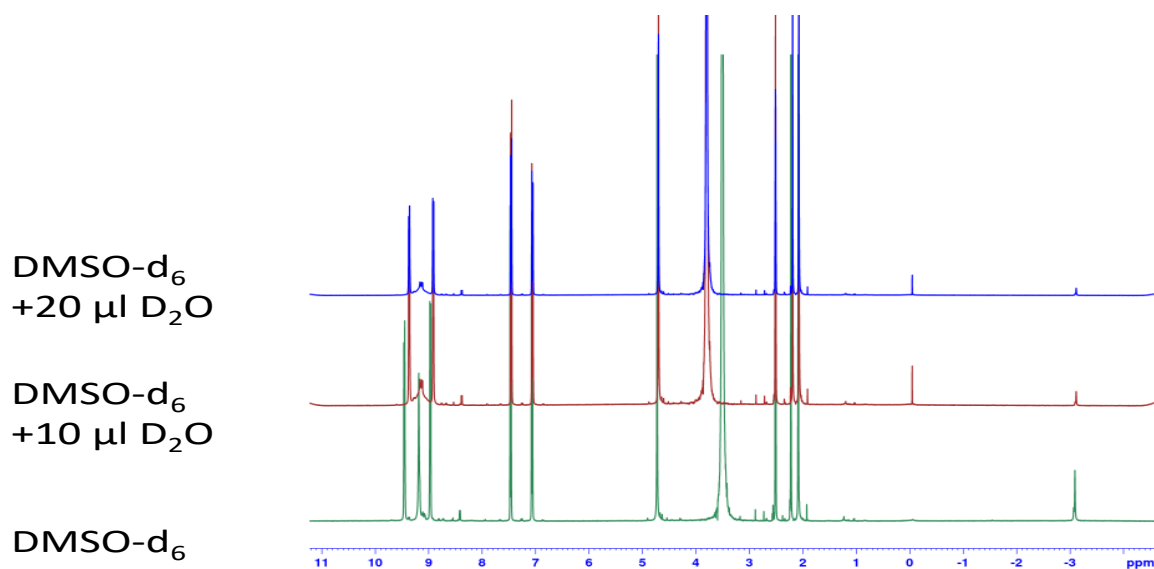


Figure S3: ^1H NMR of **TmPyP** in DMSO-d_6 . The inner core amine NH proton resonates at -3 ppm. Upon addition of $10\mu\text{l}$ of D_2O the intensity of this proton reduces and almost vanishes after the addition of another $10\mu\text{l}$ of D_2O . This shows the exchangeable behavior of this inner core NH protons that are highly upfield shifted.

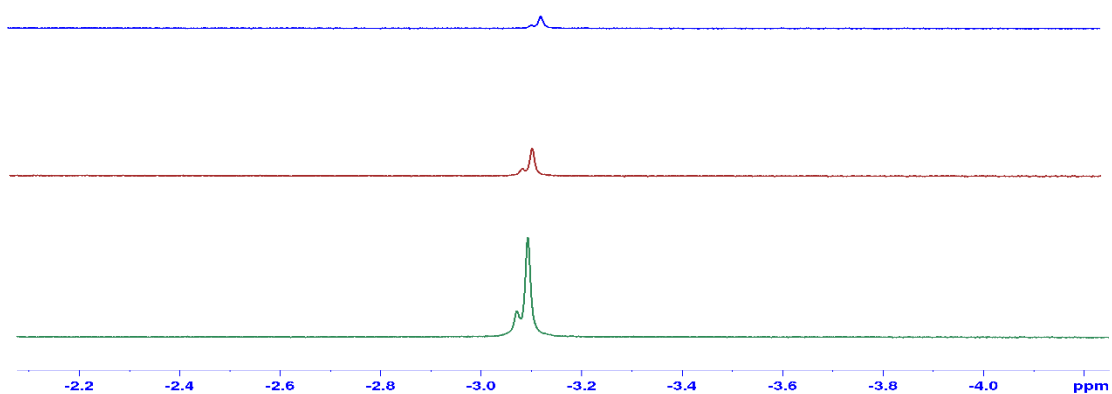


Figure S4: Expanded region around -3 ppm of the spectra shown in Figure S5 indicating the decrease in intensity of the exchangeable proton upon addition of $10\mu\text{l}$ and $20\mu\text{l}$ of D_2O .

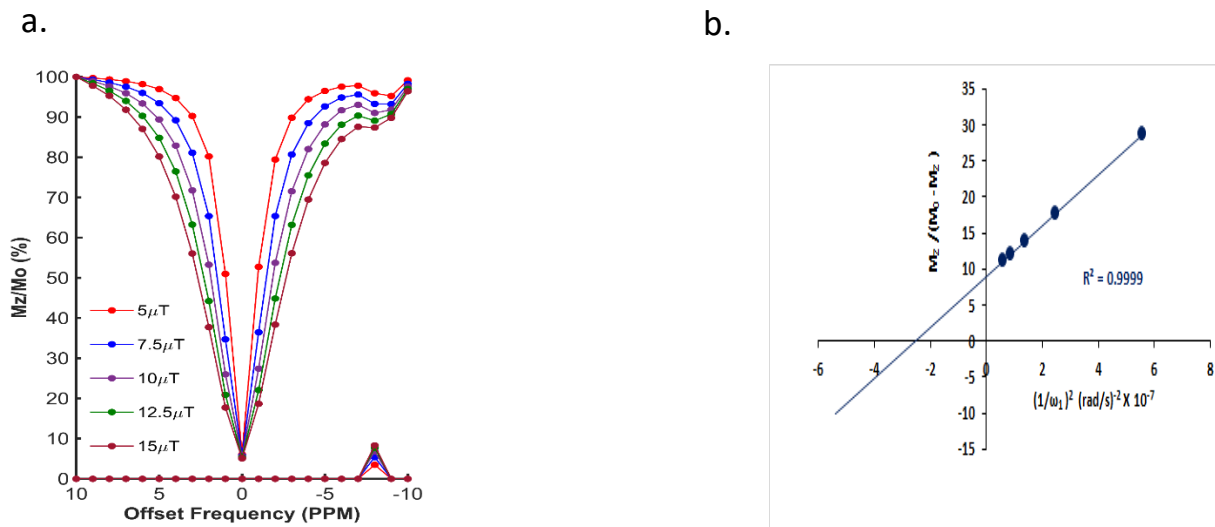


Figure S5 : (a) Dependence of CEST percentage on saturation field strength ranging from 5 μ T to 15 μ T for pH 6.6 (b) Omega plot for exchange rate measurement. The expected linear relationship of $M_z/(M_0-M_z)$ as a function of $1/\omega_1^2$ (rad/sec)⁻² x 10⁻⁷ recorded at 9.4 T of 12.5 mM compound in 0.1M Tris-HCl buffer at pH 6.6. RF saturation pulse was applied for 6 s ensuring complete saturation.

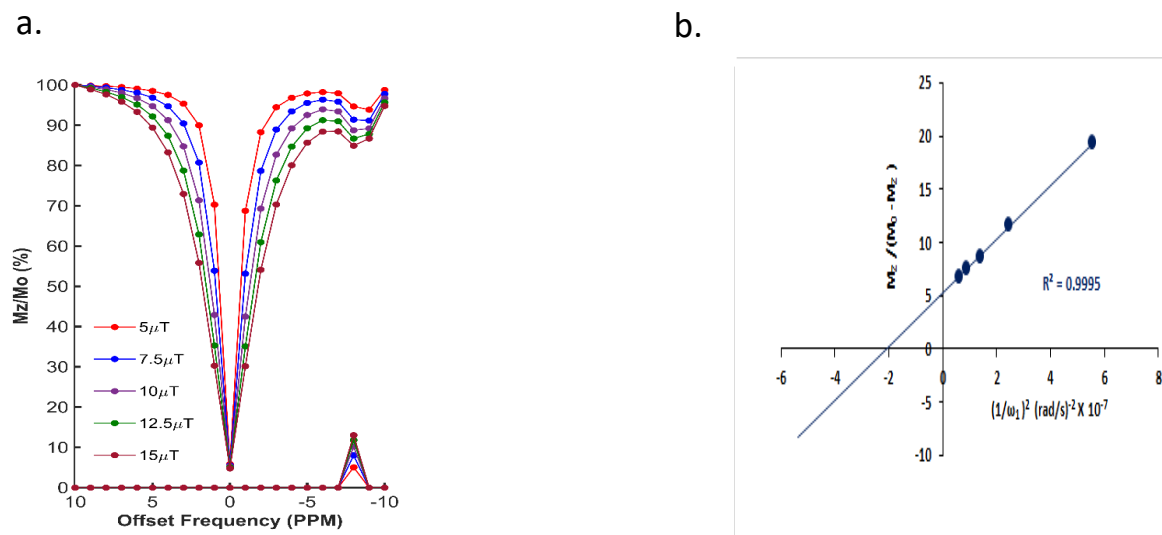
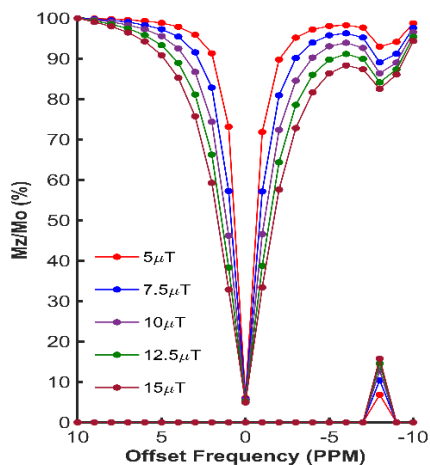


Figure S6: (a) Dependence of CEST percentage on saturation field strength ranging from 5 μ T to 15 μ T for pH 7.0 (b) Omega plot for exchange rate measurement. The expected linear relationship of $M_z/(M_0-M_z)$ as a function of $1/\omega_1^2$ (rad/sec)⁻² x 10⁻⁷ recorded at 9.4 T of 12.5 mM compound in 0.1M Tris-HCl buffer at pH 7.0. RF saturation pulse was applied for 6 s ensuring complete saturation.

a.



b.

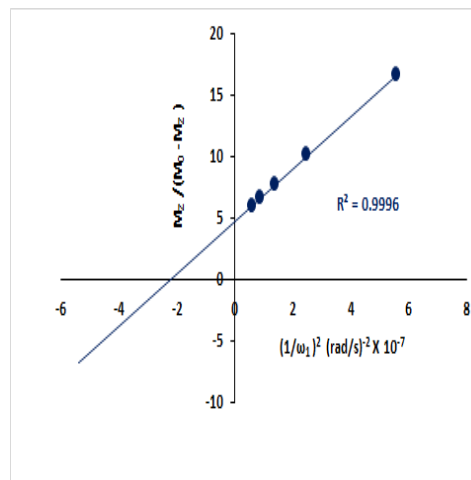
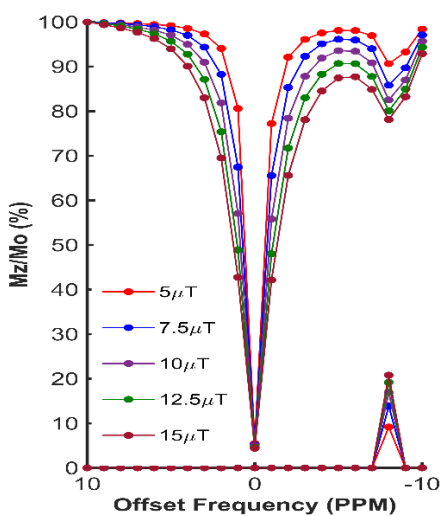


Figure S7: (a) Dependence of CEST percentage on saturation field strength ranging from $5\mu\text{T}$ to $15\mu\text{T}$ for pH 7.2 (b) Omega plot for exchange rate measurement. The expected linear relationship of $M_z/(M_0-M_z)$ as a function of $1/\omega_1^2$ (rad/sec) $^{-2} \times 10^{-7}$ recorded at 9.4 T of 12.5 mM compound in 0.1M Tris-HCl buffer at pH 7.2. RF saturation pulse was applied for 6 s ensuring complete saturation.

a.



b.

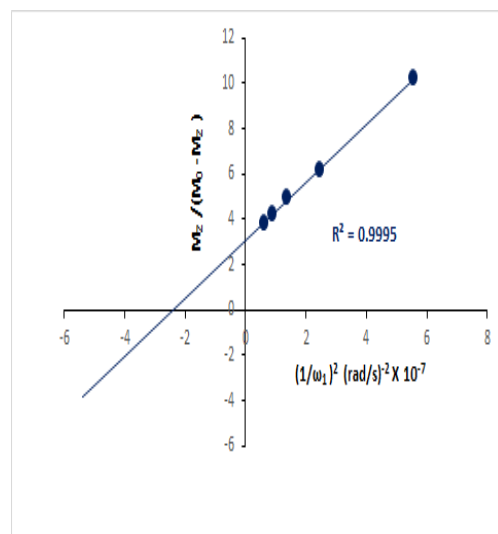


Figure S8: (a) Dependence of CEST percentage on saturation field strength ranging from $5\mu\text{T}$ to $15\mu\text{T}$ for pH 7.6 (b) Omega plot for exchange rate measurement. The expected linear relationship of $M_z/(M_0-M_z)$ as a function of $1/\omega_1^2$ (rad/sec) $^{-2} \times 10^{-7}$ recorded at 9.4 T of 12.5 mM compound in 0.1M Tris-HCl buffer at pH 7.6. RF saturation pulse was applied for 6 s ensuring complete saturation.

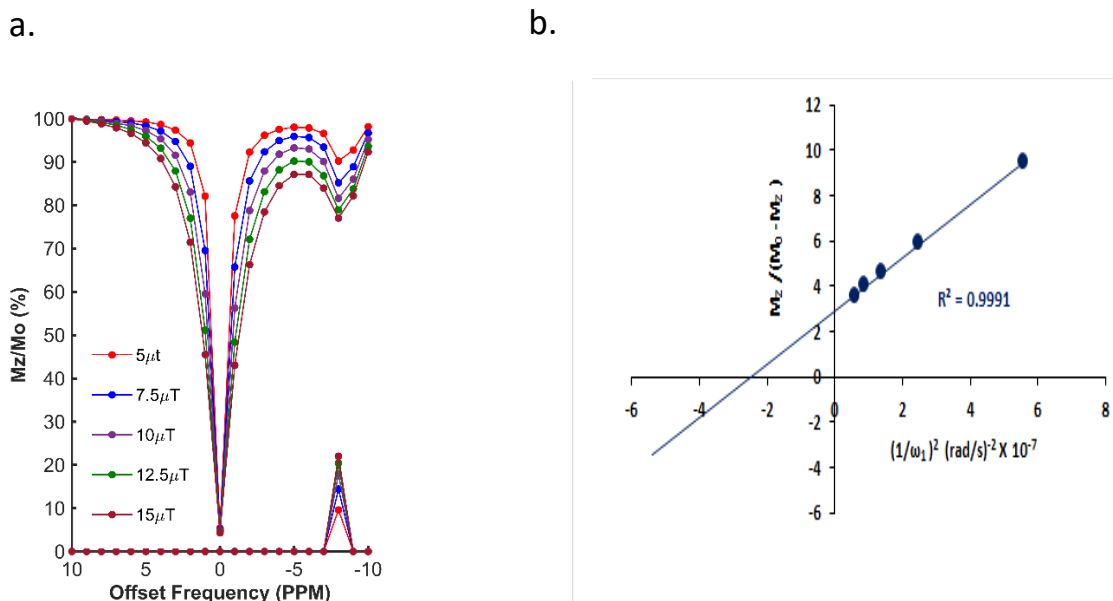


Figure S9: (a) Dependence of CEST percentage on saturation field strength ranging from $5\mu\text{T}$ to $15\mu\text{T}$ for pH 7.8 (b) Omega plot for exchange rate measurement. The expected linear relationship of $M_z/(M_0 - M_z)$ as a function of $1/\omega_1^2$ (rad/sec) $^{-2} \times 10^{-7}$ recorded at 9.4 T of 12.5 mM compound in 0.1M Tris-HCl buffer at pH 7.8. RF saturation pulse was applied for 6 s ensuring complete saturation.

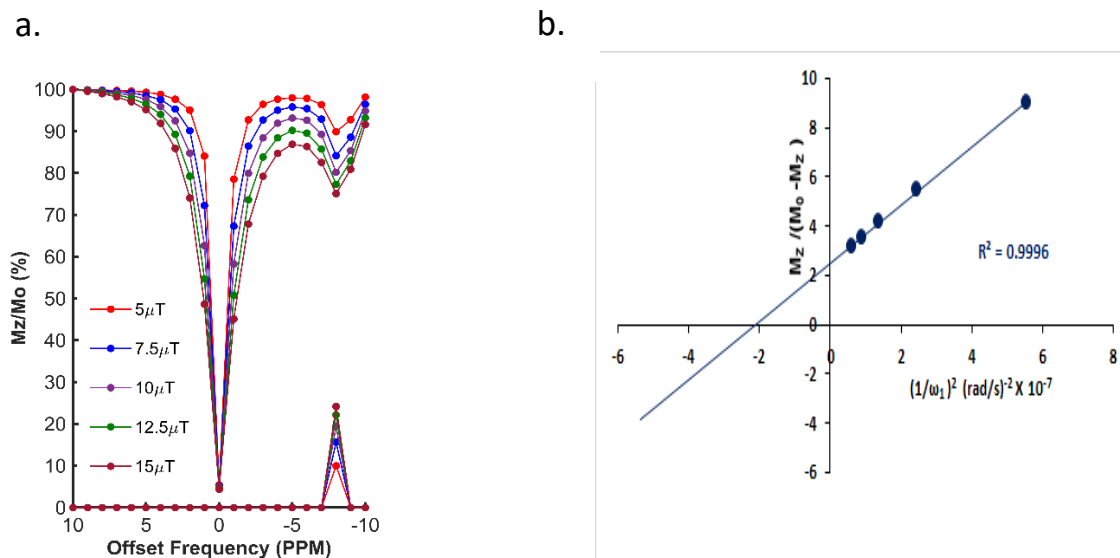
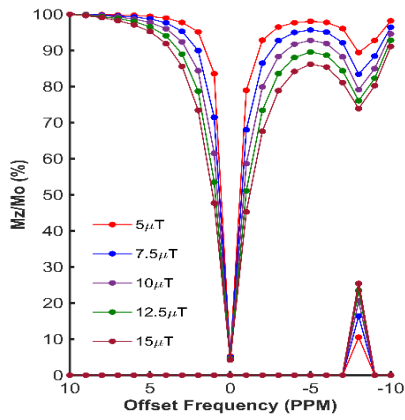


Figure S10: (a) Dependence of CEST percentage on saturation field strength ranging from $5\mu\text{T}$ to $15\mu\text{T}$ for pH 8.0 (b) Omega plot for exchange rate measurement. The expected linear relationship of $M_z/(M_0 - M_z)$ as a function of $1/\omega_1^2$ (rad/sec) $^{-2} \times 10^{-7}$ recorded at 9.4 T of 12.5 mM compound in 0.1M Tris-HCl buffer at pH 8.0. RF saturation pulse was applied for 6 s ensuring complete saturation.

a.



b.

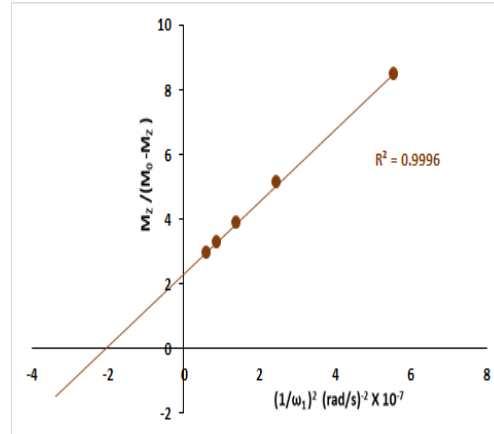
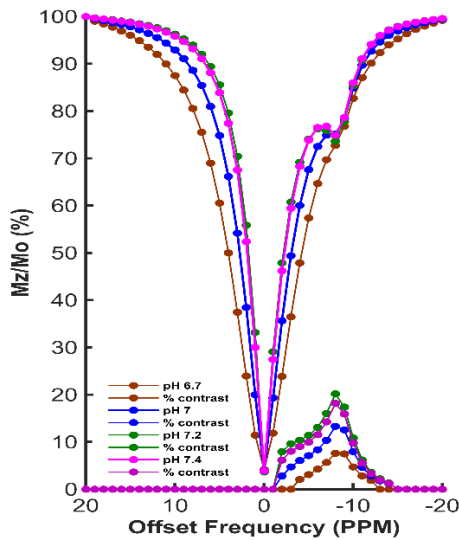


Figure S11 : (a) Dependence of CEST percentage on saturation field strength ranging from $5\mu\text{T}$ to $15\mu\text{T}$ for pH 8.3 (b) Omega plot for exchange rate measurement for pH 8.3. The expected linear relationship of $M_z/(M_0-M_z)$ as a function of $1/\omega_1^2$ (rad/sec) $^{-2} \times 10^{-7}$ was obtained at 9.4 T of 12.5 mM compound in 0.1M Tris-HCl buffer. RF presaturation pulse was applied for 6 s ensuring complete saturation.

a.



b.

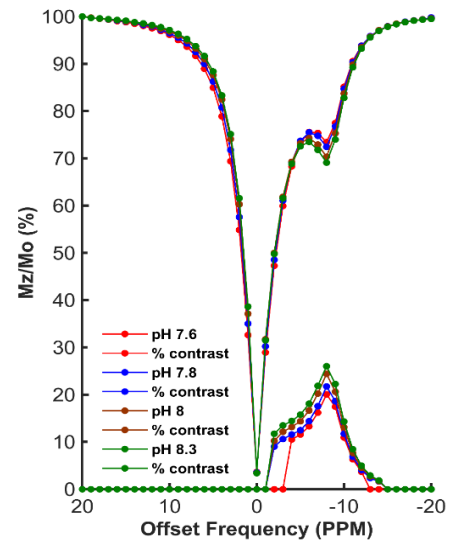


Figure S12 : Dependence of CEST effect of TmPyP on pH. (a) Overlaid Z-spectra with pH ranging from 6.7 to 7.4. (b) Overlaid Z-spectra with pH ranging from 7.6 to 8.3. Radiofrequency saturation was applied for 3s with a saturation radiofrequency of $5\mu\text{T}$.

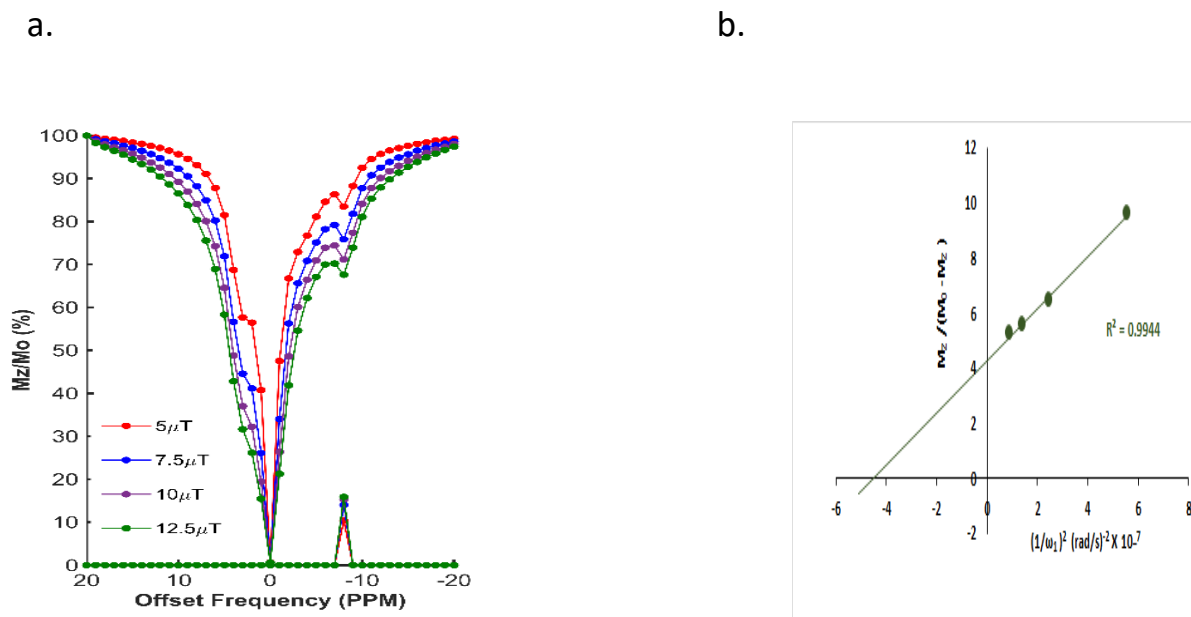


Figure S13 : (a) Dependence of CEST percentage on saturation field strength ranging from 5 μT to 12.5 μT for FBS at 7.4 pH (b) Omega plot for exchange rate measurement. The expected linear relationship of $M_z/(M_0 - M_z)$ as a function of $1/\omega_1^2$ (rad/sec)⁻² x 10⁻⁷ recorded at 9.4 T of 12.5 mM TmPyP in Foetal bovine serum at pH 7.4. RF saturation pulse was applied for 6 s ensuring complete saturation.

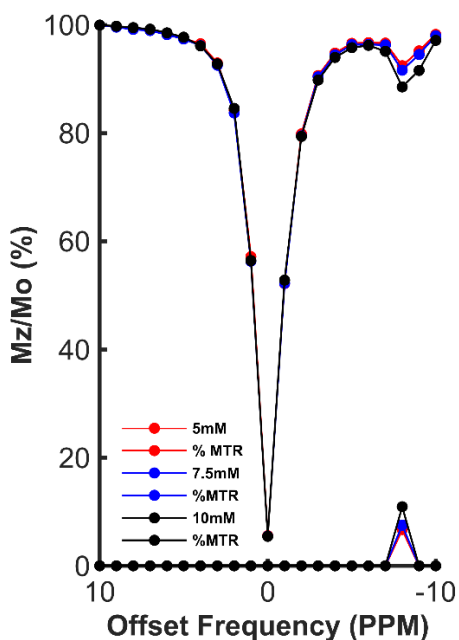


Figure S14: CEST contrast of TmPyP with varying concentration at pH 7.4 with a saturation field strength of 5 μT. At 5 mM concentration TmPyP produced 6% CEST percentage.