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Electronic Supplementary Information

for

Co-cross-linked Lanthanide-containing Nanocomposite Luminescent

Hydrogel

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Fig. S1 (A) The digital photos of NC-Eu·L₃ (red), NC-Tb·L₃ (green), NC-Eu_{0.5}Tb_{0.5}·L₃ (yellow) hydrogels under the UV light; (B) The image of NC hydrogel (left) and NC-Eu·L₃ hydrogel (right) under daylight. (C) The image of NC hydrogel at 25 °C (left) and 50 °C (right) under the UV light.



Fig. S2 FT-IR spectra of L (a), PNIPA-Eu·L₃ (b) and PNIPA-Tb·L₃ (c).



Fig. S3 The digital photos of 100 g/L NIPA (left) and 100 g/L NIPA with 5 mM $Eu \cdot L_3$ (right) after polymerization.



Fig. S4 The cyclic tensile stress-strain curves of the NC-Eu·L₃ hydrogel. The maximum stretch length is gradually increased from 200% to 1100%.



Fig. S5 Tensile stress-strain curves of the NC-3%-Eu·L₃, NC-5%-Eu·L₃ and NC-8%-Eu·L₃ luminescent hydrogel.



Fig. S6 Swelling ratios of NC hydrogels with different contents of clay.



Fig. S7 (A) Tensile stress-strain of original (red) and self-healed NC-Eu·L₃ hydrogels(black). (B) The self-healed hydrogel under UV lamp.



Fig. S8 The luminance variation of LED during self-healing processes.



Fig. S9 (A) The luminescent emission spectra of the hydrogels with different concentration of Lap at 25 °C and 50 °C. (B) The luminescent intensity of the hydrogel with different concentration of Lap at 615 nm.



Fig. S10 The digital photos of NC-3%-Eu·L₃ (left), NC-5%-Eu·L₃ (middle), NC-8%-Eu·L₃ (right) hydrogels at 25 °C (A) and 50 °C (B).

Supporting Video S1

This movie shows the continuous elongation of the NC-Ln $\cdot L_3$ hydrogel and the elongation at break is as high as 1000%

Supporting Video S2

This movie shows the Luminance variation of LED during stretching processes.