## Electronic Supplementary Information

Tuning properties of silver nanoclusters with RNA nanoring assemblies.

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**Table S1.** RNA strands forming the RNA rings (nrA-nrF) with 3' extensions designed to complementary bind DNA sequences with the  $dC_{12}$  template regions are shown. All sequences are listed from the 5' to 3' end.

Strand	Sequence (5'-3')
Name	
nrA	GGGAACCGUCCACUGGUUCCCGCUACGAGAGCCUGCCUCGUAGCUUCGGUGGUGCA GAUGAACUUCAGGGUCA
nrB	GGGAACCGCAGGCUGGUUCCCGCUACGAGAGAACGCCUCGUAGCUUCGGUGGUGCA GAUGAACUUCAGGGUCA
nrC	GGGAACCGCGUUCUGGUUCCCGCUACGAGACGUCUCCUCGUAGCUUCGGUGGUGCA GAUGAACUUCAGGGUCA
nrD	GGGAACCGAGACGUGGUUCCCGCUACGAGUCGUGGUCUCGUAGCUUCGGUGGUGCA GAUGAACUUCAGGGUCA
nrE	GGGAACCACCACGAGGUUCCCGCUACGAGAACCAUCCUCGUAGCUUCGGUGGUGCA GAUGAACUUCAGGGUCA
nrF	GGGAACCGAUGGUUGGUUCCCGCUACGAGAGUGGACCUCGUAGCUUCGGUGGUGCA GAUGAACUUCAGGGUCA
Ag-Out	CCCCCCCCCCCCCCGAAGTTCATCTGCACCACCG
Ag-In	ACCCTGAAGTTCATCTGCACCACCGCCCCCCCCCCC



**Figure S1.** Using a 37.5:1 acrylamide to bis-acrylamide mixture, an 8 % non-denaturing polyacrylamide gel was used for electrophoretic mobility studies. The Ring-dC<sub>12-IN</sub> and Ring-dC<sub>12-OUT</sub> are shown in the left and middle lanes respectively. The larger size of these assemblies was confirmed by running them against a non-functionalized RNA ring control shown in the right lane. Please note the slight band shift between Ring-dC<sub>12-IN</sub> (left) and Ring-dC<sub>12-OUT</sub> (middle) due to the expanded geometry of Ring-dC<sub>12-OUT</sub>.



**Figure S2.** Shape analysis of nanoring structures imaged with Atomic Force Microscopy: A) statistical histogram of measured arm length, Gaussian fit results in most frequently observed length of 8.1 nm; B) statistical histogram of nanoring diameter, Gaussian fit results in most frequently observed diameter of 10.6 nm.



**Figure S3.** Time evolution of the excitation-emission matrix (EEM) for the two dumb-bell monomeric templates: (A) AgNC/dumb-bell-dC<sub>12</sub>-OUT at 5 days, (B) AgNC/dumb-bell-dC<sub>12</sub>-OUT at 12 days, (C) AgNC/dumb-bell-dC<sub>12</sub>-OUT at 23 days, (D) AgNC/dumb-bell-dC<sub>12</sub>-OUT at 33 days, (E) AgNC/dumb-bell-dC<sub>12</sub>-IN at 5 days, (F) AgNC/dumb-bell-dC<sub>12</sub>-IN at 12 days, (G) AgNC/dumb-bell-dC<sub>12</sub>-IN at 23 days, (H) AgNC/dumb-bell-dC<sub>12</sub>-IN at 33 days.



**Figure S4.** Reversible oxidation – reduction of AgNCs/Ring-dC<sub>12-OUT</sub>. A) initially recorded excitationemission map (t = 0 weeks), B) excitation-emission map of aged sample showing almost full conversion of "red" to "green" emitting nanoclusters (t = 9 weeks), C) excitation-emission map of the aged, 9-week, sample shown in (B) immediately after addition of 60  $\mu$ M NaBH<sub>4</sub>.



**Figure S5.** *Excitation/emission energy* map of silver nanoclusters in the "green" region: A) Excitation – emission matrix of AgNCs templated on Ring-dC<sub>12-OUT</sub>, B) Excitation – emission matrix of AgNCs templated on Ring-dC<sub>12-IN</sub>, C) Schematic Jablonski diagram for observed transitions for "green" emitting AgNC/ Ring-dC<sub>12-OUT</sub>, D) Schematic Jablonski diagram for observed transitions for "green" emitting AgNC/ Ring-dC<sub>12-IN</sub>.