

## Supporting Information

### Hydrogen-Substituted Graphdiyne/Graphene as $sp/sp^2$ Hybridized Carbon Interlayer for Lithium–Sulfur Batteries

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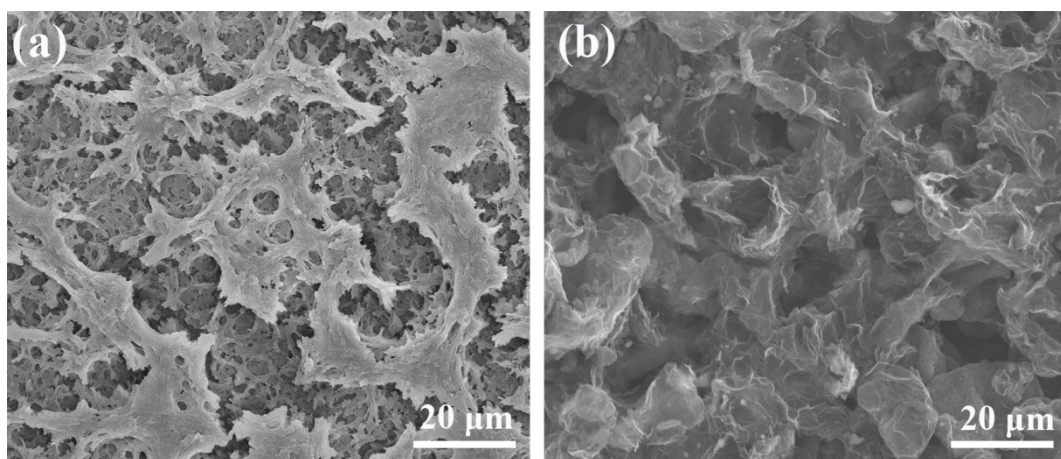
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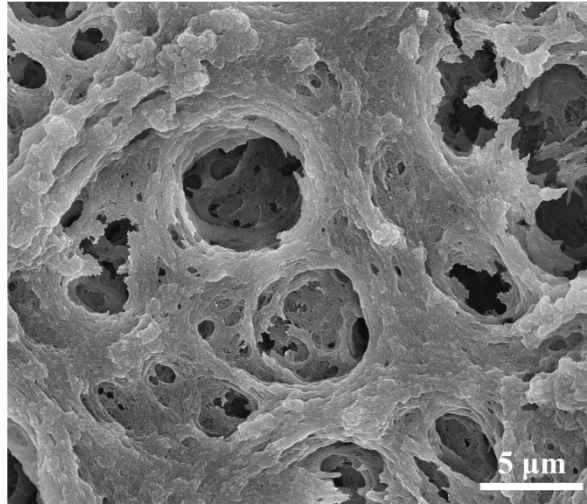
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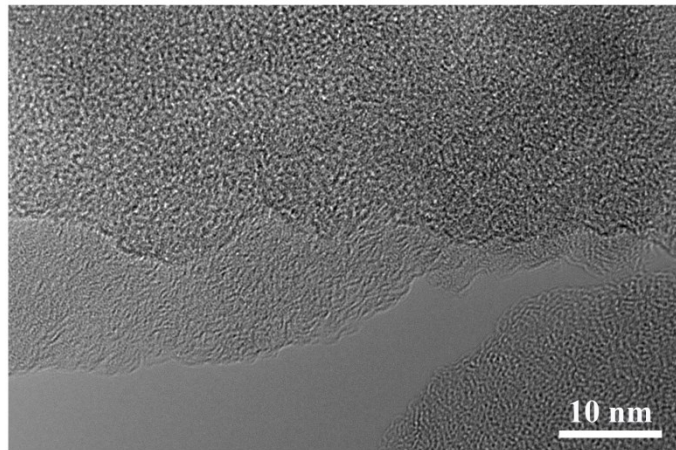
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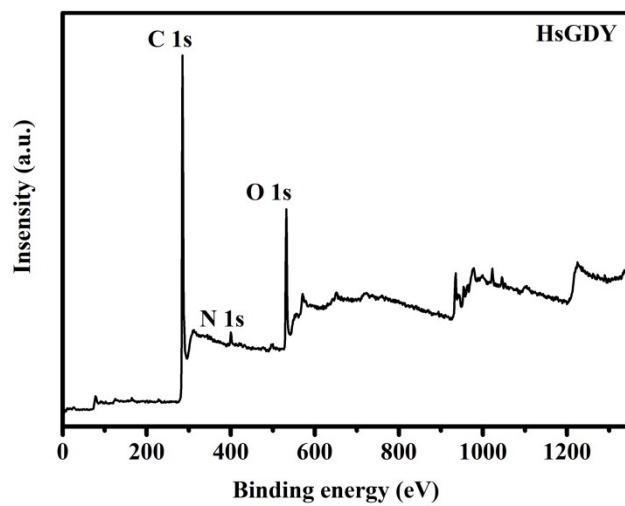
**Fig. S1** The morphology of the HsGDY a) and Gra-HsGDY b) by SEM images. Crosslinked structures are observed for the Gra-HsGDY sample, implying better film-forming property.



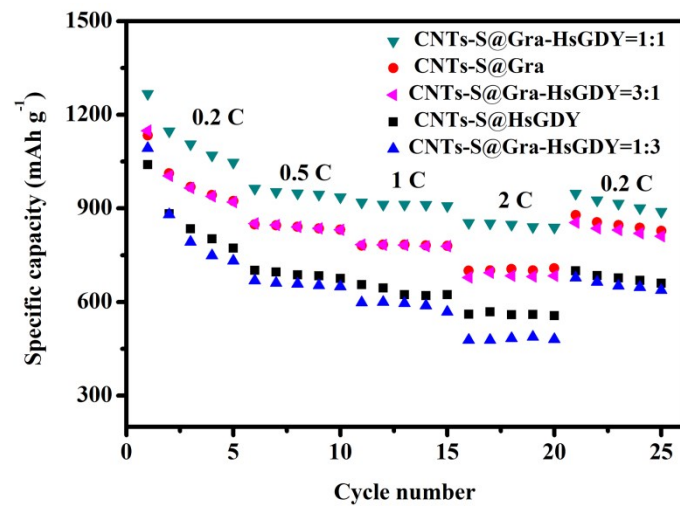
**Fig. S2** SEM image of HsGDY.



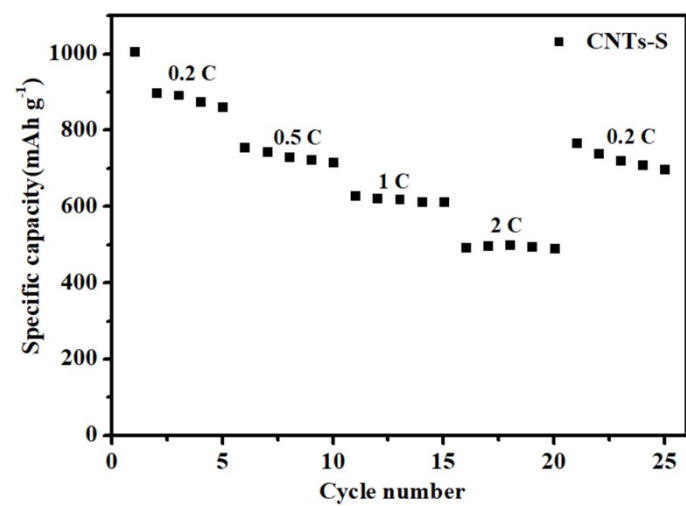
**Fig. S3** TEM image of HsGDY.



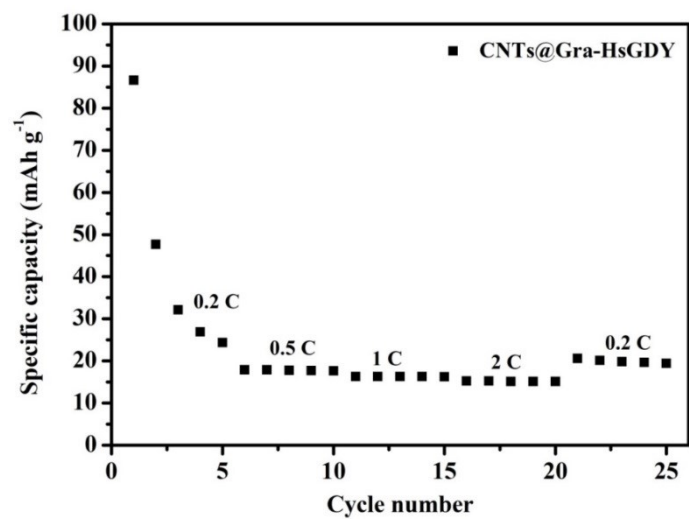
**Fig. S4** XPS survey spectra of HsGDY.



**Fig. S5** The rate performances of CNTs-S@Gra-HsGDY with different mass ratios of Gra to HsGDY.

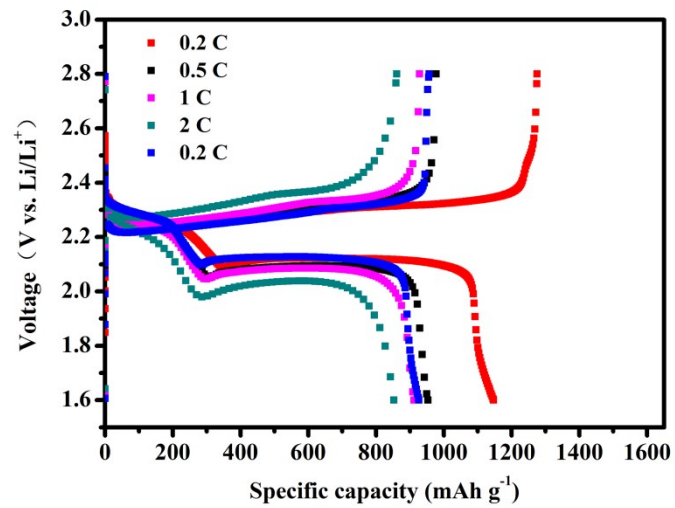


**Fig. S6** The rate performance of the CNTs-S cathode at 0.2 to 2 C.

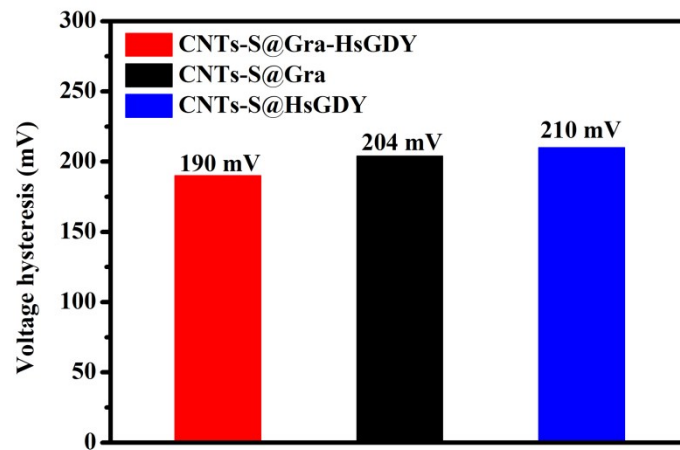


**Fig. S7** Rate performance of the CNTs@Gra-HsGDY electrode without any sulfur loading.

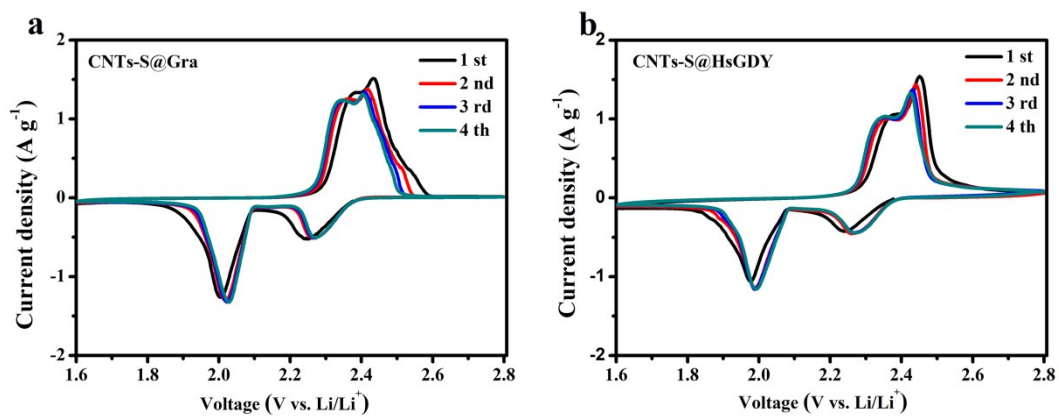




**Fig. S8** The galvanostatic discharge-charge plots of CNTs-S@Gra-HsGDY under various current rates.



**Fig. S9** Comparison of voltage hysteresis of the three samples obtained from the galvanostatic charge-discharge profiles at 0.2 C in Fig. 2d



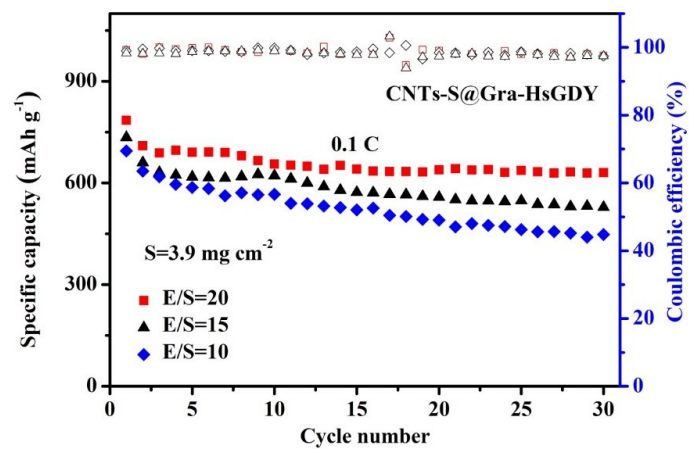
**Fig. S10** (a-b) CVs of CNTs-S@Gra and CNTs-S@Gra-HsGDY between 1.6 and 2.8 V for the initial four cycles, respectively, recorded at a scan rate of  $0.1 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ .

**Table S1** Voltage hysteresis and collection coefficient of the three samples obtained from the CV profiles in Fig. 3d.

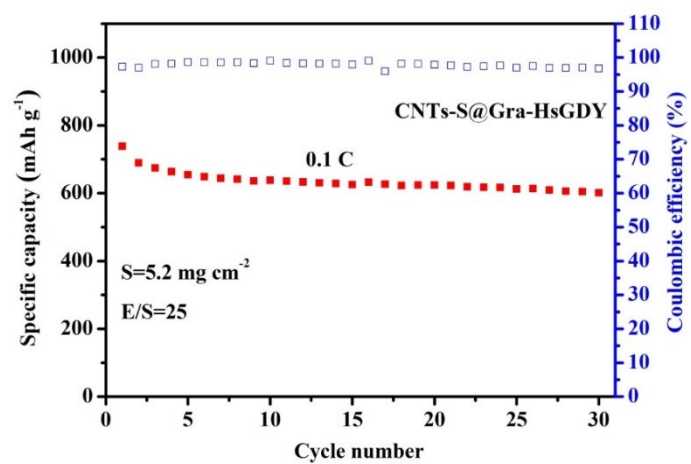
<b>Sample</b>	<b>Polarized voltage (<math>\Delta V</math>)</b>	<b>Collection coefficient (<math>I_L/I_H</math>)</b>
<b>CNTs-S@ HsGDY</b>	0.38	2.44
<b>CNTs-S@Gra</b>	0.35	2.49
<b>CNTs-S@Gra-HsGDY</b>	0.32	2.68

**Table S2** Characteristics of various materials reported in literatures.

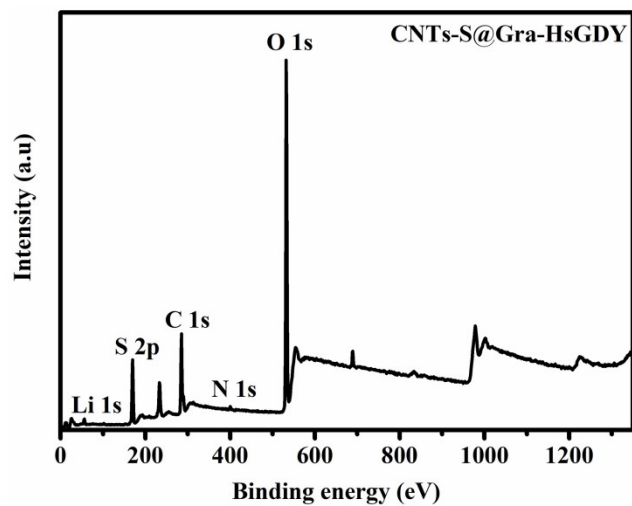
Materials	Sulfur loading (mg cm <sup>-2</sup> )	Initial performance		Cycling performance			Ref.
		Rate (C)	Capacity (mAh g <sup>-1</sup> )	Rate (C)	Cycles	Capacity Decay (% per cycle)	
Sulfonated GO	1.2~1.6	0.2	1240	0.5	250	0.18	1
MWCNT	1.1	0.1	1100	0.5	150	0.22	2
Graphene	1.21	0.1	1100	0.1	100	0.283	3
Super P	0.7	0.2	1151	0.2	200	0.185	4
rGO	1.1	0.2	1070	0.2	200	0.185	5
Porous Carbon	1.5	0.2	1166	0.5	200	0.20	6
Acetylene Black	1.0-1.3	0.5	939	1	200	0.20	7
PPy nanotube	2.5-3	0.2	1101	0.5	300	0.11	8
High-flux GO	1-1.2	0.5	1182	0.5	100	0.29	9
B-RGO	1.5	0.1	1227	0.1	300	0.15	10
S/CoOOH	1.0-1.3	0.1	1199	1	500	0.09	11
CNT@TiO <sub>2-x</sub> -S	2.2	0.1	1187	0.2	100	0.3	12
CoSe <sub>2</sub> /GO	1.0	0.2	1331	6	500	0.1	13
Gra-HsGDY	1.2	0.2	1267	1	500	0.089	This work



**Fig. S11** Cycling stability of CNTs-S@Gra-HsGDY at 0.1 C with sulfur loading of  $\sim 3.9 \text{ mg cm}^{-2}$  under various E/S ratios.



**Fig. S12** Cycling performance of the CNTs-S@Gra-HsGDY at 0.1 C with a higher sulfur loading of 5.2 mg cm<sup>-2</sup> for 30 cycles.



**Fig. S13** XPS survey spectra of CNTs-S@Gra-HsGDY during the fifth cycle.





**Fig. S14** LiPSs adsorption tests of HsGDY. 0.5 mM  $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_8$  solution was prepared by mixing  $\text{Li}_2\text{S}$  and  $\text{S}_8$  powder in DMSO. Afterwards, HsGDY (3 mg) were added into 1 mL  $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_8$  (0.5 mM) solution and kept standing for 48 hours.

**Table S3** Adsorption energy of  $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_n$  ( $n=2,4,6,8$ ) molecule on HsGDY flake, wherein “I” means the  $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_n$  molecule adsorbed on the  $\text{sp}$  hybridized carbon of HsGDY, and “II” represents the  $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_n$  molecule adsorbed on the  $\text{sp}^2$  hybridized carbon of HsGDY.

	$E_{\text{total}}$	$E_{\text{HsGDY}}$	$E_{\text{Li}_2\text{S}_2}$	$E_{\text{Li}_2\text{S}_4}$	$E_{\text{Li}_2\text{S}_6}$	$E_{\text{Li}_2\text{S}_8}$	$E_{\text{ads}} \text{ (eV)}$
HsGDY- $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_2$ -I	-46032.845	-45460.596	-570.954				-1.295
HsGDY- $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_2$ -II	-46032.644	-45460.596	-570.954				-1.094
HsGDY- $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_4$ -I	-46589.189	-45460.596		-1127.452			-1.141
HsGDY- $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_4$ -II	-46589.078	-45460.596		-1127.452			-1.030
HsGDY- $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_6$ -I	-47145.076	-45460.596			-1683.143		-1.337
HsGDY- $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_6$ -II	-47144.979	-45460.596			-1683.143		-1.240
HsGDY- $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_8$ -I	-47700.379	-45460.596				-2238.573	-1.209
HsGDY- $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_8$ -II	-47700.099	-45460.596				-2238.573	-0.929

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