## Supporting Information

## The Effect of Surface-Capping Oleic Acid on the Optical Properties of Lanthanide-Doped Nanocrystals

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**Figure S1.** Particle size distribution of OA-capped a) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Eu, b) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Nd, c) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Er, Yb, d) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Er, Yb@NaGdF<sub>4</sub>, e) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Tm, Yb, and f) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Tm, Yb@NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Eu nanocrystals obtained from the TEM images



**Figure S2.** XRD patterns of NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Tm, Yb@NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Eu, NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Eu, and NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Nd nanocrystals, and the corresponding line pattern of hexagonal phase NaGdF<sub>4</sub> (JCPDS standard card no. 27-0699).



**Figure S3.** Different Thermal Analysis OA-capped NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Eu nanocrystals. The result indicates that the OA starts to leave the nanocrystals at 330 °C.



**Figure S4.** Thermal gravity analysis (TGA) of OA-capped (balck) and ligand-free (red) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Er, Yb@NaGdF<sub>4</sub> core-shell nanocrystals. The weight losses for OA-capped and ligand-free samples are calculated to be 5.5% and 2.1%, respectively.



**Figure S5.** Thermal gravity analysis (TGA) of OA-capped (balck) and ligand-free (red) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Tm, Yb@NaGdF<sub>4</sub>:Eu core-shell nanocrystals. The weight losses for OA-capped and ligand-free samples are calculated to be 5.3% and 1.5%, respectively.



**Figure S6.** Thermal gravity analysis (TGA) of OA-capped (balck) and ligand-free (red) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Eu nanocrystals. The weight losses for OA-capped and ligand-free samples are calculated to be 11.2% and 2.2%, respectively.



**Figure S7.** Thermal gravity analysis (TGA) of OA-capped (balck) and ligand-free (red) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Nd nanocrystals. The weight losses for OA-capped and ligand-free samples are calculated to be 13.5% and 3.0%, respectively.



**Figure S8.** The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of a) ligand-free NaYF<sub>4</sub> nanocrystals dispersed in D<sub>2</sub>O and b) OA-capped NaYF<sub>4</sub> nanocrystals dispersed in DMSO were recorded on a JEOL JNM-ECZ400S spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in parts-per-million ( $\delta$ , ppm): a) 4.64 (H<sub>2</sub>O from D<sub>2</sub>O) and b) 3.30 (H<sub>2</sub>O from DMSO), 2.0-2.5 (-CH<sub>2</sub>-), 1.0-1.4 (-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>-) and 0.5-1.0 (-CH<sub>3</sub>).



**Figure S9.** Hydrodynamic diameter distribution of a) ligand-free and b) OA-capped nanocrystals obtained from dynamic light scattering (DLS).



**Figure S10.** TEM image of ligand-free NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Eu, illustrating that ligand-free nanocrystals are still monodispersed after removing OA ligand.



**Figure S11.** Particle size distribution of ligand-free NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Eu nanocrystals obtained from the TEM images



**Figure S12.** FTIR spectra of lauric acid (LA, black line) and LA-capped NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Eu (red line). The absorption bands peaked at 2926 and 2850 cm<sup>-1</sup> can be assigned to the stretching vibration of  $-CH_2$ -, and the bands peaked at 1687 and 1468 cm<sup>-1</sup> are attributed to stretching vibrations of COO in LA.



Figure S13. Thermal gravity analysis (TGA) of LA-capped NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: Er, Yb nanocrystals.

Samples in solid state				
	<b>a</b> <sub>1</sub>	y <sub>0</sub>	t <sub>1</sub> (ms)	Standard error
Er in OA-capped core	4258.1	0	0.161	0.000275
Er in ligand-free core	3998.4	0	0.170	0.00031
Er in OA-capped core-shell	3651.3	0	0.189	0.00044
Er in ligand-free core-shell	3497.8	0	0.196	0.00048
Tm in OA-capped	3296.6	0	0.46	0.00074
Tm in ligand-free	3941.7	0	0.47	0.00096
Eu in OA-capped upconversion	1144.0	0	3.96	0.00479
Eu in ligand-free upconversion	1056.1	0	4.02	0.0059
Eu in OA-capped downshifting	1204.1	0	6.04	0.0090
Eu in ligand-free downshifting	1301.6	0	6.22	0.014
Nd in OA-capped	3962.9	0	0.20	0.00054
Nd in ligand-free	3593.2	0	0.22	0.00074
Samples in colloidal solution				
	<b>a</b> 1	y0	t <sub>1</sub>	Standard error
Er in OA-capped core	4258.1	0	0.051	0.000085
Er in ligand-free core	16574.0	0	0.026	0.000042
Er in OA-capped core-shell	2089.3	0	0.105	0.00018
Er in ligand-free core-shell	2198.7	0	0.094	0.00016
Tm in OA-capped	7154.3	0	0.26	0.00042
Tm in ligand-free	8630.1	0	0.21	0.00029
Eu in OA-capped upconversion	1147.6	0	2.90	0.0087
Eu in ligand-free upconversion	1219.7	0	2.72	0.0078
Eu in OA-capped downshifting	865.3	0	3.49	0.021
Eu in ligand-free downshifting	1099.5	0	3.78	0.010
Nd in OA-capped	1649.5	0	0.12	0.0008
Nd in ligand-free	1350.0	0	0.08	0.00065

**Table 1.** The fitting parameters for the lifetime of emissive lanthanides in this work with the<br/>fitting equation to be  $y=a_1*exp(-x/t_1)+y_0$ .



**Figure S14.** Luminescence decays of emission band peaked at 490 nm of NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: 5 mol% Eu nanocrystals. The decay curve fits to a dual-exponential function, and the average lifetime is calculated to be 2.52 ns, indicating that this emission band could not be attributed to the emission of  $Eu^{3+}$ .



**Figure S15.** The downshifting spectra of left OA after acid treatment of OA-capped nanocrystals. The presence of broad emission band unambiguously confirm that the broad band in OA-capped NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: 5 mol% Eu belong to the emission of surface-capped OA.



**Figure S16.** The downshifting spectra of OA-capped (black) and ligand-free (red) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: 5 mol% Eu nanocrystals in solid states under the excitation of 272 nm. In contrast to the excitation at 394 nm, more enhancement in emission intensity of  $Eu^{3+}$  between OA-capped and ligand-free samples excited at 272 nm, which should be attributed to the increased screening effect of OA from 394 nm to 272 nm.



**Figure S17.** The emission spectra of OA-capped (black) and LA-capped (blue) NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: 2 mol%Er, 18 mol% Yb nanocrystalsin PDMS colloidal solutions. The emission intensity of LA-capped nanocrystals in solutions can only arrive 0.68 time as strong as that of OA-capped nanocrystals, which is stronger than that of ligand-free samples due to the presence of short-chain LA.



**Figure S18.** The emission spectra of NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: 5 mol% Tb, 15 mol% Ce nanocrystals with OAcapped surface (black line) or ligand-free surface (red line) in PDMS solution. The excitation is 254 nm, and the the concentrations for OA-capped and ligand-free nanocrystals in PDMS are 21.9 mg/mL and 20.0 mg/mL, respectively.



**Figure S19.** Time-dependent photoluminescence measurement of  ${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{5}$  transition of Tb<sup>3+</sup> for NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: 5 mol% Tb, 15 mol% Ce nanocrystals with OA-capped (black) or ligand-free (red) surface. The lifetimes for OA-capped and ligand-free nanocrystals are calculated to be 2.02 and 2.52 ms, respectively.



**Figure S20.** The emission spectra of NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: 2 mol% Er, 20 mol% Yb nanocrystals with the surface being OA-capped (black line) or ligand-free (red line). The concentrations for OA-capped and ligand-free nanocrystals in PDMS are 23.3 and 20.0 mg/mL, respectively.



**Figure S21.** Time-dependent photoluminescence measurement of  ${}^{4}I_{13/2} \rightarrow {}^{4}I_{15/2}$  transition of NaGdF<sub>4</sub>: 2 mol% Er, 20 mol% Yb nanocrystals with OA-capped (black) or ligand-free (red) surface. The lifetimes for OA-capped and ligand-free nanocrystals are calculated to be 0.60 and 0.35 ms, respectively.