

Supporting Information

Asymmetric Trifluoromethylthiolation of Azlactones under Chiral Phase Transfer Catalysis

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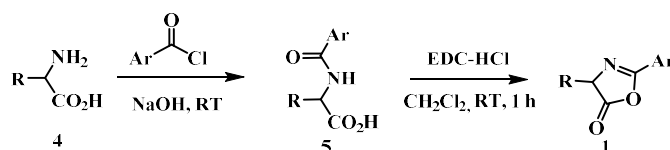
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General information

All chemicals and solvents were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. *N*-(trifluoromethylthio)phthalimide **2** was prepared according the reported procedure.¹ Catalysts **I-XXV**, **XXVIII-XXX**² and catalysts **XXVI**, **XXVII**³ were prepared following the general procedure described in the literature.² Reactions were monitored by analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) on precoated silica gel plates (0.25 mm) and visualized by UV light. Flash chromatography was performed on Silica Gel 60 (particle size: 0.040–0.063 mm). ¹H-, ¹³C- and ¹⁹F- NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance III 300 MHz spectrometer and a Bruker Avance-400 spectrometer at room temperature in CDCl₃. All NMR spectra were referenced to residual CHCl₃ (7.26 ppm, ¹H; 77.16 ppm, ¹³C). The following abbreviations are used to indicate the multiplicity in NMR spectra: s = singlet; d = doublet; dd = double doublet; t = triplet; q = quartet; m = multiplet. Coupling constants (*J*) are quoted in Hertz. Optical rotations were measured on a Perkin-Elmer 241 MC Polarimeter in 10 cm path length cells and are reported as follows: $[\alpha]_D^T = (c \text{ in g/100 mL, solvent})$. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were acquired using an *Agilent Technologies 6120 Quadrupole LC/MS*, and *MassWorks* software ver. 4.0.0.0 (Cerno Bioscience) was used for the formula identification. *MassWorks* is a MS calibration software which calibrates for isotope profile as well as for mass accuracy allowing highly accurate comparisons between calibrated and theoretical spectra. The samples were ionized in positive ion mode using a ESI ion source. Enantiomeric ratios were determined by chiral HPLC or by Supercritical Fluid Chromatography (SFC) using CHIRALPAK® AS-H (250 x 4.6 mm, 5 μm) and IB (250 x 4.6 mm, 5 μm) columns.

Synthesis azlactones 1a-o

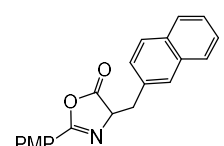
The azlactones **1a-o** were prepared in two steps, slightly modifying synthetic procedures reported in the literature.



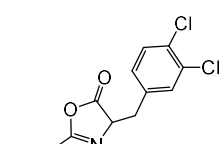
STEP 1.⁴ To a solution of amino acid **4** (1.0 eq., 15.0 mmol) in 2 M NaOH aqueous solution (18 ml), aroyl chloride was added (1.0 eq., 15.0 mmol). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until complete homogenization and then acidified to pH 2 by adding 1 M HCl aqueous solution. After 2 hours, the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 ml) and the combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue **5** was used in the next step without further purification.

STEP 2.⁵ *N*-aroyl amino acid **5** (1 eq., 15 mmol) and EDC (1.3 eq., 19.5 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous CH₂Cl₂ (50 ml) under nitrogen atmosphere. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The mixture was diluted with additional 50 ml of CH₂Cl₂ and washed with water (2 x 50 ml) and brine solution (30 ml). Then, the organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. In all cases products were obtained in a form suitable for use without further purification.

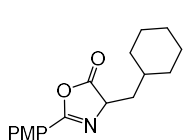
The characterization data of the compound **1a-e**, **1g**, **1h**, **1j-l** and **1n-o** matched those previously reported.⁶ Characterization data of unknown azlactones **1f**, **1i** and **1m** are reported below.



2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(naphthalen-2-ylmethyl)oxazol-5(4H)-one (1f): Obtained as a yellow solid (4.6 g, 92% yield), mp 116-117 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.83–7.71 (m, 4H), 7.51–7.37 (m, 3H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.75 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.53 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.9, 163.2, 161.5, 133.4, 133.3, 132.6, 129.8, 128.4, 128.0, 127.8, 127.8, 127.7, 126.1, 125.8, 118.1, 114.2, 66.6, 55.4, 37.6. HRMS (ESI) [*M* + *H*⁺] calcd for C₂₁H₁₈NO₃⁺ 332.1281, found 332.1286.



4-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)oxazol-5(4H)-one (1i): Obtained as a yellow solid (4.6 g, 90% yield), mp 108-109 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.60 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.28 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.07 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 6.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.3, 163.4, 161.8, 135.8, 132.3, 131.6, 131.3, 130.3, 129.8, 129.0, 117.7, 114.3, 65.9, 55.5, 36.4. HRMS (ESI) [*M* + *H*⁺] calcd for C₁₇H₁₄Cl₂NO₃⁺ 350.0345, found 350.0349.



4-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)oxazol-5(4H)-one (1m): Obtained as a white solid (3.6 g, 84% yield), mp 115-114 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.41 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 1.93 – 1.54 (m, 8H), 1.39–1.10 (m, 3H), 1.07–0.85 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 179.3, 163.1, 161.2, 129.8, 118.3, 114.2, 63.2, 55.5, 39.6, 34.3, 33.5, 32.7, 26.4, 26.1, 26.0. HRMS (ESI) [*M* + *H*⁺] calcd for C₁₇H₁₂NO₃⁺ 288.1594, found 288.1591.

Typical procedure for the synthesis of racemic compound 3e

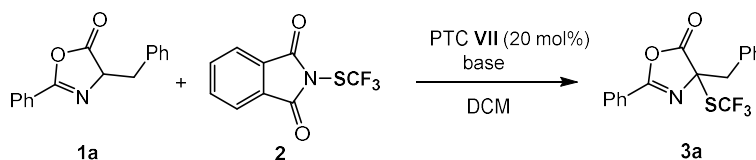
In a 4 ml vial, to a mixture of azlactone **1e** (1.0 eq., 0.10 mmol, 28.1 mg), *N*-(trifluoromethylthio)phthalimide **2** (1.2 eq., 0.12 mmol, 29.7 mg), TBAB (0.20 eq., 0.02 mmol, 6.4 mg), and K₃PO₄ (0.1 eq., 0.01 mmol, 2.1 mg) dichloromethane (1.0 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at -20 °C. Then, the mixture was filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified by chromatography (10 g silica gel cyclohexane-ethyl acetate, 99/1 to 80/20) to afford the desired product **3e** (30.5 mg, 80 % yield) as a white solid.

General procedure for the enantioselective trifluoromethylthiolation of azlactones

In a 4 ml vial, to a mixture of the selected azlactone (1.0 eq., 0.10 mmol), *N*-(trifluoromethylthio)phthalimide **2** (1.2 eq., 0.12 mmol, 29.7 mg), catalyst **VIII** (0.20 eq., 0.02 mmol, 12.6 mg), and K₃PO₄ (0.1 eq., 0.01 mmol, 2.1 mg) dichloromethane (1.0 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for the indicated time at -20 °C. Then, the mixture was filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude residue was purified by chromatography (10 g silica gel cyclohexane-ethyl acetate, 99/1 to 80/20) to afford the corresponding product.

Optimization of reaction conditions

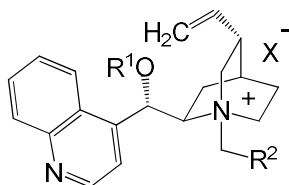
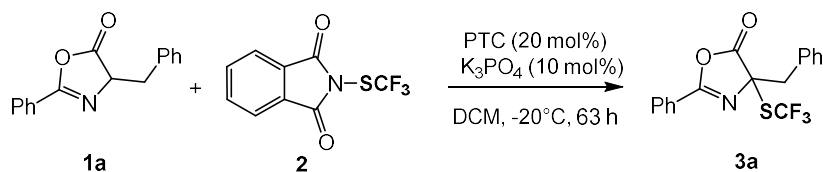
Base screening of asymmetric trifluoromethylthiolation of 1a



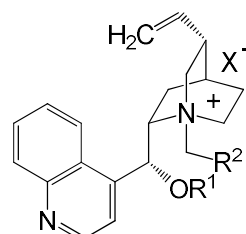
entry	Base	T (°C)	t (h)	yield (%) ^a	er ^b
1	K ₃ PO ₄ (aq.) 10%	RT	16	28	64:36
2	K ₃ PO ₄ (s) 5.0 eq.	RT	1	42	57:43
3	K ₃ PO ₄ (s) 5.0 eq.	0	2	45	59:41
4	K ₃ PO ₄ (s) 0.1 eq.	RT	5	64	65:35
5	K ₃ PO ₄ (s) 0.1 eq.	-20	65	74	72:28
6	K ₃ PO ₄ (s) 0.1 eq.	-40	65	35	62:38

^a Isolated yield. ^b Determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase.

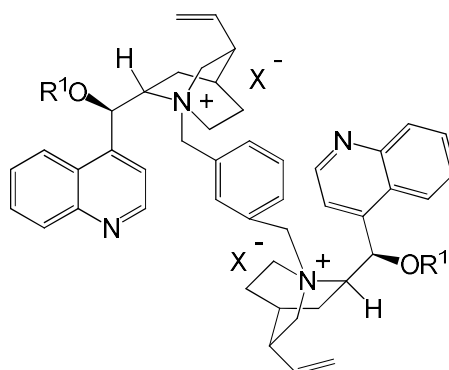
Catalyst screening for asymmetric trifluoromethylthiolation of 1a



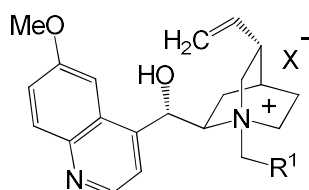
- I** R¹= allyl; R²= Ph; X= Br **3a**: 80%y; 51:49er
II R¹= benzyl; R²= Ph; X= Br **3a**: 86%y; 52:48er
III R¹= 1-adamantyl; R²= Ph; X= Br **3a**: 72%y; 51:49er
IV R¹= H; R²= Ph; X= Br **3a**: 91%y; 72:28er
V R¹= H; R²= 4-OMe-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 78%y; 53:47er
VI R¹= H; R²= 4-NO₂-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 57%y; 77:23er
VII R¹= H; R²= 3,5-(CF₃)₂-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 74%y; 72:28er
IX R¹= H; R²= 4-Cl-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 57%y; 75:25er
X R¹= H; R²= 4-F-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 73%y; 75:25er
XI R¹= H; R²= 4-CF₃-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 97%y; 76:24er
XII R¹= H; R²= 4-*t*-Bu-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 63%y; 68:32er
XIII R¹= H; R²= 2-CF₃-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 47%y; 57:43er
XIV R¹= H; R²= 2-NO-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 57%y; 55:45er
XV R¹= H; R²= 2-OMe-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 94%y; 63:37er
XVI R¹= H; R²= 2-CN-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 69%y; 56:44er
XVII R¹= H; R²= 2,3-(F)₂-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 59%y; 70:30er
XVIII R¹= H; R²= 3,4,5-(F)₃-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 63%y; 78:22er
XIX R¹= H; R²= 2,3,4,5,6-(F)₅-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 80%y; 72:28er
XX R¹= H; R²= 2,3,5,6-(F)₄-4-CF₃-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 80%y; 73:27er
XXI R¹= H; R²= 9-anthracenyl; X= Br **3a**: 27%y; 76:24er



- XXII** R¹=H; R²= Ph; X= Cl **3a**: 70%y; 58:42er
XXIII R¹=Ph; R²= Ph; X= Br **3a**: 72%y; 50:50er
XXIV R¹=Ph; R²= 2,3,4-(F)₃-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 88%y; 55:45er
XXV R¹=H; R²= 9-anthracenyl; X= Cl **3a**: 69%y; 65:35er

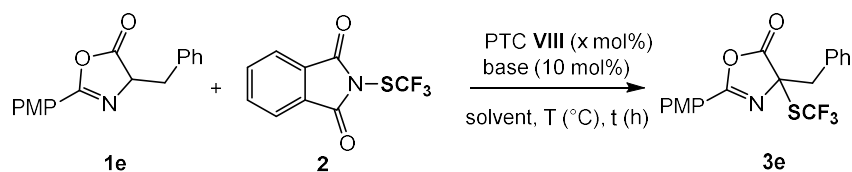


- XXVI** R¹= H; X= Br **3a**: 46%y; 62:38er
XXVII R¹= Bn; X= Br **3a**: 85%y; 60:40er



- VIII** R¹= 3,5-(CF₃)₂-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 49%y; 82:18er
XXVIII R¹= 4-NO₂-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 44%y; 78:22er
XXIX R¹= 2,3,4-(F)₃-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 46%y; 70:30er
XXX R¹= 3,4,5-(F)₃-Ph; X= Br **3a**: 34%y; 80:20er

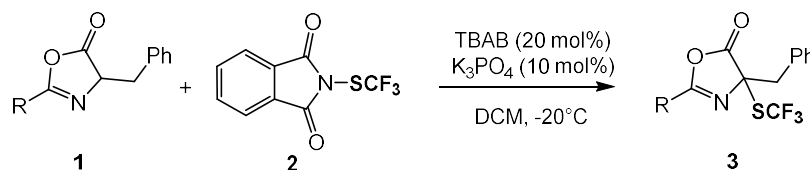
Screening of reaction conditions for asymmetric trifluoromethylthiolation of 1e



entry	Base	solvent	(x mol%)	T (°C)	t (h)	yield (%) ^a	er ^b
1	K ₃ PO ₄	DCM	20	-20	1	84	94:6
2 ^c	K ₃ PO ₄	DCM	20	-20	4	89	75:25
3	K ₂ CO ₃	DCM	20	-20	1	80	83:17
4	CS ₂ CO ₃	DCM	20	-20	1	79	86:14
5	NaHCO ₃	DCM	20	-20	1	83	88:12
6	KF	DCM	20	-20	1	82	90:10
7	K-Phthalimide	DCM	20	-20	2	83	80:20
8	K ₃ PO ₄	CHCl ₃	20	-20	6	83	83:17
9	K ₃ PO ₄	Et ₂ O	20	-20	2	87	76:24
10	K ₃ PO ₄	THF	20	-20	1	85	67:33
11	K ₃ PO ₄	DCE	20	-20	3	88	72:28
12	K ₃ PO ₄	toluene	20	-20	6	88	83:17
13	K ₃ PO ₄	DCM	10	-20	1	86	90:10
14	K ₃ PO ₄	DCM	5	-20	1	87	89:11
15	K ₃ PO ₄	DCM	2	-20	1	89	86:14
16	K ₃ PO ₄	DCM	20	-40	3	82	91:9
17	K ₃ PO ₄	DCM	20	-70	6	85	87:13

^a Isolated yield. ^b Determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase. ^c Reaction performed with 5 mol% of K₃PO₄.

Trifluoromethylthiolation of azlactones 1a-e promoted by TBAB



entry	R	t (h)	yield (%) ^a
1	4-CN(C ₆ H ₄)	168	Degradation
2	4-CF ₃ (C ₆ H ₄)	168	Degradation
3	C ₆ H ₅	96	47
4	4-Cl(C ₆ H ₄)	19	60
5	4-OMe(C ₆ H ₄)	1	80

^a Isolated yield.

Experimental and theoretical circular dichroism spectra of compound 3k

Electronic Circular Dichroism (CD) spectra were experimentally obtained at 25°C on a Jasco-815 CDspectrometer including a Jasco Peltier ETCT-762 temperature controller. Measurements were performed using quartz cuvettes (1cm), ($c = 5.2E-5$ in DCM spectroscopic grade). The CD spectra were also simulated by means of density functional (DFT) simulations. To this we optimized the geometry of compound 3k at the CAM-B3LYP/cc-pVTZ level of theory, i.e. with the long-range-corrected version of B3LYP using the attenuating method⁷. Solvent effects (dichloromethane) were included within the Polarizable Continuum Model (PCM) using the integral equation formalism variant (IEFPCM)⁸. The same method was used to compute the CD spectra⁹ within the time-dependent density functional theory (TDDFT)¹⁰. Figure S1 represents the experimental CD spectra of **3k** and the simulated one for both enantiomers, allowing to disentangle the chirality easily with the first two bands (transitions observed between 300 and 250 nm).

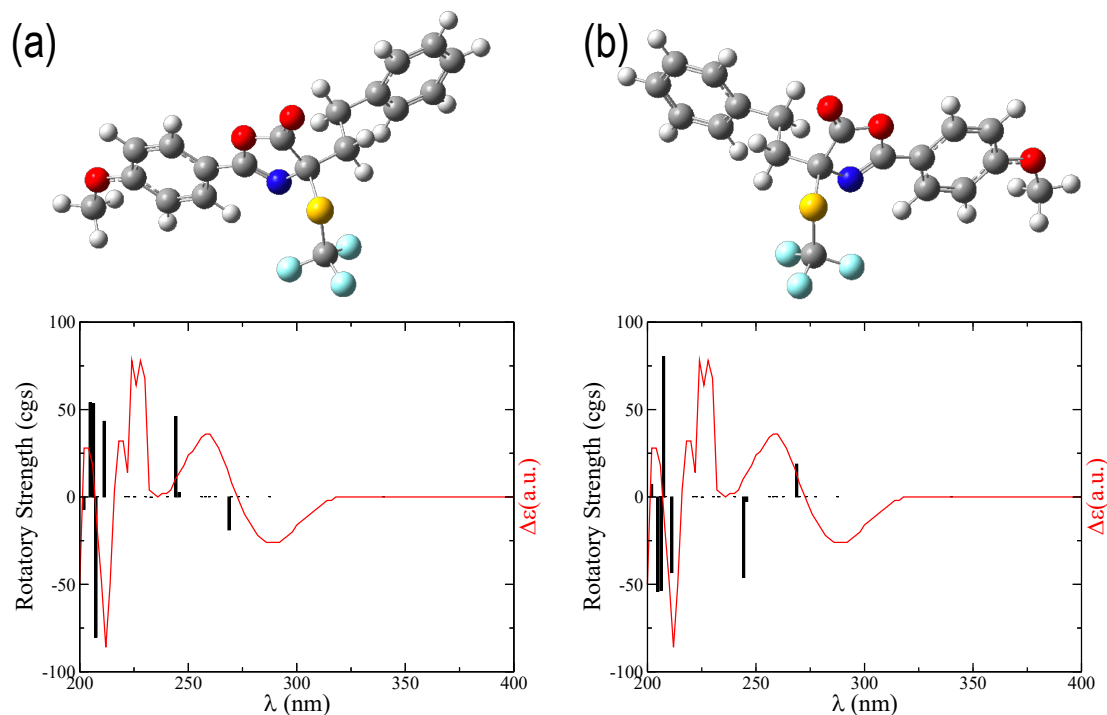


Figure S1. Experimentally measured CD spectra of compound **3k** (red curve) and simulation for both enantiomers (black bars). We can conclude that the measured spectra correspond to the left one, i.e. the **3k R** enantiomer.

DFT calculations

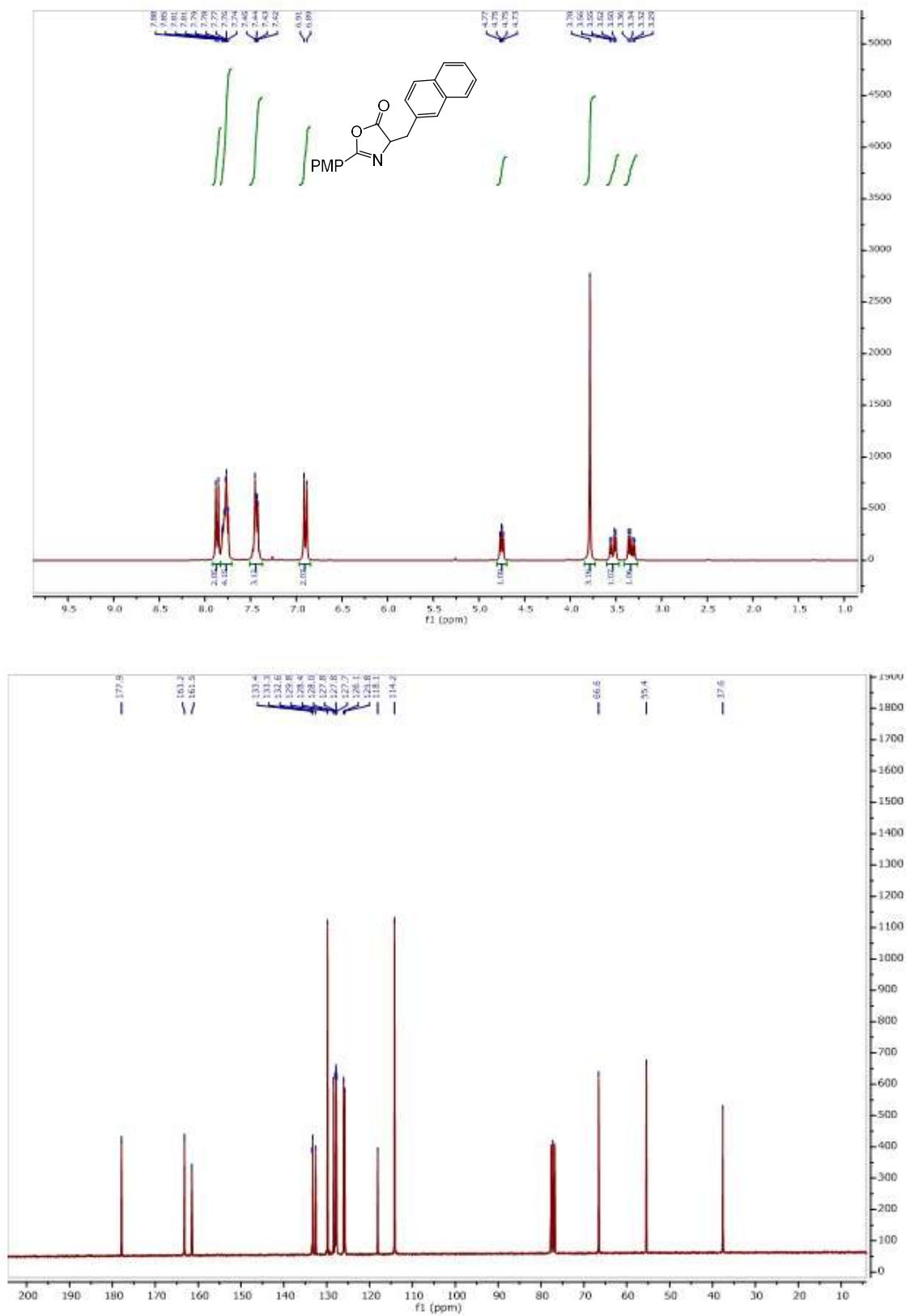
The density functional theory (DFT) calculations were performed using the M062x functional¹¹, specially developed to correctly reproduce non-covalent interactions, in combination with the 6-31++G(d,p) basis set, which includes both polarization and diffusion functions. Solvent effects (dichloromethane) were included within the Polarizable Continuum Model (PCM) using the integral equation formalism variant (IEFPCM)⁸. Atomic charges were computed within a Natural Bond Orbital analysis, using NBO version 3¹².

References

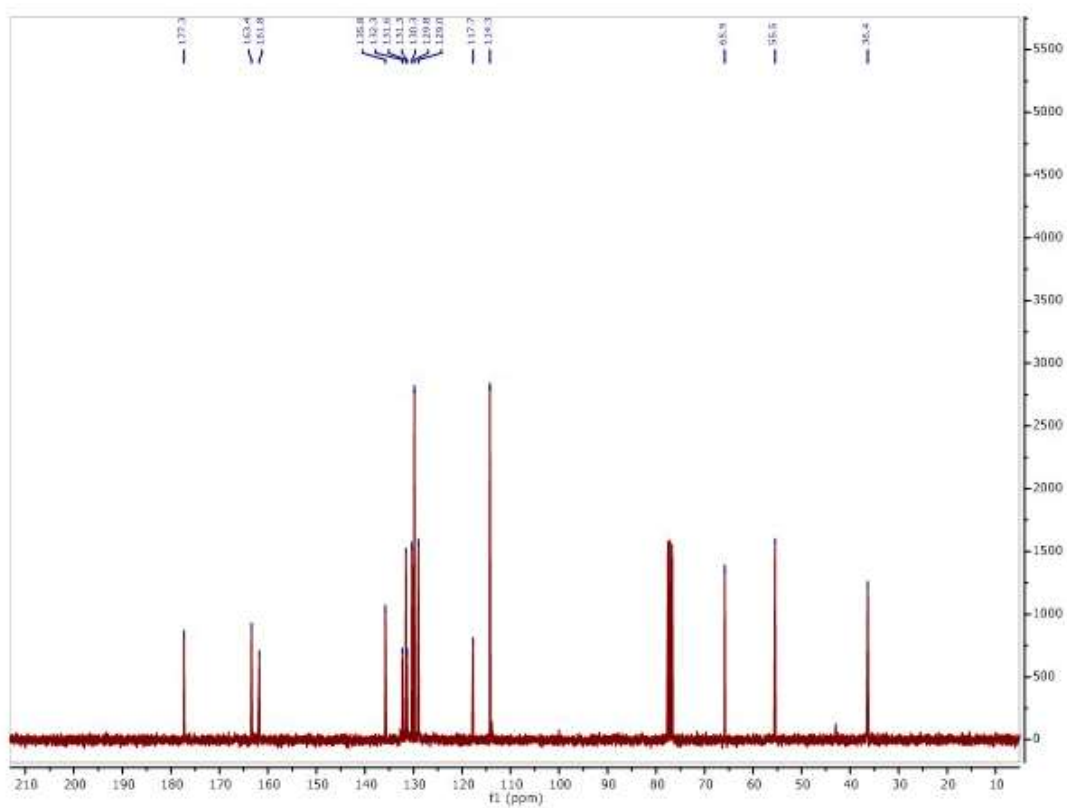
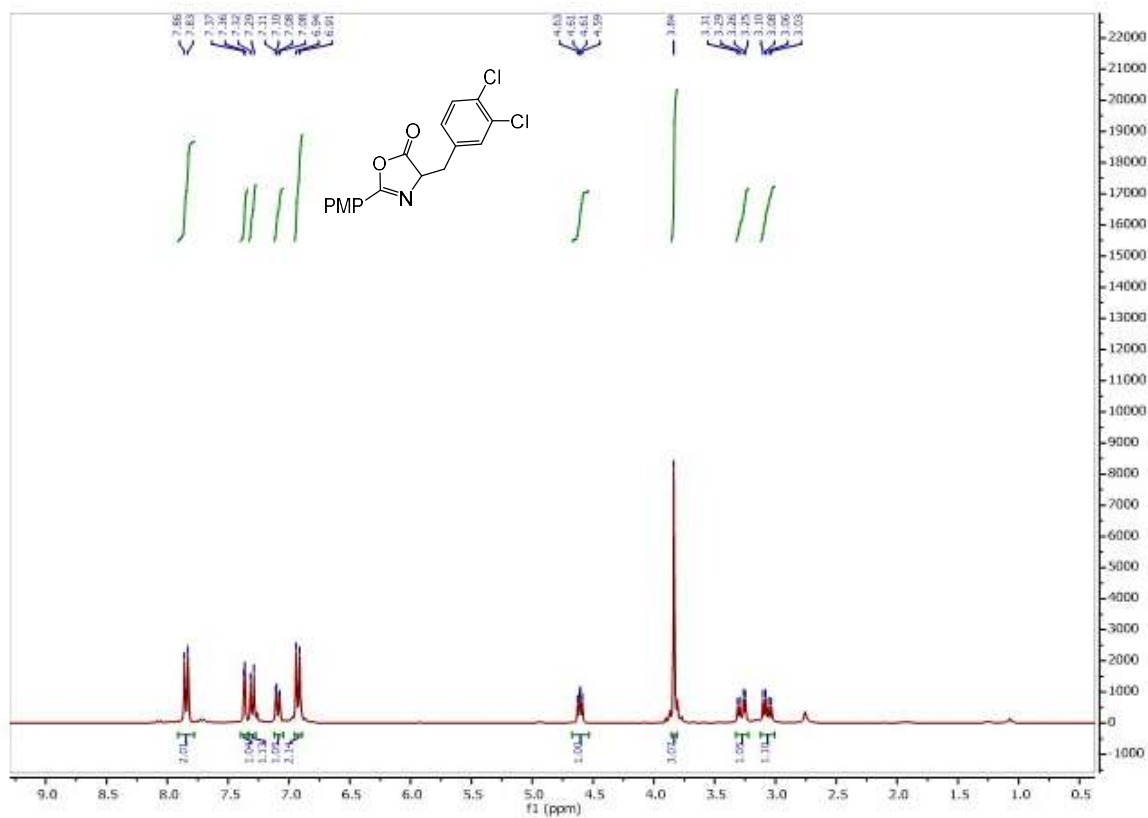
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NMR Spectra

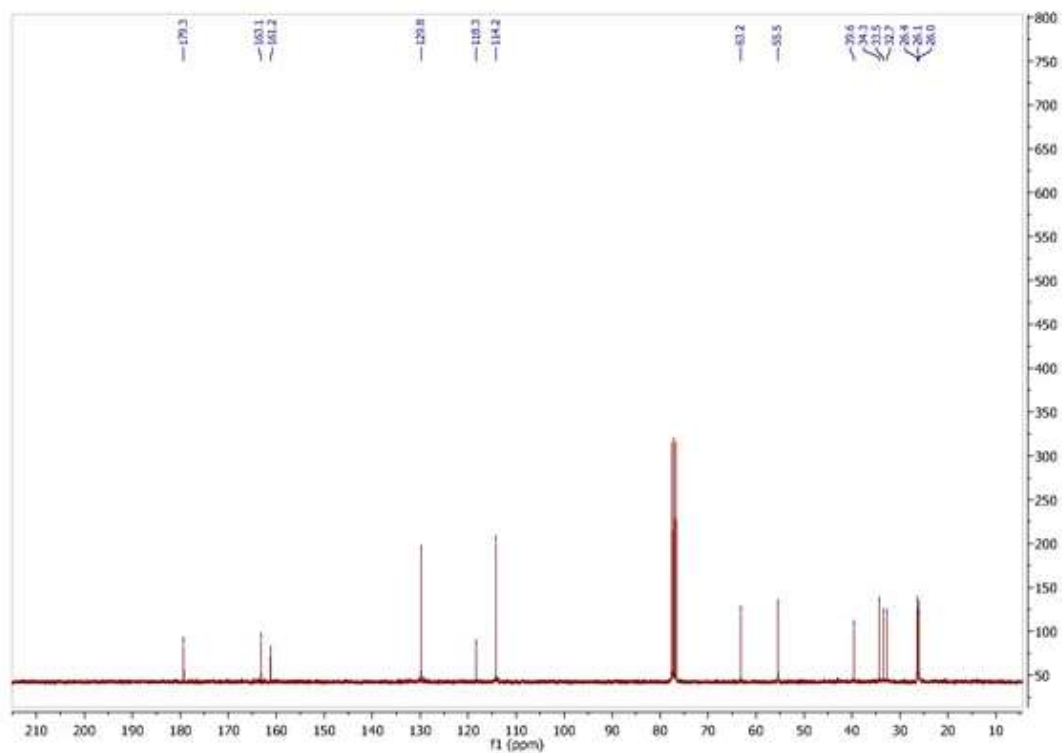
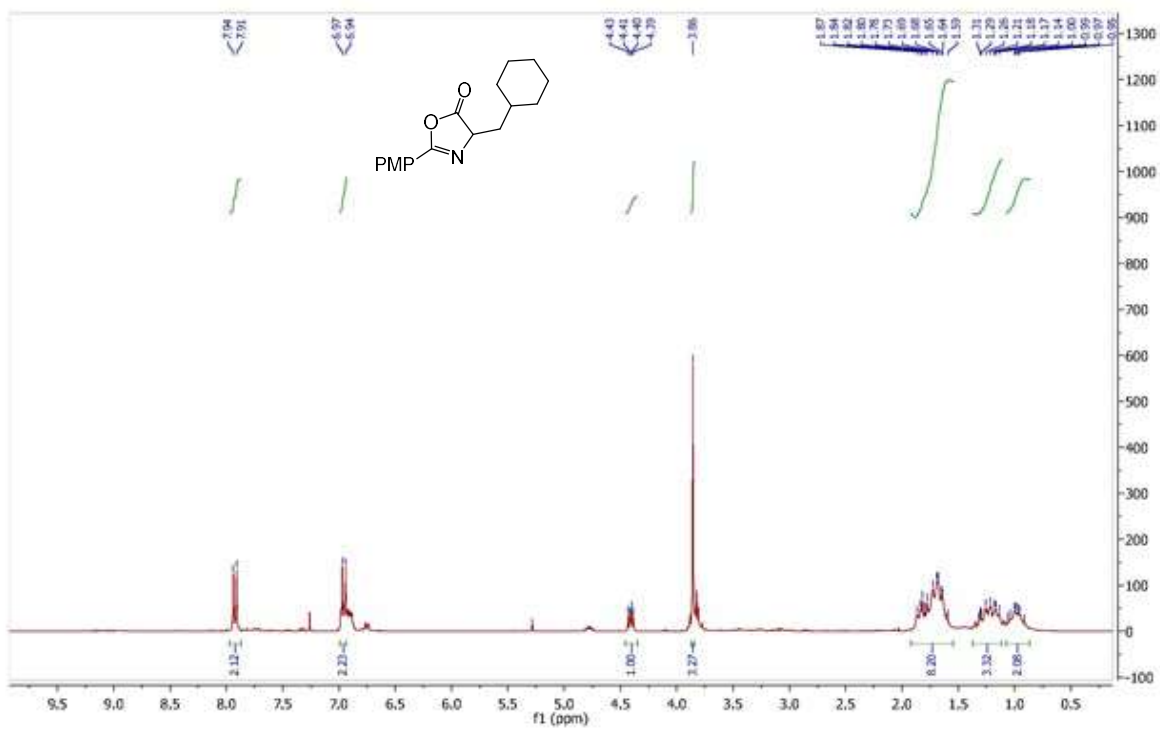
2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(naphthalen-2-ylmethyl)oxazol-5(4H)-one (1f)



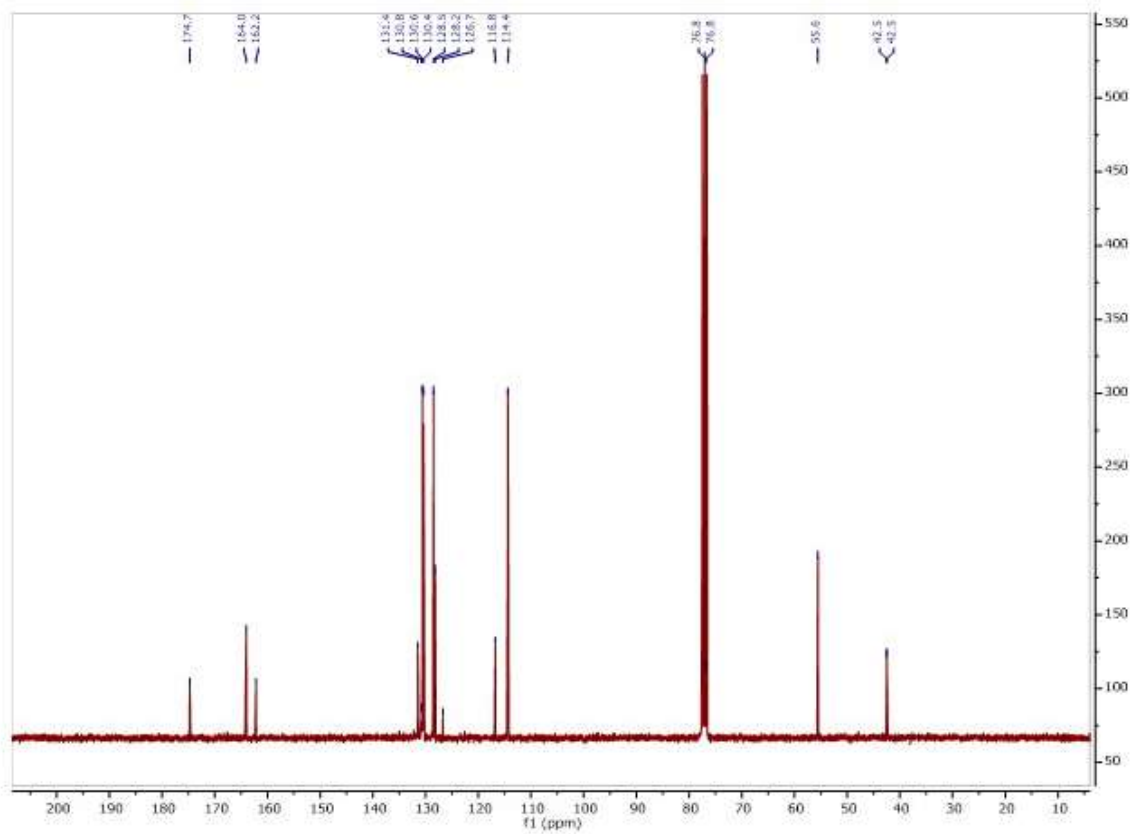
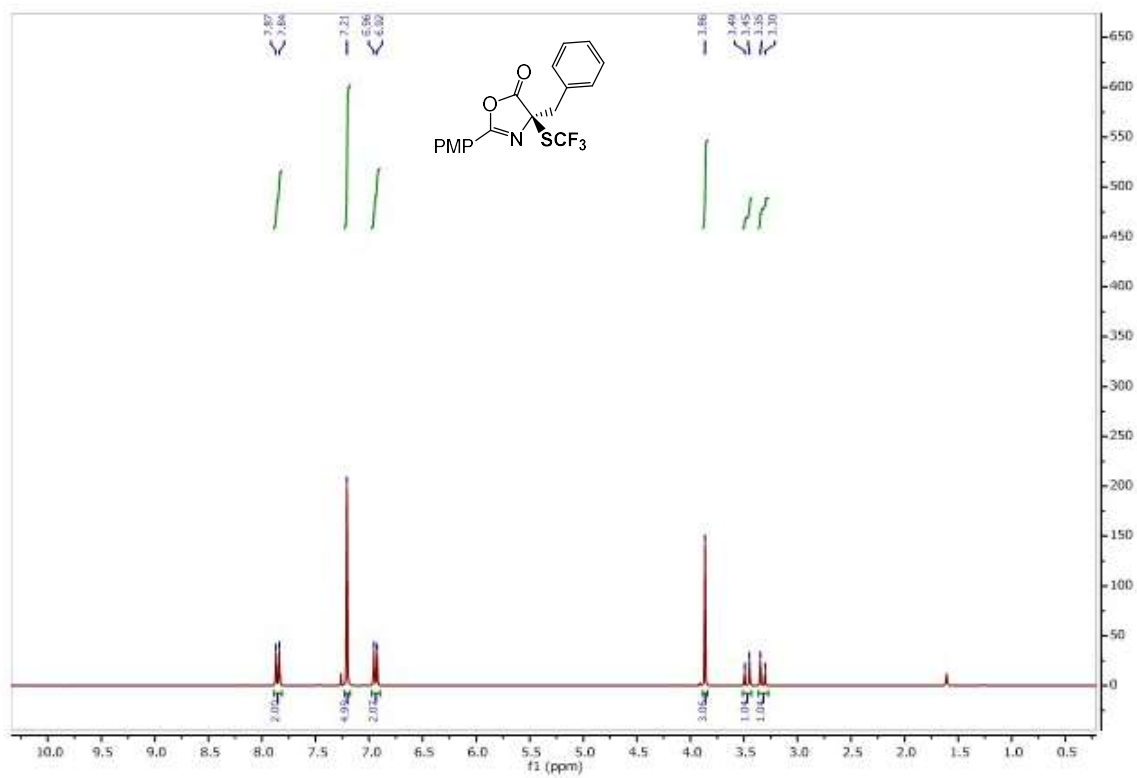
4-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)oxazol-5(4H)-one (1i)

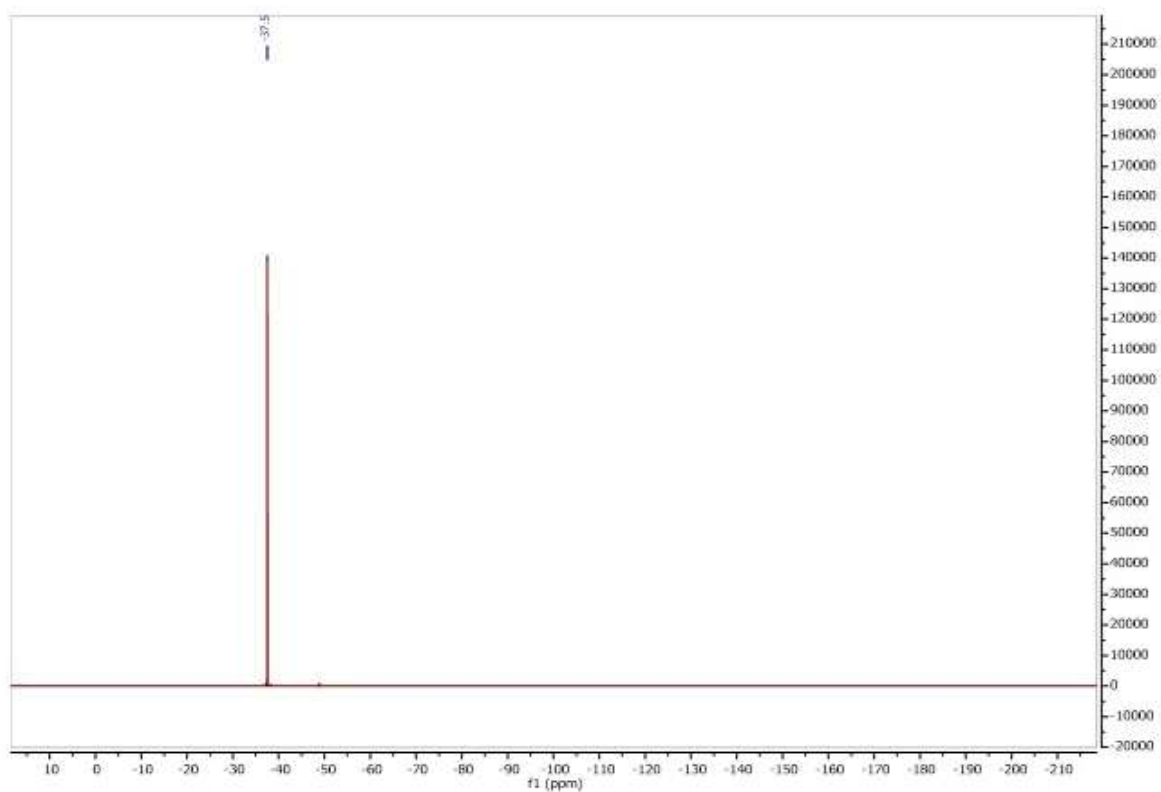


4-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)oxazol-5(4H)-one (1m)

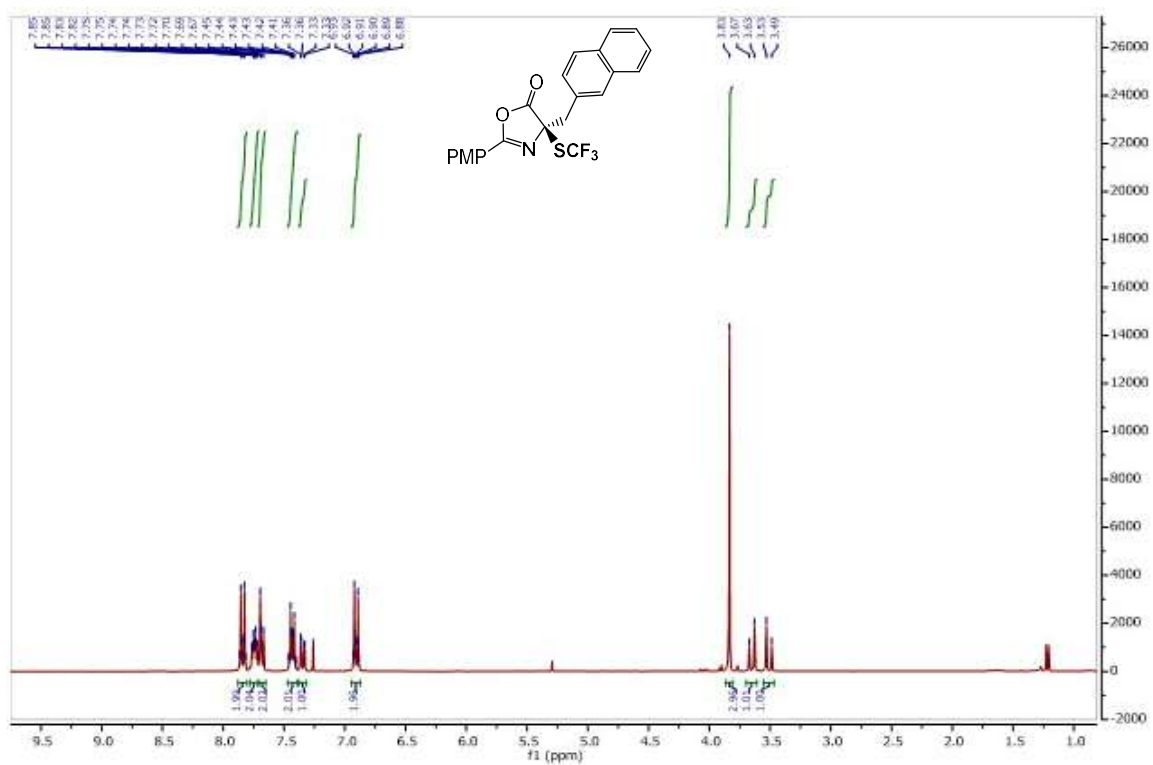


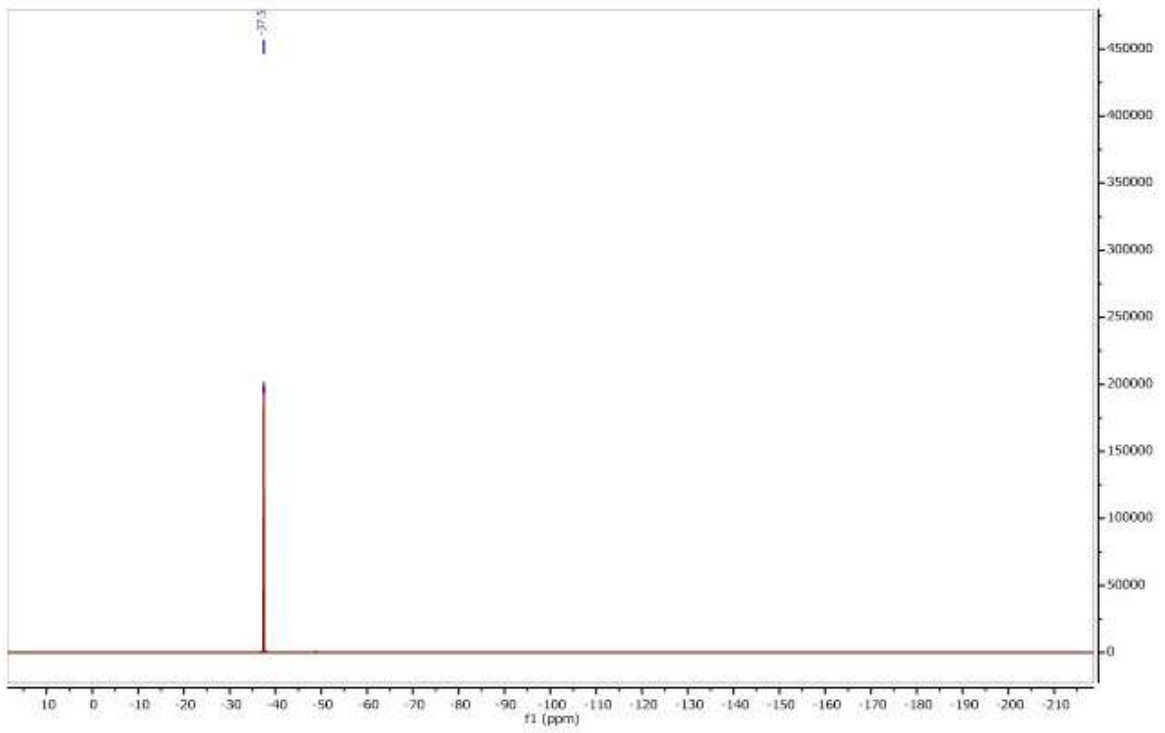
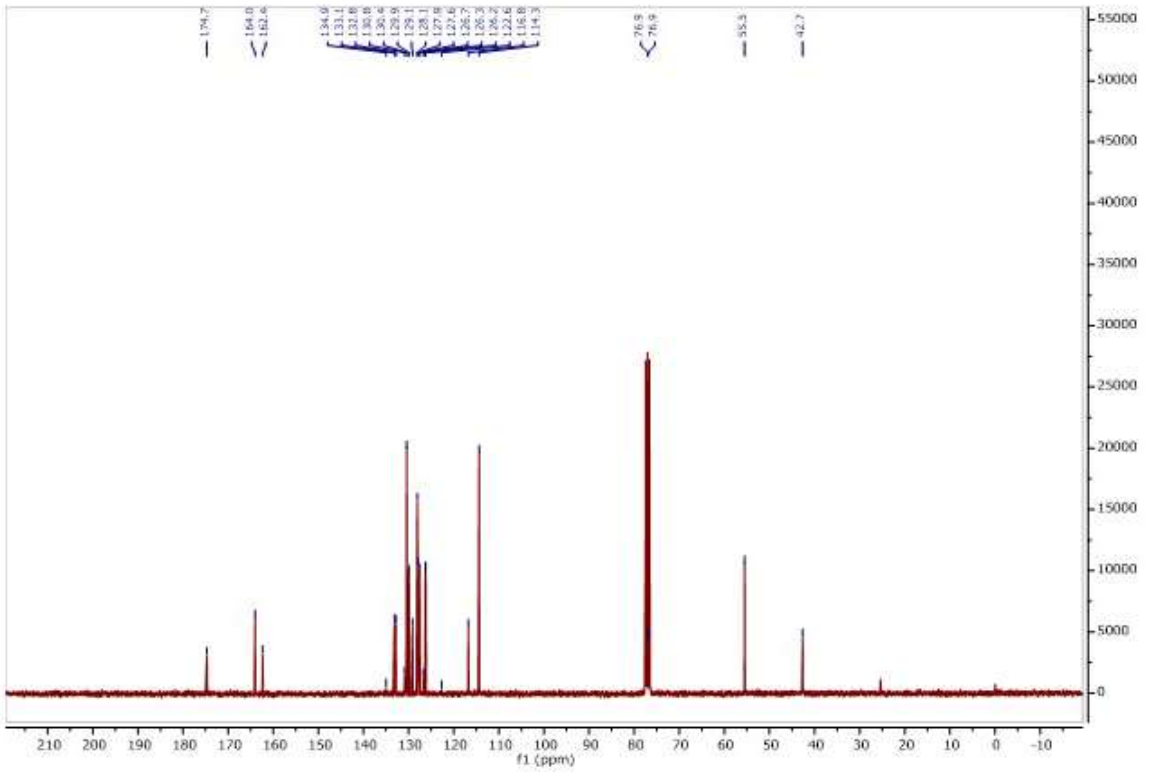
4-benzyl-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)thiooxazol-5(4H)-one (3e)



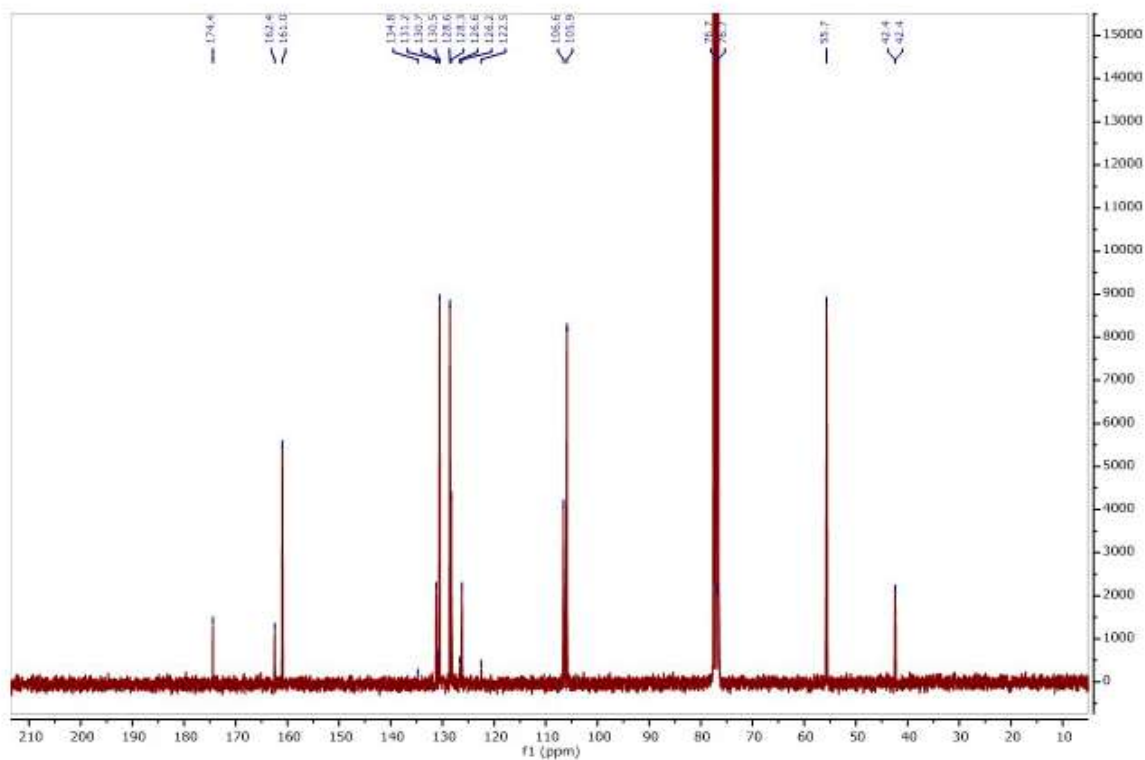
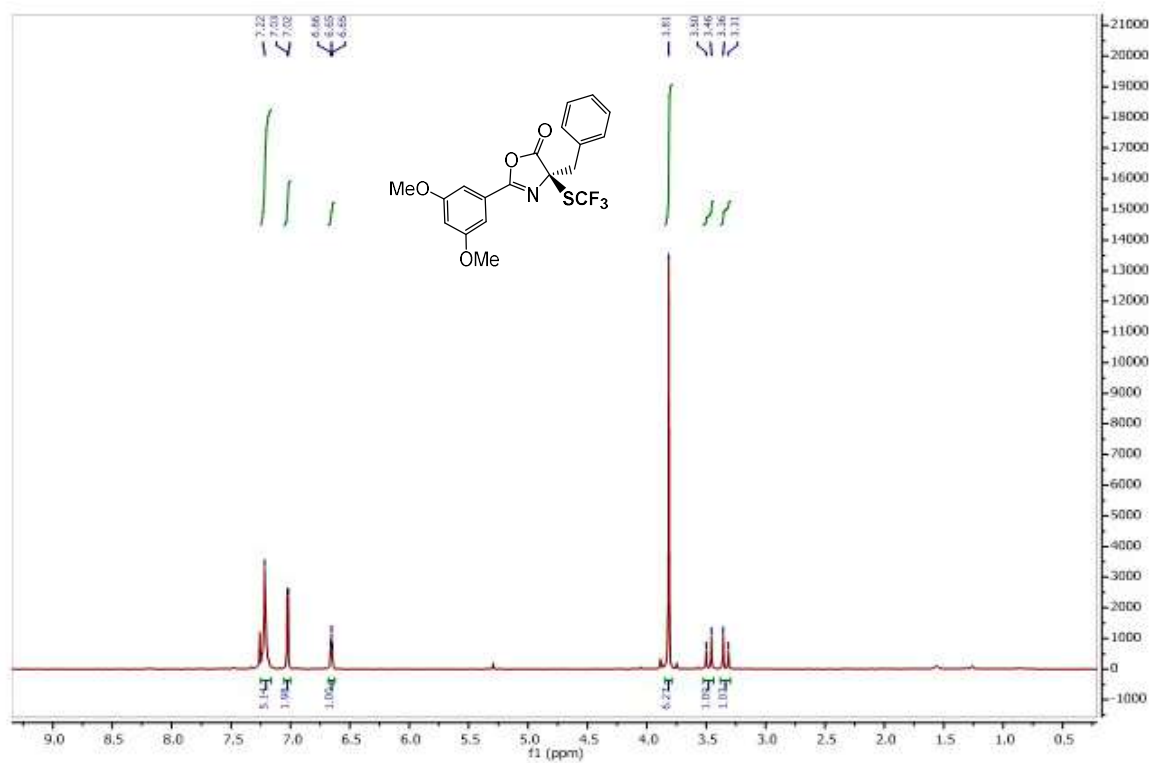


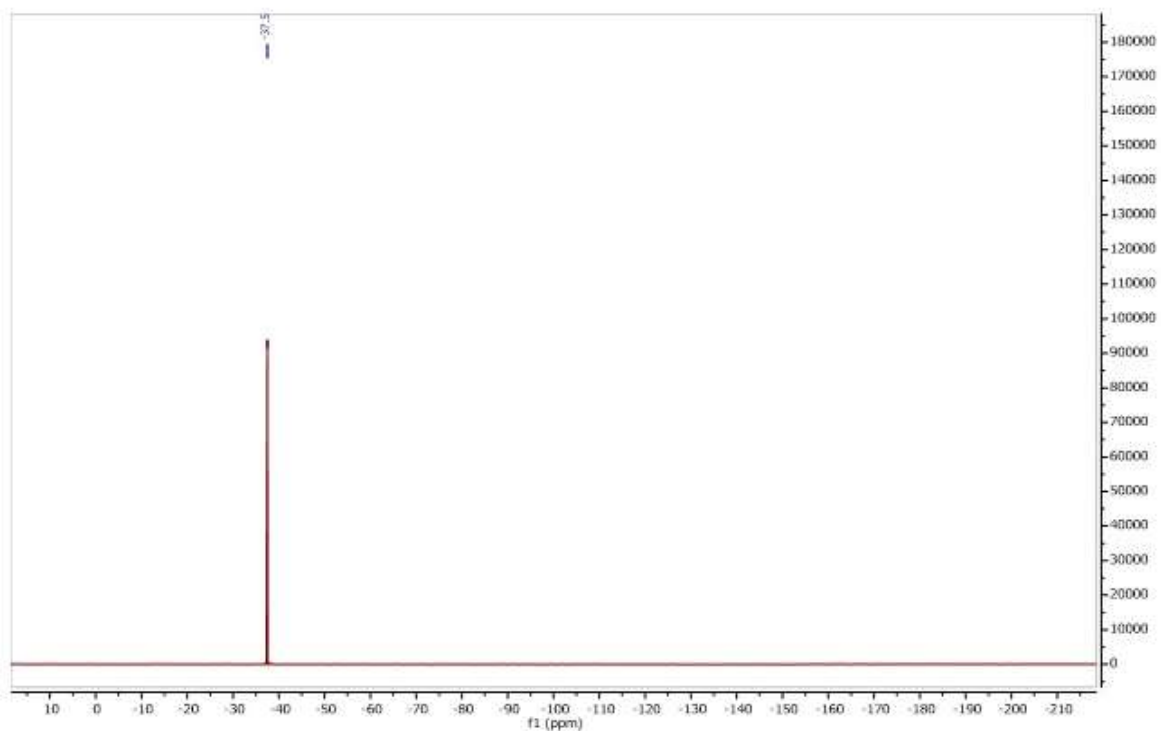
2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(naphthalen-2-ylmethyl)-4-((trifluoromethyl)-thio)oxazol-5(4H)-one (3f)



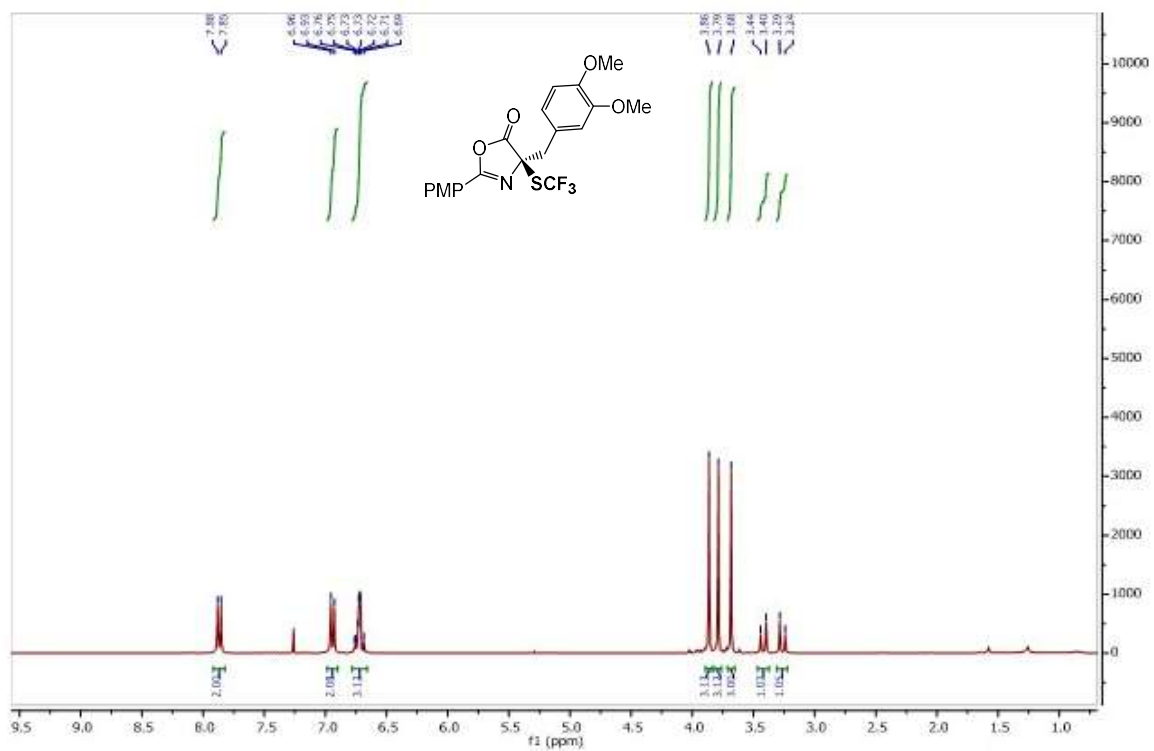


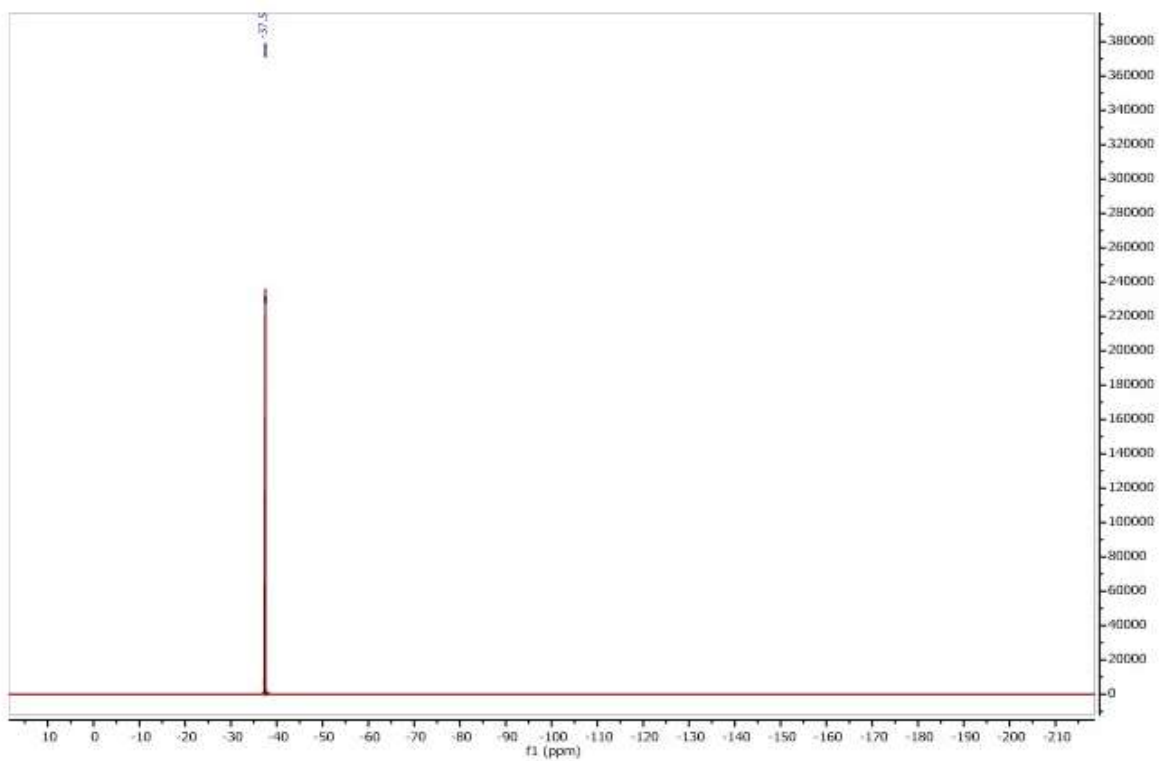
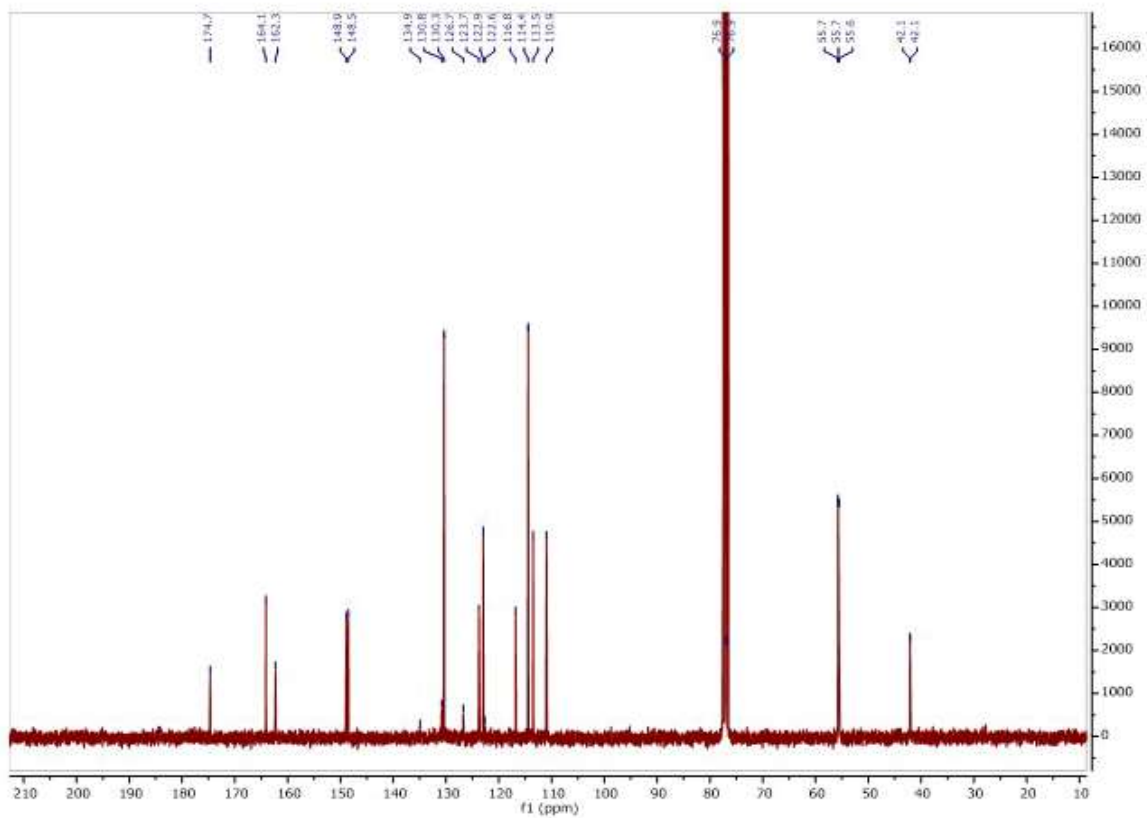
4-benzyl-2-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-4-((trifluoromethyl)thio)oxazol-5(4H)-one (3g)



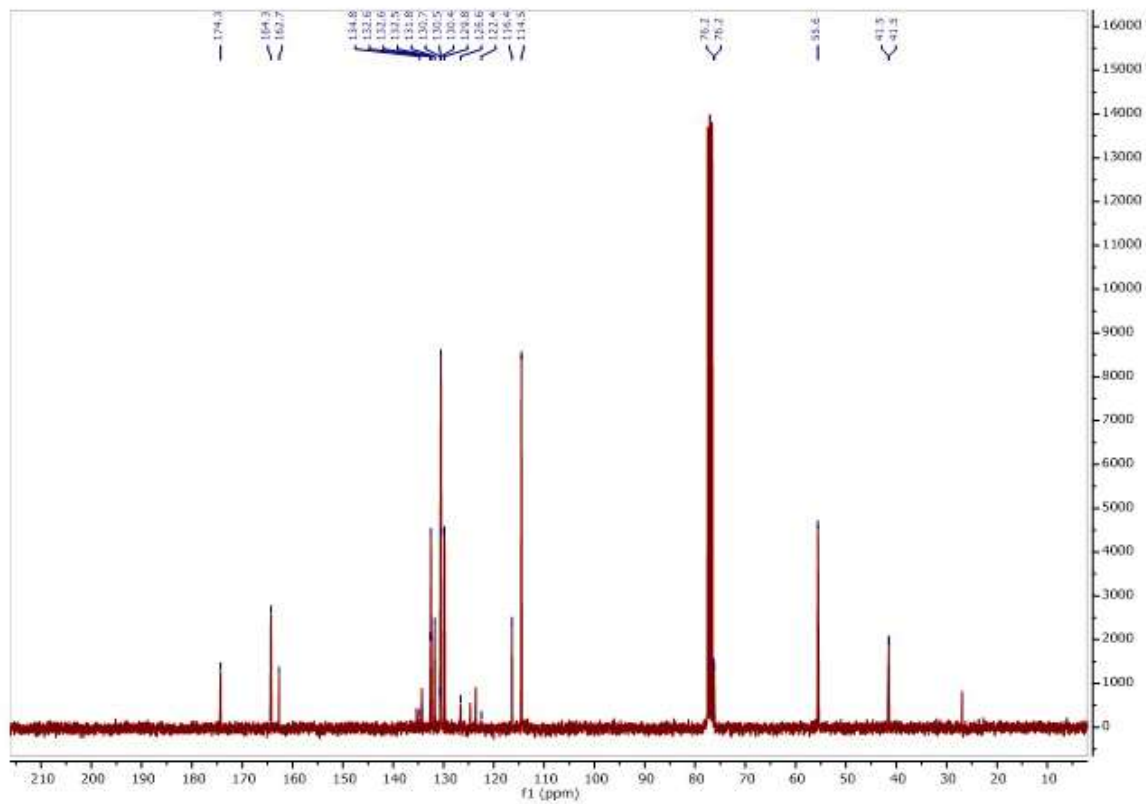
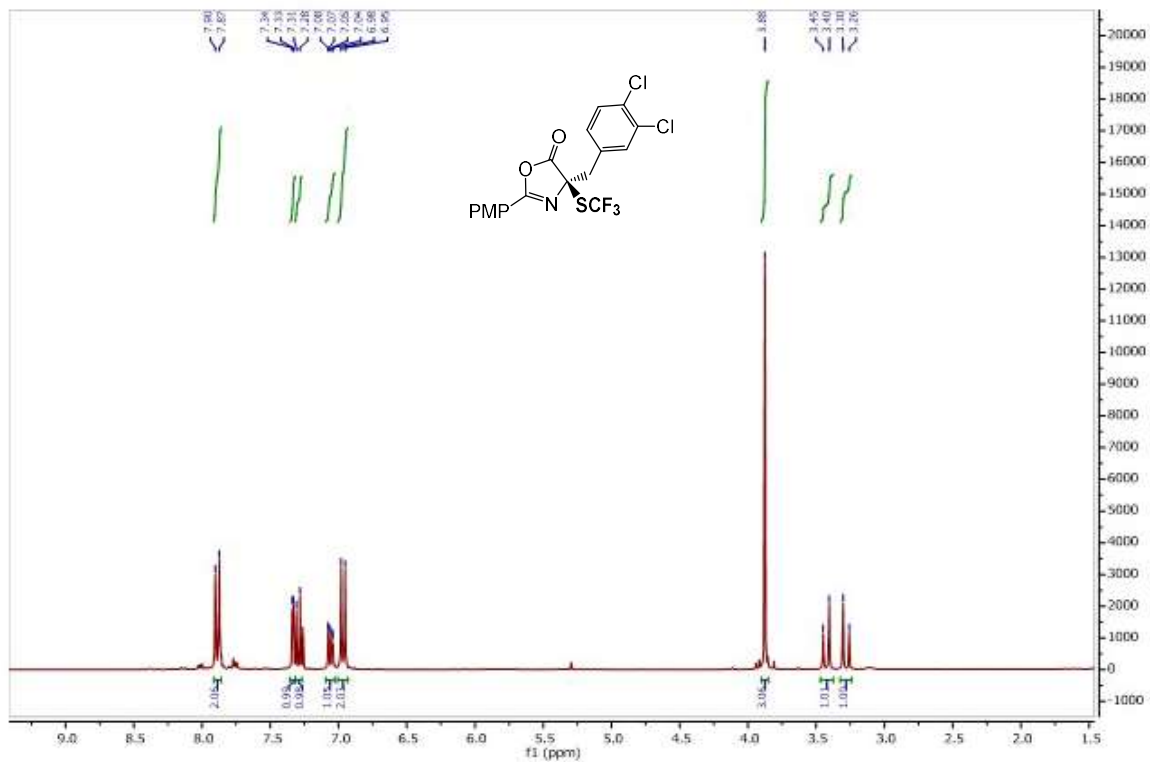


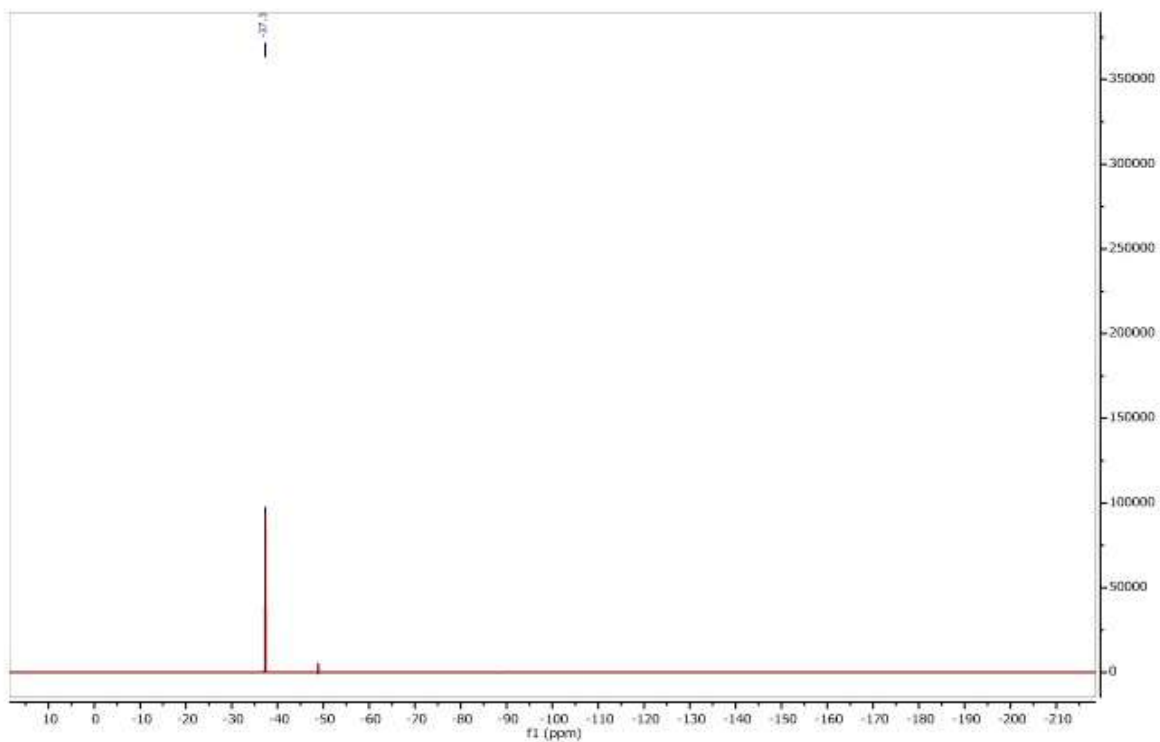
4-(3,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-((trifluoromethyl)thio)oxazol-5(4H)-one (3h)



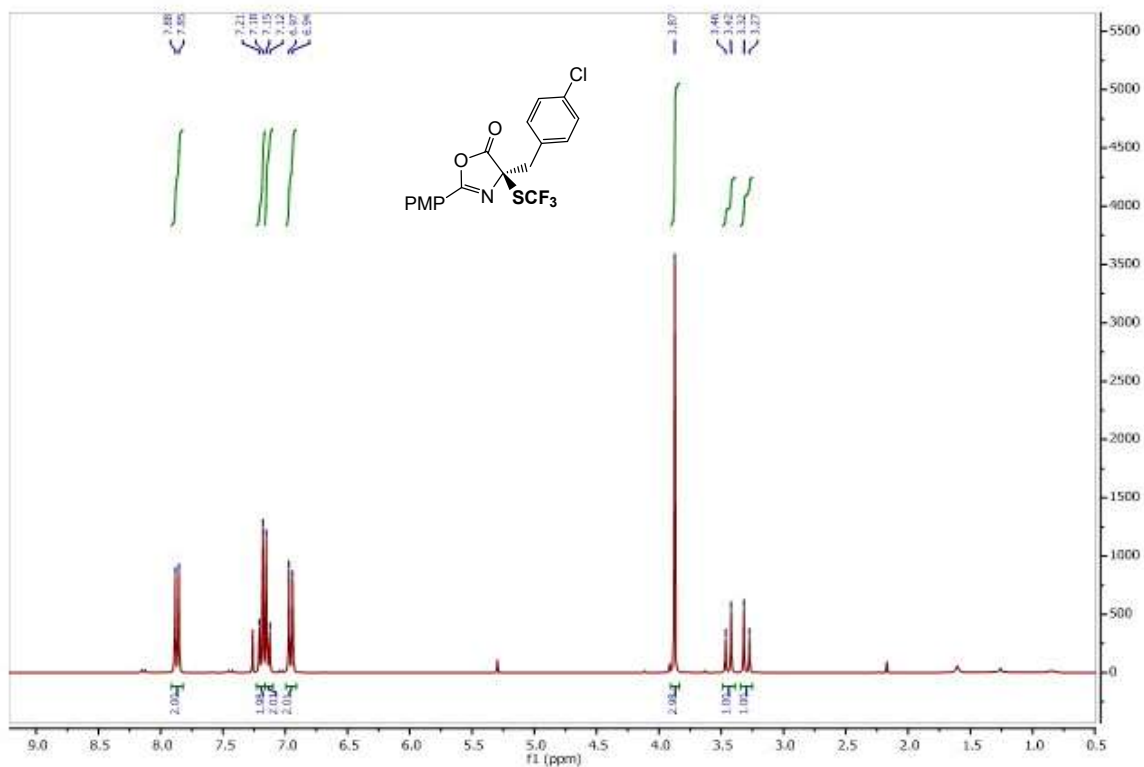


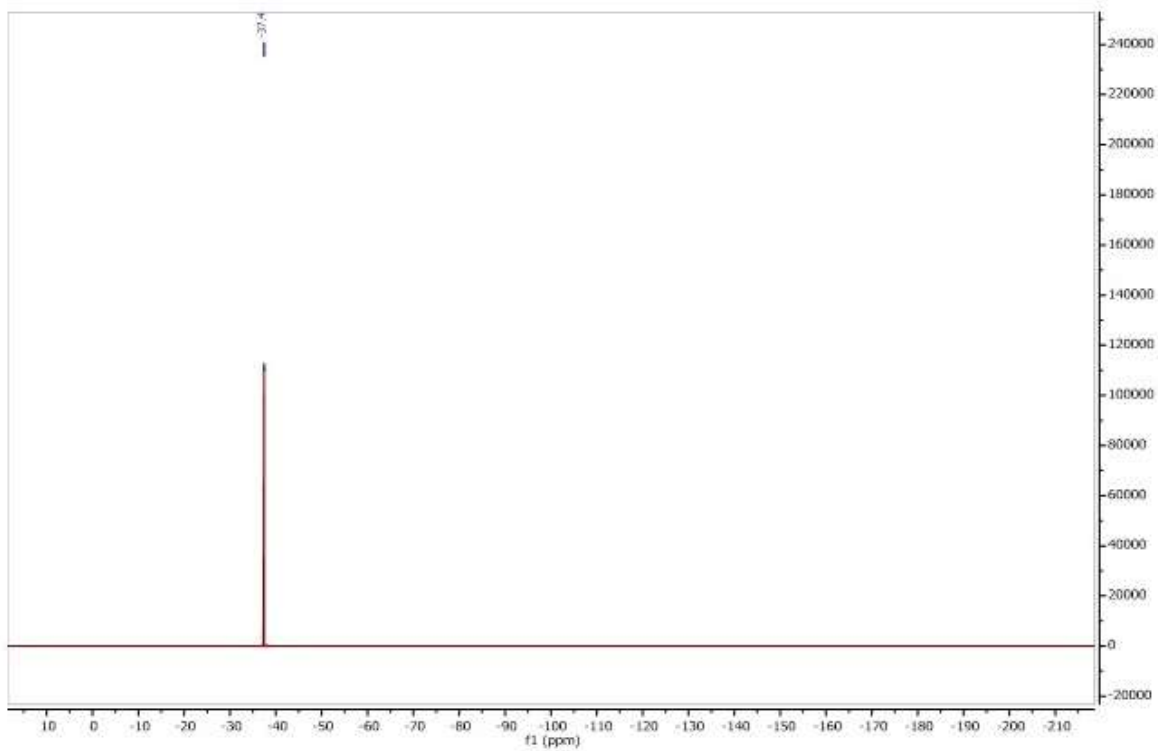
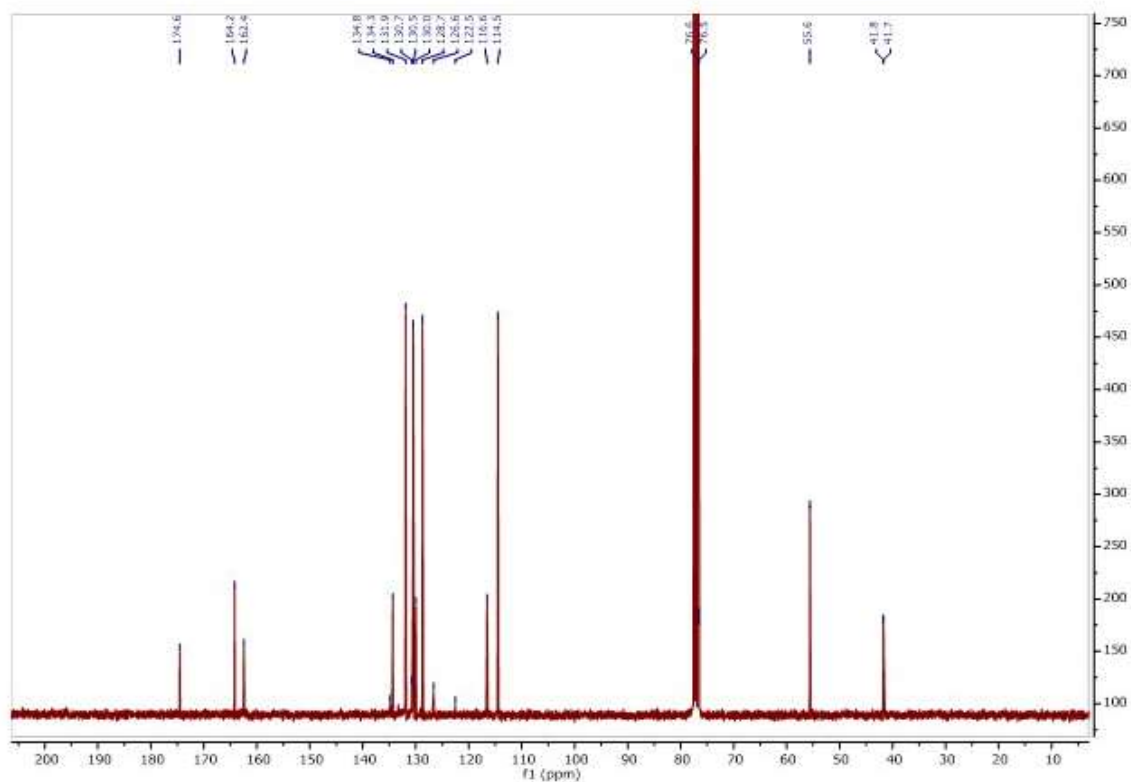
4-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-thiooxazol-5(4H)-one (3i)



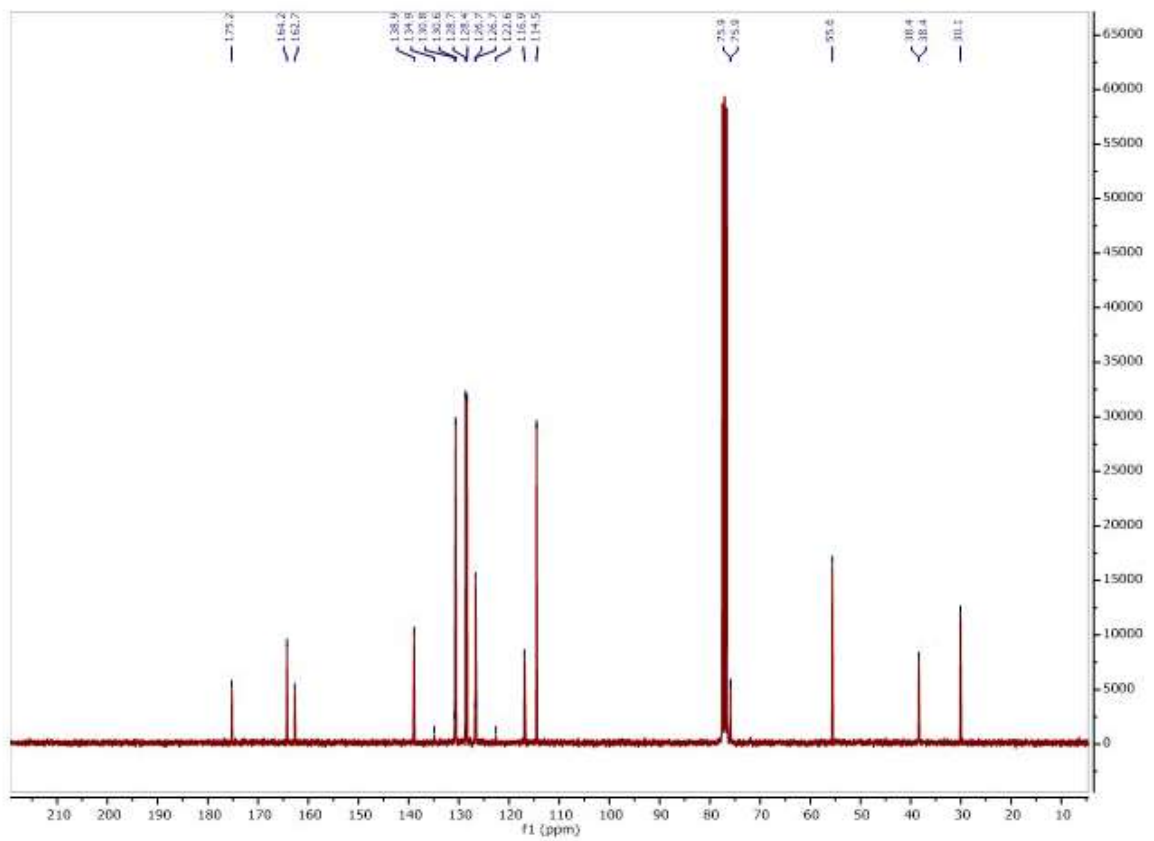
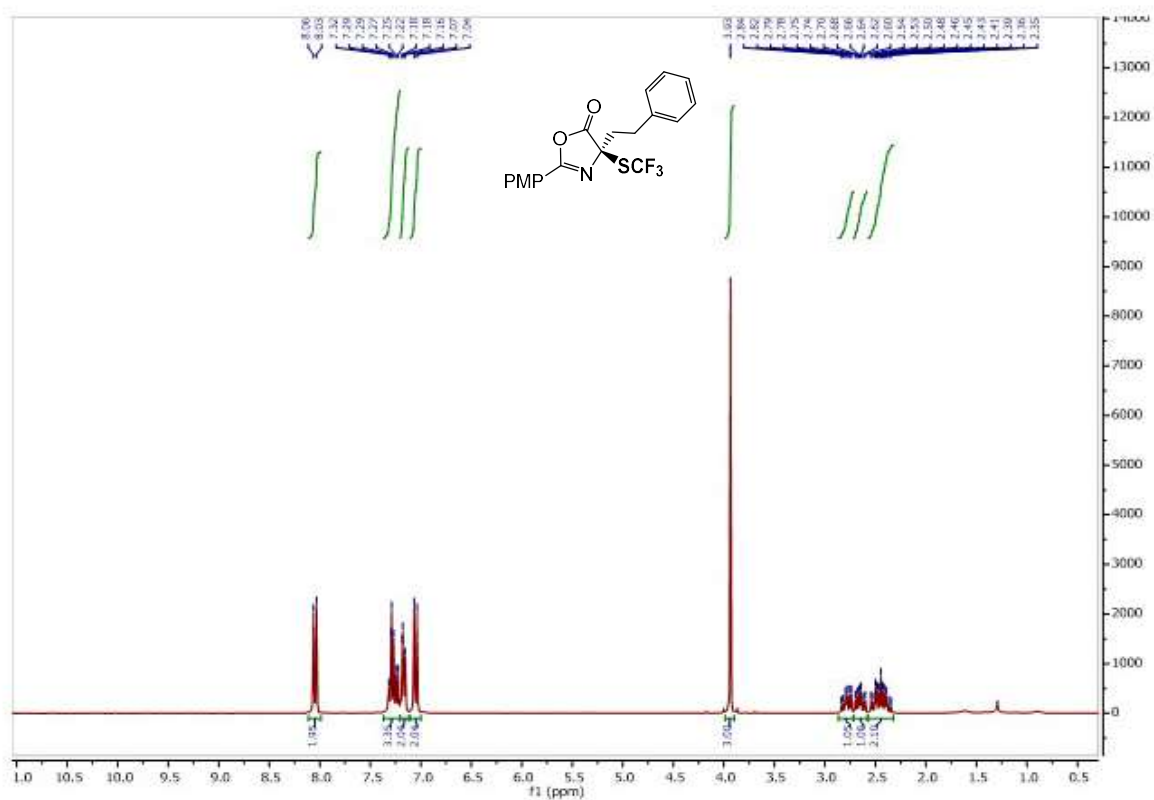


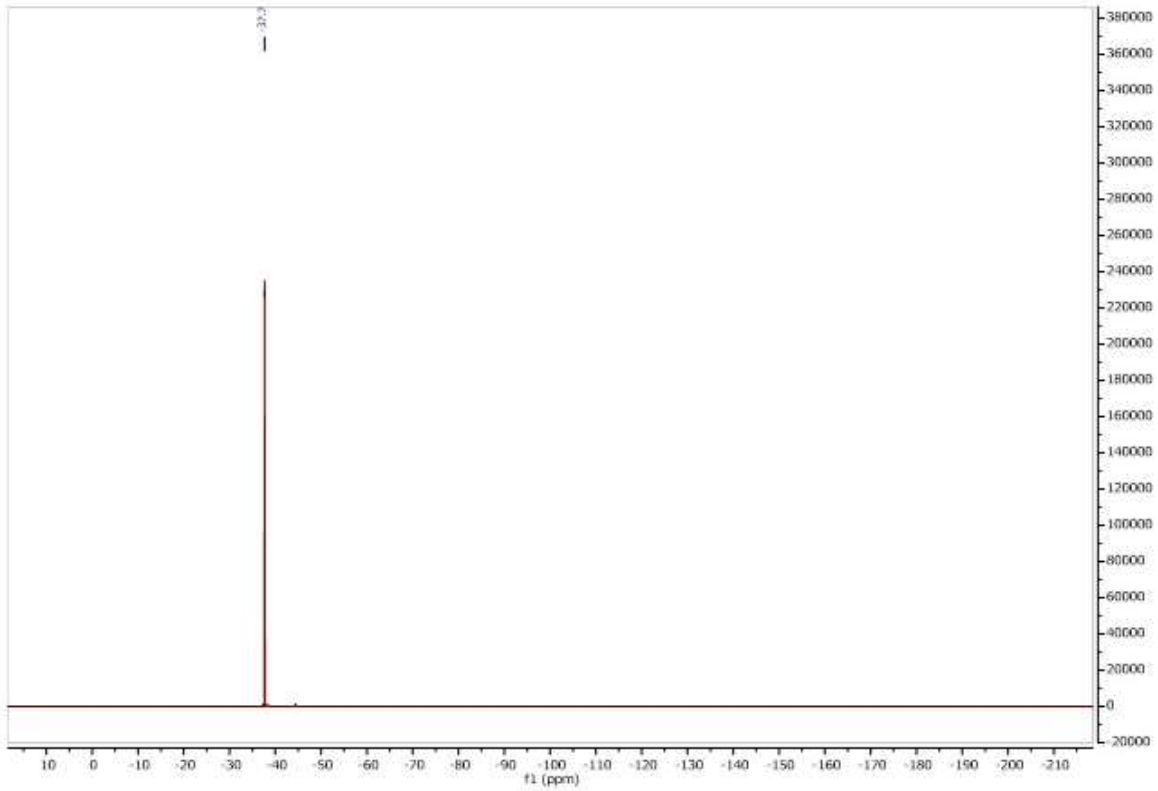
4-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)thiooxazol-5(4H)-one (3j)



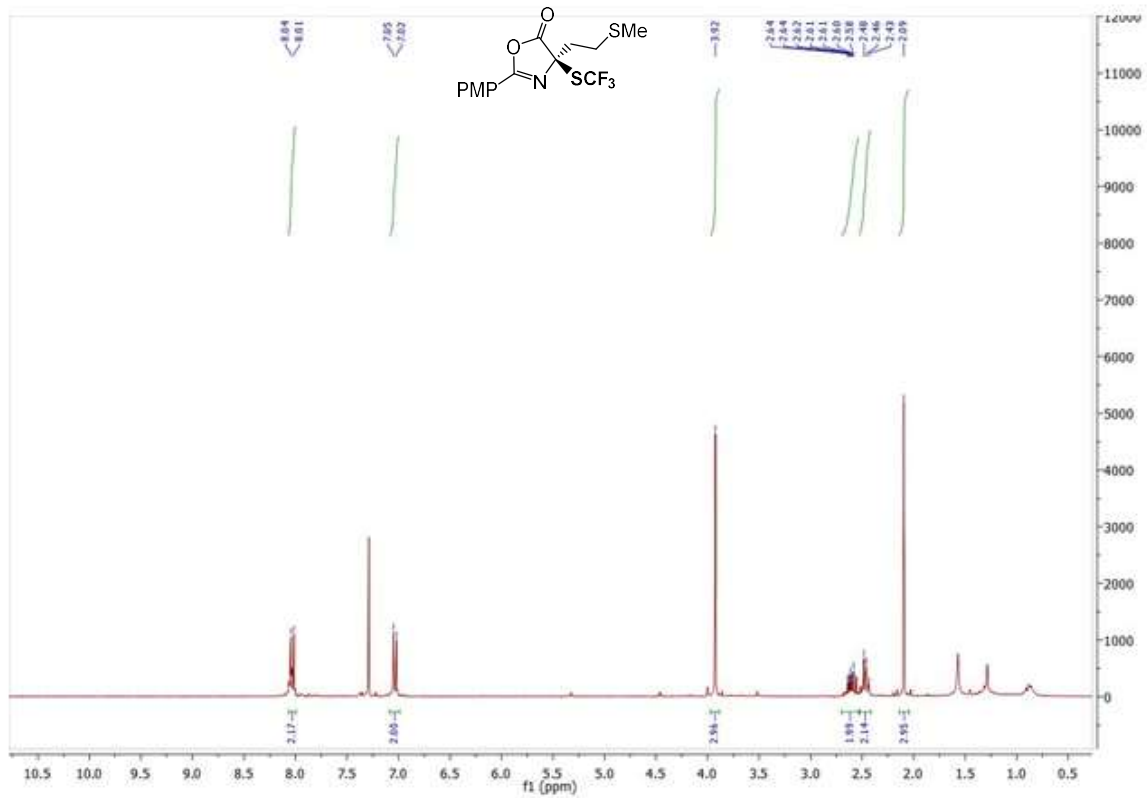


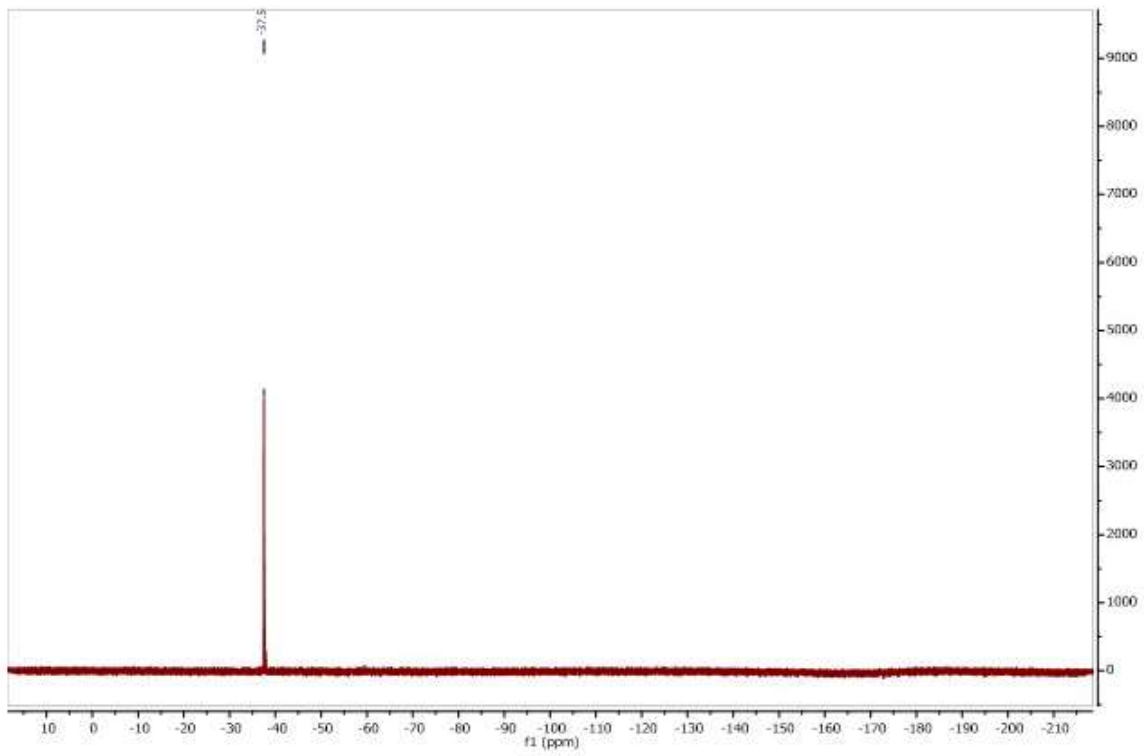
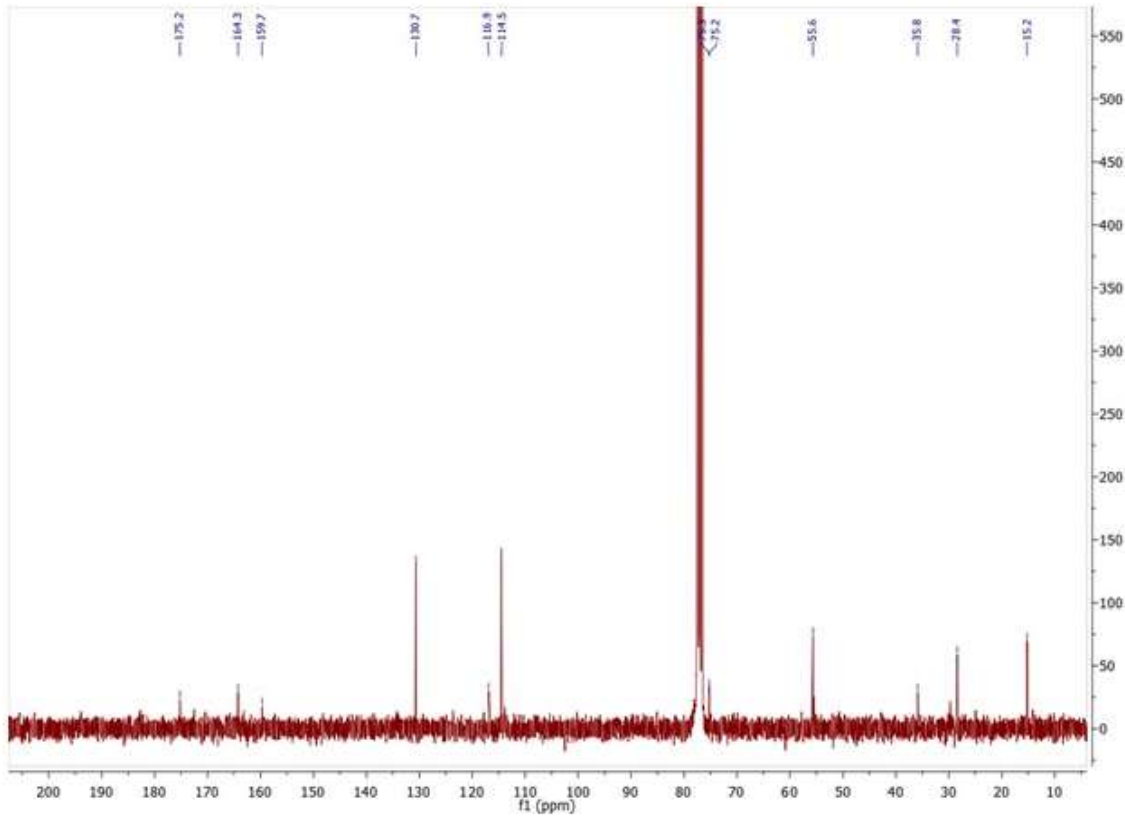
2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-phenethyl-4-((trifluoromethyl)thio)oxazol-5(4H)-one (3k)



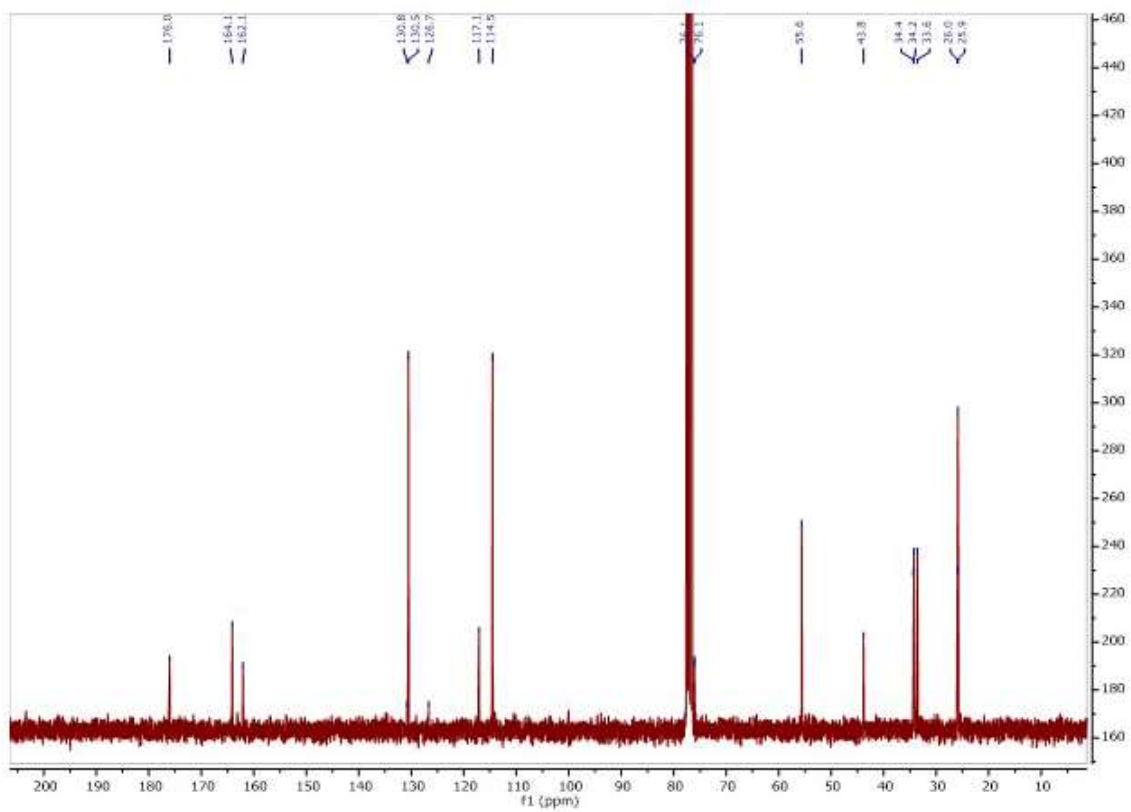
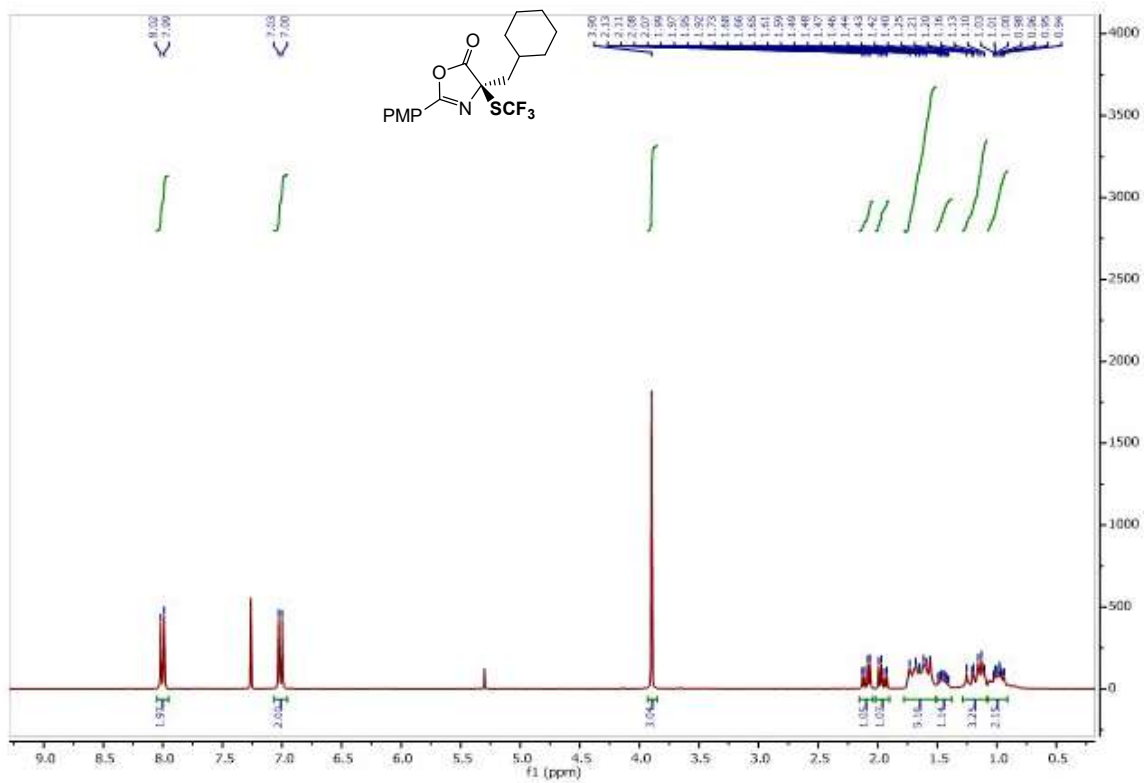


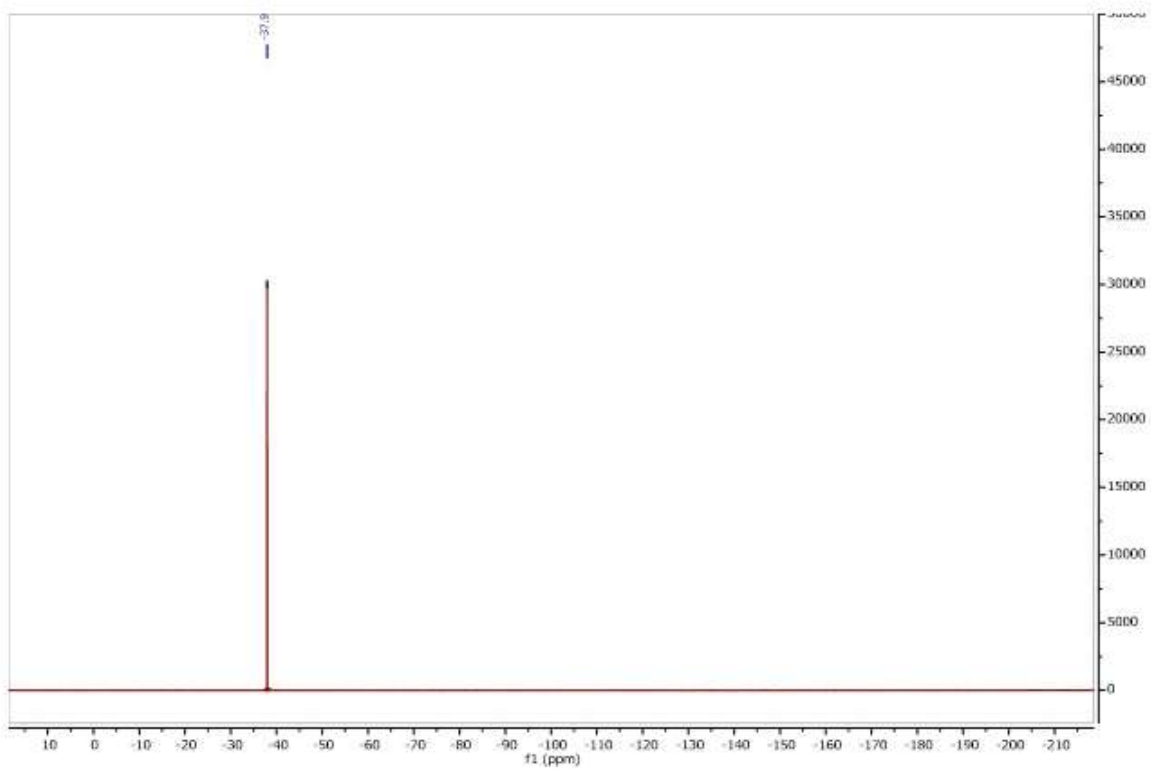
2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(2-(ethylthio)ethyl)-4-((trifluoromethyl)thio)oxazol-5(4H)-one (31)



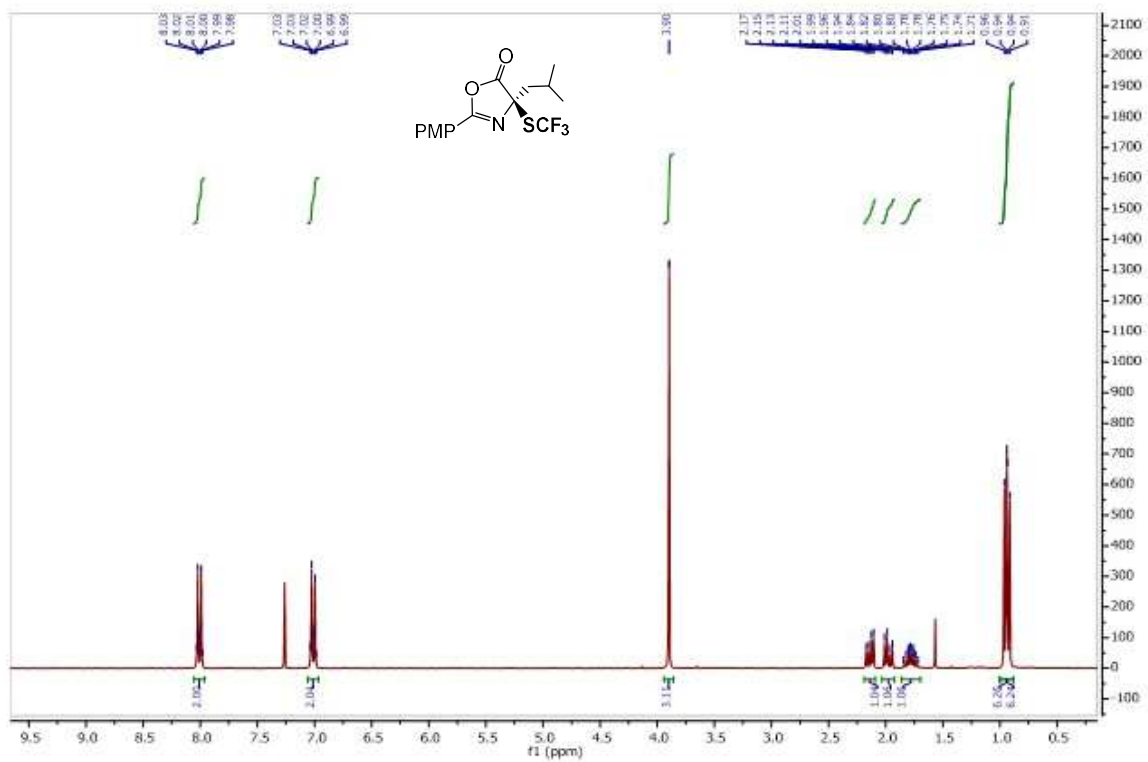


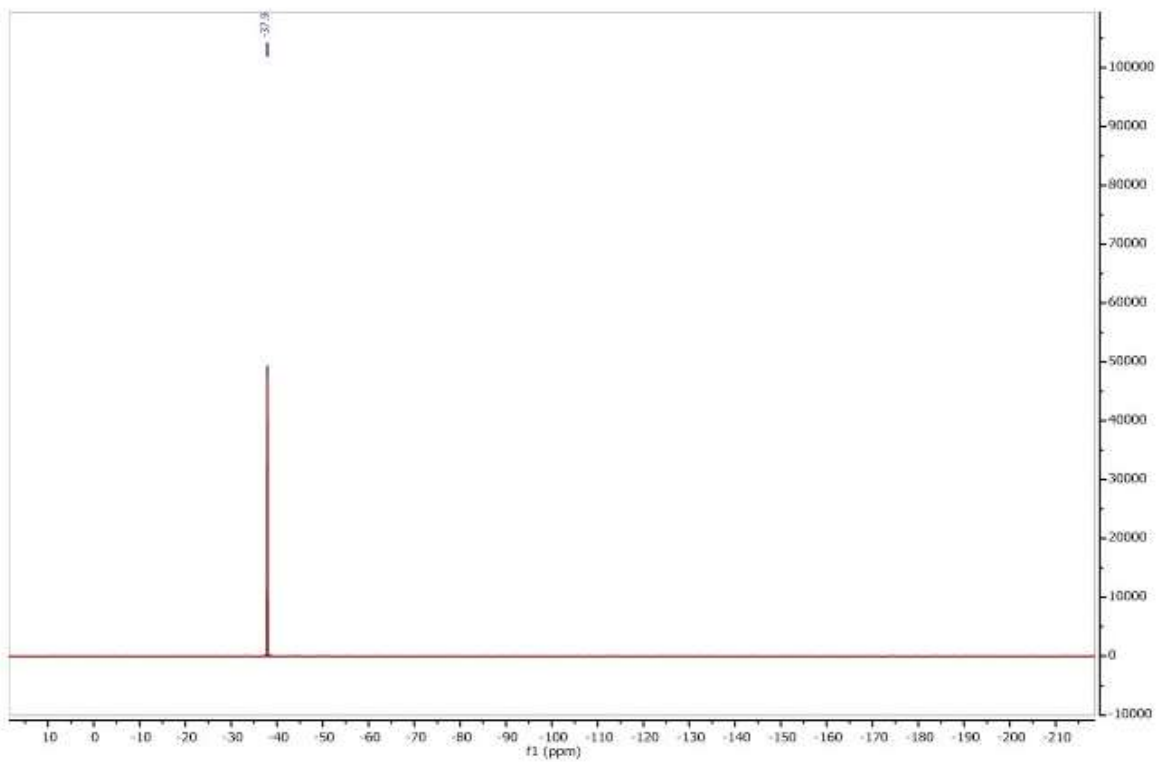
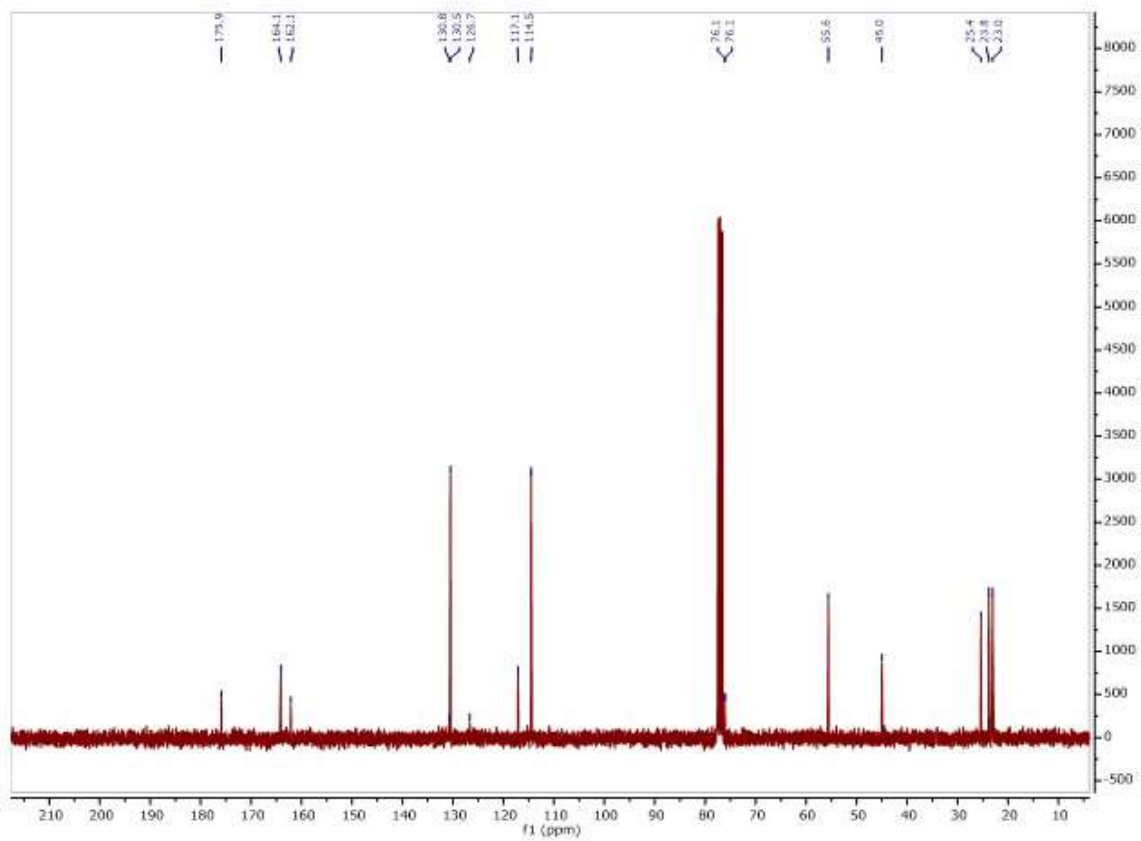
4-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-((trifluoromethyl)thio)oxazol-5(4H)-one (3m)



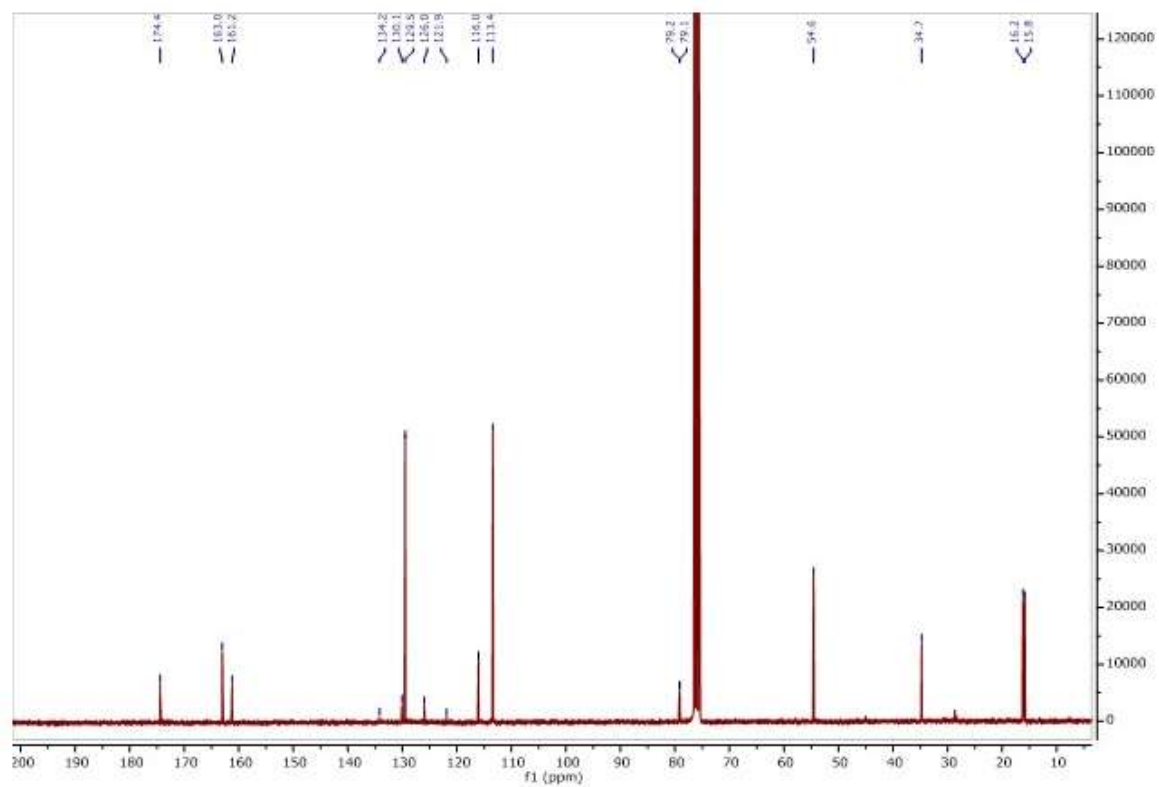
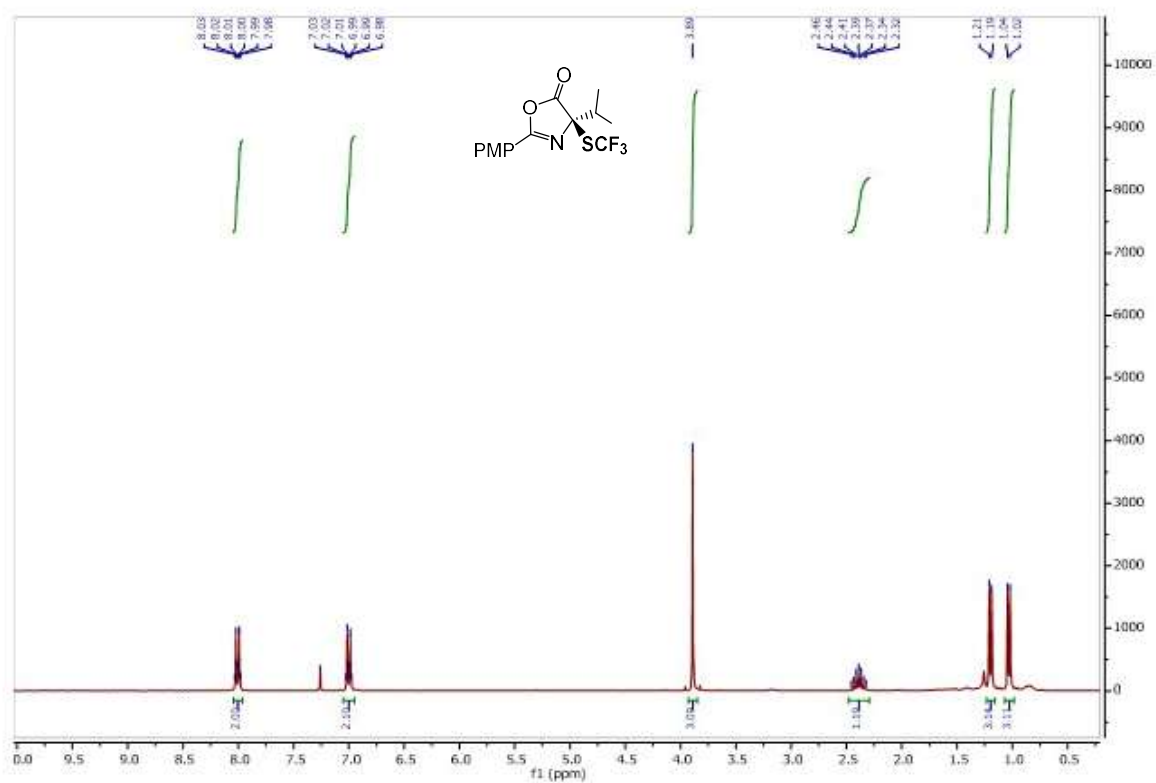


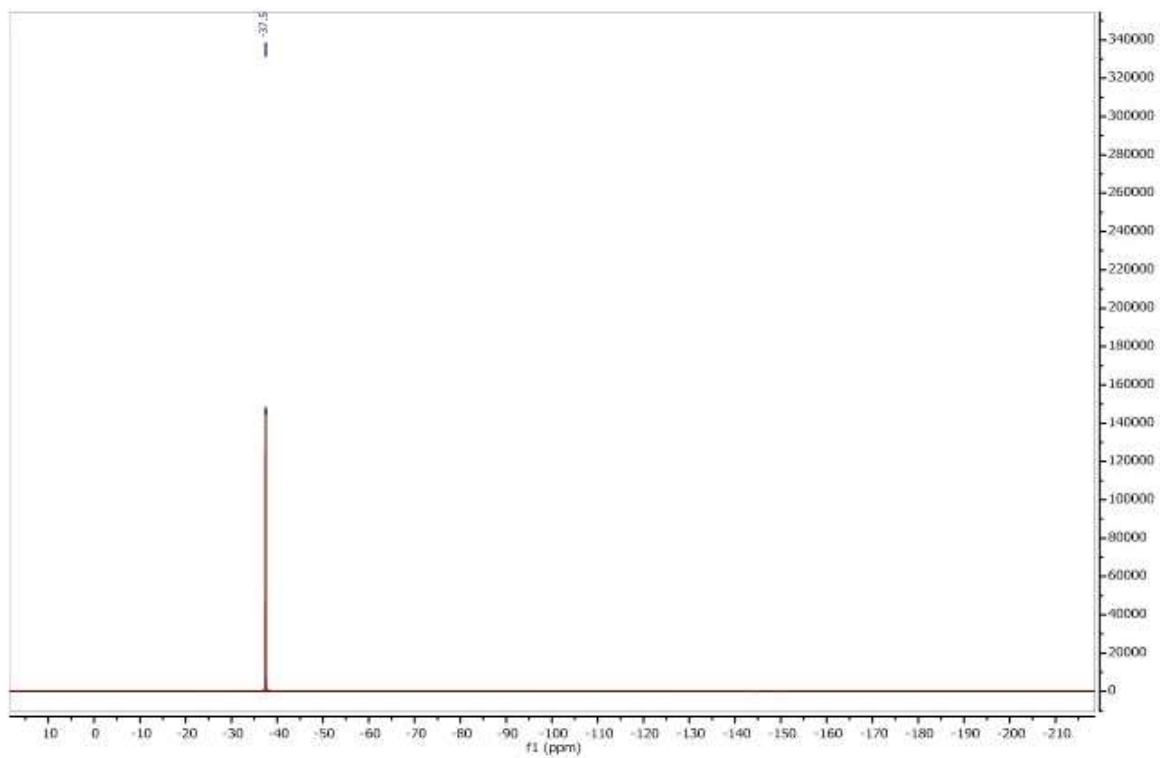
4-isobutyl-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-((trifluoromethyl)thio)oxazol-5(4H)-one (3n)



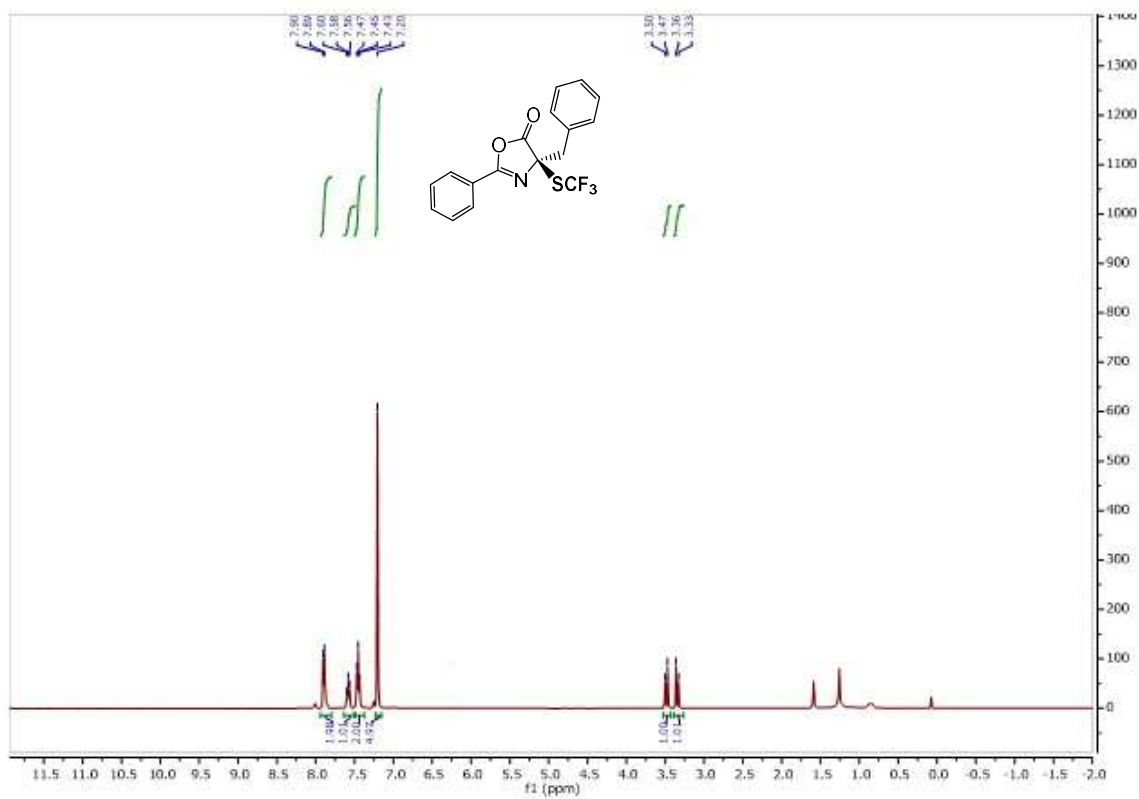


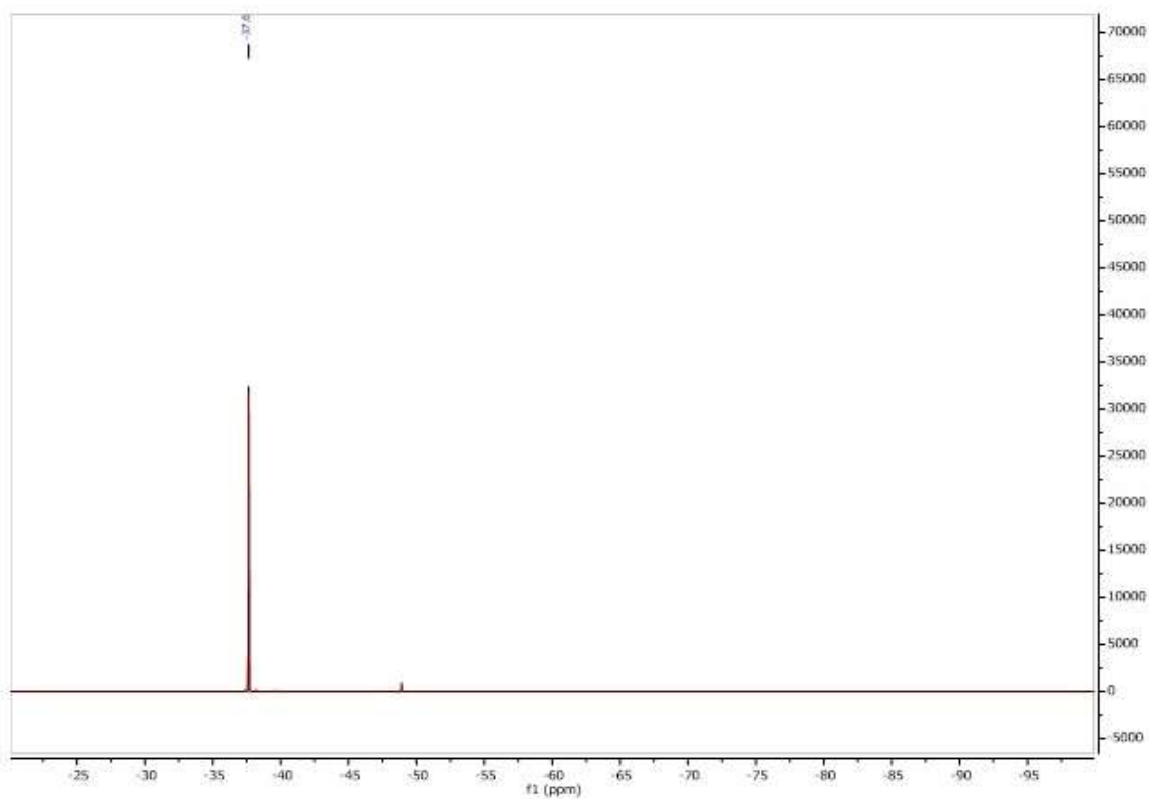
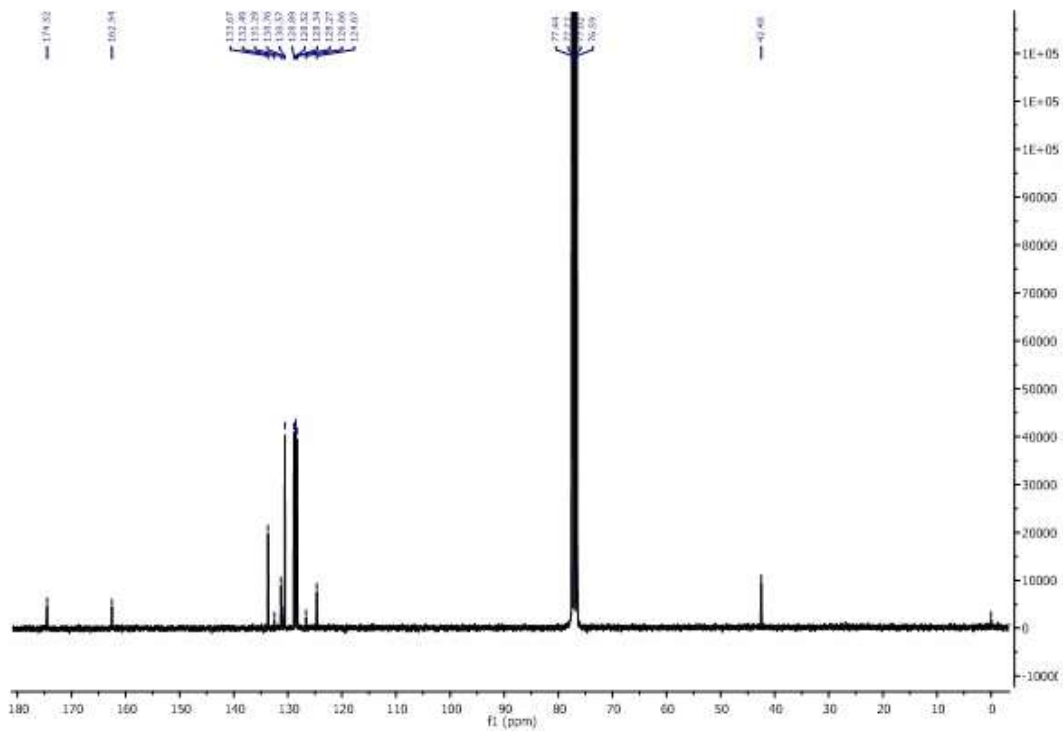
4-isopropyl-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-((trifluoromethyl)thio)oxazol-5(4H)-one (3o)

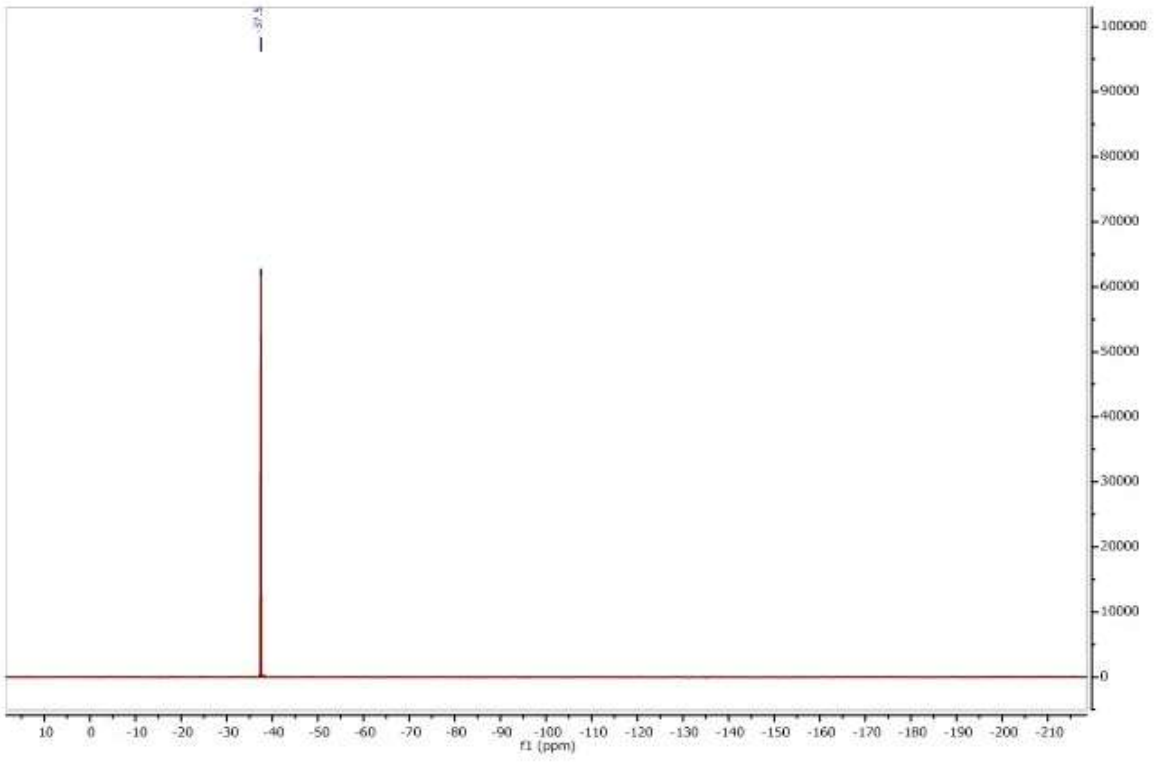




4-benzyl-2-phenyl-4-((trifluoromethyl)thio)oxazol-5(4H)-one (3a)

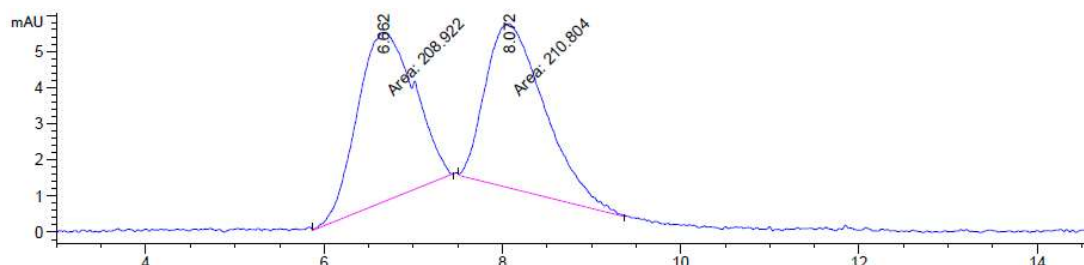
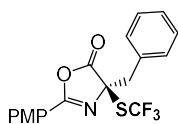






Copies of chromatograms

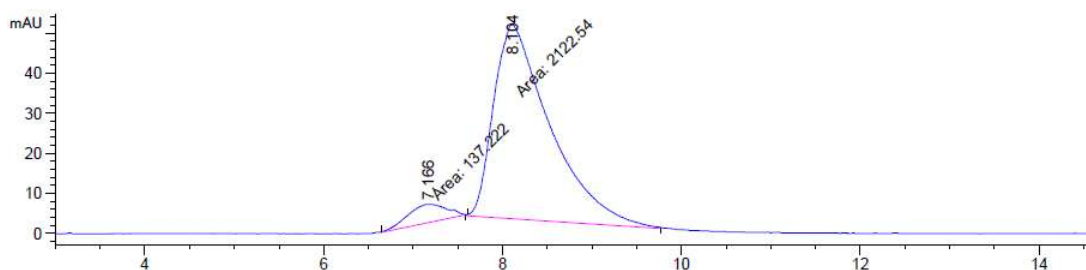
Compound 3e



Signal 4: DAD1 D, Sig=280,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	6.662	MM	0.7416	208.92213	4.69559	49.7759
2	8.072	MM	0.7727	210.80374	4.54689	50.2241

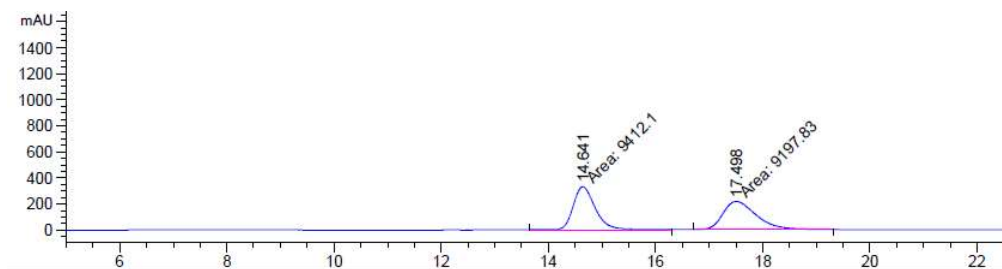
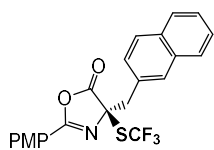
Totals : 419.72588 9.24248



Signal 4: DAD1 D, Sig=280,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	7.166	MM	0.4993	137.22189	4.58037	6.0724
2	8.104	MM	0.7306	2122.53687	48.41775	93.9276

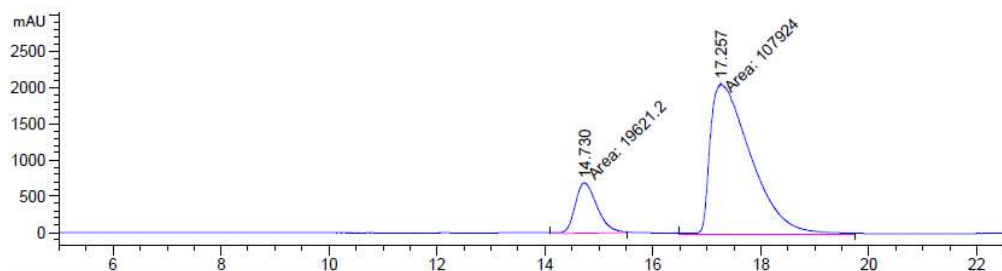
Compound 3f



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	14.641	MM	0.4771	9412.09570	328.78799	50.5757
2	17.498	MM	0.7142	9197.83203	214.62708	49.4243

Totals : 1.86099e4 543.41507

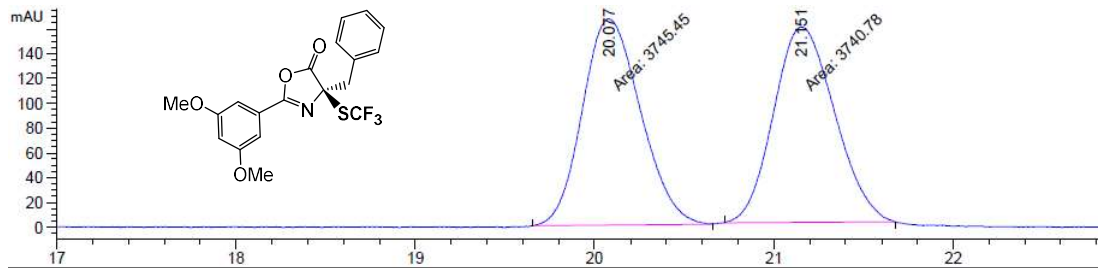


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	14.730	MM	0.4720	1.96212e4	692.78754	15.3838
2	17.257	MM	0.8618	1.07924e5	2087.05786	84.6162

Totals : 1.27545e5 2779.84540

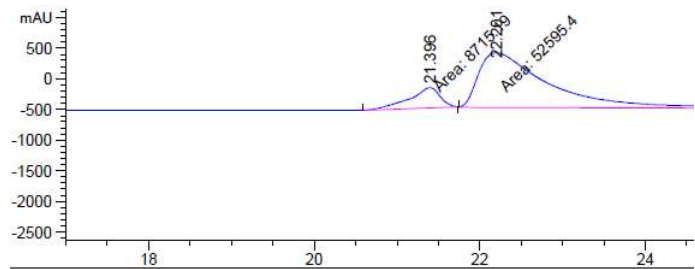
Compound 3g



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	20.077	MM	0.3750	3745.44946	166.44315	50.0312
2	21.151	MM	0.3947	3740.78394	157.94070	49.9688

Totals : 7486.23340 324.38385

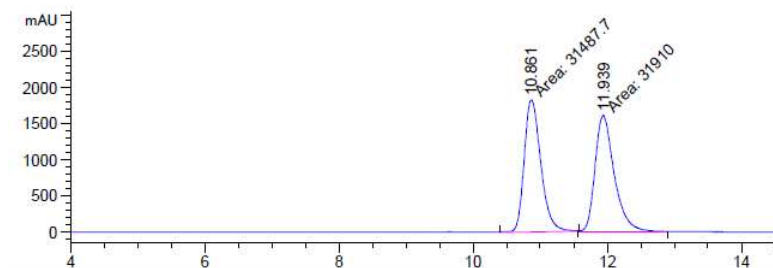
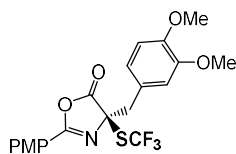


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	21.396	MM	0.4339	8715.18750	334.76059	14.2148
2	22.201	MM	0.9813	5.25954e4	893.33795	85.7852

Totals : 6.13105e4 1228.09854

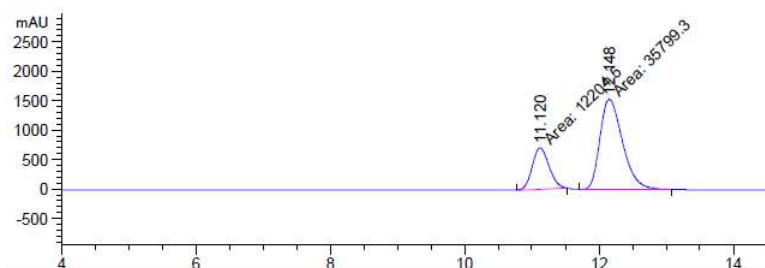
Compound 3h



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	10.861	MM	0.2873	3.14877e4	1826.38391	49.6669
2	11.939	MM	0.3305	3.19100e4	1609.41138	50.3331

Totals : 6.33978e4 3435.79529

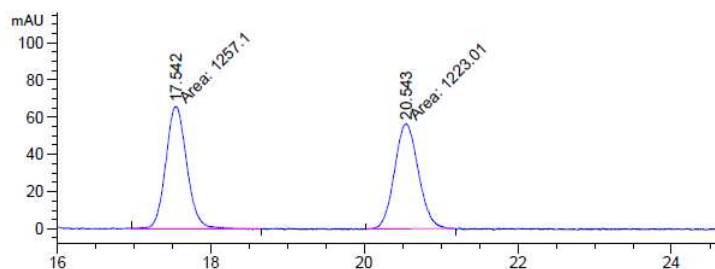
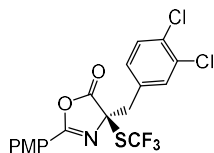


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	11.120	MM	0.2895	1.22045e4	702.67035	25.4240
2	12.148	MM	0.3896	3.57993e4	1531.41418	74.5760

Totals : 4.80038e4 2234.08453

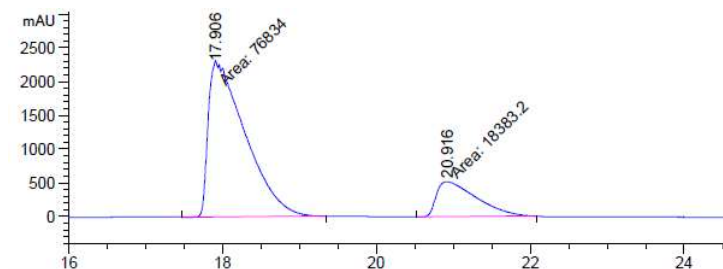
Compound 3i



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	17.542	MM	0.3183	1257.09802	65.83231	50.6873
2	20.543	MM	0.3611	1223.00745	56.45263	49.3127

Totals : 2480.10547 122.28493

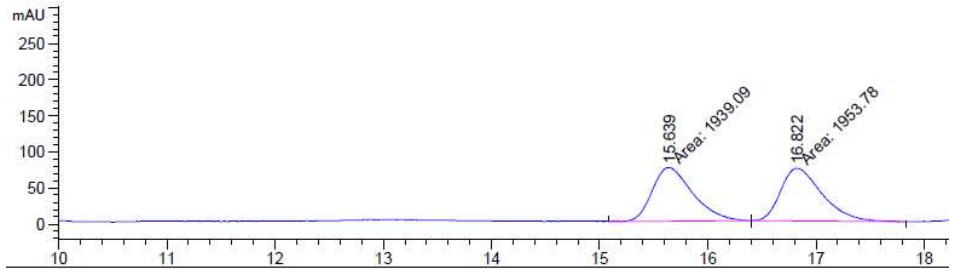
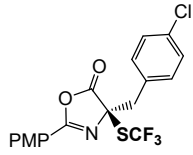


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	17.906	MM	0.5558	7.68340e4	2304.09839	80.6934
2	20.916	MM	0.5945	1.83832e4	515.37238	19.3066

Totals : 9.52172e4 2819.47076

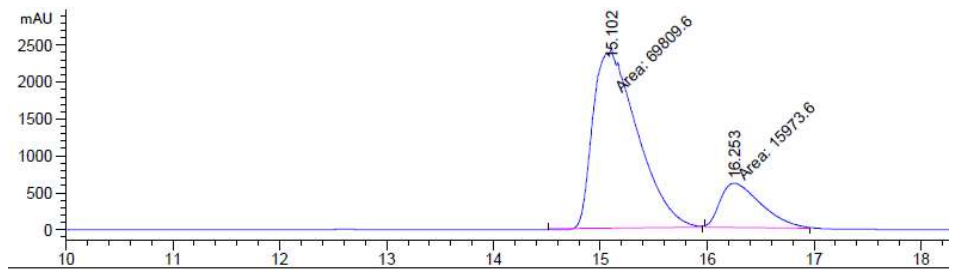
Compound 3j



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	15.639	MM	0.4344	1939.09045	74.39991	49.8113
2	16.822	MM	0.4453	1953.77966	73.13407	50.1887

Totals : 3892.87012 147.53398

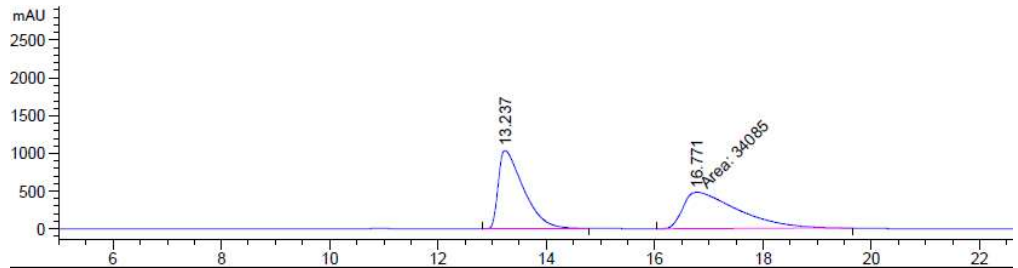
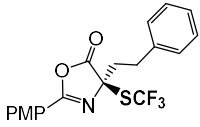


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	15.102	MM	0.4789	6.98096e4	2429.45972	81.3792
2	16.253	MM	0.4434	1.59736e4	600.45313	18.6208

Totals : 8.57832e4 3029.91284

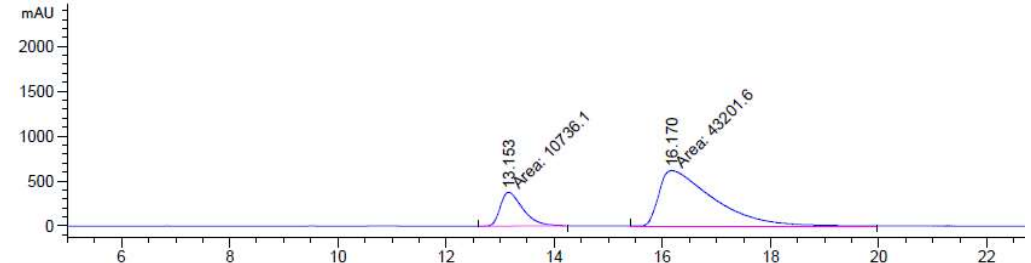
Compound 3k



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	13.237	VV	0.4260	3.36488e4	1038.55286	49.6780
2	16.771	MM	1.1794	3.40850e4	481.66440	50.3220

Totals : 6.77338e4 1520.21725

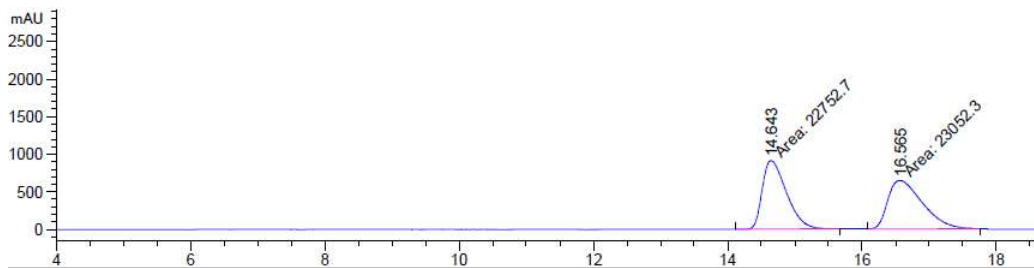
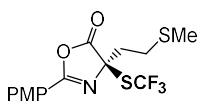


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	13.153	MM	0.4782	1.07361e4	374.15536	19.9047
2	16.170	MM	1.1661	4.32016e4	617.44269	80.0953

Totals : 5.39377e4 991.59805

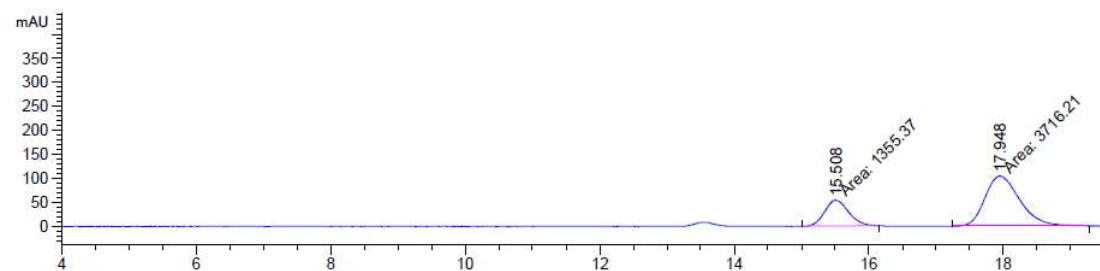
Compound 31



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	14.643	MM	0.4165	2.27527e4	910.36652	49.6730
2	16.565	MM	0.5954	2.30523e4	645.27203	50.3270

Totals : 4.58050e4 1555.63855

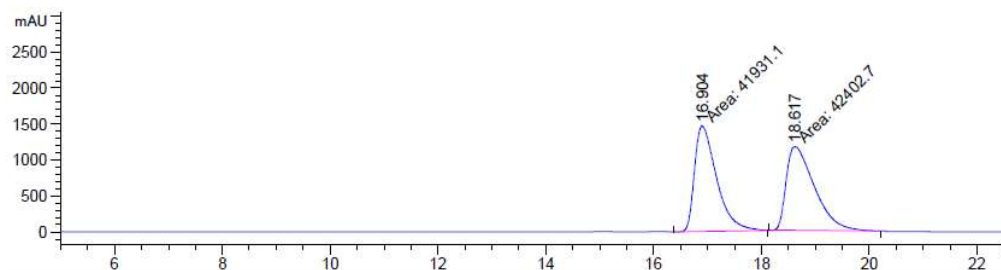
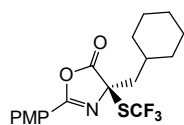


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	15.508	MM	0.4190	1355.36768	53.90687	26.7248
2	17.948	MM	0.5975	3716.20532	103.65303	73.2752

Totals : 5071.57300 157.55990

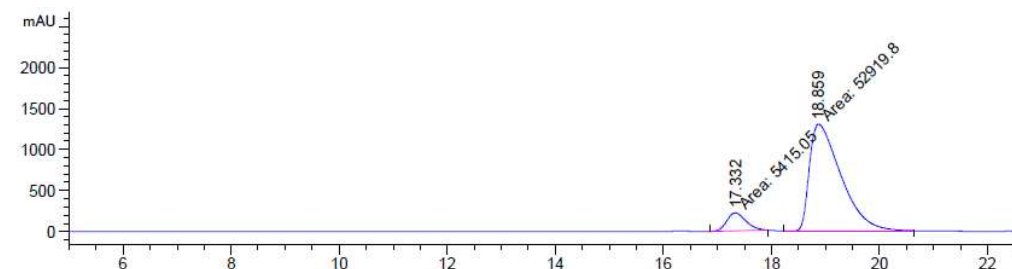
Compound 3m



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	16.904	MM	0.4760	4.19311e4	1468.31055	49.7204
2	18.617	MM	0.6081	4.24027e4	1162.21411	50.2796

Totals : 8.43339e4 2630.52466

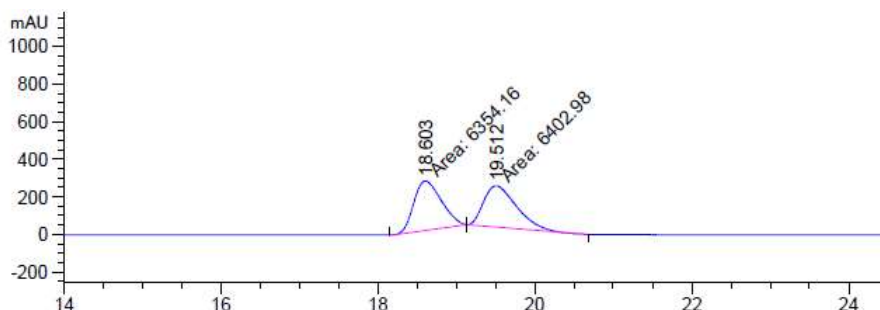
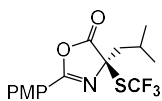


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	17.332	MM	0.4112	5415.05078	219.50145	9.2827
2	18.859	MM	0.6785	5.29198e4	1299.93848	90.7173

Totals : 5.83348e4 1519.43993

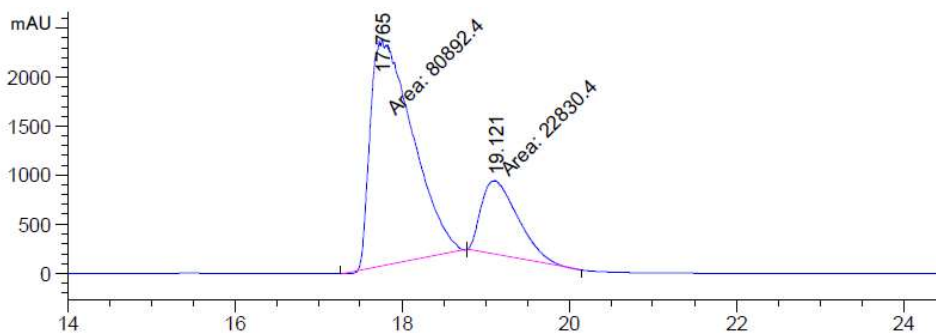
Compound 3n



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	18.603	MM	0.4043	6354.16064	261.97104	49.8087
2	19.512	MM	0.4875	6402.97900	218.90417	50.1913

Totals : 1.27571e4 480.87521

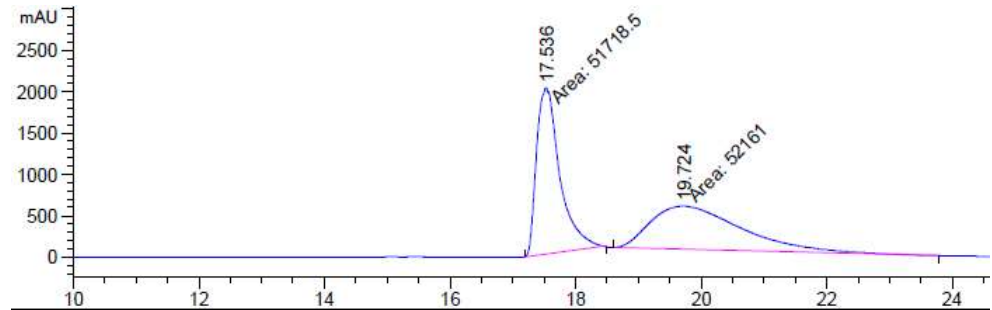
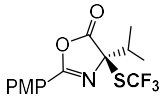


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	17.765	MM	0.5820	8.08924e4	2316.66431	77.9890
2	19.121	MM	0.5095	2.28304e4	746.82599	22.0110

Totals : 1.03723e5 3063.49030

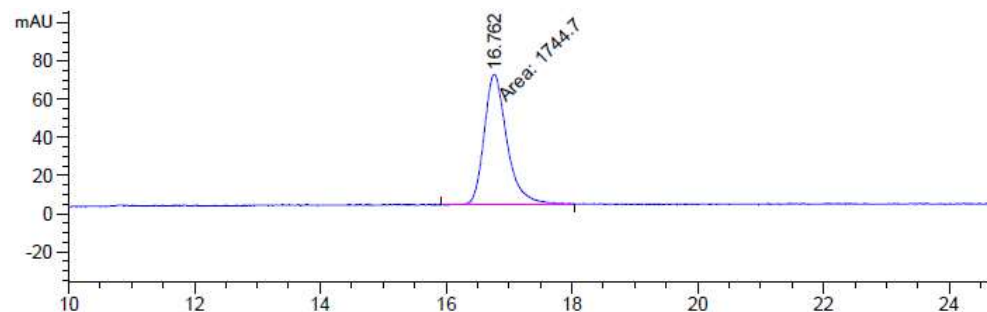
Compound 3o



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	17.536	MM	0.4287	5.17185e4	2010.45935	49.7870
2	19.724	MM	1.6709	5.21610e4	520.29285	50.2130

Totals : 1.03879e5 2530.75220

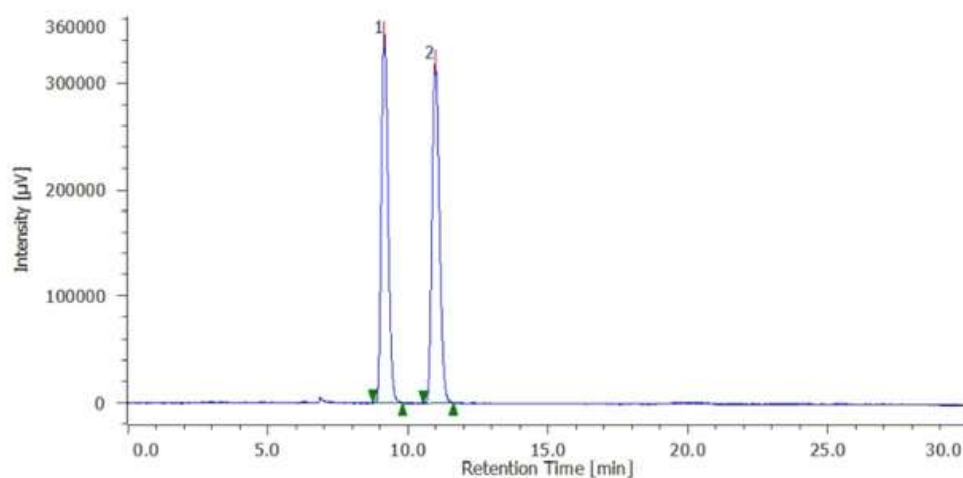
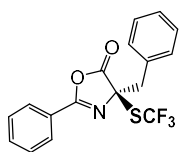


Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

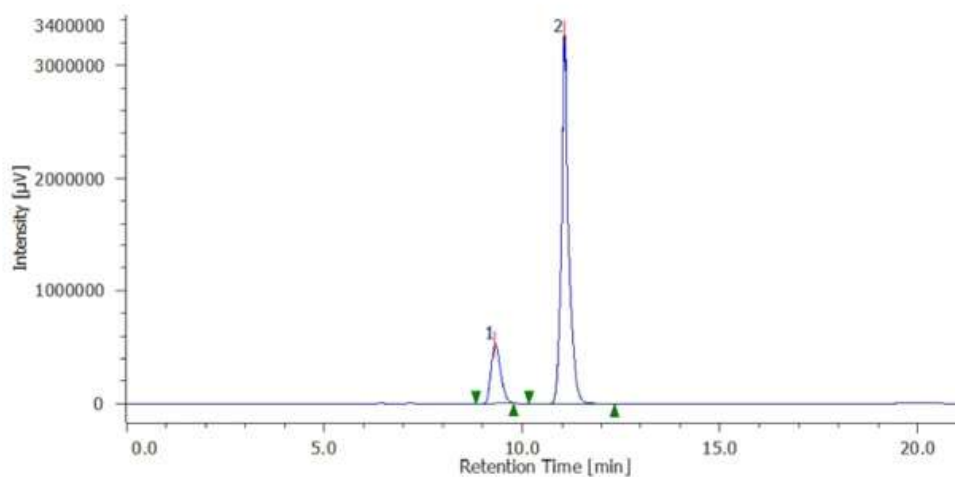
Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	16.762	MM	0.4255	1744.70483	68.34391	100.0000

Totals : 1744.70483 68.34391

Compound 3a

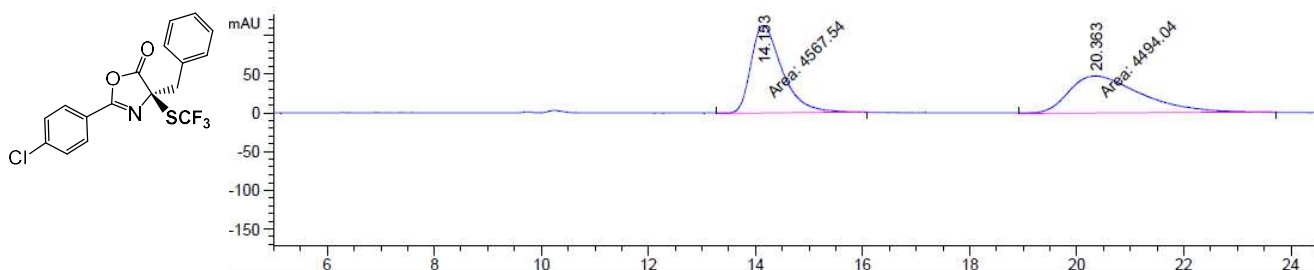


#	Peak Name	CH	tR [min]	Area [µV·sec]	Height [µV]	Area%	Height%	Quantity	NTP	Resolution	Symmetry Factor	Warning
1	Unknown	10	9.150	5723324	345713	49.481	52.014	N/A	6943	3.951	1.267	
2	Unknown	10	10.974	5843411	318946	50.519	47.986	N/A	8144	N/A	1.208	



#	Peak Name	CH	tR [min]	Area [µV·sec]	Height [µV]	Area%	Height%	Quantity	NTP	Resolution	Symmetry Factor	Warning
1	Unknown	9	9.313	8908785	525720	17.655	13.796	N/A	6824	4.931	1.292	
2	Unknown	9	11.066	41552503	3284902	82.345	86.204	N/A	28592	N/A	1.276	

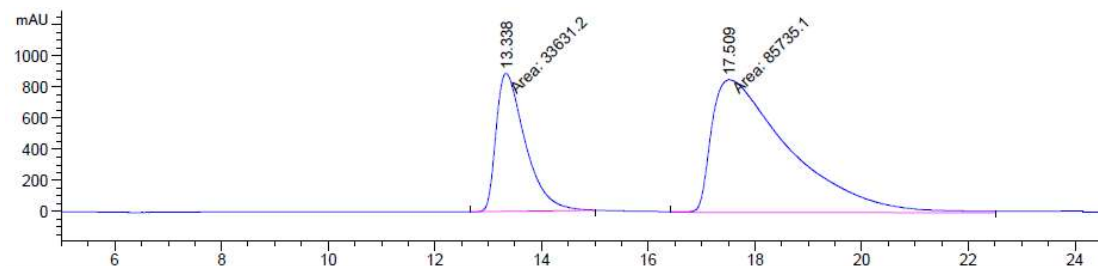
Compound 3d



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	14.153	MM	0.6748	4567.53711	112.80434	50.4055
2	20.363	MM	1.5635	4494.04297	47.90648	49.5945

Totals : 9061.58008 160.71082



Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=360,100

Peak #	RetTime [min]	Type	Width [min]	Area [mAU*s]	Height [mAU]	Area %
1	13.338	MM	0.6323	3.36312e4	886.43542	28.1748
2	17.509	MM	1.6781	8.57351e4	851.51392	71.8252

Totals : 1.19366e5 1737.94934