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Supporting Information

Synthesis of Hydrophilic Caged DAG-lactones for Chemical Biology Applications

Takuya Kobayakawa, Hikaru Takano, Takahiro Ishii, Kohei Tsuji, Nami Ohashi, Wataru Nomura, Toshiaki Furuta, and Hirokazu Tamamura^{*}

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I. General information

I-I. General methods

All reactions were performed using commercially supplied reagents and solvents in dried glassware under an atmosphere of nitrogen unless otherwise noted. CH₂Cl₂ was used after being distilled from CaH₂. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC, Merck 60F₂₅₄) was performed on precoated silica-gel plates and was visualized by fluorescence quenching under UV light and staining with phosphomolybdic acid and ninhydrin. Flash column chromatography was conducted using Silica-gel 60 N (Kanto Chemical Co.).

I-II. Characterization Data

¹H NMR (400 or 500 MHz) and ¹³C NMR (126 MHz) spectra were obtained with a Bruker Avance II spectrometer with a CryoProbe. All NMR measurements were performed at 25 °C using DMSO- d_6 , CDOD, CDCl₃ and THF- d_8 as solvents. Chemical shifts are reported in δ (ppm) relative to Me₄Si or the solvent peak as an internal reference. Infrared (IR) spectra were measured on a JASCO FT/IR 4100, and are recorded as wavelength (cm⁻¹). The absorbance spectra (UV/Vis) and fluorescence spectra (FL) were measured with a JASCO V-650 spectrophotometer and a JASCO FP-750 spectrofluorophotometer, respectively. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on a Bruker Daltonics micrOTOF (ESI-MS) spectrometer under positive (ESI⁺) and negative (ESI⁻) electrospray ionization.

II. Experimental procedures



(2-((((7-Hydroxy-6-iodo-2-oxo-2H-pyrano[2,3-b]pyridin-4-yl)methoxy)carbonyl)oxy)methyl)5oxo-4-(propn-2-ylidene)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl decanoate (2); DAG-lactone 1¹ (24.4 mg, 0.0717 mmol) was added at 0 °C to a solution (A) of CDI (11.4 mg, 0.0703 mmol) in THF (0.400 mL), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. A solution (B) of 8-aza-Ihc-CH₂OH² (22.5 mg, 0.0705 mmol) and Et₃N (30.0 µL, 0.215 mmol) in THF (0.6 mL) was prepared in a separate flask. After 1 h, solution A was added to solution B by syringe. The mixture was then stirred at room temperature for 9 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated with reduced pressure to give the crude compound. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica gel with CHCl₃-MeOH (7:1) gave the title compound (2) (22.2 mg, 46% yield) as a white solid; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.88 (m, 3H), 1.28 (m, 12H), 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.91 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2,34 (m, 2H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 4.22 (m, 2H), 4.33 (s, 1H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.1, 20.1, 22.7, 24.7, 24.8, 29.1, 29.2, 29.4, 31.8, 32.5, 34.0, 64.4, 65.0, 69.2, 78.4, 80.0, 102.0, 108.8, 117.7, 144.3, 147.3, 152.9, 153.9, 155.7, 157.2, 160.7, 168.1, 173.1; HRMS (ESI), *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₃₅INO₁₀ [M−H]⁻ 684.1311, found 684.1309.



(2-(((((6-Bromo-7-hydroxy-2-oxo-2H-pyrano[2,3-b]pyridin-4-yl)methoxy)carbonyl)oxy)methyl)-5oxo-4-(propan-2-ylidene)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl decanoate (3): The DAG-lactone 1¹ (23.8 mg, 0.0700 mmol) was added to a solution of CDI (11.4 mg, 0.0705 mmol) in THF (0.400 mL), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. Subsequently, 8-aza-B('BuO)c-CH₂OH² (22.9 mg, 0.0700 mmol) and Et₃N (24.4 μ L, 0.175 mmol) in THF (0.400 mL) were added to the above solution, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under

reduced pressure, and purification by flash column chromatography over silica gel with hexane-EtOAc (2:1) gave the compound **S1** (29.4 mg, 61% yield). TFA (0.420 mL) was added to a solution of compound **S1** (29.4 mg, 0.0424 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.140 mL), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Purification by flash column chromatography over silica gel with CHCl₃-MeOH (7:1) gave the title compound (**3**) (16.5 mg, 61% yield) as a white solid; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.88 (m, 3H), 1.27 (m, 12H), 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.90 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.32 (m, 2H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 4.19 (m, 2H), 4.33 (s, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.1, 20.1, 22.6, 24.7, 24.8, 29.1, 29.2, 29.4, 31.8, 32.5, 34.0, 64.4, 65.0, 69.2, 78.4, 99.5, 101.1, 109.2, 117.7, 137.5, 152.9, 153.9, 154.6, 168.0, 173.1; HRMS (ESI), *m/z* calcd for C₂₉H₃₅BrNO₁₀ [M-H]⁻636.1450, found 636.1451.

III. References

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IV. Translocation observation of PKCδ with GFP (another data for the reproducibility)



V. Translocation data using DAG-lactone (1) (10 μ M and 5 μ M)



VI. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR charts







