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Supporting Information

Novel Use of 2-BTSO₂CF₂H for the Metal-Free Electrophilic

Difluoroalkanethiolation of Indoles

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1. General information

Unless otherwise mentioned, all manipulations were conducted with a standard Schlenk tube under N₂ atmosphere, and reagents were purchased from commercial sources and used without further purification. Flash chromatography was performed using 300-400 mesh silica gel. NMR spectra were obtained on a Bruker AV400, Agilent MR400 (400 MHz for ¹H; 376 MHz for ¹⁹F; 100 MHz for ¹³C) or Bruker AV500 (500 MHz for ¹H; 472 MHz for ¹⁹F; 126 MHz for ¹³C). ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts were determined relative to internal (CH₃)₄Si (TMS) at δ 0.0. High Resolution MS (HRMS) were performed on an Agilent 6224 TOF LC/MS spectrometer.

2. General procedure for the synthesis of 3a-3s.



A mixture of 2-((difluoromethyl)sulfonyl)benzo[*d*]thiazole **1h** (1.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and (het)arene (1.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) were added to a dry Schlenk tube. The tube was evacuated and backfilled with pure N₂ for 3 times. Then $(EtO)_2P(O)H$ (0.4 mL, 3.0 mmol, 3.0 equiv), TMSCl (0.4 mL, 3.0 mmol, 3.0 equiv) and dry MeCN (5 mL) were added with syringe under N₂ atmosphere. Then the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 4 h. After the reaction was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel by using a mixture of petroleum ether/EtOAc as an eluent to provide the desired products **3**.

3. Characterization data of 3a-3s.

3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1*H***-indole (3a)**¹



General procedure was followed using indole (117.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate =20/1) to afford product **3a** as a yellow oil (141.3 mg, 71%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.43 (s, 1H), 7.83 –7.81 (m, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.82 (t, *J* = 57.5 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376

MHz, CDCl₃) δ -92.09 (d, *J* = 57.6 Hz). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.2, 132.0, 129.8, 123.9 (t, *J* = 274.0 Hz), 123.2, 121.3, 119.3, 111.7, 96.5.

5-bromo-3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1*H*-indole (3b)²



General procedure was followed using 5-bromo-1*H*-indole (195.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3b** as a yellow oil (175.0 mg, 63%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.52 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (t, *J* = 57.5 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -92.21 (d, *J* = 57.5 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.8, 133.1, 131.7, 126.4, 122.8 (t, *J* = 276.7 Hz), 122.2, 114.9, 113.2, 96.3 (t, *J* = 3.7 Hz).

4-bromo-3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1*H*-indole (3c)³



General procedure was followed using 5-bromo-1*H*-indole (195.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3c** as a white solid (185.6 mg, 67%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.55 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 58.0 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -95.36 (d, *J* = 58.3 Hz). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.3, 134.4, 126.3, 126.1, 121.3 (t, *J* = 276.0 Hz), 114.3, 111.4, 97.7.

3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-6-fluoro-1*H*-indole (3d)⁴



General procedure was followed using 6-fluoro-1*H*-indole (135.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3d** as a yellow oil (163.0 mg, 75%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.47 (s, 1H), 7.70 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (td, *J* = 9.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.83

(t, J = 57.2 Hz, 1H).¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -92.01 (d, J = 56.4 Hz), -119.43 – -119.50 (m).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.7 (d, J = 239.0 Hz), 136.1 (d, J = 13.0 Hz), 132.2, 126.2, 123.6 (t, J = 275.0 Hz), 120.4 (d, J = 11.0 Hz), 110.3 (d, J = 24.0 Hz), 98.1 (d, J = 26.0 Hz), 96.9.

3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-7-methyl-1*H*-indole (3e)²



General procedure was followed using 7-methyl-1*H*-indole (131.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3e** as a yellow oil (140.6 mg, 66%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (t, *J* = 57.6 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (s, 3H).¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -91.94 (d, *J* = 56.4 Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, cDCl₃) δ -91.94 (d, *J* = 56.4 Hz). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.7, 131.6, 129.3, 123.9 (t, *J* = 274.0 Hz), 123.8, 121.5, 120.9, 117.0, 97.0, 16.3.

3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-2-methyl-1*H*-indole (3f)⁵



General procedure was followed using 2-methyl-1*H*-indole (131.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3f** as a yellow oil (134.0 mg, 63%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.71 – 7.70 (m, 1H), 7.32 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.23 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.75 (t, *J* = 57.5 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -92.02 (d, *J* = 57.3 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.0, 135.5, 131.2, 123.8 (t, *J* = 277.2 Hz), 122.8, 121.4, 119.0, 111.1, 93.9 (t, *J* = 3.7 Hz), 12.5.

3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-4-methoxy-1*H*-indole (3g)⁶



General procedure was followed using 4- methoxy-1*H*-indole (147.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3g** as a yellow oil (115.0 mg, 50%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.42 (s, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, *J* = 58.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -95.34 (d, *J* = 58.8 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.7, 138.5, 130.8, 124.9 (t, *J* = 275.3 Hz), 124.6, 118.6, 105.3, 101.8, 97.2, 55.9.

3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-6-methoxy-1*H*-indole (3h)³



General procedure was followed using 6-methoxy-1*H*-indole (147.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3h** as a yellow oil (153.0 mg, 67%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.47 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (t, *J* = 57.5 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -91.99 (d, *J* = 56.4 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.4, 132.3, 131.0, 130.5, 121.2 (t, *J* = 276.3 Hz), 113.9, 112.5, 100.6, 96.2, 55.8.

1-((difluoromethyl)thio)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyrrolo[3,2,1-ij]quinoline (3i)⁴



General procedure was followed using 5,6-dihydro-4*H*-pyrrolo[3,2,1-*ij*]quinoline (157.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3i** as a yellow oil (127.0 mg, 53%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (t, *J* = 57.6 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.28 - 2.24 (m, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -92.27 (d, *J* = 56.4 Hz). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.6, 133.3, 128.3, 124.0 (t, *J* = 274.0 Hz), 122.3, 121.3, 119.7, 116.8, 94.0, 44.5, 24.5, 22.7.

3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1*H*-indole-4-carbonitrile (3j)



General procedure was followed using 4-carbonitrile-1*H*-indole (142.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3j** as a yellow solid (74.0 mg, 33%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 12.31 (s, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 56.0 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO) δ -92.80 (d, *J* = 56.4 Hz). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO) δ 138.2, 135.7, 133.4, 123.9 (t, *J* = 274.0 Hz), 123.6, 120.6, 120.1, 117.8, 104.3, 94.8. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₀H₆F₂N₂S [M+H]⁺ 225.0293, found: 225.0292.

3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1*H*-indole (3k)



General procedure was followed using 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2yl)-1*H*-indole (243.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3k** as a white solid (208.1 mg, 64%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.57 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.2, 1H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 59.6 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 12H).¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -96.22 (d, *J* = 60.2 Hz).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.8, 133.6, 131.6, 127.9, 124.2 (t, *J* = 273.0 Hz), 122.4, 113.8, 98.0, 84.4, 24.9. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₅H₁₈BF₂NO₂S [M+H]⁺ 326.1192, found: 326.1201.

4-(3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1H-indol-5-yl)-3,5-dimethylisoxazole (3l)



General procedure was followed using 4-(1*H*-indol-4-yl)-3,5-dimethylisoxazole (212.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **31** as a yellow solid (217.5 mg, 74%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (t, *J* = 57.5 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -91.84 (d, *J* = 57.3 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.2, 159.1, 135.5, 132.8, 130.3, 124.4, 123.2, 121.9 (t, *J* = 276.0 Hz), 120.1, 117.3, 112.1, 96.4, 11.6, 10.9. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂F₂N₂OS [M+H]⁺295.0711, found: 295.0728.

(3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1*H*-indol-5-yl)(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1yl)methanone (3m)



General procedure was followed using (4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)(1*H*-indol-5yl)methanone (271.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3m** as a yellow oil (254.2 mg, 74%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 12.21 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 56.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.41 – 3.36 (m, 3H), 3.11 – 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.68 (s, 6H), 2.06 (s, 2H), 1.64 – 1.62 (m, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO) δ -92.11 (d, *J* = 56.3 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO) δ 170.6, 137.4, 135.4, 129.6, 128.2, 121.9, 121.5 (t, *J* = 273.8 Hz), 118.2, 112.7, 94.1, 62.5, 60.2, 21.2, 14.5. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₇H₂₁F₂N₃OS [M+H]⁺ 354.1446, found: 354.1791.

(3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1H-indol-5-yl)(morpholino)methanone (3n)



General procedure was followed using (1*H*-indol-5-yl)(morpholino)methanone (230.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3n** as a yellow solid (200.0 mg, 64%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.07 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 57.0 Hz, 1H), 3.78 – 3.57 (m, 8H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -

92.46 (d, J = 57.2 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.29, 137.43, 134.18, 129.7, 127.74, 122.44, 123.33 (t, J = 276.4 Hz), 118.90, 112.69, 96.66 (d, J = 3.9 Hz), 67.30. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₄H₁₄F₂N₂O₂S [M+H]⁺313.0817, found: 313.0838.

3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl isopropylcarbamate (30)



General procedure was followed using 1*H*-indol-5-yl isopropylcarbamate (218.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1) to afford product **30** as a yellow solid (201.0 mg, 67%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (t, *J* = 57.5 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (s, 1H), 3.95 – 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 6H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -92.45 (dd, *J* = 57.7, 2.5 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.4, 145.9, 137.1, 134.8, 130.8, 122.0 (t, *J* = 276.0 Hz), 117.6, 111.7, 110.2, 94.2, 43.4, 33.4, 23.0. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₄H₁₆F₂N₂O₂S [M+H]⁺ 315.0973, found: 315.0985.

6-(3-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1H-indol-4-yl)-1H-indazole (3p)



General procedure was followed using 6-(1*H*-indol-4-yl)-1H-indazole (233.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1) to afford product **3p** as a yellow solid (138.6 mg, 44%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 13.06 (s, 1H), 11.98 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.76 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.54 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (t, *J* = 57.5 Hz, 1H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO) δ -93.65 (d, *J* = 57.2 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO) δ 140.2, 138.3, 137.6, 135.4, 135.1, 133.8, 126.1, 123.9, 122.9, 122.4, 122.4, 121.4 (t, *J* = 273.4 Hz), 119.5, 112.2, 111.3, 93.5. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₁₆H₁₁F₂N₃S [M+H]⁺316.0715, found: 316.0819.

methyl 2-(5-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)acetate (3q)



General procedure was followed using methyl 2-(4-methyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)acetate (153.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was pmethyl 2-(5-((difluoromethyl)thio)-1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)acetateurified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 40/1) to afford product 3q as a yellow oil (136.0 mg, 58%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.69 (d, *J* = 57.5 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.15 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -92.99 (d, *J* = 57.0 Hz). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.3, 130.7, 122.0 (t, *J* = 277.7 Hz), 120.6, 111.6 (t, *J* = 4.1 Hz), 109.6, 52.3, 33.5, 31.3. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₉H₁₁F₂NO₂S [M+H]⁺236.0551, found: 236.0568.

2-methyl-3-((trifluoromethyl)thio)-1*H*-indole (3r)⁷



General procedure was followed using 2-BTSO₂CF₃ (1.5 mmol) and 2-methyl-1*H*indole (131.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 40/1) to afford product **3r** as a yellow oil (76.2 mg, 33%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.94 (s, 1H), 7.54 – 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.41 – 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.18 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 2.52 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -44.17. ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.4, 135.8, 133.9 (q, *J* = 310.9 Hz), 130.5, 122.4, 121.2, 117.8, 112.1, 89.0, 12.0.

2-methyl-3-((trifluoromethyl)sulfinyl)-1*H*-indole (3r')



The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 7/1) to afford product **3r'**as a white solid (106.0 mg, 43%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 2.57 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ - 72.26. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1, 135.5, 126.6 (q, *J* = 243.6 Hz), 124.4, 123.7, 122.5, 120.2, 111.4, 104.3, 12.4. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. For C₁₀H₈F₃NOS [M+H]⁺ 248.0351, found: 248.0390.

3-((chlorodifluoromethyl)thio)-1H-indole (3s)



General procedure was followed using 2-BTSO₂CF₂Cl (1.5 mmol) and 1*H*-indole (131.0 mg, 1.0 mmol). The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluting with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 40/1) to afford product **3s** as a yellow oil (53.9 mg, 23%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.55 (s, 1H), 7.86 – 7.84 (m, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 2H). ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -29.65. ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.0, 133.1, 130.8 (t, *J* = 325.8 Hz), 129.5, 123.4, 121.7, 119.5, 111.8, 98.2. HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd. for C₉H₆ClF₂NS [M-H]⁻231.9805, found: 231.9815.

2-chlorobenzo[d]thiazole



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (dq, J = 6.4, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dq, J = 6.4, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.42 – 7.39 (m, 1H).

4. Mechanistic Studies

4.1 In suit ¹⁹F NMR analysis.

To detect the key intermediates of $(EtO)_2P(O)H/TMSC1$ mediated direct difluoromethylthiolation, the experiment was conducted and monitored by the in suit ¹⁹F NMR. The reagent **1h** (-123.3 ppm) promptly disappeared within 1.5 h at 80°C, and small friable signals appeared between -118.5 and -123.0 ppm, which is believed to be HCF₂S(O)H according to previous report.



5. X-ray crystal structure analysis of 3k:





Crystal data and structure refinement for mo_d8v19075_0m.

Identification code	mo_d8v19075_0m	
Empirical formula	$C_{15}H_{18}F_2NO_2S$	
Formula weight	325.17	
Temperature	293(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	
Space group	P b c a	
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 7.0875(4) \text{ Å}$ $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 7.0875(4) Å $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ b = 10.6127(5) Å $\beta = 90^{\circ}$.	
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 7.0875(4)$ Å $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ $b = 10.6127(5)$ Å $\beta = 90^{\circ}$ $c = 14.5537(7)$ Å $\gamma = 90^{\circ}$	
Unit cell dimensions Volume	$a = 7.0875(4)$ Å $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ $b = 10.6127(5)$ Å $\beta = 90^{\circ}$ $c = 14.5537(7)$ Å $\gamma = 90^{\circ}$ 3327.5 (2) Å ³	

Density (calculated)	1.298 Mg/m ³
Absorption coefficient	0.219 mm ⁻¹
F(000)	1360
Crystal size	0.180 x 0.150 x 0.120 mm ³
Theta range for data collection	2.816 to 25.999°.
Index ranges	-10<=h<=10, -16<=k<=16, -36<=l<=36
Reflections collected	27898
Independent reflections	3260 [R(int) = 0.0728]
Completeness to theta = 25.242°	99.5 %
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents
Max. and min. transmission	0.7456 and 0.4612
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	3260 / 135 / 311
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.024
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0674, WR2 = 0.1840
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0869, wR2 = 0.2059
Absolute structure parameter	0.014(4)
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.309 and -0.284 e.Å ⁻³

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6. Copies of NMR Spectra





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