Aerobically-initiated C(sp³)–H bond amination through the use of activated azodicarboxylates

André Shamsabadi, Antoine Maruani, Nehaal Ahmed and Vijay Chudasama*

Department of Chemistry, University College London, London, UK.

Supporting Information

Contents

General Experimental	2
General Experimental for the formation of ether hydrazides	3
N-N bond cleavage reaction of ether hydrazide	35
Computational Details	37
Spin density maps for nitrogen centred radical intermediates	38
References	41

General Experimental

Chemicals

All reagents were purchased from Aldrich or AlfaAesar and were used as received without further purification unless otherwise stated.

Solvents

Where described below, Petrol refers to petroleum ether (b.p. 40-60 °C).

Chromatography

All reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) on pre-coated silica gel plates. Silica get plates were initially examined under short wave UV light and then developed using aqueous potassium permanganate stain. Flash column chromatography was carried out with pre-loaded GraceResolvTM flash cartridges on a Biotage® Isolera Spektra One flash chromatography system.

Spectroscopy

Quoted yields refer to chromatographically and spectroscopically pure compounds unless otherwise stated. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded at 600 MHz or 700 MHz and ¹³C NMR at 151 MHz or 176 MHz on a Bruker Avance III 600 or Bruker Avance Neo 700 spectrometer. The chemical shifts (δ) for ¹H and ¹³C are quoted relative to residual signals of the solvent on the parts per million (ppm) scale. Coupling constants (*J* values) are reported in Hertz (Hz) and are reported as *J*_{H-H}. Signal multiplicities in ¹³C NMR were determined using the distortionless enhancement by polarisation transfer (DEPT) spectral editing technique. Many of the compounds formed exist as rotamers, and this leads to broadness in peaks + additional peaks (the stereodynamics of the N–N bond about hydrazide-type molecules is well known in the literature).¹

Miscellaneous

Melting points were measured with a Gallenkamp apparatus and are uncorrected.

General experimental for the formation of ether hydrazides

To a solution of azodicarboxylate (1.00 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in fluorinated alcohol (0.5 mL) was added ether (5.00 mmol, 5.0 eq.). The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C at 1050 rpm for the time specified below and then poured over saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (20 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×15 mL). The combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the solvent evaporated *in vacuo*. The resultant crude residue was purified as described below.

Dimethyl 1-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6aa²



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded dimethyl 1-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a clear oil (179 mg, 0.82 mmol, 82%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.99-6.77 (m, NH, 1H), 5.93 (s, 1H), 3.93 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 7H), 2.06-1.89 (m, 3H), 1.86-1.79 (m, 1H); (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.4 (C), 156.2 (C), 87.7 (CH), 68.7 (CH₂), 53.8 (CH₃), 53.1 (CH₃), 28.2 (CH₂), 25.3 (CH₂); IR (thin film) 3306, 2984, 2939, 1750, 1732 cm⁻¹.





Diisopropyl 1-benzoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6ab³

$$\underset{O}{\overset{HN-CO_{2}'Pr}{\overset{}}}_{CO_{2}'Pr}$$

Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1-benzoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (252 mg, 0.920 mmol, 92%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.60-6.28 (m, NH, 1H), 6.25-5.83 (m, 1H), 4.98-4.90 (m, 2H), 3.96 (dt, J = 7.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (dt, J = 7.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.10-1.91 (m, 3H), 1.88-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 12H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.5 (C), 155.2 (C), 87.3 (CH), 70.7 (CH), 70.2 (CH), 69.9 (CH), 68.8 (CH₂), 29.8 (CH₂), 29.8 (CH₂), 28.4 (CH₂), 28.1 (CH₂), 25.4 (CH₂), 22.1 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3261, 2974, 2932, 2856, 1731, 1701 cm⁻¹.





Diisobutyl 1-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6ac



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisobutyl 1- (tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (266 mg, 0.880 mmol, 88%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.96-6.66 (m, NH, 1H), 6.22-5.65 (m, 1H), 3.93 (dt, *J* = 6.6, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.91-3.72 (m, 4H), 3.70 (dt, *J* = 6.6, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.13-1.78 (m, 6H), 0.92-0.78 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.9 (C), 155.5 (C), 87.1 (CH), 72.6 (CH₂), 72.2 (CH₂), 71.9 (CH₂), 68.5 (CH₂), 29.6 (CH₂), 28.1 (CH₂) 27.9 (CH), 27.8 (CH), 25.2 (CH₂), 18.8 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3280, 2972, 2935, 2861, 1738, 1711 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 303 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₂₇N₂O₅ [M+H]⁺ 303.1915; observed 303.1917.





Diethyl 1-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6ad²



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diethyl 1- (tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a clear oil (232 mg 0.940 mmol, 94%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.50-6.18 (m, NH, 1H), 6.12-5.87 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.19 (m, 4H), 3.99 (dt, *J* = 7.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (dt, *J* = 7.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.09-1.94 (m, 3H), 1.91-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.24 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.9 (C), 155.7 (C), 87.7 (CH), 68.8 (CH₂), 63.0 (CH₂), 62.3 (CH₂), 28.4 (CH₂), 25.4 (CH₂), 14.5 (CH₃), 14.5 (CH₃); IR (thin film) 3282, 2982, 2972, 2875, 1718 cm⁻¹.





Dibenzyl 1-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6ae²



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded dibenzyl 1- (tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (267 mg, 0.720 mmol, 72%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35-7.26 (m, 10H), 7.12 (br s, NH, 1H), 6.02 (s, 1H), 5.20-5.09 (m, 4H), 3.94 (dt, *J* = 7.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (dt, *J* = 7.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.08-1.86 (m, 3H), 1.84-1.75 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.8 (C), 155.6 (C), 135.9 (C), 135.8 (C), 128.7 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 87.8 (CH), 68.8 (CH₂), 68.4 (CH₂), 67.9 (CH₂), 28.4 (CH₂), 25.3 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3287, 3067, 3034, 2970, 2894, 1742, 1706, 1686 cm⁻¹.





Diisopropyl 1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6bb



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 72 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1- (tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (202 mg, 0.700 mmol, 70%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.17-8.70 (m, NH, 1H), 5.18-4.95 (m, 1H), 4.81-4.72 (m, 2H), 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.46-3.38 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.59-1.50 (m, 2H), 1.59-1.41 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.28 (m, 2H), 1.26-1.02 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 156.2 (C), 154.5 (C), 83.7 (CH), 83.5 (CH), 69.7 (CH), 69.1 (CH), 68.1 (CH₂), 67.9 (CH), 66.8 (CH₂), 66.8 (CH₂), 28.3 (CH₂), 27.3 (CH₂), 24.8 (CH₂) 22.5 (CH₂), 22.4 (CH₂), 22.3 (CH₂), 22.0 (CH₃), 21.9 (CH₃), 21.7 (CH₃), 21.7 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3255, 2983, 2937, 2873, 1740, 1716 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 289 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₂₅N₂O₅ [M+H]⁺ 289.1938; observed 289.1941.





Diisopropyl 1-(1,4-dioxan-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6cb⁴



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 72 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1-(1,4-dioxan-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (206 mg, 0.710 mmol, 71%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.75-6.45 (m, NH, 1H), 5.58-5.25 (m, 1H), 4.98-4.90 (m, 2H), 3.92-3.76 (m, 3H), 3.65-3.61 (m, 1H), 3.56-3.47 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 12H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.2 (C), 154.7 (C), 81.9 (CH), 80.8 (CH), 71.2 (CH), 70.1 (CH), 67.4 (CH₂), 66.8 (CH₂), 65.6 (CH₂), 22.1 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3264, 2980, 2936, 2873, 1735, 1716 cm⁻¹.





Diisopropyl 1-(oxepan-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6db



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 96 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl diisopropyl 1-(oxepan-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (187 mg, 0.620 mmol, 62%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.76-6.40 (m, 1H), 5.60-5.35 (m, 1H), 4.97-4.87 (m, 2H), 3.88-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.71-3.63 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.65 (m, 3H), 1.51-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.18 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 12H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.4 (C), 86.7 (CH), 86.2 (CH), 70.5 (CH), 69.8 (CH₂), 69.6 (CH), 67.3 (CH₂), 31.5 (CH₂), 31.1 (CH₂), 26.8 (CH₂), 26.8 (CH₂), 24.8 (CH₂), 22.1 (CH₃), 22.1 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3293, 2979, 2928, 2863 1740, 1715 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 303 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₂₇N₂O₅ [M+H]⁺ 303.1915; observed 303.1918.





Diisopropyl 1-(5-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6eb



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1-(5-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a clear oil (58.0 mg, 0.200 mmol, 20%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃, diastereomers (1:1)) δ 6.48-5.85 (m, 2H), 4.98-4.92 (m, 2H), 4.27-4.22 (m, 0.5H), 4.00-3.94 (m, 0.5H), 2.22-1.88 (m, 3H), 1.55-1.41 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.17 (m, 15H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.5 (C), 155.2 (C), 86.8 (CH), 70.6 (CH), 70.1 (CH), 70.0 (CH), 69.9 (CH), 69.8 (CH), 33.1 (CH₂), 32.5 (CH₂), 28.7 (CH₂), 22.2 (CH₃), 22.1 (CH₂) 22.1 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃), 21.4 (CH₃), 21.0 (CH₃); IR (thin film) 3251, 2986, 2942, 2867, 1732, 1713 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 303 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₂₅N₂O₅ [M+H]⁺ 303.1915; observed 303.1918.





(30:70) Regioisomeric mixture of diisopropyl 1-(5-methyltetrahydrofuran-2yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6eb and diisopropyl 1-(2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6fb



Compounds prepared without the use of fluorinated alcohol as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded an inseparable mixture of regioisomers diisopropyl 1-(5-methyltetrahydrofuran-2yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **6eb** diisopropyl 1-(2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2and yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **6fb** as a clear oil (196 mg, 0.68 mmol, 68%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, DMSO-d₆, regioisomers (3:7) δ 9.14-8.68 (m, NH, 1H), 5.96-5.73 (m, 0.3H), 4.83-4.74 (m, 2H), 3.89-3.72 (m, 1.7H), 2.62-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.10-1.73 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.30 (m, 3H), 1.24-1.10 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.2 (C), 161.1 (C), 161.1 (C), 160.8 (C), 159.6 (C), 159.4 (C), 159.0 (C), 103.2 (C), 103.1 (C), 102.8 (C), 102.7 (C), 92.3 (CH), 91.3 (CH), 80.2 (CH), 80.1 (CH), 74.3 (CH₂), 73.6 (CH), 73.5 (CH), 73.4 (CH₂), 73.4 (CH), 73.2 (CH₂), 73.1 (CH₂), 42.9 (CH₂), 42.7 (CH₂), 42.6 (CH₂), 29.7 (CH₂), 29.6 (CH₂), 29.6 (CH₂), 29.6 (CH₂), 29.6 (CH₂), 29.5 (CH₂), 27.3 (CH₂), 27.2 (CH₂), 27.2 (CH₂), 27.2 (CH₂), 27.2 (CH₂), 27.2 (CH₂), 27.2 (CH₂), 27.1 (CH₂), 27.1 (CH₂), 27.1 (CH₂), 27.1 (CH₂), 26.9 (CH₂);); IR (thin film) 3247, 2986, 2937, 2920, 2863, 1735, 1714 cm⁻¹.



Diisopropyl 1-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6gb



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 24 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (193 mg, 0.700 mmol, 70%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.10-8.77 (m, NH, 1H), 6.51 (s, 1H), 4.84-4.75 (m, 2H), 4.02 (dt, *J* = 6.2, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.94-3.89 (m, 1H) 3.88-3.81 (m, 2H), 1.21-1.10 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 155.4 (C), 153.8 (C), 103.8 (CH), 69.5 (CH), 68.1 (CH), 68.0 (CH), 65.1 (CH₂), 65.0 (CH₂), 64.6 (CH₂), 21.9 (CH₃), 21.8 (CH₃), 21.7 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3271, 2986, 2937, 2909, 1748, 1691 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 277 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₁H₂₁N₂O₆ [M+H]⁺ 277.1394; observed 277.1395.





Diisopropyl 1-(1,3-dioxan-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6hb



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 24 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1-(1,3-dioxan-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (171 mg, 0.590 mmol, 59%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.08-8.72 (m, NH, 1H), 5.95 (s, 1H), 4.82-4.71 (m, 2H), 4.02 (dd, *J* = 5.8, 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.92-3.84 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.72 (m, 1H), 1.32-1.27 (m, 1H), 1.19-1.08 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 155.4 (C), 153.4 (C), 99.6 (CH), 69.6 (CH), 67.9 (CH₂), 67.8 (CH), 66.1 (CH₂), 66.0 (CH₂), 65.8 (CH₂), 65.7 (CH₂), 24.1 (CH₂), 22.0 (CH₃), 21.8 (CH₃), 21.7 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3269, 2982, 2943, 2901, 1740, 1698 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 291 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₂₃N₂O₆ [M+H]⁺ 291.1551; observed 291.1555.





Diisopropyl 1-benzoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylatedicarboxylate 6ib

$$\begin{array}{c} O & HN-CO_2{}^i Pr \\ & & \\ H & CO_2{}^i Pr \end{array}$$

Compound prepared using TFE as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 24 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1-formylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a clear oil (144 mg, 0.620 mmol, 62%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 9.74-9.35 (m, 1H), 9.20-9.16 (m, NH, 1H), 5.06-4.99 (m, 1H), 4.85-4.77 (m, 1H), 1.32-1.25 (m, 6H), 1.23-1.07 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 166.0 (C), 165.9 (C), 165.9 (C), 165.8 (C), 159.9 (C), 159.2 (C), 157.6 (C), 77.6 (CH), 77.6 (CH), 74.4 (CH), 74.4 (CH), 27.1 (CH₃), 27.0 (CH₃), 26.9 (CH₃), 26.7 (CH₃), 26.7 (CH₃), 26.7 (CH₃), 26.7 (CH₃); IR (thin film) 3308, 2981, 2934, 2857, 1730, 1687 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 233 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₉H₁₇N₂O₅ [M+H]⁺ 233.1132; observed 233.1134.





Diisopropyl 1-((benzyloxy)(phenyl)methyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6kb



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 72 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1-((benzyloxy)(phenyl)methyl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (252 mg, 0.630 mmol, 63%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 21 °C) δ 9.29-8.50 (m, NH, 1H), 7.43-7.20 (m, 10H), 6.50-6.25 (m, 1H), 5.10-4.30 (m, 4H), 1.27-0.52 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, DMSOd₆, 21 °C) δ 156.4 (C), 155.9 (C), 155.7 (C), 155.5 (C), 155.0 (C), 154.9 (C), 154.5 (C), 138.3 (C), 137.8 (C), 137.6 (C), 137.0 (C), 128.2 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 127.7 (CH), 127.6 (CH), 127.5 (CH), 127.2 (CH), 127.1 (CH), 127.0, (CH), 126.6 (CH), 85.5 (CH), 85.2 (CH), 84.8 (CH), 84.7 (CH), 69.9 (CH), 69.5 (CH), 68.9 (CH), 68.2 (CH), 67.8 (CH), 67.6 (CH), 21.9 (CH₃), 21.9 (CH₃), 21.8 (CH₃), 21.7 (CH₃), 21.7 (CH₃), 20.8 (CH₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 120 °C) δ 8.43 (br s, NH, 1H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 4H), 7.38-7.27 (m, 6H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 5.00-4.88 (m, 2H), 4.72-4.66 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.22 (m, 6H), 1.15-0.98 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 120 °C) δ 156.1 (C), 155.7 (C), 138.7 (C), 137.0 (C), 128.6 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 127.4 (CH), 87.0 (CH), 70.3 (CH), 68.6 (CH), 22.1 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3282, 2984, 2937, 1742, 1699, 1681, 1650 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 401 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₂H₂₉N₂O₅ [M+H]⁺ 401.2071; observed 401.2076.





Diisopropyl 1-(tetrahydrothiophen-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6lb



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1- (tetrahydrothiophen-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (142 mg, 0.490 mmol, 49%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.49-6.25 (m, NH, 1H), 6.15-5.90 (s, 1H), 4.99-4.86 (m, 2H), 3.06-2.94 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.14-2.02 (m, 3H), 1.96-1.88 (m, 1H), 1.26-1.19 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.3 (C), 155.0 (C), 70.8 (CH), 70.0 (CH), 69.8 (CH), 67.2 (CH), 66.9 (CH), 34.4 (CH₂), 34.1 (CH₂), 33.3 (CH₂), 30.2 (CH₂), 30.1 (CH₂), 22.1 (CH₃), 22.1 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3284, 2980, 2934, 1739, 1703 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 401 (100, [M+H]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₂₃N₂O₄S [M+H]⁺ 291.1373; observed 291.1373.





Diisopropyl 1-(1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)pyrrolidin-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate 6mb



Compound prepared using HFIP as the reaction solvent and a reaction duration of 48 h. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded diisopropyl 1-(1-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)pyrrolidin-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate as a white solid (302 mg, 0.810 mmol, 81%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.63-6.16 (m, NH, 1H), 6.04-5.87 (m, 1H), 4.97-4.90 (m, 2H), 3.46-3.45 (m, 2H), 2.17-2.07 (m, 2H), 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.72 (m, 1H), 1.41 (s, 9H), 1.24-1.21 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.4 (C), 154.2 (C), 154.2 (C), 80.4 (C), 80.0 (C), 70.0 (CH), 70.0 (CH), 47.1 (CH), 46.7 (CH), 31.3 (CH₂), 29.8 (CH₂), 28.5 (CH₃), 22.8 (CH₂), 22.3 (CH₃), 22.1 (CH₃), 22.0 (CH₃), 21.8 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3253, 2983, 2945, 2830, 1730, 1710 cm⁻¹. LRMS (ESI) 396 (100, [M+Na]⁺); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₃₁N₃O₆Na [M+Na]⁺ 396.2105; observed 396.2105.





N-N bond cleavage reaction of ether hydrazide

Isopropyl (tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)carbamate 9

To a stirring solution of sodium hydride (60% mineral oil dispersion, 200 mg, 5.00 mmol, 5 eq.) in anhydrous THF (0.5 mL) was added dropwise a solution of diisopropyl 1-benzoylhydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate **6ab** (274 mg, 1.00 mmol, 1 eq.) pre-dissolved in anhydrous THF (1.5 mL) under an atmosphere of argon and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 minutes. After this time, to the reaction mixture was added dropwise tert-butyl bromoacetate (162 µL, 1.10 mmol, 1.1 eq.) pre-dissolved in anhydrous THF (0.5 mL). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 25 °C for 16 h and then poured over saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (10 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3×15 mL). The combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the solvent evaporated in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (10%-50% EtOAc/Petrol) afforded isopropyl (tetrahydrofuran-2yl)carbamate as a white solid (130 mg, 0.75 mmol, 75%). ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.53 (br s, NH, 1H), 5.14 (app. s, 1H), 4.91 (septet, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (dt, J = 7.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (dt, J = 7.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.19-2.12 (m, 1H), 1.96-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.21 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.5 (C), 82.2 (CH), 68.5 (CH), 67.1 (CH₂), 31.9 (CH₂), 24.8 (CH₂), 22.2 (CH₃); IR (solid) 3314, 2980, 2933, 2871, 1738, 1683 cm⁻ ¹. LRMS (ESI) 401 (100, $[M+H]^+$); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₈H₁₆NO₃ $[M+H]^+$ 174.1125; observed 174.1124.



Computational Details

Spartan 14 and Gaussian 09 computational chemistry packages were used for all theoretical calculations. The optimised structures were drawn using the GaussView5 program. All structures were confirmed to be local minima by the absence of negative eigenvalues of the Hesse matrix in the frequency analysis at the same level. No symmetrical or internal coordinate constraints were applied. M06 2X/6-311++G(d,p) model chemistry was used to determine relative electronic energies, thermodynamic properties, and to conduct partial charges and population analysis calculations with the Multiwfn 3.7 suite.⁵





Non-bonded (THF radical attack on DIAD 5b)



O-bonded (THF radical attack on DIAD 5b^O)



N-bonded (THF radical attack on DIAD $5b^N$)



References

- 1 Y. J. Kim and D. Lee, Org. Lett., 2004, 6, 4351–4353.
- 2 R. Askani, Chem. Ber., 1965, 98, 2551–2555.
- 3 I. Ryu, A. Tani, T. Fukuyama, D. Ravelli, S. Montanaro and M. Fagnoni, *Org. Lett.*, 2013, **15**, 2554–2557.
- 4 D. Lee and R. D. Otte, J. Org. Chem., 2004, **69**, 3569–3571.
- 5 T. Lu and F. Chen, J. Comput. Chem., 2012, **33**, 580–592.