Supporting Information

N-Bridged Strategy Enables Hemilabile Phosphine-Carbonyl Palladium and Nickel Catalysts to Mediate Ethylene Polymerization and Copolymerization with Polar Vinyl Monomers

Lei Cui and Zhongbao Jian*

State Key Laboratory of Polymer Physics and Chemistry, Changchun Institute of Applied Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Renmin Street 5625, Changchun 130022, China.

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General Procedures and Materials: All syntheses involving air and moisture sensitive compounds were carried out using standard Schlenk-type glassware (or in a glove box) under an atmosphere of nitrogen. All solvents were purified from the MBraun SPS system. NMR spectra for the ligands, complexes, and polymers were recorded on a Bruker AV400 (¹H: 400 MHz, ¹³C: 100 MHz, ³¹P: 162 MHz, ¹⁹F: 376 MHz) or a Bruker AV500 (¹H: 500 MHz, ¹³C: 125 MHz, ³¹P: 202 MHz, ¹⁹F: 470 MHz). The molecular weights (M_n) and molecular weight distributions (M_w/M_n) of polymers were measured by means of gel permeation chromatography (GPC) on a PL-GPC 220-type high-temperature chromatograph equipped with three PL-gel 10 μ m Mixed-B LS type columns at 150 °C. Melting points (T_m) of polyethylenes and polymers were measured through DSC analyses, which were carried out on a Q 100 DSC from TA Instruments under a nitrogen atmosphere at heating and cooling rates of 20 °C/min (temperature range: 40-250 °C).

Materials: (COD)PdMeCl¹ and $[Ni(allyl)Cl]_2^2$ were prepared according to the literature procedures. The following polar monomers were commercially available and used after distillation under vacuum: methyl acrylate (MA), butyl vinyl ether (BVE), acrylic acid (AA). All other reagents were commercially available and used as received.

X-Ray diffraction: Data collections were performed at -100 °C on a Bruker SMART APEX diffractometer with a CCD area detector, using graphite-monochromated Mo K α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å) or Cu K α radiation ($\lambda = 1.54178$ Å). The determination of crystal class and unit cell parameters was carried out by the SMART program package.³ The raw frame data were processed using SAINT and SADABS to yield the reflection data file.⁴ All structures were solved by direct methods and refined by full-matrix least-squares procedures on F^2 using SHELXTL or Olex2.⁵ Refinement was performed on F^2 anisotropically for all non-hydrogen atoms by the full-matrix least-squares method. The hydrogen atoms were placed at the calculated positions and were included in the structure calculation without further refinement of the parameters.

Preparation of ligands and catalysts



Chlorobis(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)phosphine: 2-bromoanisole 27 g (0.144 mol) was dissolved in 150 mL ether under nitrogen, 60 mL *n*-BuLi (2.5 M in hexane, 0.144 mmol) was droped at -78 °C. After 2 h, 12.1 g (0.07 mol) Et₂NPCl₂ prepared was added to the solution and stirred overnight at room temperature. Subsequently, 69 mL HCl/Et₂O (2 M, 0.07 mol) was added at room temperature and stirred overnight. The resulting was filtered over celite and the solvent was removed under vacuum to yield a white solid chlorobis(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)phosphine (15 g, 76%)⁶. ³¹P NMR (202 Hz, CDCl₃): 69.34.



L1: To a solution of diisopropylamine (0.36 g, 14 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added dropwiseat -78 °C with n-BuLi (2.3 mL, 1.6 M, 3.7 mmol) under nitrogen. After the mixture was stirred for 0.5 h, a solution of acetophenone (0.43 g, 3.6 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at -78 °C and then transferred into a schlenk flask containing chlorobis(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)phosphine (1 g, 3.5 mmol) in THF (10 mL). After the mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature, the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was treated with chloroform, and the resulting suspension was filtered in order to remove LiCl. The filtrate was then evaporated to dryness, and the residue was purified by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether = 1:10). The ligand was isolated by recrystallization (chloroform/petroleum ether) as a white solid L1 (0.8 g, 63%)⁷. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.12-8.08 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.46-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 2H), 6.97-6.91 (t, 2H), 6.88-6.83 (dd, J = 4.31 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 2H, -CH₂-), 3.72 (s, 6H, OMe). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 185.65 (d, J = 17.38 Hz), 161.66 (dd, J = 47.15Hz, J = 51.37Hz), 160.40 (s), 135.63 (s), 134.78 (s), 133.22 (s), 131.91 (s), 129.27 (s), 129.00 (s), 128.75 (s), 127.43 (s), 125.61 (s), 133.44 (s), 122.37 (d, J = 8.31Hz), 117.46 (s), 116.54 (s), 112.06 (d, J =5.41Hz), 56.00 (s, *OMe*), 35.95 (d, *J*= 2.62Hz, -*CH*₂-). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -29.76.



L2: N-methylbenzamide (2.02 g, 15 mmol) was dissolved in THF (30 mL) at -10 °C under nitrogen. A solution of 9.4ml *n*-BuLi (1.6 M) in hexane was added dropwise. The white suspension was stirred at this temperature for1.5 h and subsequently allowed to room temperature. Chlorobis (2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)phosphine (2.13 g, 7.59 mmol) in THF (20mL) was added and the clear solution was stirred for 12 h at ambient temperature. The mixture was evaporated to dryness and subsequently suspended inCHCl₃ (40 mL). After that, the suspension was filtered through Celite. The ligand was isolated by recrystallization (THF) as a white solid **L2** (1.9 g, 70.4%)⁸. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.53-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.43-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.09 (m, 2H), 6.92-6.88 (m, 2H), 3.74 (s, 6H, *OMe*), 2.78 (s, 3H, *N-Me*). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 177.91 (d, *J* = 28.87 Hz), 160.88 (d, *J* = 15.83 Hz), 137.34 (d, *J* = 3.21), 131.67 (d, *J* = 2.90), 131.06 (s), 130.15 (s), 128.05 (s), 127.69 (d, *J* = 7.36), 122.76 (d, *J* = 12.34), 110.27 (s), 55.63 (s, *OMe*), 33.73 (s, *N-Me*). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 43.36.



Chlorobis(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)phosphine: 11 mL *n*-BuLi (2.4 M in hexane, 26 mmol) was added dropwise to a solution of 5.9 g 2-bromobenzotrifluoride (26 mmol) in Et₂O (100 mL) at -78 °C under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. The solution was cooled to -78 °C and a solution of 2.3 g Cl₂PNEt₂ (13 mmol) in Et₂O (15 mL) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 3 h, meanwhile a white precipitate formed. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and 13 mL HCl (2 M, 26 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature solution was cooled to warm to room temperature and stirred for 3 h, meanwhile a white precipitate formed. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature solution was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature solution was added to warm to room temperature solution was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature solution was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature solution was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and the resulting slurry was stirred for 2 days. The precipitate was filtered off over celite and washed with Et₂O.The solvent was removed under vacuum to yield white solid (3.6g, 78%)⁹. ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 72.60.



L3: N-methylbenzamide (0.5 g, 3.75 mmol) was dissolved in THF (20 mL) at -10 °C under nitrogen. A solution of 2.4 mL *n*-BuLi (1.6 M, 3.84 mmol) in hexanes was added dropwise. The white suspension was stirred with cooling for 1.5 h and subsequently allowed to room temperature. Chlorobis(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-phosphine (1.34 g, 3.79 mmol) in THF (20mL) was added and the clear solution was stirred for 12 h at ambient temperature. The mixture was evaporated to dryness and subsequently suspended in CHCl₃ (40 mL). After that, the suspension was filtered through Celite. The ligand was isolated by recrystallization (THF/petroleum ether) as a white solid L3 (1.45 g, 85.3%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.79-7.75 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.52 (m, 4H), 7.49-7.23 (m, 7H), 2.82 (s, 3H, *N-Me*). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 177.22 (d, *J* = 37.38 Hz), 136.27 (d, *J* = 3.55 Hz), 134.34 (d, *J* = 35.36 Hz), 133.45 (d, *J* = 28.49 Hz), 131.93 (s), 130.38 (s), 130.13 (s), 128.03 (s), 127.43 (d, *J* = 8.35 Hz), 125.10 (d, *J* = 1.94 Hz), 33.85 (s, *NMe*). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 46.26.



(2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl-2-yl)phenylphosphine chloride: 1.46 g (5 mmol) 2-Bromo-2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl was dissolved in 30 mL THF, 2.3 mL *n*-BuLi (2.4 M in hexane, 11 mmol) was added dropwise at -10 °C under nitrogen. After stirred for 3 h at room temperature, the reaction suspension was slowly transferred into the solution of PPhCl₂ (0.89 g, 5 mmol) in 15 mL THF, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 7 h. The resulting precipitate was filtered over off celite and the solvent was removed under vacuum to yield a white solid (1.5 g, 69%)¹⁰. ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 46.26 (80% purity without further purification).



L4: N-methylbenzamide (0.25 g, 1.85 mmol) was dissolved in THF (20 mL) at -10 °C under nitrogen. A solution of 1.2 mLn-BuLi (1.6 M, 1.92 mmol) in hexanes was added dropwise. The white suspension was stirred with cooling for 1.5 h and subsequently allowed to room temperature. (2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl-2-yl)phenylphosphine chloride (1.06 g, 1.85 mmol, 80% purity) in THF (20 mL) was added and the clear solution was stirred for 12 h at ambient temperature. The mixture was evaporated to dryness and subsequently suspended in CHCl₃ (40 mL). After that, the suspension was filtered through Celite. The ligand was isolated by recrystallization (THF/hexane) as a white solid L4 (0.8 g, 95%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.49-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.32-7.17 (m, 8H), 7.16-7.09 (m, 2H), 7.01-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.64 (d, J = 9.96 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (d, J = 10.53 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.46 (s, 3H, OMe), 2.87 (s, 3H, N-Me). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 177.03 (d, J = 34.35 Hz), 158.37 (s), 157.26 (s), 141.33 (d, J = 32.67 Hz), 136.63 (s), 136.55 (d, J = 15.61 Hz), 135.89 (d, J = 17.36 Hz), 132.51 (d, J = 2.88 Hz), 131.73 (d, J = 6.02 Hz), 131.04 (d, J = 20.43 Hz), 130.08 (s), 129.55 (d, J = 12.83 Hz), 128.60 (s), 128.49 (d, J = 6.81 Hz), 127.87 (d, J = 6.81 Hz), 127.40 (s), 127.32 (s), 117.92 (d, J = 6.14 Hz), 104.06 (d, J = 16.12 Hz), 55.82 (s, **OMe**), 32.71 (s, **N-Me**). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 51.96.



L5: 1.9 g 2-bromo-2',6'-difluorobiphenyl (7.06 mmol) was dissolved in 20 mL THF, 4.2 ml *n*-BuLi (2.4 M in hexane, 8.47 mmol) was added dropwise at -78 °C under nitrogen. After stirring for 2 h at -78 °C, the reaction suspension was slowly transferred into the solution of PPhCl₂ (1.26 g, 7.06 mmol) in 15 mL THF, and the reaction mixture (A) was further stirred for 12 h at -30 °C. N-methylbenzamide (0.87 g, 6.5 mmol) was dissolved in THF (20 mL) at -10 °C. A solution of 4.9 mL *n*-BuLi (1.6 M, 7.8 mmol) in hexanes was added dropwise. The white suspension was stirred with cooling for 1.5 h and subsequently allowed to room temperature. After that, the

reaction mixture A was transferred to the resulting suspension and stirred at room temperature overnight. The solution was filtered over celite and the solvent was removed under vacuum. The ligand was isolated by recrystallization (THF/hexane) as a white solid **L5** (0.5 g, 17% yield, 74% purity without further purification)¹⁰. ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 50.53.



L6: N-methylbenzamide (1.01 g, 7.4 mmol) was dissolved in THF (20 mL) at -10 °C under nitrogen. A solution of 4.7 mL *n*-BuLi (1.6 M, 7.52 mmol) in hexanes was added dropwise. The white suspension was stirred with cooling for 1.5 h and subsequently allowed to room temperature. Di-tert-butylchlorophosphane (1.37 g, 7.58 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added and the clear solution was refluxed for 12 h. The mixture was evaporated to dryness and subsequently suspended in CHCl₃ (40 mL). After that, the suspension was filtered through Celite. The solvent was removed under vacuum and crystallized (THF/ether) to remove white solid. The product was isolated by removed the solvent as a yellow viscous liquid **L6**. (1.6 g, 78% yield, 83% content without further purification)¹¹. ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 95.59.



Pd1: A mixture of **L1** (168.4 mg, 0.46 mmol) and (COD)PdMeCl (122.4 mg, 0.46 mmol) in 15mL of CH₂Cl₂ was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. The resulting mixture was evaporated and the residue was washed by Et₂O. The solid was collected by filtration to give **Pd1** as a white solid (200 mg, 83.4%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.08-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.69-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.52-7.34 (m, 4H), 7.02-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.95-6.87 (m, 2H), 4.30 (d, *J* = 19.08 Hz, 2H, *-CH*₂-), 3.73 (s, 6H, *OMe*), 0.80 (s, 3H, Pd-*CH*₃). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 24.64.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₂₄ClO₃PPd:C, 52.99; H, 4.64. Found: C, 53.06; H, 4.68.



Pd2: Similar procedure was employed with mixing **L2** (379.4 mg, 1.0 mmol) and (COD)PdMeCl (265 mg, 1.0 mmol). **Pd2** was obtained as a gray solid (450 mg, 83.9%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.66-7.55 (m, 4H), 7.51-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 6H, *OMe*), 2.93 (d, J = 7.51, 3H, *NMe*), 0.81 (d, J = 2.86 Hz, 3H, Pd-*Me*). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 180.56 (d, J = 11.13 Hz), 160.83 (d, J = 4.40 Hz), 135.24 (d, J = 12.04 Hz), 134.48 (d, J = 2.56 Hz), 133.22 (d, J = 4.14 Hz), 131.42 (s), 128.70 (s), 127.57 (s), 121.45 (d, J = 11.30 Hz), 115.24 (d. J = 51.99 Hz), 111.79 (d, J = 9.61 Hz), 55.99 (s, *OMe*), 37.31 (d, J = 5.03 Hz, *NMe*), -5.18 (s, Pd-*Me*). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 88.80.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₂₅ClNO₃PPd: C, 51.51; H, 4.70; N, 2.61. Found: C, 51.70; H, 4.64; N, 2.65.



Pd3: Similar procedure was employed with mixing **L3** (227.7 mg, 0.5 mmol) and (COD)PdMeCl (132.5 mg, 0.5 mmol). **Pd3** was obtained as a white solid (250 mg, 81.7%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.04-7.94 (m, 2H), 7.83-7.70 (m, 4H), 7.69-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.41 (m, 4H), 2.74 (d, J = 7.31 Hz, *NMe*), 1.06 (d, J = 3.15 Hz, Pd-*Me*). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): it cannot be characterized due to a very poor solubility.³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 88.30.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₁₉ClF₆NOPPd: C, 45.12; H, 3.31; N, 2.29. Found: C, 45.30; H, 3.29; N, 2.20.



Pd4: Similar procedure was employed with mixing **L4** (136.6 mg, 0.3 mmol) and (COD)PdMeCl (79.5 mg, 0.3 mmol). **Pd4** was obtained as a white solid (150 mg, 81.7%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.00-7.93 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.38-7.34 (m,1H), 7.32-7.28 (t, 2H), 7.15-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.89 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 10.41 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 3H, *OMe*), 3.53 (s, 3H, *OMe*), 2.77 (d, J = 4.79 Hz, 3H, *NMe*), 0.75 (d, J = 3.20 Hz, 3H, Pd-*Me*). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 179.29 (d, J = 11.54 Hz), 157.67 (d, J = 71.45 Hz), 140.77 (d, J = 19.24 Hz), 134.70 (d, J = 16.46 Hz), 134.35 (d, J = 8.60 Hz), 133.64 (d, J = 10.85 Hz), 132.28 (d, J = 53.36 Hz), 132.28 (d, J = 4.42 Hz), 131.42 (s), 130.80 (s), 129.18 (d, J = 51.92 Hz), 129.18 (d, J = 10.61 Hz), 128.37 (s), 128.06 (s), 127.03 (d, J = 11.40 Hz), 126.05 (d, J = 51.28 Hz), 116.63 (d, J = 4.76 Hz), 105.09 (s), 103.77 (s), 56.75 (s, *OMe*), 55.99 (s, *OMe*), 36.28 (d, J = 4.18 Hz, *NMe*), -4.52 (s, Pd-*Me*). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 93.24.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₂₉H₂₉ClNO₃PPd: C, 56.88; H, 4.77; N, 2.29. Found: C, 56.71; H, 4.68; N, 2.21.



Pd5: Similar procedure was employed with mixing **L5** (129.3 mg, 0.25 mmol actually) and (COD)PdMeCl (66.3 mg, 0.25 mmol). **Pd5** was obtained as a white solid (80 mg, 54.4%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.80-7.73 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.54 (m, 6H), 7.52-7.43 (m, 7H), 7.26-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.01 (t, 1H), 2.96 (d, J = 5.35 Hz, 3H, *NMe*), 0.59 (s, 3H, *Pd-Me*). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 180.44 (d, J = 12.23 Hz), 160.83 (dd, J = 9.31 Hz, J = 7.93 Hz), 158.87 (dd, J = 8.96 Hz, J = 10.00 Hz), 137.28 (d, J = 20.36 Hz), 134.70 (d, J = 5.30 Hz), 133.77 (d, J = 9.91 Hz), 133.27 (d, J = 4.34 Hz), 132.95 (d, J = 4.65 Hz), 131.77, 131.50 (d, J = 3.72 Hz), 131.42 (s), 130.61 (d, J = 12.70 Hz), 129.45 (d, J = 10.84 Hz), 128.59 (s), 128.52 (d, J = 6.20 Hz), 128.15 (s), 127.72 (s), 127.53 (d, J = 3.41 Hz), 126.39 (d, J = 4.585 Hz), 113.17 (dd, J = 3.80 Hz, J = 4.70 Hz), 111.32 (dd, J = 3.36 Hz, J = 4.47 Hz), 35.77 (*NMe*), -5.20 (d, J = 3.39 Hz, *Pd-Me*). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 83.23. ¹⁹F NMR (470 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -108.46, -113.76.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₂₇H₂₃ClF₂NOPPd: C, 55.12; H, 3.94; N, 2.38. Found: C, 55.00; H, 3.89; N, 2.31.



Pd6: Similar procedure was employed with mixing **L6** (100 mg, 0.28 mmol actually) and (COD)PdMeCl (74 mg, 0.28 mmol). **Pd6** was obtained as a white solid (100 mg, 81.8%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.49-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 2H), 3.19 (d, J = 3.33 Hz, 3H, *NMe*), 1.56 (d, J = 15.07 Hz, 18H, -*C*(*CH*₃)₃), 1.03 (d, J = 1.2 0 Hz, 3H, Pd-*Me*). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 182.77 (d, J = 7.04 Hz), 133.23 (d, J = 4.14 Hz), 131.25 (s), 128.97 (s), 126.74 (s), 40.94 (d, J = 8.60 Hz), 40.47 (d, J = 4.02 Hz), 30.12 (d, J = 6.52 Hz, *NMe*), -7.49 (s, Pd-*Me*). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 138.2.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{29}CINOPPd$: C, 46.80; H, 6.70; N, 3.21. Found: C, 46.74; H, 6.64; N, 3.19.



Ni1: A mixture of L1(182.2 mg, 0.5 mmol), [Ni(allyl)Cl]₂ (67.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), and NaBAF (443 mg, 0.5 mmol) in 15 mL CH₂Cl₂ was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. The resulting mixture was filtrated and evaporated. The resulting solid was recrystallized from CH₂Cl₂ and hexane solution to give Ni1 as a bright yellow solid (450 mg, 67.8%)¹². ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ 8.13-8.04 (m, 2H), 7.84-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.76-7.69 (m, 9H), 7.65-7.52 (m, 8H), 7.26-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.11-7.03 (m, 4H), 5.83 (br, 1H, allyl-CH-), 4.24 (d, *J* = 12.94Hz, 2H, -CH₂-), 4.13-3.89 (m, 1.69H, *allyl*-CH₂-), 3.83 (s, 6H, OMe), 3.03-2.53 (m, 1.69H, *allyl* -CH₂-). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ 213.76 (d, *J* = 11.44 Hz), 162.17 (dd, *J* = 49.40 Hz, *J* = 50.95 Hz), 160.77 (s), 137.95 (s), 135.21 (s), 133.41 (d, *J* = 4.06 Hz), 131.29 (s), 130.09 (s), 129.66 (br), 129.41 (br), 129.16 (br), 128.91 (br), 128.25 (s), 126.09 (s), 123.92 (s), 122.19 (d, *J* = 11.96Hz), 121.76 (s), 117.88 (br), 116.99 (s), 112.05 (d, *J* = 4.17), 56.36 (s, OMe), 44.03 (d, *J* = 27.28, -CH₂-).³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): δ 15.49. Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₅₇H₃₈BF₂₄NiO₃P: C, 51.58; H, 2.89. Found: C,

51.44; H, 2.88.



Ni2: Similar procedure was employed with mixing **L2** (124.6 mg, 0.328 mmol), [Ni(allyl)Cl]₂ (44 mg, 0.164 mmol) and NaBAF (291 mg, 0.328 mmol). **Ni2** was obtained as a bright yellow solid (300 mg, 68.2%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78-7.64 (m, 8H), 7.64-7.56 (m, 3H), 7.54-7.41 (m, 7H), 7.22-7.01 (m, 6H), 5.55 (br, 1H, **allyl-***CH*-), 4.87-4.39 (m, 0.64H, *allyl* -*CH*₂-), 3.57-3.08 (m, 1.52H, *allyl* -*CH*₂-), 3.87 (s, 6H, *OMe*), 2.90 (d, *J* = 3.35, 3H, *NMe*), 2.41-2.72 (m, 0.71H, *allyl* -*CH*₂-). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 185.81 (d, *J* = 17.51), 161.84 (dd, *J* = 52.98, *J* = 52.98), 135.79 (s), 134.94 (s), 133.38 (s), 132.07 (s), 130.34 (s), 129.43 (s), 129.04 (d, *J* = 26.29), 127.59 (s), 125.77 (s), 123.60 (s), 122.54 (d, *J* = 12.45), 121.43 (s), 117.60 (d, *J* = 6.21), 116.70 (s), 112.22 (d, *J* = 8.37), 56.13 (s, *OMe*), 36.11 (d, *J* = 2.87, *NMe*).³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 86.37.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₅₇H₃₉BF₂₄NNiO₃P: C, 51.00; H, 2.93; N, 1.04. Found: C, 50.88; H, 2.99; N, 1.02.



Ni3: Similar procedure was employed with mixing **L3** (149.5 mg, 0.328 mmol), [Ni(allyl)Cl]₂ (44 mg, 0.164 mmol) and NaBAF (291 mg, 0.328 mmol) **Ni3** was obtained as a bright yellow solid (390 mg, 83.8%). ¹H NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.10-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.85-7.71 (m, 3H), 7.70-7.66 (m, 8H), 7.65-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.46 (m, 6H), 7.41-7.31 (m, 3H), 5.83 (br, 0.78H, **allyl-CH-**), 4.97-4.80 (m, 0.78H, **allyl -CH₂-**), 3.82-3.60 (m, 0.34H, **allyl -CH₂-**), 3.55-3.44 (m, 0.48H, **allyl -CH₂-**), 3.39-3.27 (m, 0.31H, **allyl -CH₂-**), 2.80 (d, *J* = 4.81, 3H, *NMe*), 2.51-2.31 (m, 0.28H, **allyl -CH₂-**), 2.15-2.01 (m, 0.44H, **allyl -CH₂-**). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 186.74 (d, *J* = 19.40), 161.82 (dd, *J* = 51.68, *J* = 45.70), 134.92 (s), 134.63 (s), 133.94 (d, *J* = 28.06), 132.90 (d, *J* = 9.62), 130.41 (d, *J* = 5.00), 129.55 (s), 129.16 (br), 128.92 (br), 127.91 (s), 127.41 (s), 125.74 (s), 123.57 (s), 121.41 (s), 117.62 (br), 36.37 (s, *NMe*). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 90.34, 89.11.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₅₄H₂₈BF₃₀NNiOP: C, 47.09; H, 2.05; N, 1.02. Found: C, 47.20; H, 2.09; N, 1.05.



Ni4: Similar procedure was employed with mixing L4 (99.6 mg, 0.219 mmol), [Ni(allyl)Cl]₂ (29.3 mg, 0.11 mmol) and NaBAF (193.7 mg, 0.219 mmol). Ni4 was obtained as a bright yellow solid (210 mg, 67.7%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78-7.66 (m, 9H), 7.65-7.42 (m, 16H), 7.42-7.29 (m, 2H), 6.72 (m, 2H), 5.35 (br, 0.4H, **allyl-***CH*-), 4.57-4.39 (m, 0.78H, *allyl* -*CH*₂-), 4.25 (br, 0.35H, **allyl**-*CH*-), 3.75 (s, 3H, *OMe*), 3.36 (s, 3H, *OMe*), 3.16 (s, 3H, *NMe*), 2.86-2.76 (m, 0.38H, **allyl** -*CH*₂-), 2.53-2.31 (m, 0.83H, **allyl** -*CH*₂-), 1.45-1.35 (m, 0.46H, **allyl** -*CH*₂-). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.84 (dd, *J* = 49.60, *J* = 44.70), 134.94 (s), 134.52 (s), 134.04 (s), 133.79 (d, *J* = 3.80), 132.58 (s), 131.34 (s), 130.47 (d, *J* = 9.70), 130.20 (d, *J* = 16.02), 129.64 (d, *J* = 2.89), 129.28 (s), 129.15 (br), 128.90 (s), 128.22 (br), 127.94 (s), 126.25 (s), 125.85 (s), 125.77 (s), 123.61 (s), 121.44 (s), 117.60 (br), 105.15 (s), 56.25 (s, *OMe*), 35.58 (s, *NMe*). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 91.82, 90.66.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₆₃H₄₃BF₂₄NNiO₃P: C, 53.34; H, 3.06; N, 0.99. Found: C, 53.20; H, 3.01; N, 0.94.



Ni5: Similar procedure was employed with mixing L5 (160 mg, 0.28 mmol, actually), [Ni(allyl)Cl]₂ (26.5 mg, 0.14 mmol) and NaBAF (175.4 mg, 0.28 mmol). Ni5 was obtained as a bright yellow solid (150 mg, 38.3%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.84-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.72-7.67 (m, 11H), 7.66-7.57 (m, 6H), 7.55-7.46 (m, 11H), 5.38 (br, 0.39H, allyl-*CH*-), 4.81-4.71 (m, 0.35H, *allyl* -*CH*₂-), 4.60-4.53 (m, 0.31H, allyl -*CH*₂-), 4.35 (br, 0.41H, allyl-*CH*-), 3.37-3.29 (m, 0.43H, *allyl* -*CH*₂-), 3.12 (s, 3H, *NMe*), 3.07-3.00 (m, 1H, *allyl* -*CH*₂-), 2.72-2.65 (m, 0.39H, allyl -*CH*₂-), 2.49-2.41 (m, 0.34H, allyl -*CH*₂-), 1.60-1.52 (m, 0.38H, *allyl* -*CH*₂-), 1.48-1.40 (m, 0.46H, allyl -*CH*₂-). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.84 (dd, *J* = 49.60, *J* = 50.16), 136.40 (s), 136.24 (s), 134.96 (s), 133.79 (3), 133.11 (s), 131.98 (q), 130.73 (br), 130.14 (d, *J* = 11.24), 129.56 (s), 129.43 (m), 129.15 (br), 128.90 (br), 128.64 (br), 127.94 (s), 126.76 (s), 125.84 (s), 125.22 (s), 124.85 (s), 123.61 (s), 121.44 (s), 117.59 (br), 35.58 (s, *NMe*).³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 90.98, 89.83.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for $C_{61}H_{37}BF_{26}NNiOP$: C, 52.54; H, 2.67; N, 1.00. Found: C, 52.40; H, 2.60; N, 0.97.



Ni6: Similar procedure was employed with mixing L6 (100 mg, 0.28 mmol, actually), [Ni(allyl)Cl]₂ (26.5 mg, 0.14 mmol) and NaBAF (175.4 mg, 0.28 mmol). Ni6 was obtained as a bright yellow solid (180 mg, 51.8%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.73-7.67 (m, 89H), 7.62-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.46 (m, 6H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 2H), 5.63 (br, 1H, allyl-CH-), 4.78-4.72 (m, 1H, allyl -CH₂-), 3.59 (dd, J = 6.84, J = 6.40, 1H, allyl -CH₂-)), 3.31 (m, 1H, allyl -CH₂-), 3.29 (d, J = 2.45, 1H, NMe), 2.02 (d, J = 12.92, 1H, allyl -CH₂-), 1.55 (d, J = 17.84, 9H), 1.36 (d, J = 16.29, 9H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 188.11 (d, J = 11.19), 161.85 (dd, J = 48.99, J = 48.99), 134.93 (s), 133.32 (s), 130.12 (s), 129.61 (s), 129.44 (br), 129.18 (br), 128.93 (br), 128.68 (br), 127.94 (s), 126.81 (s), 125.77 (s), 123.61 (s), 121.44 (s), 117.63 (br), 117.22 (s), 79.33 (d, J = 19.48), 46.48 (d, J = 2.22), 39.70 (d, J = 3.68), 39.36 (dd, J = 7.26, J = 6.99), 29.39 (dd, J = 5.96, J = 6.77). ³¹P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 146.16. Elemental analysis: Anal. Calcd for C₅₁H₄₃BF₂₄NNiOP: C, 49.31; H, 3.49; N, 1.13.

Found: C, 49.17; H, 3.43; N, 1.10.

General produces for the polymerization

Homopolymerization of ethylene: In a typical experiment, a 150 mL glass pressure reactor connected with a high pressure gas line was added 48 mL of toluene, then adjusted to the desired polymerization temperature. The desired amount of catalyst in 2 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was injected into the polymerization system via syringe under N₂. With a rapid stirring, the reactor was pressurized and maintained at 8 atm of ethylene. After the desired amount of time, the pressure reactor was vented and the polymer was precipitated in ethanol, filtered and dried at 50 °C for at least 24 h under vacuum.

Copolymerization of ethylene and polar monomers: a 150 mL glass pressure reactor connected with a high pressure gas line was added 17 mL of toluene, then adjusted to the desired polymerization temperature. The desired amount of polar monomers and catalyst in 2 mL of CH_2Cl_2 was injected into the polymerization system respectively via syringe under N₂. With a rapid stirring, the reactor was pressurized and maintained at 8 atm of ethylene. After the desired amount of time, the pressure reactor was vented and the polymer was precipitated in ethanol, filtered and dried at 50 °C for at least 24 h under vacuum.

NMR figures of ligands and catalysts



















- 43.38





- 2.85



- 46.03





20

-- 3.67 -- 3.46 -- 2.87















Figure S19. ³¹P NMR spectrum (125 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) of Pd1



- 24.60



- 88.80









190 170 150 130 110 90 70 50 30 10 -10 -30 -50 -70 -90 -110 -130 -150 -170 -190 Figure S24. ³¹P NMR spectrum (202 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) of Pd3







Figure S27.³¹P NMR spectrum (202 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) of Pd4





- 83.23















Figure S35. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, 298 K, (CD₃)SO) of NaBAr^F₄



Figure S36. ¹³C NMR spectrum (125 MHz, 298 K, (CD₃)SO) of NaBAr^F₄















140 120 100 80 60 40 20 0 -20 -40 -60 -80 -100 -120 -140 -160 -180 -200 -220 -240 Figure S42. ³¹P NMR spectrum (202 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) of Ni2






-- 90.53 -- 89.16

Figure S46. ³¹P NMR spectra (202MHz, C₂D₂Cl₄) of Ni3 at 298K, 319K, 350K



Figure S47. COSY spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of Ni3











- 90.98 - 89.83









Figure S55. ¹³C NMR spectrum (125 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) of Ni6



42



Figure S57. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) of Ligands and catalysts

2(L1)+(COD)PdMeCl



Figure S58. ³¹P NMR spectrum (202 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) of Ligands and catalysts

NMR Spectra of polymers



Figure S59. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C) of ethylene oligomer (**Pd 1, 80** °C) from table 1, entry 1.



from table 1, entry 2



Figure S61. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C) of ethylene oligomer (**Ni 1, 80** °C) from table 1, entry 13



from table 1, entry 14



Figure S63. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 $^{\circ}$ C) of ethylene oligomer (Ni 3, 80 $^{\circ}$ C) from table 1, entry 17



Figure S64. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 $^{\circ}$ C) of ethylene oligomer (Ni 3, 30 $^{\circ}$ C) from table 1, entry 18



Figure S65. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C) of PMA



Figure S66. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-methyl acrylate copolymer from table 2, entry 3.



5.4 6.2 6.0 5.8 5.6 5.4 5.2 5.0 4.8 4.6 4.4 4.2 4.0 3.8 3.6 3.4 3.2 3.0 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2

Figure S67. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-methyl acrylate copolymer from table 2, entry 4.



Figure S68. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-methyl acrylate copolymer from table 2, entry 5.



Figure S69. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-methyl acrylate copolymer from table 2, entry 8.



Figure S70. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-methyl acrylate copolymer from table 2, entry 10.



Figure S71. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-methyl acrylate copolymer from table 2, entry 11.



Figure S72. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-methyl acrylate copolymer from table 2, entry 13.



Figure S73-H. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-vinyl n-butyl ether copolymer from table 2, entry 14.



copolymer from table 2, entry 14.



Figure S74. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene- acrylic acid copolymer from table 2, entry 15.



Figure S75. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-vinyl n-butyl ether copolymer from table 2, entry 16.



Figure S76. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $C_2D_2Cl_4$, 110 °C) of ethylene-vinyl n-butyl ether copolymer from table 2, entry 17.

GPC traces and DSC data of (co)polymers



MW Averages												
Peak No	Mp	Mn	Mw	Mz	Mz+1	Μv	PD					
1	405	410	565	797	1097	539	1.37805					

Processed Peaks													
Peak No	Name	Start RT (mins)	Max RT (mins)	End RT (mins)	Pk Height (mV)	% Height	Area (mV.secs)	% Area					
1		22.83	25.03	26.55	-231.205	0	21533.5	100					

Figure S77. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 3.



Figure S78. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 4.



Figure S79. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 5.



Figure S80. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 6.



Figure S81. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 7.



Figure S82. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 8.



Figure S83. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 9.



Figure S84. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 10.



Figure S85. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 11.



Figure S86. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 12



Figure S87. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 15



Figure S88. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 16



Figure S89. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 19



Figure S90. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 20



Figure S91. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 22



Figure S92. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 23



Figure S93. GPC trace of the polymer from table 1, entry 24



Figure S94. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 3



Figure S95. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 4



Figure S96. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 5



Figure S97. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 8



Figure S98. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 10



Figure S99. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 11



Figure S100. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 13



Figure S101. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 14



Figure S102. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 15



Figure S103. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 16



Figure S104. GPC trace of the polymer from table 2, entry 17



Figure S105. DSC data of the polymer from table 1, entry 7



Figure S106. DSC data of the polymer from table 1, entry 8



Figure S107. DSC data of the polymer from table 1, entry 9



Figure S108. DSC data of the polymer from table 1, entry 10



Figure S109. DSC data of the polymer from table 1, entry 12



Figure S110. DSC data of the polymer from table 1, entry 22



Figure S111. DSC data of the polymer from table 1, entry 23



Figure S112. DSC data of the polymer from table 1, entry 24



Figure S113. DSC data of the polymer from table 2, entry 4



Figure S114. DSC data of the polymer from table 2, entry 8


Figure S115. DSC data of the polymer from table 2, entry 10



Figure S116. DSC data of the polymer from table 2, entry 14



Figure S117. DSC data of the polymer from table 2, entry 16



Figure S118. DSC data of the polymer from table 2, entry 17

X-ray Crystallography



Figure S119. Molecular structures of catalysts **Pd2** Hydrogen atoms were omitted for clarity.Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (deg) for **Pd2**: Pd1-P1 = 2.1850(8), Pd1-C23 =2.033(4), Pd1-O1 = 2.189(2), Pd1-Cl1 = 2.3590(8), C23- Pd1-Cl1 = 91.49(12), O1- Pd1-P1 = 80.29(7).



Figure S120. Molecular structures of catalysts **Ni6**. Hydrogen atoms and the BAr^F₄ groups were omitted for clarity. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (deg) for **Ni6**: Ni1-P1 = 2.1707(10), Ni1-C17 = 1.998(4), Ni1- C18 = 2.014(4), Ni1- C19 = 2.034(4), Ni1-O1 = 1.894(2),O1-Ni1-P1 = 86.13(7), C17-Ni1-C19 = 72.73(17).

	Pd2	Ni6
Formula	C23H25ClNO3PPd	C ₅₁ H ₄₃ BF ₂₄ NNiOP
Formula weight	536.26	1242.35
Crystal dimensions (mm ³)	$0.26\times 0.18\times 0.11$	$0.32\times 0.21\times 0.18$
Crystal system	triclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	P -1	-P 2ybc
a (Å)	8.6330(4)	12.6795(3)
b (Å)	10.4214(5)	19.6724(4)
c (Å)	16.3267(8)	21.4947(4)
α()	78.0730(10)	90
β()	86.9240(10)	97.3710(10)
γ(9	70.4470(10)	90
Volume (Å ³)	1354.10(11)	5317.25(19)
Ζ	2	4
<i>T</i> (K)	173(2)	173(2)
D_{calcd} (g cm ⁻³)	1.315	1.552
$\mu (\mathrm{mm}^{-1})$	0.863	1.935
F (000)	544	2512
No. of rflns. collected	28327	23694
No. of indep. rflns. $/R_{int}$	6106 / 0.0271	7465 / 0.0313
No. of obsd. rflns. $[I_0 > 2\sigma(I_0)]$	5680	6441
Data / restraints / parameters	6106 / 0 / 271	7465 / 72 / 749
$R_1 / wR_2 [I_0 > 2\sigma(I_0)]$	0.0408 / 0.1023	0.0553 / 0.1392
R_1 / wR_2 (all data)	0.0441 / 0.1050	0.0632 / 0.1475
GOF (on F^2)	0.996	1.003
Largest diff. peak and hole (e $Å^{-3}$)	4.511 / -0.669	1.073 / -0.733
CCDC No.	1973964	1973963

Table S1.	Crystallographic	data	for l	Pd2	and	Ni6
						-

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