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Supporting Information

#### Ultrafast Photoinduced Electron Transfer in Conjugated Polyelectrolyte-Acceptor Ion Pair Complexes

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### I. Experimental section

#### **Materials**

All starting materials, methyl viologen ( $MV_{2+}$ ) and reagents were obtained from commercial sources (Sigma-Aldrich, Fisher Scientific) and used without further purification. Conjugated polyelectrolyte (CPE),1 and the electron acceptors  $NDI_{2+}$  and  $NMI_{+}$  were synthesized by following reported procedure.2



Fig. S1 Absorption spectra of (a) NDI2+ and (b) NMI+ in H2O.



**Fig. S2** Photograph of **CPE**, **CPE/MV**<sub>2+</sub>, **CPE/NDI**<sub>2+</sub> and **CPE/NMI**<sub>+</sub> solutions in H<sub>2</sub>O. [**CPE**] = 1 mM in polymer repeat unit (PRU). [**MV**<sub>2+</sub>], [**NDI**<sub>2+</sub>] and [**NMI**<sub>2+</sub>] = 1 mM.



**Fig. S3** Stern-Volmer plot for fluorescence quenching of **CPE** by (a) **NDI**<sub>2+</sub> and (b) **NMI**<sub>+</sub> in H<sub>2</sub>O. [**CPE**] =  $5.0 \mu$ M in polymer repeat unit (PRU).



Fig. S4 Fluorescence lifetime decay of CPE ( $\lambda_{ex} = 405 \text{ nm}$ ) in H2O detected at 464 nm. [CPE] = 5.0  $\mu$ M in polymer repeat unit (PRU).



**Fig. S5** Picosecond TA spectra of **CPE** in the presence of (a) 0  $\mu$ M, (b) 3.125  $\mu$ M, (c) 6.25  $\mu$ M, (d) 9.375  $\mu$ M and (e) 12.5  $\mu$ M. and (f) 0  $\mu$ M to 12.5  $\mu$ M **MV**<sub>2+</sub> at 10 ps delay time in air-saturated H<sub>2</sub>O following 440 nm laser excitation pulse (100 fs pulse width, 100 nJ/pulse). [**CPE**] = 12.5  $\mu$ M (PRU).

	Lifetimes		
-	τ1	τ2	τ3
СРЕ (12.5 µМ)	$3.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ ps}$ (0.41)	$\begin{array}{c} 49\pm 6 \text{ ps} \\ (0.30) \end{array}$	264 ± 24 ps (0.29)
CPE + 3.125 µM MV <sub>2+</sub>	2.5 ± 0.1 ps (0.59)	$\begin{array}{c} 116\pm5 \text{ ps} \\ (0.25 \end{array}$	Inf (0.04)
CPE + 6.25 µM MV <sub>2+</sub>	$2.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ ps}$	$115 \pm 5 \text{ ps}$	Inf
	(0.74)	(0.23)	(0.03)
CPE + 9.375 µM MV <sub>2+</sub>	$2.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ ps}$	$120 \pm 5 \text{ ps}$	Inf
	(0.87)	(0.10)	(0.03)
CPE + 12.5 µM MV <sub>2+</sub>	$2.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ ps}$	$115 \pm 10 \text{ ps}$	Inf
	(0.89)	(0.08)	(0.03)
CPE + 12.5 μM MV <sub>2+</sub>	$4.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ ps}$	60 ± 6 ps	$610 \pm 60 \text{ ps}$
+ 125 μM CB7	(0.41)	(0.30)	(0.29)

**Table S1.** Picosecond TA kinetics data for CPE, CPE/MV2+ and CPE/ MV2+/CB7 inwater. The relative amplitudes are in parenthesis.

	Lifetimes		
	τ1	τ2	τ3
<b>Only CPE (12.5 μM)</b>	$3.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ ps}$ (0.41)	49 ± 6 ps (0.30)	$264 \pm 24 \text{ ps}$ (0.29)
CPE + 12.5 µM NDI <sub>2+</sub>	$3.0\pm0.3\ ps$	-	-

 Table S2. Picosecond transient absorption kinetics data for CPE and CPE/NDI2+ in

 water. The relative amplitudes are in parenthesis.



**Fig. S6** (a) Picosecond TA spectra of **CPE** (12.5  $\mu$ M, PRU) + 12.5  $\mu$ M **NMI**<sub>+</sub> in airsaturated H<sub>2</sub>O at indicated delay times following 440 nm laser excitation pulse (100 fs pulse width, 100 nJ/pulse). (b) Kinetic decay trace of **CPE/NMI**<sub>+</sub>.

CPE-Acceptor	Lifetimes		
Complex	τ1	τ2	τ3
Only CPE (12.5 µM)	$3.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ ps}$ (0.41)	49 ± 6 ps (0.30)	264 ± 24 ps (0.29)
CPE + 12.5 μM NMI+	$35 \pm 5 \text{ ps}$	-	-

**Table S3.** Picosecond TA kinetics data for **CPE** and **CPE/NMI**+ in water. The relative amplitudes are in parenthesis.



Fig. S7 Eigenspectra from global analysis of spectral-kinetic data for CPE/MV<sub>2+</sub>/CB7 mixture (CPE = 12.5  $\mu$ M, MV<sub>2+</sub> = 12.5  $\mu$ M, CB7 = 125  $\mu$ M) in H<sub>2</sub>O (440 nm excitation, 100 fs pulse width, 100 nJ/pulse).



Fig. S8 (a) Absorption and (b) fluorescence ( $\lambda_{ex} = 410 \text{ nm}$ ) spectra of CPE/NDI<sub>2+</sub> in water with varying concentrations of CB7 as indicated in the figure. CPE = 5  $\mu$ M (PRU).



Fig. S9 (a) Normalized absorption and (b) fluorescence ( $\lambda_{ex} = 410 \text{ nm}$ ) spectra of CPE (5  $\mu$ M, PRU) + MV (7.5  $\mu$ M) in water with varying concentrations of NaCl as indicated in the figure.

## **References.**

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