

Supporting Information

Orange super-long persistent luminescent materials: (Sr_{1-x}Ba_x)₃SiO₅:Eu²⁺, Nb⁵⁺

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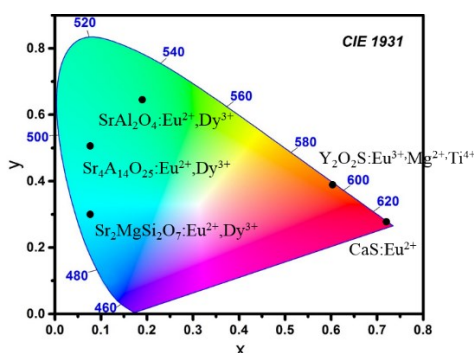


Figure S1. Several known commercial persistent luminescent phosphors. Y₂O₂S:Eu³⁺,Mg²⁺,Ti⁴⁺ and CaS:Eu²⁺,Tm³⁺ are the only two commercial warm-color persistent phosphors.

The emission intensity of the steady state luminescence I_{PL} (which does not involve trapping and de-trapping) and the afterglow related emission intensity I_{AG} (Low temperature PL emission spectra under 254 nm excitation see in [Figure S2](#)):

$$I_{PL}(RT) = 0.77I_{tot}(RT) = 0.67I_{tot}(80\text{ K}) \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

$$I_{AG}(RT) = 0.23I_{tot}(RT) = 0.20I_{tot}(80\text{ K}) \dots\dots\dots(2)$$

So, the efficiency of the persistent luminescence η_{AG} at RT can be calculated as following:

$$\eta_{AG}(RT) = \frac{I_{AG}(RT)}{I_{tot}(80K) - I_{PL}(RT)} \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

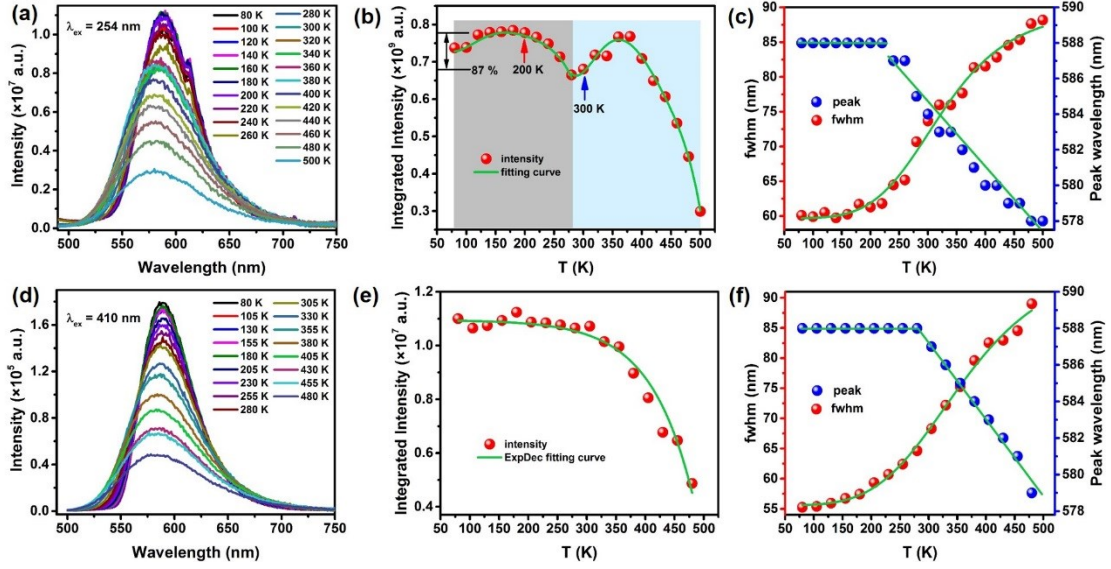


Figure S2. Temperature dependence photoluminescence (PL) emission spectra of $\text{Sr}_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}$ under (a) 254 nm and (d) 410 nm excitation. Integrated intensity of PL emission spectra as a function of various temperature from 80 K to 500 K of $\text{Sr}_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}$ under (b) 254 nm and (e) 410 nm. FWHM and emission peak wavelength of PL emission spectra as a function of various temperature of $\text{Sr}_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}$ under (c) 254 nm and (f) 410 nm.

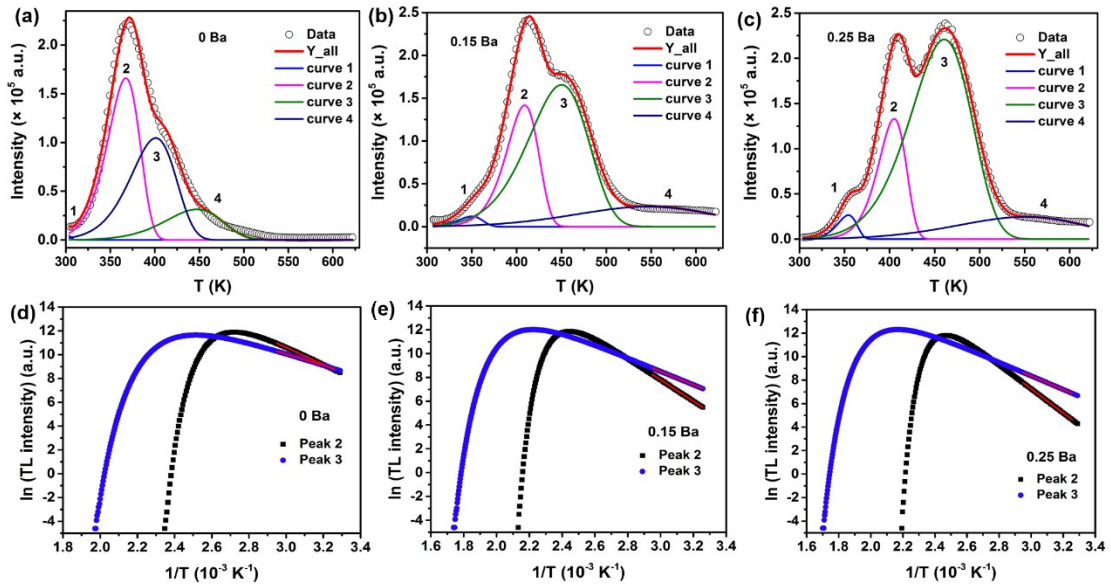


Figure S3. TL glow curves of $(\text{Sr}_{1-x}\text{Ba}_x)_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}^{5+}$ samples after UV light excitation from a Hg lamp at temperatures from 300 to 623 K with heating rate of 5 K/s of (a) $\text{Sr}_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}^{5+}$; (b) $(\text{Sr}_{0.85}\text{Ba}_{0.15})_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}^{5+}$ and (c) $(\text{Sr}_{0.75}\text{Ba}_{0.25})_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}^{5+}$. All the TL glow curves can be fitted using four first-order kinetic function, noted as 1, 2, 3 and 4. Initial rise analysis of the 2 and 3 glow curves in (d) $\text{Sr}_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}^{5+}$; (e) $(\text{Sr}_{0.85}\text{Ba}_{0.15})_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}^{5+}$ and (f) $(\text{Sr}_{0.75}\text{Ba}_{0.25})_3\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}^{5+}$ as a function of excitation temperature.

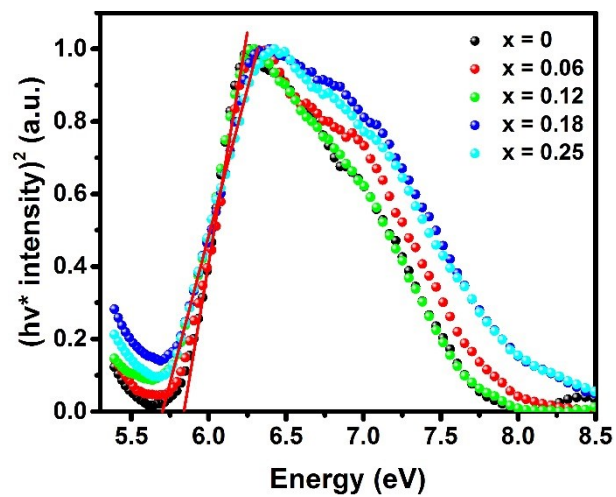


Figure S4. Tauc plot of PLE spectra in the VUV region in $(\text{Sr}_{1-x}\text{Ba}_x)\text{SiO}_5:\text{Eu}^{2+}, \text{Nb}^{5+}$.