# **Supporting Information**

# Synthesis and biological evaluation of Suffrutines A, B and their N-fused analogues

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# **Table of Contents**

1. Single-crystal X-ray crystallography date	S2
2. The in-situ <sup>1</sup> HNMR monitoring experiments	S6
3. Characterization date of products 5-2b	S7
4. Copies of NMR spectra	S10
5. HRMS spectra for 1a, 1b and 2a, 2b	S34

#### 1. single-crystal X-ray crystallography date

Independent reflections

Data/restraints/parameters

Goodness-of-fit on F<sup>2</sup>

Final R indexes [I>=2o (I)]

Final R indexes [all data]

Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å-3

Table S1 Crystal data and structure refinement for suffrutines A (1a)



 $3069 [R_{int} = 0.0353, R_{sigma} = 0.0158]$ 3069/0/2101.047 $R_1 = 0.0386, wR_2 = 0.0991$  $R_1 = 0.0408, wR_2 = 0.1008$ 

0.33/-0.20

2Θ



Identification code	1b
Empirical formula	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>19</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>
Formula weight	305.36
Temperature/K	100.00(10)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> /n
a/Å	7.4864(3)
b/Å	15.2133(8)
c/Å	13.6983(7)
α/°	90
β/°	93.229(4)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1557.66(13)
Z	4
ρ <sub>calc</sub> g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.302
µ/mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.665
F(000)	648.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.1 × 0.1 × 0.1
Radiation	CuKα (λ = 1.54184)
2Θ range for data collection/°	8.694 to 151.822
Index ranges	-9 ≤ h ≤ 9, -16 ≤ k ≤ 18, -16 ≤ l ≤ 16
Reflections collected	9744
Independent reflections	$3071 [R_{int} = 0.0624, R_{sigma} = 0.0644]$
Data/restraints/parameters	3071/0/209
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.056
Final R indexes [I>=2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0657, wR_2 = 0.1724$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0759, wR_2 = 0.1847$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å-3	0.38/-0.30

Table S3. Crystal data and structure refinement for 1'-aza-suffrutines A (2a)



Identification code 2a Empirical formula  $C_{20}H_{20}N_2O$ Formula weight 304.38 Temperature/K 100.00(10) Crystal system monoclinic Space group P21/n a/Å 9.4021(3) b/Å 8.2439(3) c/Å 20.2269(8) α/° 90 β/° 94.773(3) γ/° 90 Volume/Å<sup>3</sup> 1562.35(10) Ζ 4 1.294  $\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$ µ/mm<sup>-1</sup> 0.630 F(000) 648.0 Crystal size/mm<sup>3</sup>  $0.3 \times 0.3 \times 0.1$ CuKα (λ = 1.54184) Radiation 2O range for data collection/° 8.774 to 152.738  $-11 \le h \le 8, -9 \le k \le 9, -25 \le l \le 25$ Index ranges **Reflections collected** 9457 Independent reflections  $3077 [R_{int} = 0.0423, R_{sigma} = 0.0445]$ Data/restraints/parameters 3077/0/228 Goodness-of-fit on F<sup>2</sup> 1.036 Final R indexes  $[I \ge 2\sigma (I)]$  $R_1 = 0.0633$ ,  $wR_2 = 0.1669$ Final R indexes [all data]  $R_1 = 0.0759$ ,  $wR_2 = 0.1787$ Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å-3 0.27/-0.26



Identification code 2b Empirical formula  $C_{20}H_{20}N_2O$ Formula weight 304.38 Temperature/K 99.99(10) Crystal system triclinic Space group P-1 a/Å 5.16300(10) b/Å 12.1968(2) c/Å 13.1905(2) α/° 103.4930(10) β/° 100.6160(10) γ/° 96.617(2) Volume/Å<sup>3</sup> 782.93(2) Ζ 2  $\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$ 1.291 µ/mm<sup>-1</sup> 0.629 F(000) 324.0 Crystal size/mm<sup>3</sup>  $0.3 \times 0.2 \times 0.1$ Radiation CuK $\alpha$  ( $\lambda$  = 1.54184) 2O range for data collection/° 7.062 to 153.974  $-6 \le h \le 6, -15 \le k \le 13, -16 \le l \le 16$ Index ranges **Reflections collected** 30393 3245 [ $R_{int} = 0.0639, R_{sigma} = 0.0279$ ] Independent reflections Data/restraints/parameters 3245/0/209 Goodness-of-fit on F<sup>2</sup> 1.044 R<sub>1</sub> = 0.0598, wR<sub>2</sub> = 0.1708 Final R indexes [I>=2o (I)] Final R indexes [all data]  $R_1 = 0.0633$ ,  $wR_2 = 0.1751$ Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å-3 0.39/-0.32

## 2. The in-situ <sup>1</sup>HNMR monitoring experiments



Figure S1. *In-situ* <sup>1</sup>HNMR spectra monitoring of 9-H for every isomer in CDCl<sub>3</sub> under ambient temperature/light (fluorescent lamp at 25 °C) conditions. (A: conversion of pure 1a after 0, 24, 48, 72, 96 h. B: conversion of 1b after 0, 24, 48, 72, 96 h. C: the content change of the isomers starting from pure 1a and 1b ( $\star$ : starting from pure 1a;  $\bullet$ : starting from pure 1b. black: 1a, red: 1b, green:1c, blue:1d).

#### 3. Characterization data of products 5-2b



**N-(Phenylsulfonyl) pyrrole (5).** Pyrrole (10.0 g, 149.1 mmol) was added to a well-agitated suspension of NaOH (17.9 g, 447.3 mmol) in 10 mL of dichloromethane. This mixture was then cooled to 0 °C and stirred for 10 min, following which a solution of phenylsulfonyl chloride (31.6 g, 178.9 mmol) in 2 mL of dichloroethane was added dropwise. After the completion of addition, the reaction was allowed to come to room temperature and left stirring overnight. The reaction was quenched by pouring onto 60 mL H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane (3 × 60 mL). The combined organic extract was washed with water to neutrality and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Removed of the solvent and purified by recrystallization to give **5** as white solid in yield of 76.3 % (23.6 g). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.88-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 2H), 6.34-6.25 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  139.10, 133.84, 129.39, 126.77, 120.82, 113.71.



**3-Acetyl-N-(phenylsulfonyl) pyrrole (6).** To a well stirred suspension of anhydrous aluminum chloride (1.9 g, 14.5 mmol) in 5 mL of dry 1,2-dichloromethane, acetyl chloride (0.8 g, 9.7 mmol) was added in portions and the resulting mixture was stirred at 0 °C. After complete solubilization of aluminum chloride, a solution of **5** (1.0 g, 4.8 mmol) in dry 1,2-dichloromethane (5 mL) was added slowly. The mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature and poured into ice-cold water (20 mL). The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with 1,2-dichloromethane (3 × 20 mL). After drying over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtration and evaporation of the solvent, crude **6** was obtained and purified by recrystallized as white solid (93.18 %). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.95-7.91 (m, 2H), 7.75 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dd, *J* = 3.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  192.87, 138.08, 134.66, 129.77, 129.47, 127.16, 124.64, 121.70, 112.52, 27.32.



1-(1H-pyrrol-3-yl) ethan-1-one (7). A mixture of 3 (2.0 g, 8.0 mmol), NaOH (0.48 g, 12.0 mmol) and methanol (20 mL) was added into a 100 mL round bottom flask equipped with a condenser. The mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 0.5 hours. After which time the reaction mixture was allowed to cool and methanol was removed in vacuo. The aqueous solution was thoroughly extracted with ethyl acetate. Combined organic extracts were washed with water to neutrality and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Removal of the solvent in vacuo and purification by flash chromatography on silica gel eluting with EtOAc-PE as the eluent to afford the white solid **7** (831.3 mg, 94.92 %). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.53 (s, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  194.64, 126.06, 123.96, 119.82, 108.72, 27.26.



1-(1-(4-bromobutyl)-1H-pyrrol-3-yl) ethan-1-one (9). To a solution of 7 (2.3 g, 21.4 mmol) in DMSO (25 mL) was added KOH (1.8 g, 31.0 mmol). The solution was stirring for 10 minutes in ice bath before the addition of 1,4-dibromobutane (9.2 g, 42.7 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hours at room temperature, and was then quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O, extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 40 mL), and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography to provide a colorless soil 9 (68.9 %) <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.27 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (3H, s), 2.04-1.91 (2H, m), 1.87-1.79 (2H, m). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  193.39, 126.13, 125.49, 122.06, 109.53, 49.25, 32.61, 29.63, 29.52, 27.05.



**1-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl)ethan-1-one (10)** In a silica tube (30 mL) containing a stirring bar was charged with intermediate **9** (0.5 g, 2.1mmol), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (473 mg, 0.41 mmol), Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (325.8 mg, 4.1 mmol), the tube was then evacuated and back-filled with nitrogen three times, anhydrous Dimethyl sulfoxide was added via syringe. The resulting mixture was carried on the 10 W blue LED at room temperature for 24 h and filtered, the filtrate was extracted with EtOAc, and washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL × 3). The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and filtered, and the solvent evaporated. The crude product was concentrated and purified by column chromatography over silica gel with EtOAc-PE as the eluent to give the colorless oil **10** in 40.22 % yields. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.50 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (t, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.00-1.89 (m, 2H), 1.89-1.77 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  194.35, 136.40, 120.03, 119.24, 110.10, 45.65, 28.15, 24.33, 22.85, 20.13.



**3-(5,6,7,8-Tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl)but-2-enenitrile (12).** Diethyl cyanomethylphosphonate (2.5 g, 15 mmol) was added to a stirred suspension of NaH (600 mg, 60% in mineral oil, 15 mmol) in dry toluene (5 mL) under an argon atmosphere. The gel-like solution was heated to 110 °C, and dry DMF (1 mL) was added to obtain a clear solution. 1-(5,6,7,8- Tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl)ethan-1-one (6) (245.0 mg, 1.5 mmol) in dry toluene (2 mL) was added dropwise, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 11 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and H<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL) was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (20 × 3 mL); the organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and filtered, and all volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. Purification by flash chromatography gave the product **12** as a colorless oil (247.7 mg, 88.7 %). *E*-isomer: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.53 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 3.95 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.84 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 3H), 1.98-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.84 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  155.59, 129.69, 120.05, 119.48, 118.36, 107.65, 88.78, 45.88, 24.77, 22.76, 21.34, 20.84.



**3-(5,6,7,8-Tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl)but-2-enal (13).** 3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl)but-2-enenitrile **12** (313.5 mg, 1.8 mmol) was dissolved in dry  $CH_2CI_2$  (5 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. DIBAL-H (800  $\mu$ L, 1 M in hexane, 2.9 mmol) was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. The solution was quenched with aqueous, saturated Rochelle salt solution (5 mL) and vigorously stirred at room temperature overnight.  $H_2O$  (10 mL) was added and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with  $CH_2CI_2$  (10 mL × 3). The combined organic layer was dried over  $Na_2SO_4$  and filtered, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure.

Purification by flash chromatography gave the product **13** as a pale-yellow oil (158.0 mg, 45.9 %), which was obtained as a mixture of E/Z isomers (ratio E/Z  $\approx$  8.1:1.9). E-isomer: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  9.99 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 2.83 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.85-1.86 (m, 3H), 1.77-1.178 (m, 2H). 13C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  191.08, 155.48, 131.14, 125.41, 122.49, 121.16, 108.22, 45.89, 25.29, 22.68, 20.84, 17.37. Z-isomer: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  9.38 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 2.57 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.85-1.86 (m, 3H), 1.70-1.172 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>CNMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  192.77, 158.00, 130.02,121.08, 120.63, 119.76, 109.68, 45.61, 26.37, 23.70, 23.11, 21.10.



(E)-3-((E)-3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl)but-2-en-1-ylidene)benzofuran-2(3H)-one (suffrutines Α (1a)) and (Z)-3-((E)-3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl)but-2-en-1-ylidene)benzofuran-2(3H)-one (suffrutines B (1b)) In a 25 mL round-bottom flask, 3-(5,6,7,8-Tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl) but-2-enal (13) (300.8 mg, 1.6 mmol), 2-hydroxyphenylacetic acid (14) (245.9, 1.6 mmol), (CH<sub>3</sub>CO)<sub>2</sub>O (434.90 mg, 4.3 mmol, 404.6  $\mu$ L) and NEt<sub>3</sub> (320.8 mg, 3.2 mmol, 440.7  $\mu$ L) were stirred at 80  $^{\circ}$ C for 1 h. Water was added to quencher the reaction and the mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL × 3). The combined organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue which consisted of 4 isomers was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/PE = 1:5) in dark to provide suffrutines A (1a) (215.7 mg, 44.6 %) and B (1b) (123.0 mg, 25.4 %) as a red solid. suffrutines A and B are very sensitive toward visible light in a solution and isomerization would readily occur. Suffrutines A (1a): mp 152.1–153.9 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 7.75 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.99 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.92 (m,,2H), 1.86 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>δ</sub>) δ 169.45, 152.49, 152.27, 137.41, 131.87, 128.71, 124.63, 124.18, 122.67,  $121.74, 121.58, 116.97, 113.50, 110.80, 108.73, 46.01, 25.63, 22.60, 20.97, 17.69. \ \text{HRMS-ESI} \ (\text{m/z}): [\text{M} + \text{H}]^+ \ \text{calculated for } C_{20}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_2, 10.93$ 306.1489, found 306.1483. Suffrutines B (**1b**): mp 139.0-140.7 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d<sub>6</sub>*) δ 8.13 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.22 (t, J = 7.6 Hz 1H), 7.15 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.97 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.88 (m, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 167.48, 151.54, 150.75, 138.71, 131.36, 128.07, 126.14, 123.89 121.85, 121.30, 120.04, 118.10, 112.71, 110.41, 108.58, 46.01, 25.68, 22.67, 20.92, 17.35. HRMS-ESI (m/z):  $[M + Na]^+$  calculated for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, 328.1308, found 328.1302.



(E)-3-((E)-3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl)but-2-en-1-ylidene)indolin-2-one (1'-aza-suffrutines Α (2a)) and (Z)-3-((E)-3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl)but-2-en-1-ylidene)indolin-2-one (1'-aza-suffrutines B (2b)) In a 25 mL round-bottom flask, 3-(5,6,7,8-Tetrahydroindolizin-1-yl) but-2-enal (13) (203.9 mg, 1.08 mmol), indolin-2-one (15) (143.4, 1.1 mmol), and piperidine (55.2 mg, 0.65 mmol, 60 µL) were dissolved in ethanol (2.0 mL), The yellow solution was heated to 80 °C for 1 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the crude product was purified by flash chromatography to give the product as a red solid (312.9 mg, 90.3 %) which consists of 4 isomers. The mainly isomers can be separated by flash chromatography in the dark to give 1'-aza-suffrutines A (2a) (255.9 mg, 73.9 %) and 1'-aza-suffrutines B (2b) (57 mg, 16.5 %). 1'-aza-suffrutines A (2a): mp 207.6-209.8 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 10.35 (s, 1H), 7.62-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.98 m, 2H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (s, 2H), 3.00 (s, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.91 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 1.85 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR  $(100 \text{ MHz}, \text{DMSO-}d_6) \delta 169.34, 147.58, 141.28, 131.79, 129.45, 127.63, 122.90, 122.34, 121.21, 121.19, 120.42, 116.80, 109.45, 120.42, 110.42,$ 107.73, 45.41, 24.97, 22.25, 20.65, 16.95. HRMS-ESI (m/z):  $[M + H]^+$  calculated for  $C_{20}H_{19}N_2O$ , 305.1648, found 305.1641. 1'-aza-suffrutines B (2b): mp 197.7-199.2 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 10.26 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.82 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 169.17, 146.13, 140.23, 133.80, 129.56, 127.56, 125.31, 121.90, 120.98, 120.64, 120.56, 119.54, 118.50, 109.45, 108.09, 45.91, 25.43, 22.88, 21.10, 16.93. HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calculated for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O, 305.1648, found 305.1641.

# 4. Copies of NMR spectra for 5-2b.





















S-19

### HSQC spectrum of 1a in DMSO- $d_6$





# $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR spectrum of 1b in CDCl\_3















#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **2a** in DMSO- $d_6$













<sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY spectrum of **2a** in DMSO- $d_6$ 



S-27

HSQC spectrum of 2a in DMSO- $d_6$ 



S-28



#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **2b** in DMSO- $d_6$





# <sup>13</sup>CNMR spectrum of **2b** in DMSO- $d_6$







210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 f1 (ppm)





S-31

HSQC spectrum of **2b** in DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>



S-32

f1 (ppm)



<sup>1</sup>H NMR D<sub>2</sub>O exchange experiment of **2b** in DMSO- $d_6$ 



Data File: \\Deep-20160624Id\data1\邹永\ZZF\suffru-1a.lcd





Data File: \\Deep-20160624Id\data1\邹永\ZZF\suffru-1b.lcd





0

305.0

305.5

Data File: \\Deep-20160624Id\data1\邹永\ZZF\N-A-2a.Icd



306.5

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Data File: \\Deep-20160624Id\data1\邹永\ZZF\N-B-2b.Icd



Page 1 of 1