# Supporting Information 

# Enantioselective Synthesis of Multi-Substituted Indane Derivatives via Copper-Catalyzed Cascade Reaction 

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## Table Contents

1. General Information ..... S3
2. Table S1 and Table S2 Screening the Ligands ..... S3
3. General Procedure for the Synthesis of products 3-9 ..... S5
4. References ..... S30
5. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR. ..... S31

## 1. General Information

All reactions were carried out under an atmosphere of nitrogen in flame-dried glassware with magnetic stirring. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra, ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR spectra, ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker 300, 400 and 500 MHz spectrometer in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$. All signals are reported in ppm with the internal TMS signal at 0 ppm as a standard. Data for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra are reported as follows: chemical shift (ppm, referenced to TMS; $\mathrm{s}=$ singlet, $\mathrm{d}=$ doublet, $\mathrm{t}=$ triplet, $\mathrm{q}=$ quartet, $\mathrm{m}=$ multiplet, coupling constant( s ) in Hz , integration), coupling constant $(\mathrm{Hz})$, and intergration. Data for ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR are reported in terms of chemical shift ( ppm ) relative to residual solvent peak $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$ : 77.0 ppm ). Reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) using silica gel plates. Flash column chromatography was performed over silica gel (300-400 mesh). Dichloromethane, dichloroethane, toluene were freshly distilled from $\mathrm{CaH}_{2}$; THF, $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O},{ }^{i} \mathrm{Pr}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and MTBE were freshly distilled from sodium metal prior to use. The ligands were commercial available. The substrates $\mathbf{1}$ were synthesized according to the procedure of references. ${ }^{1}$

## Table S1. Screening the Known Ligands ${ }^{\text {a }}$



[a] All reactions were carried out with 0.1 mmol of $\mathbf{1 a}, 0.15 \mathrm{mmol}$ of $\mathbf{2}, 5 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ of catalyst ([Cu] to Ligand $=1: 1.2$ ), $20 \% \mathrm{LiO}^{t} \mathrm{Bu}\left(1 \mathrm{~N}\right.$ in THF), $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ( 2.0 equiv) in 1.0 mL THF at rt for 12 h . [b] The ee of the major product were determined by by chiral HPLC.

## 2. General Procedure for the Synthesis of products 3-9

Typical procedure for asymmetric copper-catalyzed boronation cyclization of alkenes with $\mathbf{B}_{2} \mathbf{p i n}_{2}$.

The solution of $(S, S)-$ - $\operatorname{Pr}-$ FOXAP $(5.5 \mathrm{~mol} \%)$ and $\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2} \cdot 3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(5 \mathrm{~mol} \%)$ in THF $(3 \mathrm{~mL})$ was stirred at room temperature for 30 mins. Alkene $1(0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{pin}_{2}$ ( 0.45 mmol ) were then added sequentially. After stirring for further $10 \mathrm{mins}, \mathrm{LiO}^{\prime} \mathrm{Bu}$ $(0.06 \mathrm{mmol})$ and then $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(0.6 \mathrm{mmol})$ were added to the reaction mixture. After the alkene $\mathbf{1}$ was consumed completely determined by TLC analysis, the crude product was then purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to afford the desired product 3. The enantionmeric excesses of the products were determined by chiral stationary phase HPLC using a Chiralpak column.
3.1 Synthesis of ethyl $(1 R, 2 R, 3 S)$-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (3a).


3a
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(40.8 \mathrm{mg}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathrm{b}_{2} \mathrm{pin}_{2} \mathbf{2}(76.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product 3a as a ropy liquid ( $41.8 \mathrm{mg}, 63 \%$ yield) with $98 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.47$ (d, $J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 5.25-5.19(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.33-4.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.58-3.53(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $1.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 172.46,143.90,143.12$, $129.02,126.60,125.59,123.78,84.38,76.03,61.06,54.50,24.60,24.32,14.32$. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{BNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 355.1691\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 355.1691. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak IC column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=7.2 \mathrm{~min}$, major
enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=8.1 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{D^{20}}^{20}=-6.2\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.2 Synthesis of methyl ( $1 R, 2 R, 3 S$ )-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2 -dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 H -indene-2-carboxylate (3b).


3b
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(57.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $2(114 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 b}$ as a ropy liquid ( $72.5 \mathrm{mg}, 76 \%$ yield) with $99 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.47$ (d, $J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 5.23-5.19(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.81$ $(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.60-3.56(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (126 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 172.75,143.72,142.92,129.01,126.60,125.57,123.73$, 84.37, 75.97, 54.23, 52.09, 24.51, 24.27. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{BNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ (\%): $341.1534\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 341.1531 . Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak IC column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=9010,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210$ $\mathrm{nm})$; minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=9.1 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=10.7 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-6.3(c=$ $\left.0.17, \mathrm{HCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.3 Synthesis of benzyl (1R,2R,3S)-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2 -dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 H -indene-2-carboxylate (3c).


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(80.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 c}$ as a ropy liquid ( $78 \mathrm{mg}, 66 \%$ yield) with $98 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.39-7.35$ $(\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.31-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.18-7.10(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 5.20-5.16(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.17(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.92$ (d, $J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.55-3.52(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 172.26, 143.73, 143.02, 135.99, 129.02, 128.44, 128.06, 128.06, 126.62, 125.56, 123.75, 84.41, 76.01, 66.71, 54.41, 24.53, 24.27. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{BNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 417.1848\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 417.1850. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=9010,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=6.6 \mathrm{~min}$, minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=7.1 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}} 20=-10.5\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.4 Synthesis of 4-chlorobenzyl ( $1 R, 2 R, 3 S$ )-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (3d).


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(90.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 d}$ as a ropy liquid ( $93.7 \mathrm{mg}, 73 \%$ yield) with $96 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.45$ (d, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.39-7.29$ (m, 5H), 7.24-7.17 (m, 3H), 5.27-5.21 (m, 1H), 5.20 (d, $J=$ $14.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.63-3.58(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 172.19, 143.64, 142.91, 134.55, 133.90, 129.43, $129.08,128.61,126.67,125.57,123.76,84.45,76.01,65.87,54.36,24.53,24.26$. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{BClNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 451.1458\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 451.1463. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=9010,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=$ 7.5 min , major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=8.7 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-2.6\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.5 Synthesis of 4-fluorobenzyl (1R,2R,3S)-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 H -indene-2-carboxylate (3e).


3 e
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(81.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product 3 e as a ropy liquid ( $77.9 \mathrm{mg}, 63 \%$ yield) with $97 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $7.46-7.39(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.05(\mathrm{t}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.28-5.15(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 5.21 (d, $J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.00$ (d, $J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.62-3.57(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.98$ (d, $J=$ $8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR (282 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ -108.05--118.44 (m). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 172.17,162.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=246.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $143.25(\mathrm{~d}, J=92.3 \mathrm{~Hz}), 131.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}), 129.96(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}), 129.00,126.60$, 125.50, 123.70, 115.35, 115.18, 84.35, 75.95, 65.92, 54.31, 24.47, 24.20. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{BFNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ (\%): $435.1754\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 435.1767. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=7.9 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=6.9 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-54.3\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.6 Synthesis of 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl (1R,2R,3S)-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (3f).


3f
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(100.2 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 f}$ as a ropy liquid ( $85.9 \mathrm{mg}, 62 \%$ yield) with $97 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 7.54-7.45 (m, 4H), 7.36 (d, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.18-7.08(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 5.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.18$ (d, $J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 5.13 (d, $J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.56-3.52(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.90(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.06(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR (282 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta-62.59 .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 172.13,143.55,142.84,140.09,130.11\left(\mathrm{q}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=32.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right)$, $129.10,127.93,127.93,126.69,125.55,125.34(\mathrm{q}, J=3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}) .123 .75,84.44,76.00$, 65.69, 54.28, 24.46, 24.20. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{BF}_{3} \mathrm{NaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ (\%): $485.1722\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 485.1721. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=7.6 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=8.6 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-12.3(c=0.17$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ).

3.7 Synthesis of 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl ( $1 R, 2 R, 3 S$ )-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (3g).


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(80.4 \mathrm{mg}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(76.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 g}$ as a ropy liquid ( $68.9 \mathrm{mg}, 65 \%$ yield) with $90 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.93(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), $7.82(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.42-6.98(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 5.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.66(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.13$ (s, 12H). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR ( $282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-62.83 .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $172.18,143.44,142.73,138.87,131.76\left(\mathrm{q}, J_{\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{F}}=33.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right), 129.19,127.78,126.75$, 125.67, 123.76, 121.82, 84.49, 76.04, 64.95, 54.20, 24.41, 24.14. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{BF}_{6} \mathrm{NaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 553.1596\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 553.1599. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak IE column (hexanes: 2-propanol = 90:10, $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=8.7 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=$ $9.8 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha] \mathrm{D}^{20}=-8.8\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.8 Synthesis of 4-fluorophenyl (1R,2R,3S)-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl -1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 H -indene-2-carboxylate (3h).


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(81.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: AcOEt $=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 h}$ as a ropy liquid ( $72.8 \mathrm{mg}, 61 \%$ yield) with $96 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.50(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.17-7.12(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.09-7.03(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.41-5.35$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83-3.78(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.05(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.15$ (d, $J=14.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}$ ). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR ( $282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-110.36-124.58$ (m). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 171.17,160.23(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=243.8 \mathrm{~Hz}), 146.82(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}), 143.17$ $(\mathrm{d}, \mathrm{J}=121.1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 129.22,126.79,125.68,123.81,123.10(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 116.07$, 115.88, 84.54, 76.32, 54.31, 24.58, 24.27. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{BFNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ (\%): $421.1597\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 421.1605. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak AS-H column (hexanes: 2 -propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210$ $\mathrm{nm})$; minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=6.8 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=6.5 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-54.3(c=$ $\left.0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.9 Synthesis of ethyl $(1 S, 2 R, 3 R)$-5-fluoro-3-hydroxy-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (3i).

$3 i$
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(66.6 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 i}$ as a ropy liquid ( $72.5 \mathrm{mg}, 69 \%$ yield) with $84 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 7.13-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.96-6.89 (m, 1H), 5.18-5.12 (m, 1H), $4.23(\mathrm{q}, J=69.58 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $4.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.58-3.53(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.31(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR ( $282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-116.33(\mathrm{td}, J=$ 8.5, 4.9 Hz). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 172.05,161.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=243.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 144.83 $(\mathrm{d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}), 139.14(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 124.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}), 116.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=22.6 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $112.45(\mathrm{~d}, ~ J=22.0 \mathrm{~Hz}), 84.41,75.70,75.69,61.07$, 54.80, 24.52, 24.26, 14.23. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{BFNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 373.1596\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 373.1586 . Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 275 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=8.8 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=10.2 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-5.4\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.10 Synthesis of ethyl ( $1 R, 2 R, 3 S$ )-5-fluoro-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl -1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (3j).


3j
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(66.6 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 j}$ as a ropy liquid ( $69.3 \mathrm{mg}, 66 \%$ yield) with $91 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 7.40-7.37 (m, 1H), $6.87(\mathrm{t}, J=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.17-5.13(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.26-4.22(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $3.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.55(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.92(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.31(\mathrm{t}, J$ $=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $\left(282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta-113.17 .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 172.15,163.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=246.3 \mathrm{~Hz}), 146.44,138.87,126.86$ (d, $J=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), $113.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=22.4 \mathrm{~Hz}), 110.63(\mathrm{~d}, J=22.7 \mathrm{~Hz}), 84.51,75.16,61.13$, 54.89, 24.58, 24.32, 14.25. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{BFNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 373.1596$ $\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 373.1601. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak OD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=9505,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 275 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=10.7 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=9.8 \mathrm{~min} .\left[\alpha \mathrm{D}^{20}=-0.8(c=0.17\right.$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ).

3.11 Synthesis of $1-((1 R, 2 R, 3 S)$-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2 -dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 H -inden-2-yl)ethan-1-one (3k).


3k
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(52.2 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 k}$ as a white solid ( $75.2 \mathrm{mg}, 83 \%$ yield) with $99 \%$ ee. M.p. $=77-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(300 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 5.39-5.33(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.96(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.70-3.65(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.40(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 207.70, 144.04, 142.77, 129.06, 126.51, 125.43, 123.86, 84.18, 75.85, 63.65, 27.99, 24.41, 24.29. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{BNaO}_{4}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 325.1585\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 325.1588. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak IC column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=$ 85:15, $0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=6.2 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=$ $6.4 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20}=+9.8\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.12 Synthesis of $1-((1 R, 2 R, 3 S)$-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)propan-1-one (31).


31
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(56.4 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product 31 as a colorless ropy liquid ( $67.3 \mathrm{mg}, 71 \%$ yield) with $99 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26-7.16(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.36-5.30(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.95(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.68-3.63(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.90-2.78(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.65-2.54(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $12 \mathrm{H}), 1.13(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 210.28,144.08,142.93$, 129.01, 126.45, 125.41, 123.84, 84.14, 75.93, 62.69, 33.65, 24.53, 24.27, 7.67. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{BNaO}_{4}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 339.1741\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 339.1734. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak ADH column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=8.5 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=6.5 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=+10.6\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.13 Synthesis of $1-((1 R, 2 R, 3 S)-1$-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 H -inden-2-yl)butan-1-one (3m)


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(60.6 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 m}$ as a ropy liquid ( $72.9 \mathrm{mg}, 73 \%$ yield) with $96 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.43$ (d, $J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 5.36-5.26(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.96(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.65-3.60 (m, 1H), 2.84-2.73 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.52 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.62 (m, 1H), $1.17(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.95(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 209.80$, 144.03, 142.94, 128.96, 126.41, 125.36, 123.79, 84.08, 75.87, 62.88, 42.34, 24.51, 24.21, 17.04, 13.72. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{BNaO}_{4}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ (\%): 353.1898 $\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 353.1894. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak IC column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=8.8 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=9.4 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha] \mathrm{D}^{20}=+10.9(c=0.17$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ).

3.14 Synthesis of $1-((1 R, 2 R, 3 S)$-1-hydroxy-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 $H$-inden-2-yl)hexan-1-one (3n)


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(69.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 n}$ as a ropy liquid ( $70.0 \mathrm{mg}, 65 \%$ yield) with $96 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.42(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23-7.14(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 5.33-5.29(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.95(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.63-3.61 (m, 1H), 2.81-2.74 (m, 2H), 2.61-2.55 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 2H) 1.32-1.30 $(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}), 0.88(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 126 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 209.94,143.99,142.88,128.92,126.37,125.33,123.75,84.05,75.84,62.82$, $40.40,31.35,24.47,24.18,23.26,22.38,13.87$. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{BNaO}_{4}$, m/z (\%): 381.2208, (M+Na+), found: 381.2185. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak AD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, 210 nm ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=6.7 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=5.6 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-11.6$ $\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.15 Synthesis of $1-((1 S, 2 R, 3 R)$-3-hydroxy-5-(methoxymethoxy)-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)propan-1-one (30)


30
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(74.4 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product 30 (77.8 $\mathrm{mg}, 69 \%$ yield) with $99 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.09$ (dd, $J=18.0,5.3$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.91$ (dd, $J=8.3,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=12.4,6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.14(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ 19.7, $6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.98(\mathrm{~d}, ~ J=12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.66-3.62(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.47(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, 2.87-2.79 (m, 1H), $2.70(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.60-2.52(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $12 \mathrm{H}), 1.11(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 210.19,156.20,144.17$, $137.21,124.51,117.63,113.20,94.80,84.13,75.99,63.14,55.93,33.63,24.55,24.27$, 7.64. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{BNaO}_{6}, \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 399.1949\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 399.1956. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak ADH +ADH column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=22.4 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=19.5 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-14.0(c=0.17$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ).

3.16 Synthesis of ethyl ( $1 R, 2 R, 3 S$ )-1-hydroxy-1-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 $H$-indene-2-carboxylate (3p)


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(65.4 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 p}$ as a ropy liquid ( $67 \mathrm{mg}, 65 \%$ yield) with $97 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.35-7.29$ (m, 2H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 2H), 4.27-4.19 (m, 2H), $3.24(\mathrm{q}, ~ J=9.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.94(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.30(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.25(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 126 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 173.11,145.85,142.37,128.80,126.69,124.51,122.82,83.78,80.67,60.71$, 56.65, 26.26, 24.98, 24.43, 14.30. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{BNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%)$ : $369.1847\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 369.1853 . Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak AD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol = 90:10, $0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=14.3 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=13.1 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-15.5(c=$ $\left.0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.17 Synthesis of benzyl ( $1 R, 2 R, 3 S$ )-1-hydroxy-1-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 $H$-indene-2-carboxylate (3q)


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(56.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(76.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{~} \mathbf{q q}$ as a white solid ( $50.6 \mathrm{mg}, 62 \%$ yield) with $99 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.46-7.33$ (m, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.31-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.28(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.44-3.32(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.92(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.86(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $1.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 172.71,145.73,142.25$, $135.85,128.80,128.43,128.08,128.08,126.66,124.48,122.79,83.72,80.78,66.42$, 56.84, 26.24, 24.83, 24.33. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak ADH column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 220 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=20.7 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=16.5 \mathrm{~min}$. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{BNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 431.2000\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 431.2008. $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-14.3(c=0.17$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ).

3.18 Synthesis of $1-((1 R, 2 R, 3 S)-1$-hydroxy-1-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 $H$-inden-2-yl)propan-1-one (3r)


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(60.6 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 r}$ as a colorless ropy liquid ( $74 \mathrm{mg}, 75 \%$ yield) with $99 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $7.35-7.32(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.22-7.13(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.29(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 2.86-2.75 (m, 2H), 2.66-2.56 (m, 1H), $1.90(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H})$, 1.16-1.07 (m, 3H). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 210.60,145.99,142.84,128.66$, 126.41, 123.58, 123.02, 83.79, 79.94, 67.64, 35.54, 26.18, 24.52, 24.31, 7.62. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{BNaO}_{4}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ (\%): $353.1898\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 353.1890. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak AD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=7.7 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=6.2 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha] \mathrm{D}^{20}=-8.3\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.19 Synthesis of $1-((1 R, 2 R, 3 S)$-1-hydroxy-1-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2 -dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)butan-1-one (3s).


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(64.8 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(76.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product 3 s as a white solid ( $69 \mathrm{mg}, 67 \%$ yield) with $95 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.34-7.31$ (m, 1H), 7.21-7.12 (m, 3H), 4.31 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.53$ (d, $J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.81-2.70(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 2.64-2.53 (m, 1H), $1.90(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.74-1.59(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}), 0.89(\mathrm{t}$, $J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 210.14,145.95,142.76,128.60$, 126.34, 123.52, 122.95, 83.7, 79.93, 67.76, 44.20, 26.18, 24.48, 24.24, 16.97, 13.69. ESI-MS calculated for Chemical Formula: $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{BNaO}_{4}$, Exact Mass: m/z (\%): $367.2051\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 367.2049. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak AD-H column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=6.2 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=7.5 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}^{20}}=+8.4(c=0.17$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ).

3.20 Synthesis of $1-((1 R, 2 R, 3 S)$-1-hydroxy-1-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 $H$-inden-2-yl)hexan-1-one (3t).


3t
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(73.2 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product 3 t as a white solid ( $76 \mathrm{mg}, 68 \%$ yield) with $96 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.37-7.34$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.25-7.14(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.34(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.83-2.72(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 2.65-2.54 (m, 1H), $1.93(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.77-1.65(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.27-1.24(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}), 0.97(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 210.30$, 145.96, 142.79, 128.60, 126.34, 123.52, 122.95, 83.71, 79.93, 67.74, 42.28, 31.34, 26.17, 24.48, 24.24, 23.22, 22.40, 13.87. ESI-MS calculated for C22H33BNaO4: m/z (\%): $395.2364\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 395.2372. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak AD-H+ADH column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=13.6 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=11.4 \mathrm{~min}$. $[\alpha] D^{20}=-70.4\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.21 Synthesis of $1-((1 S, 2 R, 3 S)$-1-hydroxy-1-phenyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 $H$-inden-2-yl)propan-1-one (3u)

$3 u$
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(79.2 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(114.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.45 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 u}$ as a white solid ( $86 \mathrm{mg}, 73 \%$ yield) with $96 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.49$ (d, J $=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.28(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.21-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 6.98-6.95 (m, 1H), $6.65(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.78(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 2.87 (d, $J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.15-2.10(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.81-1.76(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=23.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $12 \mathrm{H}), 0.77(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 210.20,147.61,144.79$, $143.15,128.66,127.89,126.91,126.70,126.44,125.15,123.30,84.46,84.05,70.43$, 34.72, 24.50, 24.30, 7.31. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{BNaO}_{4}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 415.2055$ $\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 415.2060. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak AD-H+ADH column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=13.9 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=14.3 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20}=-82.8(c=$ $\left.0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.22 Synthesis of 1-((1R,2R,3S)-1-hydroxy-1-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 $H$-inden-2-yl)-2-phenylethan-1-one (3v)


3v
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{1}(52.8 \mathrm{mg}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(76 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product $\mathbf{3 v}$ as a colorless ropy liquid ( $49.4 \mathrm{mg}, 63 \%$ yield) with $90 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.40-7.32(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.29-7.23(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.18-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.47(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.01(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 207.53$, 145.87, 142.74, 134.03, 129.69, 128.73, 128.51, 126.84, 126.49, 123.57, 123.05, 83.92, 80.16, 66.56, 49.17, 26.51, 24.99, 24.57, 24.28. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{BNaO}_{4}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ (\%): $415.2051\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 415.2047. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak ADH column (hexanes: 2-propanol = 90:10, $0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 200 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=11.4 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=$ +8.8 min. $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=-5.8\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.23 Synthesis of ethyl $(1 R, 2 R, 3 S)$-1-((4-bromophenyl)amino)-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1 $H$-indene-2-carboxylate (5)


The reaction of alkene $4(71.4 \mathrm{mg}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(76.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product 5 as a ropy liquid ( $22.3 \mathrm{mg}, 23 \%$ yield) with $94 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.45-7.20$ (m, 2H), 7.19-6.97 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, $J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.48-5.08(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.00(\mathrm{dq}, J$ $=10.9,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{ddd}, J=15.4,9.6,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.06(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $172.67,146.67,143.48,142.35,131.72,128.48,126.45,124.58,124.03,115.11$, 108.30, 83.96, 60.77, 59.53, 52.55, 24.82, 24.60, 13.93. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{BBrNNaO}_{4}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 508.1265\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 508.1269. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak ODH column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=90: 10,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 275 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=5.1 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=$ $6.1 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=+80.1\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

3.26 Synthesis of benzyl (1S,2R,3S)-3-hydroxy-1-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene-2-carboxylate (7).


7
The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{6}(0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product 7 as a ropy liquid ( $77 \%$ yield) with $99 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.36-7.31$ (m, 6 H ), 7.14-7.07 (m, 3H), 5.21 (q, $J=12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 4.63 (s, 1H), 3.14-3.08 (m, 3H), 2.95-2.91 (m, 1H), $2.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 126 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 174.35,135.74,134.33,131.83,130.12,128.51,128.28,128.17$, 128.04, 126.07, 125.61, 83.71, 66.55, 65.31, 46.42, 36.82, 24.77, 24.30. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{BNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ (\%): $431.2005\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 431.2006. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak ADH column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=85: 15,0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=11.6 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=18.8 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=+11.5\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.

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 -dioxaborolan-2-yl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5 H -benzo[7]annulene-6-carboxylate (9)


The reaction of alkene $\mathbf{8}(0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{2}(76.0 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol})$, after a flash column chromatography (hexanes: $\mathrm{AcOEt}=10: 1$ ) afforded the product 9 as a ropy liquid ( $70 \%$ yield) with $98 \%$ ee. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.36-7.33(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.23-7.22$ (m, 2H), 7.11-7.09 (m, 2H), 7.03-7.00 (m, 1H), 6.95 (d, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.86(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.15-4.11(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.44(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.63(\mathrm{t}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.09(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.94(\mathrm{dd}$, $J=24.0,12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $173.92,141.69,138.53,135.44,130.98,129.09,128.48,128.47,128.24,126.52$, 126.22, 83.92, 72.62, 66.27, 48.94, 33.02, 31.35, 24.76, 24.72. ESI-MS calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{BNaO}_{5}: \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}(\%): 369.1847\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$, found: 369.1841. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak ODH column (hexanes: 2-propanol $=$ 85:15, $0.8 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, 210 \mathrm{~nm}$ ); minor enantiomer $\operatorname{tr}=6.2 \mathrm{~min}$, major enantiomer $\mathrm{tr}=$ $7.2 \mathrm{~min} .[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{20}=+13.8\left(c=0.17, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$.


## References

(1) (a) M. R. Sk, S. S. Bera, and M. S. Maji, Cp*Co(III)-Catalyzed C-H Alkenylation of Aromatic Ketones with Alkenes. Adv. Synth. Catal. DOI: 10.1002/adsc. 201801385 (b) G. Li, L. Wan, G. Zhang, D. Leow, J. Spangler, and J.-Q. Yu, Pd(II)-Catalyzed C-H Functionalizations Directed by Distal Weakly Coordinating Functional Groups. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2015, 137, 4391-4397.

## 4 NMR Spectrafor New Compounds

${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{\mathbf{1 3}} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of 3a

${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR（ $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ）and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR（ $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ）of 3b

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${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR $\left(126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ of $\mathbf{3 c}$



$16-9-125-2500 \mathrm{c}$

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3d


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3d

${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR (300 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ), ${ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR ( $282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{N M R}(126 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 e}$

$1 \mathrm{~b}-10-2-6$


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$1 \mathrm{~b}-10-2-6500 \mathrm{c}$

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3e


${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ), ${ }^{\mathbf{1 9}} \mathbf{F}$ NMR ( $282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{N M R}(126 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 f}$


$3 f$






${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ), ${ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR ( $282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{N M R}(126 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 g}$


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$16-10-1-6500 \mathrm{c}$



39

${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR (300 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ), ${ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR ( $282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{N M R}(126 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 h}$




LB-10-1-8



3h


${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR（300 MHz， $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ），${ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR（ $282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ）and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{N M R}(126 \mathrm{MHz}$ ， $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ）of $\mathbf{3 i}$
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${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ), ${ }^{19} \mathbf{F}$ NMR ( $282 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{N M R}(126 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 j}$

$1 \mathrm{~b}-10-5-3-1$
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3j





${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{N M R}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{N M R}\left(126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ of $\mathbf{3 k}$



3k







${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR $\left(126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ of $\mathbf{3 1}$



31



${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 m}$







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${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 n}$



${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 o}$

${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 p}$



3p

${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{N M R}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and $\left.{ }^{\mathbf{1 3}} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{~ N M R ~ ( 1 2 6 ~ M H z}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ of $\mathbf{3 q}$

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${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{N M R}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{r}$
1b-10-19-2








${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR $\left(126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ of 3s
1b-10-25-1-1

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3s








${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR $\left(126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ of $\mathbf{3 t}$


${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{N M R}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and $\left.{ }^{\mathbf{1 3}} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{~ N M R ~ ( 1 2 6 ~ M H z , ~} \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ of $\mathbf{3 u}$

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${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{3 v}$


18-10-44-2 500 c
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${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{N M R}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and ${ }^{\mathbf{1 3}} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{N M R}\left(126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ of $\mathbf{5}$



${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of 7


${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) and ${ }^{13} \mathbf{C}$ NMR ( $126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) of $\mathbf{9}$




9


