Supporting Information

Practical copper-catalyzed chloronitration of alkenes with TMSCl and guanidine nitrate

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I. General Information

All manipulations were maintained under an atmosphere of nitrogen unless otherwise stated. Commercially available reagents were used without further purification. Solvents were pre-dried over activated 4 Å molecular sieves and were refluxed over sodium-benzophenone (toluene, tetrahydrofurane), phosphorus pentoxide (chlorobenzene) or calcium hydride (dichloromethane, dichloroethane, acetonitrile). Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (200-300 mesh). ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a 400 or 600 MHz NMR spectrometer and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a 101 MHz NMR spectrometer. Infrared spectra were prepared as KBr pellets and were recorded on a Varian Excalibur 3100 series FT-IR spectrometer. Mass spectra were recorded by the mass spectrometry service of Shanghai Institute of Organic Chemistry. The Raman spectra at 25 °C were taken with Jobin Yvon confocal laser Raman system (SuperLabRam II), which was equipped with a He-Ne laser at 632.8 nm with a power of approximately 5 mW. 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1g, 1h, 1i, 1j, 1k, 1l, 1m, 1n, 1h, 1i, 1j, 1k, 1r 1s, 1ab, 1ac, 1ad, 4a, 12a, 12b, 12c, 12d was commercially available; $1t^1$, $1u^1$, $1v^1$, $1w^1$, $1x^1$, $1y^1$, $1z^1$, $1ae^2$, $1af^2$, $4b^3$, $4c^3$, $4d^3$, $4e^3$, $4f^3$, $4h^4$ was prepared according to published procedures.

CAUTION: nitration reagents, intermediates, or side products such polynitrated compounds might been potentially explosive. Although under the conditions and scale described here we did not encounter any problems, appropriate precautions should be taken when handling these compounds in general. All nitration reactions and subsequent workups were performed behind a blast shield.

II. Optimization of Reaction Conditions

Table S1. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions ("NO₂" source) for the Synthesis of Product $3a^a$



Entry	"NO ₂ "	Time (h)	Yield ^b (%)	
1	AgNO ₃	2	80	
2	LiNO3	23	86	
3	NaNO ₃	8	78	
4	2	12	92	
5	Me4NO3	72	trace	
6	ⁿ⁻ Bu4NO3	72	trace	
7	NaNO ₂	14	30	
8	AgNO ₂	3	12	
9 ^c	$Cu(NO_3)_2 \cdot 3H_2O^d$	1	93	

^{*a*} Reaction condition: **1a** (0.50 mmol), TMSCl (4 equiv), "NO₂" (2.2 equiv), Cu(OTf)₂ (5 mol%), MeCN (3 mL), N₂. ^{*b*} The yield was determined with ¹H NMR by adding 1,2- dichloroethane as an internal standard. ^{*c*} Cu(OTf)₂ (5 mol%) was not added in this reaction. ^{*d*} 0.75 equivalent amount of Cu(NO₃)₂·3H₂O was used.

Table S2. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions (TMSX or RCOCI) for the Synthesis of Product $3a^a$

	2 (2.2 equiv), TMSX or RCOCI (4 equiv) Cu(OTf) ₂ (5 mol%)	
	MeCN (3 mL), N ₂ , 0 ^o C-rt	
1a		3a

Entry	TMSX or RCOCI	Time (h)	$\mathbf{Yield}^b (\boldsymbol{\%})$
1	TMSBr	MSBr 72 n.d.	
2	TMSOTf	72	n.d.
3	TMSCN	TMSCN 72	
4	TMSCF ₃	72	trace
5	TMSN ₃	72	complex
6	AcCl	24	80
7	PivCl	72	15
8	PhOCOCl	72	trace
9	MeOCOCl	72	15

^{*a*} Reaction condition: **1a** (0.50 mmol), TMSX or RCOCl (4 equiv), **2** (2.2 equiv), Cu(OTf)₂ (5 mol%), MeCN (3 mL), N₂. ^{*b*} The yield was determined with ¹H NMR by adding 1,2- dichloroethane as an internal standard. n.d.: no detected

	2 (2.2 equiv), T Cat. (5	「MSCI (4 equiv) mol%)	CI NO ₂ 3a	
1a	J MeCN (3 mL	.), N ₂ , 0 °C-rt		
Entry	Cat.	Time (h)	Yield ^b (%)	
1	CuCl	6	91	
2	CuCl ₂	18	91	
3	Cu(NO ₃) ₂	18	93	
4	CuSO ₄ •5H ₂ O	16	93	
5	Cu	21	90	
6	Cu ₂ O	6	80	
7	CuO	15	93	
8	FeCl ₂	72	trace	
9	MnCl ₂	72	trace	
10	Zn(OAc) ₂	72	trace	
11	Co(OAc) ₂ •4H ₂ O	72	trace	
12	Mg(OTf) ₂	72	trace	

Table S3. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions (Cat.) for the Synthesis of Product $3a^a$

^{*a*} Reaction condition: **1a** (0.50 mmol), TMSCl (4 equiv), **2** (2.2 equiv), Cat. (5 mol%), MeCN (3 mL), N₂. ^{*b*} The yield was determined with ¹H NMR by adding 1,2-dichloroethane as an internal standard.

Table S4. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions (solvent) for the Synthesis of Product $3a^a$



1	DCM	72	trace
2	DCE	72	trace
3	THF	72	trace
4	Toluene	72	trace
5	EtOH	72	trace
6	AcOH	72	trace
7	DMF	72	trace
8	DMSO	72	trace

^{*a*} Reaction condition: **1a** (0.50 mmol), TMSCl (4 equiv), **2** (2.2 equiv), CuSO₄•5H₂O (5 mol%), solvent (3 mL), N₂. ^{*b*} The yield was determined with ¹H NMR by adding 1,2- dichloroethane as an internal standard.

Table S5. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions (reactant amounts) for the Synthesis of Product $3a^a$

		2 (<i>x</i> equiv), TMSCI (<i>y</i> equiv) CuSO ₄ •5H ₂ O (<i>z</i> mol%)		equiv) %)		
1a		MeCN (3 mL), N ₂ , 0 °C-rt		PC-rt	- J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	
Entry	x	у	Z.	Time (h)	$\mathbf{Yield}^{b}\left(\mathbf{\%}\right)$	
1	2.2	0	5	72	n.d.	
2	2.2	2	5	120	64	
3	2.2	4	5	16	93	
4	2.2	6	5	18	75	
5	2.0	4	5	19	91	
6	1.5	4	5	19	90	
7	1.2	4	5	20	83	
8	2.2	4	1	72	91	
9	2.2	4	0	72	n.d.	
10	2.2	4	10	8	99	
11	1.5	3	10	9	99	
12 ^c	1.5	3	10	12	95	

^{*a*} Reaction condition: **1a** (0.50 mmol), TMSCl (x equiv), **2** (y equiv), CuSO₄•5H₂O (z

mol%), solvent (3 mL), N₂. ^{*b*} The yield was determined with ¹H NMR by adding 1,2dichloroethane as an internal standard. ^{*c*} **1a** (5 mmol), TMSCl (3 equiv), **2** (1.5 equiv), CuSO4•5H₂O (10 mol%), solvent (10 mL), N₂.

III. Chloronitration



General Procedure (A) for Chloronitration of Alkenes

To a 50 mL dry flask were added alkene (5.0 mmol), **2** (915 mg, 7.5 mmol), TMSCl(1.65 mL, 15 mmol), CuSO₄•5H₂O (125 mg, 0.50 mmol) and MeCN (10 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C under N₂ atmosphere. The solution was stirred for 2 h at 0 $^{\circ}$ C, and then warmed to room temperature as monitoring by TLC. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by short column chromatography (about 5 cm high) via silica gel to give the desired product.

General Procedure (B) for Chloronitration of Alkenes

To a 50 mL dry flask were added alkene (10 mmol), **2** (1.83 g, 15 mmol), TMSCl(3.3 mL, 30 mmol), CuSO₄•5H₂O (250 mg, 1.0 mmol) and MeCN (25 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C under N₂ atmosphere. The solution was stirred for 2 h at 0 $^{\circ}$ C, and then warmed to room temperature as monitoring by TLC. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by short column chromatography (about 5 cm high) via silica gel to give the desired product.

General Procedure (C) for Chloronitration of Alkenes

To a 10 mL dry flask were added alkene (0.50 mmol), **2** (91.5 mg, 0.75 mmol), TMSCl(165 μ L, 1.5 mmol), CuSO₄•5H₂O (12.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) and MeCN (3 mL) at 0 °C under N₂ atmosphere. The solution was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C then warmed to room temperature as monitoring by TLC. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by short column chromatography (about 5 cm high) via

silica gel to give the desired product.

General Procedure (D) for Chloronitration of Alkynes

To a 10 mL dry flask were added alkyne (0.50 mmol), **2** (91.5 mg, 0.75 mmol), TMSCl(165 μ L, 1.5 mmol), CuSO₄•5H₂O (12.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) and MeCN (3 mL) at 0 °C under N₂ atmosphere. The solution was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C then warmed to room temperature as monitoring by TLC. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by column chromatography via silica gel to give the desired product.



2-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)naphthalene (3a); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.: 109.5-111.9 °C); 92% yield (1.081 g, 4.6 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **Chloroform-***d*) δ 7.91 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (dd, J = 6.2, 3.3 Hz, 2H), 7.58 – 7.50 (m, 3H), 5.74 (dd, J = 9.0, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (dd, J = 13.5, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (dd, J = 13.5, 5.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C⁵ NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 133.8, 133.1, 129.6, 128.3, 128.0, 127.4, 127.2, 127.1, 124.0, 80.9, 57.3; **IR** ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3010, 2985, 1632, 1275, 1260, 706; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₂H₁₁ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 236.0473; found: 236.0462.

(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzene (3b)⁶; It was prepared according to general procedure (B); reaction temperature: 0 $^{\circ}$ C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h;

petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 95% yield (1.762 g, 9.5 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.45 – 7.39 (m, 5H), 5.57 (dd, J = 9.2, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (dd, J = 13.5, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (dd, J = 13.4, 5.5 Hz, 1H).



1-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)-4-methylbenzene (**3c**); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.: 63.6-64.5 °C); 85% yield (848 mg, 4.2 mmol); ¹H **NMR** (**400 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 5.53 (dd, *J* = 9.1, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (dd, *J* = 13.4, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dd, *J* = 13.4, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C⁵ **NMR** (**101 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 140.1, 133.1, 130.1, 127.2, 81.0, 57.0, 21.3; **IR** *v* (**neat, cm⁻¹**): 3005, 2918, 1557, 1374, 1275, 1260, 816, 750; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C9H11CINO2⁺ [M+H]⁺: 200.0473; found: 200.0455.



1-(*tert*-butyl)-4-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzene (3d); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 22 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 89% yield (1.076 g, 4.5 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.55 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (dd, *J* = 13.5, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dd, *J* = 13.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (s, 9H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 153.2, 132.9, 127.0, 126.4, 81.0, 56.9, 34.9, 31.3; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 2965, 1559, 1519, 1376, 1274, 1109, 969, 837, 745, 682, 563; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₂H₁₇ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 242.0943; found: 242.0971.



4-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)phenyl acetate (3e); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 15 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.2 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.: 85.8-89.2 °C); 89% yield (1.080 g, 4.4 mmol); ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d)** δ 7.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.57 (dd, J = 9.1, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (dd, J = 13.5, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dd, J = 13.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} **NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d)** δ 169.2, 151.7, 133.4, 128.6, 122.6, 80.9, 56.3, 21.2; **IR** ν (**neat, cm**⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 1632, 1507, 1275, 1206, 896, 748; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₁₀H₁₁ClNO₄⁺ [M+H]⁺: 244.0371; found: 244.0355.



3f

1-bromo-4-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzene (**3f**)⁷; It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 10 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.: 74.3-75.7 °C); 96% yield (1.263 g, 4.8 mmol); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz**, **Chloroform-d**) δ 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.52 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (dd, *J* = 13.5, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dd, *J* = 13.5, 6.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (**101 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 135.0, 132.6, 129.0, 124.1, 80.6, 56.1; **IR** *v* (**neat, cm**⁻¹): 3005, 2984, 1601, 1558, 1372, 1274, 1160, 831, 751; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₈H₈BrCINO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 263.9422; found: 263.9421.



3g

1-chloro-4-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzene (3g); It was prepared according to

general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC**: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.: 70.0-70.4 °C); 90% yield (993 mg, 4.5 mmol); ¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz**, **Chloroform-d**) δ 7.39 (d, *J*=8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.53 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (dd, *J* = 13.5, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (dd, *J* = 13.5, 6.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} **NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 135.9, 134.5, 129.6, 128.7, 80.7, 56.1; **IR** *v* (neat, **cm**⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 1556, 1493, 1376, 1275, 1260, 897, 748; **HRMS** (**ESI, m/z**): calcd for C₈H₈Cl₂NO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 219.9927; found: 219.9826.



1-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)-4-fluorobenzene (3h); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**), reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.: 63.2-64.0 °C); 95% yield (1.932 g, 9.5 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **Chloroform-***d*) δ 7.46 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 5.55 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (dd, *J* = 13.4, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dd, *J* = 13.4, 6.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 163.4 (d, *J* = 250.1 Hz), 131.9 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 129.3 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 116.5 (d, *J* = 22.0 Hz), 80.8, 56.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 96.38; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2984, 1602, 1557, 1374, 1274, 1260, 1160, 835, 749, 521; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₈H₈ClFNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 204.0222; found: 204.0217.

methyl 4-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzoate (3i); It was prepared according to general procedure (**B**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 15 h ; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.2 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.: 60.3-60.9 °C); 83% yield (2.013 g, 8.3 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

Chloroform-*d***)** δ 8.09 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.60 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (dd, J = 13.5, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (dd, J = 13.5, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 166.2, 140.6, 131.7, 130.7, 127.5, 80.6, 56.2, 52.5; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 2955, 2922, 1634, 1560, 1376, 1276, 1110, 968, 749, 706; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₁ClNO₄⁺ [M+H]⁺: 244.0371; found: 244.0269.



4-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzonitrile (3j); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 5 h ; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.1 (PE/EA=9 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.: 62.3-63.4 °C); 81% yield (858 mg, 4.1 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.73 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.58 (dd, J = 8.5, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (dd, J = 13.6, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (dd, J = 13.6, 6.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 140.9, 133.2, 128.3, 117.9, 113.9, 80.2, 55.6; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2918, 2227, 1639, 1549, 1275, 1260, 750, 749; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₉H₈ClN₂O₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 211.0269; found: 211.0273.



3k

1-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)-4-nitrobenzene (3k); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 4 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.2 (PE/EA=10 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.: 83.4-84.7 °C); 89% yield (1.026 g, 4.4 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.29 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.64 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (dd, *J* = 13.6, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (dd, *J* = 13.6, 6.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 142.7, 129.9, 128.6, 124.6, 80.2, 55.2; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 2985, 1555, 1520, 1347, 1260, 913, 749, 704; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for

C₈H₈ClN₂O₄⁺ [M+H]⁺: 231.0167; found: 231.0165.



1-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)-4-(chloromethyl)benzene (3l); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 98% yield (1.147 g, 4.9 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.46-7.42 (m, 4H), 5.56 (dd, J = 8.9, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (dd, J = 13.5, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dd, J = 13.5, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (s, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 139.3, 136.1, 129.6, 127.8, 80.8, 56.4, 45.4; **IR** ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3006, 2987, 1634, 1556, 1375, 1275, 1216, 968, 749, 680; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₉H₁₀Cl₂NO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 233.0083; found: 233.0075.





1-chloro-3-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzene (**3m**); It was prepared according to general procedure (**B**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 15 h;; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 93% yield (2.046 g, 9.3 mmol); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 7.44 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.31 (dt, J = 6.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (dd, J = 13.5, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dd, J = 13.5, 5.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (**101 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 137.9, 135.4, 130.7, 130.2, 127.6, 125.5, 80.6, 56.0; **IR** v (**neat, cm**⁻¹): 3006, 1635, 1474, 1275, 1190, 1082, 876, 751, 702; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C8H8Cl₂NO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 219.9927; found: 220.0017.



1-bromo-3-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzene (3n); It was prepared according to

general procedure (**B**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 20 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC**: $R_f = 0.4$ (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 95% yield (1.256 g, 4.7 mmol); ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d)** δ 7.60 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.37 (dt, J = 7.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (t, J =7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (dd, J = 13.5, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (dd, J = 13.5, 5.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} **NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d)** δ 138.1, 133.1, 130.9, 130.5, 126.0, 123.3, 80.6, 55.9; **IR** ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 1556, 1473, 1260, 897, 750, 706; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₈H₈BrClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 263.9422; found: 263.9323.



1-chloro-2-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzene (**3o**); It was prepared according to general procedure (**B**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 14 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 92% yield (2.015 g, 9.2 mmol); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 7.61 (dd, J = 7.3, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.40 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 6.10 (dd, J = 8.7, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.88 – 4.84 (m, 1H), 4.84 – 4.78 (m, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (**101 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 133.3, 132.9, 130.9, 130.4, 128.9, 128.0, 79.7, 53.7; **IR** ν (**neat, cm⁻¹**): 3005, 1556, 1474,1374, 1260, 897, 749, 704; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₈H₈Cl₂NO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 219.9927; found: 219.9815.

1-bromo-2-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzene (**3p**); It was prepared according to general procedure (**B**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 14 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 85% yield (2.248 g, 8.5 mmol); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 7.62 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (t, J = 7.7 Hz 1H), 6.09 (dd, J

= 9.4, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (dd, J = 13.7, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (dd, J = 13.7, 9.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 134.9, 133.6, 131.2, 129.1, 128.6, 123.0, 79.8, 56.2; IR ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 1632, 1556, 1469, 1260, 897, 764, 704; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₈H₈BrClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 263.9422; found: 263.9501.

1-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)-2-methoxybenzene (3q); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 22 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.2 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 72% yield (776 mg, 3.6 mmol); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 7.48 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.94 – 4.76 (m, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (**101 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 156.4, 131.0, 128.7, 123.8, 121.2, 111.2, 80.1, 55.8, 52.8; **IR** ν (**neat, cm**⁻¹): 3006, 2969, 2841, 1588, 1376, 1275, 1123, 971, 748; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₉H₁₁ClNO₃⁺ [M+H]⁺: 216.0422; found: 216.0389.

1,3-dichloro-2-(1-chloro-2-nitroethyl)benzene (3r); It was prepared according to general procedure (**A**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 16 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.2 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 72% yield (916 mg, 3.6 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.43 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J = 8.5, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (dd, J = 14.1, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (dd, J = 14.2, 5.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 135.9, 131.3, 130.8, 129.4, 129.2, 77.8, 51.6; IR ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3012, 2990, 1556, 1437, 1280, 766, 738, 716; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₈H₇Cl₃NO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 253.9537; found: 253.9485.



(2-chloro-1-nitropropan-2-yl)benzene (3s); It was prepared according to general procedure (C); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 11 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.5 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow oil; 88% yield (88 mg, 0.44 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.60 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.45 – 7.36 (m, 3H), 4.93 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 140.2, 129.1, 128.9, 126.3, 86.1, 67.1, 29.2; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 2919, 1587, 1446, 1372, 1061, 696, 652, 611; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₉H₁₁ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 200.0473; found: 200.0471.



2-(1-chloro-2-nitropropyl)naphthalene (3t); It was prepared according to general procedure **(C)**; reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 14 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.:69-70 °C); 82% yield (dr = 1 : 0.52, 102 mg, 0.41 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **Chloroform-d, major**) δ 7.87 – 7.84 (m, 3H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (dd, *J* = 6.2, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 5.55 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (p, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.80 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d, major) δ 133.8, 133.6, 133.6, 129.2, 128.4, 127.9, 127.5, 127.2, 127.0, 124.2, 87.6, 63.1, 16.0; **IR** ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 2920, 1647, 1554, 1450, 1358, 1275, 1260, 820, 749, 662, 477; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₃H₁₃ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 250.0630; found: 250.0628.



(1-chloro-2-nitropropane-1,1-diyl)dibenzene (3u); It was prepared according to

general procedure (A); reaction temperature: 0 $^{\circ}$ C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 30 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** $R_f = 0.3$ (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.:100.3-101.1 °C); 64% yield (879 mg, 3.2 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **Chloroform-***d*) δ 7.42 – 7.46 (m, 4H), 7.40 – 7.27 (m, 6H), 5.79 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.81 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 141.24, 141.21, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.6, 89.4, 77.3, 17.4; IR v (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2990, 1557, 1446, 1275, 1260, 1043, 911, 749, 699; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₅H₁₅ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 276.0786; found: 276.0779.



2-(2-chloro-3-nitrobutan-2-yl)naphthalene (3v); It was prepared according to general procedure (C); reaction temperature: 0 $^{\circ}$ C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 9 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 40 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.6 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); white solid (m.p.:95.1-97.2 °C); 74% yield (98 mg, 0.37 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **Chloroform-***d*) δ 7.99 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.91 – 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.66 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.1Hz, 1H), 7.58 - 7.47 (m, 2H), 5.27 (q, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.71 (d, J = 6.7Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 137.8, 133.0, 132.8, 128.69, 128.67, 127.6, 127.2, 126.9, 126.1, 124.0, 91.5, 71.7, 27.2, 15.4; **IR** v (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 1553, 1456, 1275, 1260, 897, 816, 764; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₄H₁₅ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 264.0786; found: 264.0758.



3w

1-(1-chloro-2-methyl-2-nitropropyl)-4-methylbenzene (3w); It was prepared according to general procedure (C); reaction temperature: 0 $^{\circ}$ C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100 : 1; TLC: $R_f = 0.3$ (PE/EA=50 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 77% yield (88 mg, 0.39 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **Chloroform-***d*) δ 7.29 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 139.5, 132.5, 129.2, 128.9, 92.4, 67.0, 24.9, 21.3, 20.5; **IR** *ν* (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 1546, 1464, 1344, 1275, 768, 742, 520; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₁₁H₁₅ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 228.0786; found: 228.0789.



1-bromo-4-(1-chloro-2-methyl-2-nitropropyl)benzene (**3x**)⁸; It was prepared according to general procedure (**C**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 11 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.1 (PE, UV); white solid (m.p.: 43.1-46.7 °C); 91% yield (133 mg, 0.45 mmol); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 7.51 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (dt, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.55 (s, 1H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (**101 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 134.5, 131.8, 130.6, 123.7, 92.0, 66.2, 24.5, 20.9; **IR** ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3004, 2983, 1548, 1459, 1278, 1253, 746, 695; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₁₀H₁₂BrClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 291.9735; found: 291.9729.



1-chloro-3-(1-chloro-2-methyl-2-nitropropyl)benzene (**3y**); It was prepared according to general procedure (**C**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 73% yield (91 mg, 0.37 mmol); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 7.43 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dt, J = 7.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 5.56 (s, 1H), 1.75 (s, 3H), 1.51 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (**101 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 137.5, 134.7, 129.8, 129.7, 129.1, 127.2, 92.1, 66.0, 24.6, 20.9; **IR** *v* (**neat, cm**⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 1547, 1469, 1345, 1275, 1260, 897, 768, 742; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₁₀H₁₂Cl₂NO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 248.0240; found: 248.0227.



(chloro(1-nitrocyclobutyl)methyl)benzene (3z); It was prepared according to general procedure (C); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 50 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.5 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); colorless oil; 89% yield (100 mg, 0.44 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.51 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.43 – 7.36 (m, 3H), 5.55 (s, 1H), 3.01 – 2.91 (m, 1H), 2.80 – 2.69 (m, 1H), 2.68 – 2.52 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.76 (m, 1H), 1.36 – 1.24 (m, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 135.3, 129.6, 128.8, 128.4, 92.8, 64.1, 30.7, 28.7, 13.3; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 1478, 1457, 1275, 1260, 897, 751, 696; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₃ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 226.0630; found: 226.0638.



1-bromo-4-(2-chloro-3-methyl-3-nitrobutan-2-yl)benzene (**3aa**); It was prepared according to general procedure (**C**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 13 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 200 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=100 : 1, UV); colorless oil; 50% yield (77 mg, 0.25 mmol); ¹**H NMR** (**400 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.75 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} **NMR** (**101 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 139.1, 131.1, 129.9, 123.1, 94.9, 74.9, 28.3, 23.6, 23.5; **IR** *v* (**neat, cm**⁻¹): 3014, 2997, 1537, 1488, 1380, 1348, 1282, 1260, 774, 745; **HRMS** (**ESI, m/z**): calcd for C₁₁H₁₄BrClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 305.9891; found: 305.9794.



((1R)-1-chloro-2-nitrocyclohexyl) benzene $(3ab)^6$; It was prepared according to

general procedure (**C**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 9 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 40 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); light yellow solid; 93% yield (111 mg, 0.47 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.58 – 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.40 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 5.41 (dt, *J* = 4.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.19 – 3.10 (m, 1H), 2.66 – 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.42 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 2.31 – 2.22 (m, 1H), 2.05 – 1.91 (m, 2H), 1.78 – 1.62 (m, 2H).



(1S,2S)-1-chloro-2-nitro-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene (3ac); It was prepared according to general procedure (A); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 20 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 40 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); green yellow oil; 84% yield (831 mg, 4.2 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.49 – 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.39 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 5.4, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (dd, *J* = 16.8, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (dd, *J* = 16.7, 5.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 138.9, 137.7, 130.3, 128.7, 125.5, 124.9, 92.5, 62.5, 36.4; IR ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3091, 2918, 1551, 1496, 1369, 1215, 913, 819, 602; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₉H₉CINO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 198.0317; found: 198.0309.





1-chloro-2-methyl-2-nitro-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene (3ad); It was prepared according to general procedure (**C**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 14 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 50 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.6 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow oil; 77% yield (dr = 1 : 0.3, 82 mg, 0.39 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*, major) δ 7.44 – 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.34 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 3.87 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101

MHz, Chloroform-d, major) δ 139.4, 137.8, 129.9, 128.4, 125.3, 124.8, 97.6, 66.5, 42.9, 22.4; IR v (neat, cm⁻¹): 3108, 2920, 1646, 1546, 1382, 1269, 842, 749, 602;
HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₁₁ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 212.0473; found: 212.0477.





2-chloro-3-nitro-N-(p-tolyl)propanamide (3ae); It was prepared according to general procedure (**C**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20: 1 to 5 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.2 (PE/EA=5 : 1, UV); yellow solid (m.p.:95.5-101.5 °C); 57% yield (69 mg, 0.28 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 **MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.13 (dd, *J* = 14.2, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (dd, *J* = 6.7, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (dd, *J* = 14.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 162.7, 135.8, 133.8, 129.9, 120.6, 77.1, 54.1, 21.1; **IR** ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2920, 1679, 1559, 1374, 1275, 1260, 816, 746; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₁₀H₁₂ClN₂O₃⁺ [M+H]⁺: 243.0531; found: 243.0522.



p-tolyl-2-chloro-3-nitropropanoate (3af); It was prepared according to general procedure (**C**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20: 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=10 : 1, UV); light pink solid (m.p.:67.1-68.4 °C); 65% yield (79 mg, 0.32 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **Chloroform-d**) δ 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.14 – 5.04 (m, 2H), 4.93-4.86 (m, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 165.4, 148.0, 136.8, 130.3, 120.7, 75.6, 49.8, 21.1; **IR** *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 1766, 1564, 1375, 1275, 1260, 749; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₁₀H₁₁ClNO₄⁺ [M+H]⁺: 244.0371; found: 243.0363.



(*E*)-(1-chloro-2-nitrovinyl)benzene (5a)⁹; It was prepared according to procedure (**D**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100: 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=50 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 54% yield (50 mg, 0.27 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.49 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.41 (m, 4H).



(*E*)-1-(1-chloro-2-nitrovinyl)-4-ethylbenzene (5b)⁹; It was prepared according to procedure (**D**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100: 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=50 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 56% yield (59 mg, 0.28 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H).



(*E*)-1-chloro-4-(1-chloro-2-nitrovinyl)benzene (5c)⁹; It was prepared according to procedure (**F**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100: 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=50 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 37% yield (40 mg, 0.18 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H).



(*E*)-1-bromo-4-(1-chloro-2-nitrovinyl)benzene (5d)⁹; It was prepared according to procedure (**D**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100: 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=50 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 53% yield (70 mg, 0.27 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.59 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H).

IV. The Synthesis of Nitroalkenes

General Procedure (E) for Nitroalkenes



To a 10 mL dry flask were added alkene (0.50 mmol), **2** (91.5 mg, 0.75 mmol), TMSCl (165 μ L, 1.5 mmol), CuSO₄•5H₂O (12.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) and MeCN (3 mL) at 0 °C under N₂ atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C first and then warmed to room temperature as monitoring by TLC. Upon completion, Et₃N (100 μ L, 1.0 mmol) was added to the mixture and stirred for 25 min at room temperature. After that, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired product.

General Procedure (F) for Nitroalkenes



To a 10 mL dry flask were added alkene (0.50 mmol), **2** (91.5 mg, 0.75 mmol), TMSCl (165 μ L, 1.5 mmol), CuSO₄•5H₂O (12.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) and MeCN (3 mL) at 0 °C under N₂ atmosphere. The solution was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C first and then warmed to room temperature as monitoring by TLC. Upon completion, the reaction

mixture was concentrated and purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired product.



(*E*)-2-(2-nitrovinyl)naphthalene (6a)¹⁰; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20: 1; TLC: R_f = 0.5 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 99% yield (99 mg, 0.50 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.17 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.97 – 7.82 (m, 3H), 7.71 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65 – 7.50 (m, 3H).



(*E*)-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6b)¹¹; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.5 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 87% yield(66 mg, 0.44 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.01 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.42 (m, 3H).

(*E*)-1-methyl-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6c)¹⁰; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.5 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 84% yield(63 mg, 0.42 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.99 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29 – 7.24 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H).



(*E*)-1-(tert-butyl)-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6d)¹¹; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 85% yield(87 mg, 0.42 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.00 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.46 (m, 4H), 1.34 (s, 9H).



(*E*)-4-(2-nitrovinyl)phenyl acetate (6e)¹¹; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.6 (PE/EA=10 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 94% yield(97 mg, 0.47 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.99 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.52 (m, 3H), 7.20 (dt, J = 8.4, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H).



(E)-1-bromo-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6f)¹¹; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.5 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 98% yield(112 mg, 0.49 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.95 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.65 – 7.53 (m, 3H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H).





(*E*)-1-chloro-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6g)¹⁰; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 89% yield(82 mg, 0.47 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.96 (d,

J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dt, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dt, *J* = 8.4, 2H).



(*E*)-1-fluoro-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6h)¹⁰; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 79% yield(66 mg, 0.40 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.98 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.48 (m, 3H), 7.15 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H).





methyl (*E*)-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzoate (6i)¹⁰; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 8.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 10 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=10 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 82% yield(85 mg, 0.41 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.11 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.67 – 7.59 (m, 3H), 3.95 (s, 3H).





(*E*)-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzonitrile (6j)¹⁰; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 6.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 10 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.5 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 87% yield(76 mg, 0.44 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.99 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H).





(E)-1-nitro-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6k)¹²; It was prepared according to general

procedure (**E**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 6.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.5 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 72% yield(70 mg, 0.36 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.32 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1H).



(*E*)-1-(chloromethyl)-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6l)¹³; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); pale yellow solid; 99% yield(98 mg, 0.50 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.00 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.61 (s, 2H).



(*E*)-1-chloro-3-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6m)¹⁴; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); pale yellow solid; 84% yield(77 mg, 0.42 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.94 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.37 (m, 3H).



(*E*)-1-bromo-3-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6n)¹¹; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 90% yield(103 mg, 0.45 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.93 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H),

7.48 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H).



(*E*)-1-chloro-2-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (60)¹³; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 92% yield(84 mg, 0.46 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.41 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.64 – 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.50 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.38 – 7.31 (m, 1H).



(*E*)-1-bromo-2-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6p)¹⁰; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 90% yield(103 mg, 0.45 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.40 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.31 (m, 2H).



(*E*)-1-methoxy-2-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6q)¹⁰; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 70% yield(63 mg, 0.35 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.15 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H).



(*E*)-1,3-dichloro-2-(2-nitrovinyl)benzene (6r)¹⁵; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 74% yield(81 mg, 0.37 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.26 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 7.49 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.31 (dd, J = 8.8, 7.4 Hz, 1H).



(*E*)-(1-nitroprop-1-en-2-yl)benzene (6s)¹⁰; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 88% yield(72 mg, 0.44 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.45 (s, 5H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 2.65 (s, 3H).



(*E*)-2-(2-nitroprop-1-en-1-yl)naphthalene (6t)¹⁶; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.5 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 83% yield(88 mg, 0.41 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.99 – 7.83 (m, 4H), 7.64 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 2.55 (s, 3H).



(2-nitroprop-1-ene-1,1-diyl)dibenzene (6u); It was prepared according to general

procedure (**E**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid (m.p.:61.4-64.1 °C); 67% yield(80 mg, 0.33 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **Chloroform-***d*) δ 7.41 – 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.18 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 146.5, 140.0, 138.4, 138.3, 129.5, 128.9, 128.71, 128.70, 128.67, 128.3, 18.3; **IR** ν (neat, **cm**⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 2277, 1632, 1560, 1503, 1333, 1275, 966, 897, 745, 481; **HRMS** (**ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₁₅H₁₄ClNO₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 240.1019; found: 240.0989.



2-nitro-1H-indene (6ac)¹⁷; It was prepared according to general procedure (E); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12.5 h; petroleum ether/ethylacetate = 20 : 1; TLC: R_f = 0.4 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 80% yield(64 mg, 0.40 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.96 – 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.48 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.45 – 7.38 (m, 1H), 3.99 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H).

(*E*)-2-(2-nitrovinyl)pyridine (8a)¹³; It was prepared according to procedure (**F**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10: 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.1 (PE/EA=10 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 79% yield (59 mg, 0.39 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.75 – 8.63 (m, 1H), 8.02 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 4.8 Hz, 1H).



(E)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)quinoline (8b); It was prepared according to procedure (F);

reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10: 1; **TLC:** $R_f = 0.1$ (PE/EA=10 : 1, UV); yellow solid (m.p.:109.7-111.4 °C); 74% yield (74 mg, 0.37 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **Chloroform-d**) δ 9.07 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.23 – 8.10 (m, 2H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (ddd, J = 8.2, 6.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, **Chloroform-d**) δ 149.4, 148.9, 138.2, 137.6, 135.9, 131.9, 129.8, 128.7, 128.2, 127.5, 123.4; **IR** ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3361, 3188, 2849, 1646, 1511, 1345, 972, 847, 715, 477; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₁₁H₉N₂O₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 201.0659; found: 201.0663.



(*E*)-5-(2-nitrovinyl)quinoline (8c); It was prepared according to procedure (F); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10: 1; TLC: R_f = 0.1 (PE/EA=10 : 1, UV); yellow solid (m.p.:75.8-80.1 °C); 42% yield (42 mg, 0.21 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.03 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 8.76 (d, *J* = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 8.50 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 4.2 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 151.3, 148.6, 139.4, 134.6, 134.0, 131.5, 129.2, 127.5, 127.1, 126.8, 122.4; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2240, 1630, 1489, 1347, 1275, 961, 794, 749; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₁H₉N₂O₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 201.0659; found: 201.0648.



(*E*)-5-(2-nitrovinyl)isoquinoline (8d); It was prepared according to procedure (F); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10: 1; **TLC:** $R_f = 0.1$ (PE/EA=10 : 1, UV); yellow solid (m.p.:189.4-190.2 °C); 62% yield (62 mg, 0.31 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.34 (s, 1H), 8.77 – 8.66 (m, 2H), 8.15 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.73 – 7.65 (m, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 153.6, 144.9, 139.4, 134.5, 134.3, 132.1, 130.3, 127.1, 126.4, 116.0; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2989, 2319, 1654, 1514, 1275, 1260, 897, 724; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₁H₉N₂O₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 201.0659; found: 201.0618. O₂N



(*E*)-4-(2-nitrovinyl)benzo[*b*]thiophene (8e); It was prepared according to procedure (**F**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100 : 1; **TLC:** $R_f = 0.2$ (PE/EA=50 : 1, UV); yellow solid (m.p.:89.2-91.3 °C); 51% yield (52 mg, 0.52 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.53 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.75 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.66 – 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 141.3, 139.3, 137.9, 136.7, 129.6, 126.4, 125.1, 124.5, 124.3, 121.2; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 3005, 2998, 2700, 2314, 1633, 1504, 1462, 1336, 1260, 898, 788; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₀H₈NO₂S⁺ [M+H]⁺: 206.0270; found: 206.0233.



(*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)benzo[*b*]thiophene (8f)¹⁰; It was prepared according to procedure (**F**); reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100: 1; **TLC:** R_f = 0.1 (PE/EA=50 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 50% yield (51 mg, 0.25 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.31 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 8.03 – 7.89 (m, 3H), 7.77 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.58 – 7.45 (m, 2H).

8g

(E)-5-(2-nitrovinyl)pyrimidine (8g); It was prepared according to procedure (F);

reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5: 1; **TLC**: R_f = 0.1 (PE/EA=5 : 1, UV); yellow solid; 47% yield (36 mg, 0.24 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.30 (s, 1H), 8.94 (s, 2H), 7.96 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 160.6, 156.5, 139.6, 131.9, 124.8; **IR** ν (neat, cm⁻¹): 3015, 2708, 2065, 1639, 1528, 1418, 1275, 958, 696; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₆H₆N₃O₂⁺ [M+H]⁺: 152.0455; found: 152.0413.



(8*R*,9*S*,13*S*,14*S*)-13-methyl-3-((*E*)-2-nitrovinyl)-6,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16-decahyd ro-17*H*-cyclopenta[*a*]phenanthren-17-one (8h); It was prepared according to procedure (**F**), LiNO₃ (52 mg, 0.75 mmol) was instead of **2**; reaction temperature: 0 °C (2 h) then rt; reaction time: 12 h; petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5: 1; **TLC**: R_f = 0.1 (PE/EA=5 : 1, UV); pale yellow solid (m.p.:210.3-212.8 °C); 77% yield (125 mg, 0.38 mmol); ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 7.96 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (q, *J* = 9.2, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 2.98 – 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.58 – 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.42 (s, 1H), 2.39 – 2.27 (m, 1H), 2.23 – 2.11 (m, 1H), 2.10 – 2.02 (m, 2H), 2.02 – 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.67 – 1.59 (m, 3H), 1.55 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.52 – 1.44 (m, 2H), 0.94 – 0.92 (m, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 220.6, 145.0, 139.3, 138.0, 136.6, 130.1, 127.7, 126.7, 126.6, 50.6, 48.0, 44.8, 37.9, 35.9, 31.6, 29.3, 26.3, 25.7, 21.7, 13.9; IR *v* (neat, cm⁻¹): 2921, 2270, 1736, 1634, 1509, 1340, 1275, 969, 820, 749; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₂₀H₂₄NO₃⁺ [M+H]⁺: 326.1751; found: 326.1738.

V. 100 mmol Scale of Chloronitration of Alkenes

To a 250 mL dry flask were added alkene (1b, 1c or 1l; 100 mmol), 2 (18.3 g, 150

mmol), TMSCl (33 mL, 300 mmol), CuSO4•5H₂O (2.5 g, 10 mmol) and MeCN (100 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C under N₂ atmosphere. The solution was stirred for 2 h at 0 $^{\circ}$ C first and then warmed to room temperature as monitoring by TLC. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by column chromatography via silica gel to give the desired product **3b** (17.21 g, 92.73 mmol, 92%); **3c** (14.70 g, 73.65 mmol, 74%); **3l** (21.86 g, 93.38 mmol, 93%).

100 mmol Scale:



VI. Sequential Further Transformations

Sequential Further Transformations:



Reaction conditions: a) 1*H*-indole (2 equiv), Sc(OTf)₃ (2.5 mol %), H₂O, rt. b) 4-methylaniline (1.5 equiv), Na₂CO₃ (2 equiv), MeCN, rt. c) 2-mercaptoacetic acid (1.5 equiv), MeONa (3 equiv), MeOH, reflux. d) (4-methoxyphenyl)-magnesium bromide (2 equiv), THF, 50 °C. e) NaN₃ (4 equiv), DMF, rt. **Note**: Reported yields represent total isolated yields for two steps.

The reaction of 1c with 2 was carried out according to general procedure (C). Upon completion, the mixture was filtered and then removed the solvent via vacum to afford crude 3c. 3c was used directly to next step without further purification.



3-(2-nitro-1-(p-tolyl)ethyl)-1*H***-indole (9)¹⁸; 1***H***-indole (117 mg, 1.0 mmol), Sc(OTf)₃ (6.1 mg, 0.0125 mmol) and H₂O (1 mL) was added to crude 3c**, and stirred at room temperature for 36 h, monitored by TLC. Upon completion, extracted with ethyl acetate (3 mL) three times. Combined the organic layers, dried over with Na₂SO₄, concentrated the organic phase, and then purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired product **9**; **TLC:** R_f = 0.1 (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); brown oil; 84% yield (113 mg, 0.40 mmol); ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-***d***)** δ 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.20 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (dd, *J* = 12.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H).



4-methyl-*N***-(2-nitro-1-(p-tolyl)ethyl)aniline** (10)¹⁹; While 1c was completed, the mixture was filtered, then 4-methylaniline (81 mg, 0.75 mmol) and Na₂CO₃ (106 mg, 1.0 mmol) was added to the mixture, and stirred at room temperature for 10 h, monitored by TLC. Upon completion, concentrated and purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired product 10; TLC: $R_f = 0.2$ (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); brown oil; 74% yield (100 mg, 0.37 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.28 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.10 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.71 – 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.22 (s, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H).



2-((2-nitro-1-(*p***-tolyl)ethyl)thio)acetic acid (11);** 2-mercaptoacetic acid (69 mg, 0.75 mmol) was added to MeONa (30 w.t.% in MeOH, 260 µL, 1.5 mmol) in 3 mL MeOH and stirred at room temperature for 10 min, crude **3c** was added to the mixture. Then the mixture was warmed to 85 °C for 10 h, monitored by TLC. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was poured into crush ice, neutrailized with 2*N* HCl (3 mL), exctraced with DCM (10 mL) three times. Combined the organic layers, dried over with Na₂SO₄, concentrated the organic phase, and then purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired product **11**; **TLC:** *R_f* = 0.1 (PE/EA=3 : 1, UV); gray solid (m.p.:87.4-88.7 °C); 84% yield (107 mg, 0.42 mmol); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 8.70 (brs, 1H), 7.26 – 7.22 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.90 – 4.74 (m, 3H), 3.18 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (**101 MHz, Chloroform-d**) δ 175.9, 139.0, 132.7, 130.0, 128.0, 78.7, 32.5, 21.3; **IR** *v* (**neat, cm⁻¹):** 3443, 2989, 2706, 2318, 1636, 1556, 1462, 1376, 1260, 1192, 897, 753, 706; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** caled for C₁₁H₁4NO4S⁺ [M+H]⁺: 256.0638; found: 256.0607.



1-methoxy-4-(2-nitro-1-(p-tolyl)ethyl)benzene (12); (4-methoxyphenyl)-magnesium bromide (1.0 M in THF, 1 mL, 1.0 mmol) and THF (3 mL) was added to crude **3c** under N₂ atmosphere at 0 $^{\circ}$ C, and stirred at room temperature for 24 h, monitored by TLC. Upon completion, the mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl (5 mL), extracted with EA (5 mL) three times. Combined the organic layers, dried over with Na₂SO₄, concentrated the organic phase, and then purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired product **12**; **TLC**: $R_f = 0.1$ (PE/EA=20 : 1, UV); yellow oil; 75% yield (102 mg, 0.38 mmol); ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, Chloroform-***d*) δ 7.21 – 7.01 (m, 6H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.93 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.83 (d, J =8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (**101 MHz, Chloroform-***d*) δ 159.0, 137.3, 136.6, 131.6, 129.8, 128.8, 127.5, 114.5, 79.7, 55.4, 48.0, 21.2; **IR** *v* (**neat, cm**⁻¹): 3005, 2985, 1609, 1552, 1464, 1375, 1275, 1031, 913, 803, 749, 572; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd for C₁₆H₁₈NO₃⁺ [M+H]⁺: 272.1281; found: 272.1248.



4-(*p***-tolyl)-1***H***-1,2,3-triazole** (13)²⁰; NaN₃ (130 mg, 2.0 mmol) and DMF (5 mL) was added to crude **3c**, and stirred at room temperature for 8 h, monitored by TLC. Upon completion, The mixture was diluted by saturated NaHCO₃ (15 mL), extracted with Et₂O(10 mL) three times. Combined the organic layers, dried over with Na₂SO₄, concentrated the organic phase, and then purified by column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired product **13**; **TLC:** R_f = 0.3 (PE/EA=5 : 1, UV); white solid; 89% yield (71 mg, 0.47 mmol); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H).

VII. Substrate Limitation

Impure products:



Impure products was detected by NMR:








Decomposed subtrates:



^{*a*} The yield was determined with ¹H NMR by adding 1,2-dichloroethane as an internal standard. ^{*b*} **TBAF** = Tetrabutylammonium fluoride. ^{*c*} The reaction did not work and only starting marterials were detected by ¹H NMR.

First step: To a 50 mL dry flask equipped with a stir bar was added AgNO₃ (1.019 g, 6.0 mmol), MeCN (10 mL) and TMSCl (543 mg, 5.0 mmol) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C under N₂ atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0 $^{\circ}$ C to obtain *TMSONO*₂ (~0.5 M in MeCN).

Second step: To a 10 mL dry flask equipped with a stir bar was added **1a** (77 mg, 0.50 mmol), additive (1.5 mmol; TMSCl, LiCl, TMSCN, CsF, TBAF or without additive) and CuSO4•5H₂O (12.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) under N₂ atmosphere, *TMSONO*₂ (1.5 mmol, 3 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at room temperature and monitered by TLC. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and fast column chromatography via silica gel, eluted with DCM (60 mL) to give the crude product. The crude product was dissolved with CDCl₃, 1,2-dichloroethane (49.5 mg, 0.50 mmol) was added to the solution as an internal standard. Then the sample was detected and analyzed via ¹H NMR.

IX. Raman Spectra

The Raman spectra at 25 °C were taken with a Jobin Yvon confocal laser Raman system (SuperLabRam II), which was equipped with a He–Ne laser at 632.8 nm with a power of approximately 5 mW.

Raman Analysis

I. MeCN (3 mL)

II. MeCN (3 mL) + AgNO₃ (1 mmol)

III. MeCN (3 mL) + 2 (1 mmol)

IV. MeCN (3 mL) + TMSCI (1 mmol)

V. MeCN (3 mL) + AgNO₃ (1.2 mmol) + TMSCI (1 mmol)

VI. MeCN (3 mL) + 1i (0.5 mmol)

VII. MeCN (3 mL) + 2 (0.75 mmol) + TMSCI (1.5 mmol) + 1i (0.5 mmol) + CuSO₄•5H₂O (0.05 mmol)



Under N₂ atmosphere, to seven 10 mL dry flasks equipped with a stir bar was separately added MeCN (3 mL) (No.**I**); MeCN (3 mL) and AgNO₃ (167 mg, 1 mmol) (No.**II**); MeCN (3 mL) and **2** (122 mg, 1 mmol) (No.**III**); MeCN (3 mL) and TMSCl (108.6 mg, 1 mmol) (No.**IV**); MeCN (3 mL), AgNO₃ (204 mg, 1.2 mmol) and TMSCl (108.6 mg, 1 mmol) (No.**V**); MeCN (3 mL) and **1i** (81 mg, 0.5 mmol) (No.**VI**); MeCN (3 mL), **2** (91.5 mg, 0.75 mmol), TMSCl (163 mg, 1.5 mmol), **1i** (81 mg, 0.5 mmol) and CuSO₄•5H₂O (12.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) (No.**VII**). All of the reactions were stirred at 0 °C for 2 h. Then the samples were taken from each flask and were separately detected by Raman.



Figure S5. Raman spectra for I-VII

Discussion of Figure S5: As shown in Figure S5, the peaks at 921 and 1374 cm⁻¹ can be assigned to the Raman signals of MeCN.⁵ In No.**V**, the reaction of TMSCl with AgNO₃ could generate TMSONO₂ in situ.²¹ By comparing the signal of AcONO₂ (1309 cm⁻¹),²² it is reasonable that the new band at 1301 cm⁻¹ in the spectrum of No. **V** possibly belongs to TMSONO₂. The band at 1301 cm⁻¹ also appears in the spectrum of No. VII, suggesting that TMSONO₂ is probably the intermediate of the reaction. Note that a weak band of NO₂⁺ (1402 cm⁻¹)²²⁻²⁴ was also observed (Figure S1. No.**VII**), which indicated that NO₂⁺ was formed during the reaction and NO₂⁺ may be the active species for this reaction.

X. NMR Monitoring Experiments

To over dried NMR tube was added **2** (18.3 mg, 0.15 mmol), CuSO₄•5H₂O (2.5 mg, 0.01 mmol), styrene derivative (0.10 mmol; *p*-Me, *p*-H, *p*-AcO, *p*-CN or *p*-NO₂), TMSCl (32.6 mg, 0.3 mmol), DCE (9.9 mg, 0.10 mmol, as an internal standard) and

CD₃CN (0.5 mL) under N₂ atmosphere. And then this tube was placed ice bath for 1 h firstly and then was allowed to warm to room temperature. The sample was detected by ¹H NMR per 15 min or 30 min. The concentration of product **3** was measured by monitoring the appearance of product **3** signals on ¹H NMR, which was normalized against the internal standard peak (DCE). The data shown in Figure S6 indicated that the substrates bearing electron-withdrawing groups (NO₂, CN, OAc) reacted more rapidly than the styrene with electron-donating group (Me).



Figure S6. Relative rate comparison determined by ¹H NMR

In addition, during the reaction, we detected the generation of TMSOTMS by ¹H NMR (Figure S7), which demonstrated that TMSOTMS was a by-product of this reaction.



Figure S7. ¹H NMR spectra of **3b** in CD₃CN at 180 min by adding 1,2-dichloroethane as an internal standard

XI. ¹H-¹H NOE spectrum of 3ac



Figure S8. ¹H-¹H NOE spectrum of 3ac in CDCl₃ at 25 °C, recorded at 400 MHz

XII. References

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559

XIII. NMR Spectra of New Compounds (¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, ¹⁹F NMR)





















 S^{ppm}_{1-53}





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 S^{ppm}_{1-56}





















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 S^{ppm}_{1-65}





 S^{ppm}_{1-67}



























 S^{ppm}_{I-70}













Ò S^{ppm}_{I-71}



 S^{ppm}_{1-72}




























































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 S^{ppm}_{1-79}



















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S1-95























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SI-106



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SI-112





SI-114











SI-116













SI-119

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