Synthesis of an Unusual Hexasaccharide Repeating Unit from the Cell Wall Polysaccharide of *Eubacterium saburreum* Strain T19

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1. General methods

All non-aqueous reactions were performed under a nitrogen atmosphere and monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) using Silica Gel GF₂₅₄ plates with detection by charring with 10% (v/v) H₂SO₄ in EtOH or by UV detection. Solvents used in the reactions were distilled from appropriate drying agents prior to use. Silica gel (200-300 mesh) was used for column chromatography. Optical rotations were measured at 25 \pm 0.3 °C for solutions in a 1.0 dm cell. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were acquired in the ESI mode. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a 400 MHz or 600 MHz spectrometer in CDCl₃ with tetramethylsilane (TMS) as internal reference. Chemical shifts are expressed in ppm downfield from the internal TMS absorption. Standard splitting patterns are abbreviated: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), m (multiplet). *J* values are given in Hz.

2. Experimental procedures

Synthesis of D-Fucf Donors 9a-e



Ethyl 2-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-5,6-O-isopropylidene-1-thio-β-D-galactofuranoside (f-2)

To a solution of **f-1**^[1] (540 mg, 2.0 mmol) in dry DMF (20 mL) were added TBSCI (365 mg, 2.4 mmol) and imidazole (408 mg, 6.0 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was quenched by addition of methanol and then the mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (20:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **f-2** (628 mg, 83%) as a white solid. **f-2**: $R_f = 0.5$ (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -110.7 (*c* 0.53, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.17 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.08-3.98 (m, 3H), 3.93-3.89 (m, 1H), 3.81 (s, 1H), 2.79-2.56 (m, 2H), 2.48 (s, 1H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.36 (s, 3H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.11 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 110.05, 89.24, 85.61, 83.44, 79.86, 75.96, 65.73, 26.79, 25.92, 25.39, 24.96, 18.17, 15.08, -4.47, -4.56; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₃₄O₅SSi [M+Na]⁺: 401.1794, found: 401.1790.

Ethyl 2-*O-tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-3-*O*-benzyl-5,6-*O*-isopropylidene-1-thio-β-D-galactofuranoside (f-3)

To a solution of **f-2** (315 mg, 0.8 mmol) in dry DMF (16 mL) were added benzyl bromide (0.1 mL, 0.9 mmol) and NaH (48 mg, 1.2 mmol, 60% in mineral oil) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at 0 °C. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl, and then the mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (30:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **f-3** (265 mg, 75%) as a colorless syrup. **f-3**: $R_f = 0.6$ (15:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -122.9 (*c* 0.64, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39-7.28 (m, 5H), 5.14 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.27-4.19 (m, 2H), 4.15 (t, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.90-3.77 (m, 2H), 3.71 (dd, J = 5.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.78-2.56 (m, 2H), 1.41 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.30 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.13 (s, 3H), 0.12 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.79, 128.68, 128.13, 128.08, 109.85, 90.73, 86.72, 82.46, 82.36, 76.16, 72.51, 65.77, 26.68, 25.95, 25.60, 25.56, 18.10, 15.20, -4.07, -4.67; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₄₀O₅SSi [M+Na]⁺: 491.2264, found: 491.2261.

Ethyl 2-O-p-methoxybenzyl-3-O-benzyl-1-thio-β-D-galactofuranoside (f-4)

To a solution of f-3 (372 mg, 0.8 mmol) in THF (8 mL) was added TBAF (0.8 mL, 1 M in THF). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h and then it was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup. To a solution of the obtained syrup (255 mg, 0.7 mmol) in dry DMF (7 mL) was added 4-methoxybenzyl chloride (0.14 mL, 1.2 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 10 minutes at the same temperature. Then NaH (62 mg, 2.1 mmol, 60% in mineral oil) was added. The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at the same temperature. The mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl, diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO3 and brine. The organic layer was separated and dried over anhydrous Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was put on silica gel chromatography column for 12 h and eluted by petroleum ether-EtOAc (2:1) to afford f-4 (226 mg, 65% over three steps) as a white solid. **f-4**: $R_f = 0.3$ (1:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -116.4 (*c* 0.76, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39-7.18 (m, 8H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 4.62-4.53 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 4.62-4.53 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 4.62-4.53 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 4.62-4.53 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 4.62-4.53 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 4.62-4.53 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 4.62-4.53 (m, 2H), 5.49 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 4.62-4.53 (m, 2H), 5.49 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 5.36 (s, = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.19-4.15 (m, 1H), 4.06 (dd, J = 6.8, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 4H), 3.67 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 2.78-2.58 (m, 2H), 2.56 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (s, 1H), 1.30 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.65, 137.50, 129.92, 129.17, 128.60, 128.10, 128.03, 114.04, 114.01, 88.06, 87.74, 83.70, 81.83, 72.48, 71.82, 71.10, 64.72, 55.41, 25.63, 15.03; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₃₀O₆S [M+Na]⁺: 457.1661, found: 457.1662.

Ethyl 2-O-p-methoxybenzyl-3-O-benzyl-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (f-5)

To a solution of f-4 (360 mg, 0.9 mmol) in acetonitrile (6 mL) was added triphenylphosphine (350 mg, 1.34 mmol). The reaction mixture was cooled to -10 °C and a solution of iodine (270.2 mg, 1.07 mmol) in DMF (1 ml) was added. The resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (6:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup. To a solution of the obtained syrup (392 mg, 0.7 mmol) in dry toluene (6 mL) were added tri-*n*-butyltin hydride (0.3 ml, 1.1 mmol) and azodiisobutyronitrile (11 mg, 0.07 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. Then the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford f-5 as a colorless syrup (271 mg, 72% over two steps). f-5: $R_f =$ 0.45 (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -115.4 (c 0.71, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38-7.26 (m, 7H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 2H), 4.47 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.03-3.95 (m, 2H), 3.93-3.83 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.79-2.57 (m, 2H), 2.15 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 1.21 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) & 159.61, 137.68, 129.86, 129.34, 128.54, 128.02, 127.99, 114.02, 88.20, 87.52, 84.76, 84.18, 72.33, 71.74, 67.70, 55.41, 25.46, 19.62, 15.08; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₀O₅S [M+Na]⁺: 441.1712, found: 441.1707.

Ethyl 2-*O-p*-methoxybenzyl-3-*O*-benzyl-5-*O*-(2-quinolinecarbonyl)-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (9a)

To a solution of **f-5** (540 mg, 1.29 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (13 mL) were added 2-quinoline carboxylic acid (670 mg, 3.87 mmol), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (1.23 g, 6.45 mmol), and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (32 mg, 0.26 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and then it was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **9a** (619 mg, 88%) as a colorless syrup. **9a**: R_f = 0.50 (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -95.6 (*c* 0.36, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (s, 2H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.73 (m, 1H), 7.63 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.15 (m, 7H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.55-5.45 (m, 2H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 2H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 4.36-4.30 (m, 1H), 3.98 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.83-2.59 (m, 2H), 1.48 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.53, 159.51, 148.16, 147.88, 137.54, 137.19, 131.05, 130.20, 129.82, 129.52, 129.35, 128.58, 128.51, 128.11, 127.95, 127.54, 121.36, 113.93, 88.51, 87.45, 83.98, 82.59, 72.47, 71.82, 71.24, 55.40, 25.53, 16.70, 15.25; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₃H₃₅NO₆S [M+Na]⁺: 596.2083, found: 596.2085.



Ethyl 2,3-di-O-benzoyl-1-thio-β-D-galactofuranoside (f-6)

To a solution of **f**-1^[1] (2.5 g, 9.5 mmol) in pyridine (95 mL) were added benzoyl chloride (4.4 mL, 37.9 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (231 mg, 1.9 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The syrup was put on silica gel chromatography column for 12 h and eluted by (2:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **f**-6 as a colorless syrup (2.9 g, 72% over two steps). **f**-6: R_f = 0.3 (1:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +149.5 (*c* 0.73, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.09-8.00 (m, 4H), 7.60 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H), 5.81 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.65-4.50 (m, 3H), 4.11-4.02 (m, 2H), 2.63-2.41 (m, 2H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, MeOD) δ 167.74, 167.53, 134.39, 134.37, 131.20, 131.14, 130.82, 130.52, 129.58, 129.48, 83.11, 72.87, 71.16, 70.32, 69.64, 65.69, 24.57, 15.05; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₂₄O₇S [M+Na]⁺: 455.1141, found: 455.1141.

Ethyl 2,3-di-O-benzoyl-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (f-7)

To a solution of **f-6** (400 mg, 0.9 mmol) in acetonitrile (9 mL) was added triphenylphosphine (358 mg, 1.4 mmol). The reaction mixture was cooled to -10 °C, then a solution of iodine (274 mg, 1.1 mmol) in DMF (1.1 ml) was added. The resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (6:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup (430 mg). To a solution of the obtained syrup in dry toluene (10 mL) were added tri-n-butyltin hydride (0.3 ml, 1.2 mmol) and azodiisobutyronitrile (13 mg, 0.08 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. Then the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford f-7 as a colorless syrup (255 mg, 68% over two steps). f-7: $R_f =$ 0.4 (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -41.7 (c 0.44, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11-8.04 (m, 4H), 7.65-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.41 (m, 4H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 5.54 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (t, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.25-4.15 (m, 1H), 2.86-2.65 (m, 2H), 1.36 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.92, 165.48, 133.71, 130.12, 130.01, 129.24, 129.20, 128.67, 88.23, 86.11, 83.01, 78.14, 67.24, 25.54, 19.67, 15.07; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₂H₂₄O₆S [M+Na]⁺: 439.1192, found: 439.1185.

Ethyl 3,5-O-di-tert-butylsilylene-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (f-8)

To a solution of f-7 (450 mg, 1.08 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (117 mg, 2.16 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated it was finished. The reaction was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, CH₂Cl₂-MeOH) to afforded a white solid (207 mg). To a solution of the obtained white solid (207 mg, 4.13 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) were added di-tert-butylsilyl bis(trifluoromethanesulfonate) (0.4 mL, 1.3 mmol) and 2,6-lutidine (0.6 mL, 5.0 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. Then the reaction was quenched by addition of MeOH. The resulting mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water, aqueous NaHCO3 and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford f-8 (244 mg, 65% over two steps) as a colorless syrup. f-8: $R_f = 0.5$ (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -98.6 (c 0.35, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.06 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.64-4.49 (m, 1H), 4.19-4.01 (m, 3H), 2.73-2.64 (m, 2H), 1.33-1.26 (m, 6H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 1.00 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 88.75, 82.15, 75.84, 75.60, 70.30, 27.56, 27.43, 26.19, 21.62, 20.86, 16.86, 15.20; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₃₂O₄SSi [M+Na]⁺: 371.1689, found: 371.1690.

Ethyl 2-O-p-methoxybenzyl-3,5-O-di-tert-butylsilylene-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (9b)

To a solution of **f-8** (172 mg, 0.49 mmol) in dry DMF (5 mL) was added 4-methoxybenzyl chloride (80 μ L, 0.59 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 10 minutes at the same temperature and then NaH (35.28 mg, 0.88 mmol, 60% in mineral oil) was added. The resulting mixture was stirred for 0.5 h at the same temperature. The mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl, diluted with

CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and brine. The organic layer was separated and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (30:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **9b** as a colorless syrup (161 mg, 70%). **9b**: $R_f = 0.5$ (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -96.9 (*c* 0.33, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.59-4.53 (m, 1H), 4.23-4.11 (m, 2H), 3.85-3.81 (m, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.76-2.54 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.26 (m, 6H), 1.05 (s, 9H), 1.01 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.45, 129.87, 129.81, 113.91, 88.09, 87.57, 75.64, 71.93, 70.17, 55.42, 27.46, 27.38, 26.03, 21.50, 20.75, 16.81, 14.91; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₄₀O₅SSi [M+Na]⁺: 491.2264, found: 491.2257.

Ethyl 2-*O*-*p*-methoxybenzyl-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (f-9)

To a solution of **9b** (328 mg, 0.29 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was added triethylamine trihydrofluoride (30 μ L, 0.58 mmol) slowly at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature. The mixture was stirred at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The mixture was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -0.9 (*c* 0.44, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.35 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 4.09-4.04 (m, 1H), 3.95-3.88 (m, 1H), 3.87-3.83 (m, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.77-2.55 (m, 2H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.59, 129.74, 129.38, 114.08, 89.79, 87.34, 86.44, 77.24, 71.90, 67.48, 55.41, 25.03, 19.43, 14.95; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₄O₅S [M+Na]⁺: 351.1242, found: 351.1240.

Ethyl 2-*O-p*-methoxybenzyl-3,5-*O*-(tetraisopropylsiloxane-1,3-diyl)-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (9c)

To a solution of **f-9** (86 mg, 0.41 mmol) in dry pyridine (4 mL) were added 1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyl-1,3-dichlorosiloxane (0.67 mL, 2.1 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (12 mg, 0.1 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 6 h. Then the reaction was quenched by addition of MeOH. The resulting mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water, aqueous NaHCO₃ and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **9c** (175 mg, 72%) as a colorless syrup. **9c**: $R_f = 0.5$ (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -66.3 (*c* 0.59, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33-7.24 (m, 2H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 5.24 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.74 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (ddq, *J* = 35.5, 14.3, 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.32-1.25 (m, 6H), 1.09 (s, 6H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 1.05 (s, 4H), 1.02 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 8H); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₈O₇ [M+Na]⁺: 593.2765, found: 593.2761.

Ethyl 2-O-p-methoxybenzyl-3,5-di-O-benzoyl-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (9d)

To a solution of **f-9** (200 mg, 0.6 mmol) in pyridine (6 mL) were added benzoyl chloride (0.4 mL, 3.7 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (15 mg, 0.12 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **9d** as a colorless syrup (294 mg, 89%). **9d**: $R_f = 0.5$ (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -109.3 (*c* 0.88, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.21-7.02 (m, 4H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.47-5.38 (m, 2H), 5.36 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 2.70-2.47 (m, 2H), 1.35 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.02, 165.71, 159.41, 133.50, 132.92, 130.23, 129.95, 129.87, 129.62, 129.48, 129.39, 128.56, 128.31, 113.91, 88.22, 88.12, 83.53, 78.04, 71.86, 69.88, 55.33, 25.53, 16.28, 15.19; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₀H₃₂O₇S [M+Na]⁺: 559.1767, found: 559.1764.



Ethyl 2,3-di-O-benzyl-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (f-11)

To a solution of f-10^[2] (360 mg, 0.89 mmol) in acetonitrile (9 mL) was added triphenylphosphine (350 mg, 1.34 mmol). The reaction mixture was cooled to -10 °C, then a solution of iodine (270.2 mg, 1.07mmol) in DMF (1 ml) was added. The resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (6:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup (403 mg). To a solution of the obtained syrup in dry toluene (36 mL) were added tri-n-butyltin hydride (0.3 ml, 1.2 mmol) and azodiisobutyronitrile (13 mg, 0.08 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. Then the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford f-11 as a colorless syrup (245 mg, 71% over two steps). **f-11**: $R_f = 0.4$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -145.3 (*c* 0.48, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64-7.03 (m, 10H), 5.38 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (dd, J = 11.7, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 4.04-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.94-3.85 (m, 2H), 2.79-2.58 (m, 2H), 2.14 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 8 137.66, 137.33, 128.64, 128.56, 128.16, 128.14, 128.03, 128.02, 88.64, 87.49, 84.80, 84.16, 72.40, 72.09, 67.69, 25.47, 19.65, 15.08; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₂₈O₄S [M+Na]⁺: 411.1606, found: 411.1605.

Ethyl 2,3-di-O-benzyl-5-O-(2-quinolinecarbonyl)-1-thio-β-D-fucofuranoside (9e)

To a solution of **f-11** (740 mg, 1.91 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (19 mL) were added 2-quinoline carboxylic acid (992 mg, 5.73 mmol), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride

(1.83 g, 9.55 mmol), and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (47 mg, 0.38 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and then it was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **9e** (876 mg, 88%) as a colorless syrup. **9e**: $R_f = 0.50$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +107.9 (*c* 0.42, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.79-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.67-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.16 (m, 10H), 5.54-5.46 (m, 2H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.58 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (dd, *J* = 4.2, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 2.81-2.60 (m, 2H), 1.49 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.33 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.53, 148.12, 147.87, 137.49, 137.47, 137.20, 131.03, 130.21, 129.35, 128.58, 128.56, 128.51, 128.12, 128.10, 128.03, 127.96, 127.55, 121.33, 88.92, 87.40, 83.90, 82.59, 72.52, 72.15, 71.21, 25.54, 16.69, 15.23; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₂H₃₃NO₅S [M+H]⁺: 544.2157, found: 544.2156.

Synthesis of the D-Galhepp Acceptors 10a,b



7-O-Benzyl-1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene-D-glycero-α-D-galacto-heptopyranose (h-1D)

To a solution of **G-3D** (500 mg, 1.72 mmol) in dry toluene (20 mL) was added Bu₂SnO (516 mg, 2.06 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h then it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo*. To a solution of obtained residue in dry DMF (7 mL) were added benzyl bromide (0.24 mL, 2.06 mmol) and CsF (522.5 mg, 3.44 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 60 °C and then it was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford h-1D (601 mg, 92% over two steps) as a white solid. h-1D: $R_f = 0.3$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc). Our spectroscopic data was in agreement of previously reported data.^[5]

6,7-Di-*O*-benzyl-1,2:3,4-di-*O*-isopropylidene-D-*glycero*-α-D-*galacto*-heptopyranose (h-2)

To a solution of **h-1D** (235 mg, 0.62 mmol) in dry DMF (6 mL) were added benzyl bromide (0.22 mL, 1.86 mmol) and NaH (74.4 mg, 1.86 mmol, 60% in mineral oil) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was

warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl, and then the mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (8:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **h-2** (265 mg, 91%) as a colorless syrup. **h-2**: $R_f = 0.3$ (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -5.5 (*c* 0.63, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41-7.27 (m, 10H), 5.52 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.68-4.56 (m, 4H), 4.52 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.86-3.78 (m, 2H), 3.65 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.82, 128.35, 127.68, 127.46, 108.93, 108.78, 96.45, 76.84, 73.58, 73.40, 71.05, 70.79, 70.58, 70.15, 66.33, 26.16, 26.13, 25.17, 24.47; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₇H₃₄O₇ [M+Na]⁺: 493.2203, found: 493.2198.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2,3,4-tri-O-acetyl-6,7-di-O-benzyl-D-glycero-β-D-galacto-heptopyranoside (h-3)

To a solution of h-2 (718 mg, 1.5 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (15 mL) was added TFA (0.75 mL, 10.1 mmol) dropwise, followed by 1 drop of water. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 12 h at room temperature. Then the reaction mixture was neutralized with triethylamine and concentrated in vacuo to afford a residue which was directly used for the next step without further purification. To a solution of the obtained residue in pyridine (15 mL) were added acetic anhydride (1.4 mL, 15.0 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (35 mg, 0.3 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc). To a solution of the obtained syrup (620 mg) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (14 mL) were added 4-methoxyphenol (410 mg, 3.3 mmol) and BF₃·Et₂O (0.7 mL, 5.6 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The mixture was neutralized with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂, and then the mixture was washed with water and brine. The organic layer was separated and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford h-3 as a white solid (532 mg, 57% over three steps). h-3: $R_f = 0.5$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); [α]²⁵_D -24.0 (c 0.34, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36-7.31 (m, 5H), 7.31-7.24 (m, 5H), 6.92 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 5.72 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (dd, J = 10.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.68-3.61 (m, 2H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.17, 170.09, 169.66, 155.56, 151.27, 138.32, 137.35, 128.65, 128.58, 128.08, 127.80, 127.46, 117.91, 114.69, 100.53, 74.54, 73.49, 71.95, 71.76, 71.51, 69.24, 67.28, 55.79, 20.93, 20.89, 20.75; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₄H₃₈O₁₁ [M+Na]⁺: 645.2312, found: 645.2308.

p-Methoxyphenyl 3,6,7-tri-O-benzyl-D-glycero-β-D-galacto-heptopyranoside (h-4)

To solution of **h-3** (480 mg, 0.7 mmol) in MeOH (15 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (40.2 mg, 0.7 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated it was finished. The reaction was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin and filtrated. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*, and the obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, CH₂Cl₂-MeOH). To a solution of the obtained syrup (340 mg) in dry toluene (20 mL) was added Bu₂SnO (204.4 mg, 0.8 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h then it was cooled to room temperature

and concentrated *in vacuo*. To a solution of obtained residue in dry DMF (7 mL) were added benzyl bromide (0.1 mL, 0.8 mmol) and CsF (207.8 mg, 1.4 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 60 °C and then it was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (1:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afforded **h-4** (295 mg, 72% over three steps) as a colorless syrup. **h-4**: $R_f = 0.5$ (2:1, CH₂Cl₂-MeOH); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -13.1 (*c* 0.20, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43-7.27 (m, 15H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 4.76(s, 2H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (s, 1H), 4.04 (t, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (dt, *J* = 9.0, 3.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (dd, *J* = 3.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.73-3.71 (m, 4H), 3.60 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (s, 1H), 2.37 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.31, 151.23, 138.45, 138.27, 137.87, 128.81, 128.53, 128.51, 128.30, 128.26, 128.13, 127.96, 127.68, 127.43, 118.16, 114.53, 102.03, 80.75, 75.53, 73.37, 72.86, 72.61, 72.36, 70.92, 68.39, 65.26, 55.74; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₅H₃₈O₈ [M+Na]⁺: 609.2465, found: 609.2464.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2-O-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-O-benzyl-D-glycero-β-D-galacto-heptopyranoside (10a)

To a solution of h-4 (450 mg, 0.8 mmol) in pyridine (8 mL) were added benzoyl chloride (0.2 mL, 1.5 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (19 mg, 0.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 10a as a colorless syrup (486 mg, 88%). **10a**: $R_f = 0.4$ (2:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +33.6 (*c* 0.25, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.27 (m, 10H), 7.23-7.13 (m, 5H), 6.85 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 5.71 (dd, J = 9.1 9.7, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (dd, J = 13.8, 11.9 Hz, 2H), 4.65 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (s, 1H), 4.06-4.02 (m, 1H), 3.82 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (dd, J = 10.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.74-3.64 (m, 5H), 2.57 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) & 165.56, 155.31, 151.50, 138.49, 138.32, 137.26, 133.22, 130.08, 129.99, 128.60, 128.55, 128.52, 128.49, 128.29, 128.15, 128.10, 127.98, 127.68, 127.46, 118.29, 114.46, 100.77, 78.60, 75.61, 73.43, 72.97, 72.55, 71.59, 71.22, 68.37, 65.06, 55.72; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₄₂H₄₂O₉ [M+Na]⁺: 777.2346, found: 777.2374.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2-*O-tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*heptopyranoside (10b)

To a solution of **h-4** (967 mg, 1.6 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (16 mL) were added TBSOTf (0.4 ml, 1.8 mmol) and triethylamine (0.3 mL, 2.5 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was completed. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH. The resulting mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **10b** as a colorless syrup (920 mg, 80%); **10b**: $R_f = 0.4$ (6:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -33.1 (*c* 0.36, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47-7.18 (m, 15H), 6.93 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 4.78-4.71 (m, 2H), 4.69-4.62 (m, 2H), 4.62-4.55 (m, 2H), 4.48 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (dd, J = 9.1, 7.6 Hz,

1H), 3.92 (dt, J = 9.3, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.76-3.69 (m, 5H), 3.60 (dd, J = 10.5, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.48 (dd, J = 9.1, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.16 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.88, 151.40, 138.60, 138.42, 138.02, 128.68, 128.49, 128.27, 128.19, 128.13, 127.89, 127.62, 127.40, 117.45, 114.51, 101.83, 82.52, 75.66, 73.37, 72.85, 72.56, 72.22, 71.59, 68.52, 65.23, 55.73, 26.06, 18.39, -4.08, -4.26; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₄₁H₅₂O₈Si [M+Na]⁺: 723.3329, found: 723.3332.

Glycosylation of D-Fucf Donors 9b-d



p-Methoxyphenyl 2-*O*-*p*-methoxybenzyl-3,5-*O*-di-*tert*-butylsilylene-α/β-D-fucofuranosyl-(1→4)-2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (11a)

A mixture of donor 9b (30 mg, 64 µmol), acceptor 10a (37 mg, 53 µmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH₂Cl₂ (0.6 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The mixture was cooled to -78 °C, then NIS (21.6 mg, 96 µmol) and TfOH (0.6 µl, 6.4 µmol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -50 °C and stirred for 1.5 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (15:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford an inseparable mixture of α/β isomers 11a (51 mg, $\alpha/\beta = 1:1.5, 88\%$) as a colorless syrup. **11a**: $R_f = 0.4$ (8:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); Selected analytical data for α -isomer of **11a**:¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.77 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.77 (dd, J = 10.0, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 1.48 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H);¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.25, 159.33, 155.09, 151.79, 138.79, 138.58, 137.94, 132.93, 117.91, 114.44, 113.76, 104.29, 101.09, 81.19, 78.44, 72.57, 71.79, 71.39, 71.04, 70.77, 66.71, 55.72, 55.37, 21.50, 20.76, 16.95. Selected analytical data for β-isomer of 11a: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.64 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 5.94 (dd, J = 9.8, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.25, 159.03, 155.19, 151.69, 138.51, 138.31, 137.36, 133.10, 117.83, 114.44, 113.76, 108.26, 100.89, 88.52, 80.19, 72.73, 71.86, 71.50, 70.58, 70.27, 66.86, 55.70, 55.39, 21.50, 20.74, 16.70; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₆₄H₇₆O₁₄Si [M+Na]⁺: 1119.4902, found: 1119.4926.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2-*O*-*p*-methoxybenzyl-3,5-*O*-(tetraisopropylsiloxane-1,3-diyl)-α/β-D -fucofuranosyl-(1→4)-2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (11b)

A mixture of fucose donor 9c (25 mg, 43 µmol), acceptor 10a (25 mg, 36 µmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH2Cl2 (0.4 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The mixture was cooled to -78 °C and then NIS (14.5 mg, 65 µmol) and TfOH (0.4 µl, 4.3 µmol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -50 °C and stirred for 1.5 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (20:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **11b** (38 mg, $\beta/\alpha > 15:1$, 87%) as colorless syrups. 11b- β : R_f = 0.4 (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +52.8 (c 0.13, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04-7.97 (m, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.41-7.27 (m, 12H), 7.20-7.03 (m, 5H), 6.91 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.63 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 5.91 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.57 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.71-4.66 (m, 3H), 4.63 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.55-4.45 (m, 3H), 4.32-4.22 (m, 2H), 4.12-4.08 (m, 2H), 3.97-3.86 (m, 2H), 3.82-3.68 (m, 9H), 1.26 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.11-1.06 (m, 16H), 1.05-1.01 (m, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.27, 158.84, 155.21, 151.73, 138.72, 138.60, 137.30, 133.08, 131.13, 130.24, 129.94, 129.44, 128.51, 128.45, 128.41, 128.22, 128.04, 127.93, 127.83, 127.77, 127.59, 127.37, 118.18, 114.42, 113.51, 107.37, 101.11, 88.96, 83.06, 79.90, 74.55, 73.83, 73.36, 72.26, 72.06, 71.53, 70.98, 68.44, 64.81, 55.69, 55.35, 19.48, 17.65, 17.61, 17.51, 17.33, 17.25, 17.23, 13.75, 13.38, 13.00, 12.65; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₆₈H₈₆O₁₅Si₂ [M+Na]⁺: 1221.5403, found: 1221.5408.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2-*O*-*p*-methoxybenzyl-3,5-di-*O*-benzoyl-α/β-D-fucofuranosyl-(1→4)-2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (11c)

A mixture of fucose donor 9d (233 mg, 0.43 mmol), acceptor 10a (250 mg, 0.36 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The suspension was cooled to -78 °C and then NIS (146 mg, 0.65 mmol) and TfOH (4 µl, 43 µmol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -30 °C and stirred for 1.5 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **11c** (381 mg, $\alpha/\beta = 4:1, 91\%$) as colorless syrups. **11c-a**: $R_f = 0.39$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +37.5 (*c* 0.32, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.96 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.88 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.59-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.36 (m, 4H), 7.32 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 7.30-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 4H), 7.14-7.06 (m, 4H), 6.87 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (dd, J = 8.9, 6.8 Hz, 4H), 6.13 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (dd, J = 10.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.44-5.35 (m, 1H), 5.24 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (dd, J = 12.0, 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.57 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (t, J = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 4.44-4.37 (m, 3H), 4.32-4.25 (m, 2H), 4.23-4.14 (m, 2H), 3.81 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.68-3.61 (m, 4H), 3.55 (dd, J = 11.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.64 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) & 166.06, 165.87, 154.78, 151.29, 138.22, 137.98, 137.96, 133.38, 132.79, 130.06, 129.93, 129.69, 129.57, 128.63, 128.59, 128.47, 128.31, 128.29, 127.95, 127.91, 127.83, 127.75, 127.58, 117.16, 114.52, 103.59, 102.01, 81.16, 79.59, 76.58, 76.35, 75.40, 74.93, 73.38, 72.34, 72.19, 71.80,

71.11, 70.71, 66.56, 55.76, 26.05, 18.36, 14.58, -4.20, -4.21; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{70}H_{68}O_{16}$ [M+Na]⁺: 1187.4405, found: 1187.4407. **11c-**β: R_f = 0.4 (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ -17.7 (*c* 0.55, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.42 (m, 3H), 7.45-7.34 (m, 4H), 7.33 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 8H), 7.29 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 9H), 7.23-7.06 (m, 10H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 5.87 (dd, J = 10.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (s, 1H), 5.53-5.43 (m, 2H), 5.00 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.67-4.58 (m, 3H), 4.58-4.48 (m, 5H), 4.51-4.42 (m, 5H), 4.08 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.83-3.74 (m, 5H), 3.75 (s, 4H), 3.70 (s, 4H), 3.67 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 4H), 1.41 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.97, 165.95, 165.33, 159.25, 155.16, 151.77, 138.49, 138.37, 137.31, 133.31, 133.15, 132.78, 130.24, 130.19, 130.17, 129.93, 129.82, 129.79, 129.75, 129.70, 128.60, 128.57, 128.50, 128.48, 128.20, 128.10, 128.08, 127.97, 127.79, 127.66, 127.37, 117.81, 114.48, 113.88, 108.05, 100.85, 86.84, 85.32, 79.85, 77.26, 76.01, 73.34, 72.77, 72.33, 71.83, 71.75, 71.63, 70.62, 67.20, 55.73, 55.31, 16.25; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{70}H_{68}O_{16}$ [M+Na]⁺: 1187.4405, found: 1187.4404.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2-*O*-*p*-methoxybenzyl-3,5-di-*O*-benzoyl- α/β -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2-*O*-tertbutyldimethylsilyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (11d)

A mixture of fucose donor 9d (239 mg, 0.45 mmol), acceptor 10b (260 mg, 0.37 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH₂Cl₂(5 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The suspension was cooled to -78 °C and then NIS (153 mg, 0.68 mmol) and TfOH (5 µl, 45 µmol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -30 °C and stirred for 1.5 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **11d** (445 mg, $\alpha/\beta = 7:1, 92\%$) as colorless syrups. 11d- α : R_f = 0.59 (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{p}^{25}$ +2.8 (c 0.39, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (dd, J = 6.8, 4.9 Hz, 4H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.30-7.18 (m, 13H), 7.14 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.08-7.01 (m, 4H), 6.85-6.79 (m, 2H), 6.68-6.61 (m, 2H), 6.58-6.51 (m, 2H), 5.97 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.41-5.31 (m, 1H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.39 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.24-4.18 (m, 2H), 4.15 (d, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.13-4.07 (m, 3H), 3.71-3.66 (m, 4H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.52 (dd, *J* = 10.9, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (dd, *J* = 10.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.55 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.77 (s, 9H), -0.01 (s, 3H), -0.02 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) & 166.11, 165.44, 159.30, 154.55, 151.54, 138.79, 138.60, 138.41, 133.36, 132.58, 130.18, 130.00, 129.86, 129.75, 129.72, 128.51, 128.49, 128.34, 128.31, 128.26, 127.62, 127.59, 127.46, 127.42, 127.39, 117.04, 114.44, 113.74, 104.01, 101.89, 81.88, 81.83, 81.01, 77.36, 76.00, 75.27, 74.99, 73.26, 72.64, 72.34, 71.81, 71.14, 70.28, 66.69, 55.76, 55.28, 26.05, 18.35, 15.10, -4.24; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C69H78O15Si $[M+Na]^+$: 1197.5008, found: 1197.5013. **11d-** β : $R_f = 0.6$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 29.9$ (*c* 0.44, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 6H), 7.31-7.23 (m, 14H), 7.18-7.12 (m, 4H), 6.97 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 5.48 (dd, J = 4.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.46-5.38 (m, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.73 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.63-4.56 (m, 2H), 4.55-4.49 (m, 3H), 4.48-4.42 (m, 3H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (dt, J = 9.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.82-3.78 (m, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.76-3.73 (m, 4H),

3.63 (dd, J = 10.7, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (dd, J = 9.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 1.36 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 0.06 (s, 3H), 0.05 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.94, 159.29, 154.72, 151.67, 138.58, 138.50, 137.78, 133.33, 132.79, 130.22, 130.04, 129.84, 129.81, 129.70, 129.47, 128.64, 128.56, 128.50, 128.43, 128.41, 128.20, 127.97, 127.90, 127.67, 127.62, 127.32, 117.10, 114.49, 113.88, 107.83, 102.03, 87.30, 84.79, 83.21, 77.30, 76.07, 73.37, 73.26, 72.41, 71.97, 71.89, 71.64, 71.62, 70.51, 67.26, 55.74, 55.36, 26.05, 18.36, 16.14, -4.12, -4.15; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₆₉H₇₈O₁₅Si [M+Na]⁺: 1197.5008, found: 1197.5007.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2-*O*-*p*-methoxybenzyl-α/β-D-fucofuranosyl-(1→4)-2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (11e)

To a solution of 11a (318 mg, 0.29 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was added triethylamine trihydrofluoride (30 μ L, 0.58 mmol) slowly at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature. The mixture was stirred at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The mixture was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford compound **11e** as colorless syrups (246 mg, $\alpha/\beta = 1:1.5$, 83%); According to the same method above, 11e was obtained by 11b in 80% yield. 11e- α : $R_f = 0.35$ (2:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{25}^{25}$ +27.8 (c 0.21, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.27 (m, 9H), 7.23-7.09 (m, 8H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.63 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.74 (dd, J = 10.2, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.75 (m, 2H), 4.67 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 2H), 4.44 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.29-4.23 (m, 2H), 4.18 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 4.09-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.89 (t, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.71-3.59 (m, 8H), 3.48 (dd, J = 11.1, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 1.15 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.04, 159.32, 155.20, 151.64, 138.44, 138.34, 136.94, 133.02, 130.78, 130.24, 130.16, 129.64, 128.64, 128.54, 128.36, 128.19, 128.09, 127.91, 127.87, 127.73, 127.53, 118.09, 114.48, 113.89, 103.94, 100.67, 86.36, 83.97, 78.16, 75.05, 74.63, 73.74, 73.36, 72.79, 71.69, 71.30, 71.21, 70.48, 66.33, 55.76, 55.35, 20.11; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₅₆H₆₀O₁₄ [M+Na]⁺: 979.3881, found: 979.3881. **11e-** β : R_f = 0.3 (2:1, petroleum) ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{25}^{25}$ -46.0 (c 0.39, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.42-7.24 (m, 11H), 7.21-7.10 (m, 6H), 6.87 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 4H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.76 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (s, 1H), 4.96 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (s, 1H), 4.96 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (s, 1 1H), 4.71-4.64 (m, 3H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (d, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (s, 1H), 4.07-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.97-3.92 (m, 1H), 3.91-3.83 (m, 3H), 3.81-3.67 (m, 7H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ${}^{13}C$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) & 165.41, 159.50, 155.31, 151.52, 138.37, 138.36, 137.14, 133.27, 130.04, 130.00, 129.94, 129.33, 128.61, 128.56, 128.12, 128.10, 128.00, 127.92, 127.77, 127.50, 118.05, 114.49, 114.02, 107.39, 100.97, 91.25, 87.02, 79.94, 76.71, 75.97, 73.42, 72.74, 72.72, 71.89, 71.72, 71.65, 71.60, 68.14, 67.07, 55.73, 55.38, 19.43; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₅₆H₆₀O₁₄ [M+Na]⁺: 979.3881, found: 979.3881.

Synthesis of the Left Trisaccharide Donor 17a



p-Methoxyphenyl 3,5-di-*O*-benzoyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -2-*O*-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (12)

To a solution of 11d-α (940 mg, 0.8 mmol) in MeOH (8 mL) were added DDQ (363 mg, 1.6 mmol) and 2 drops of water at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and water. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **12** as a white solid (548 mg, 65%). **12**: $R_f = 0.5$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{2}^{25}$ +4.5 (*c* 0.28, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 7.34-7.26 (m, 13H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.77-6.71 (m, 2H), 5.71 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.46-5.36 (m, 1H), 5.06 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.69-4.61 (m, 2H), 4.57 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (dd, J = 7.2, 4.5 Hz, 2H), 4.09 (dd, J = 9.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (dt, J = 9.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (dd, J = 10.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.61 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 1.55 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.12 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) & 166.06, 165.87, 154.78, 151.29, 138.22, 137.98, 137.96, 133.38, 132.79, 130.06, 129.93, 129.69, 129.57, 128.63, 128.59, 128.47, 128.31, 128.29, 127.95, 127.91, 127.83, 127.75, 127.58, 117.16, 114.52, 103.59, 102.01, 81.16, 79.59, 76.58, 76.35, 75.40, 74.93, 73.38, 72.34, 72.19, 71.80, 71.11, 70.71, 66.56, 55.76, 26.05, 18.36, 14.58, -4.20, -4.21; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₆₁H₇₀O₁₄Si [M+Na]⁺: 1077.4433, found: 1077.4435.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2-*O*-*p*-methoxybenzyl-3,5-di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -2-*O*-tertbutyldimethylsilyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (14)

To a solution of $11d-\alpha$ (352 mg, 0.3 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (32 mg, 0.6 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred

for 5 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated it was finished. The reaction was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated to dryness. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afforded a white solid. To a solution of the white solid (261 mg, 0.27 mmol) in dry DMF (3 mL) were added benzyl bromide (0.26 mL, 2.18 mmol) and NaH (87.2 mg, 2.18 mmol, 60% in mineral oil) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl, and then the mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (8:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 14 (279 mg, 81% over two steps) as a colorless syrup. 14: $R_f = 0.4$ (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{2}^{2}$ +21.7 (c 0.40, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57-7.04 (m, 32H), 6.95 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 2H), 5.12 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 4.71-4.65 (m, 1H), 4.65-4.59 (m, 3H), 4.59-4.50 (m, 4H), 4.43 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H),4.25-4.21 (m, 1H), 4.15 (dd, J = 9.5, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.06-3.99 (m, 2H), 3.96 (dd, J = 6.6, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.82-3.71 (m, 5H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.65 (dd, J = 10.9, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (dd, J = 10.8, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.42 $(dd, J = 9.5, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.16 (s, 3H); {}^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, 100 MHz), 0.16 (s, 3H); {}^{13}C NMR (100 MLz), 0.16 (s, 3H); {}^{13}C NMR (10$ CDCl₃) & 159.24, 154.59, 151.60, 139.20, 138.49, 138.40, 138.36, 130.41, 129.83, 128.52, 128.44, 128.34, 128.20, 128.10, 127.97, 127.75, 127.73, 127.70, 127.67, 127.44, 127.37, 117.13, 114.44, 113.77, 102.62, 102.01, 83.25, 82.75, 81.50, 81.32, 76.15, 75.00, 73.60, 73.25, 72.59, 72.44, 72.09, 71.81, 71.61, 71.08, 70.40, 66.69, 55.74, 55.32, 26.07, 25.97, 18.39, 15.60, 0.14, -4.06, -4.10; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₆₉H₈₂O₁₃Si [M+Na]⁺: 1169.5423, found: 1169.5425.

p-Methoxyphenyl 3,5-di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -2-*O*-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-glycero- β -D-galacto-heptopyranoside (15)

To a solution of 14 (306 mg, 0.27 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) were added DDQ and 2 drops of water (122 mg, 0.54 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and water. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 15 as a white solid (216 mg, 78%). 15: $R_f = 0.5$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +3.9 (c 0.32, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) & 7.41-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 18H), 7.26-7.21 (m, 5H), 6.94 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 4.99 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.71 (m, 3H), 4.67-4.54 (m, 6H), 4.44 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 1H), 4.03 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.91-3.86 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.76 (m, 3H), 3.75 (s, 4H), 3.61 (dd, J = 10.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.23 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.16 (s, 3H), 0.13 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.85, 151.35, 139.11, 138.23, 138.07, 137.80, 128.66, 128.58, 128.45, 128.36, 128.28, 128.17, 128.02, 128.00, 127.96, 127.83, 127.74, 127.64, 127.58, 127.55, 127.39, 117.24, 114.53, 103.72, 102.14, 83.36, 83.03, 80.78, 77.97, 76.45, 75.07, 73.83, 73.39, 72.36, 72.04, 71.82, 71.38, 70.88, 70.80, 66.54, 55.75, 26.07, 18.40, 15.28, -4.04, -4.12; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₆₁H₇₄O₁₂Si [M+Na]⁺: 1049.4848, found: 1049.4841.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-5-*O*-(2-quinolinecarbonyl)- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-3,5 -di-*O*-benzoyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-*O*-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-glycero- β -D-galacto-heptopyranoside (13a)

A mixture of fucose donor 9e (239 mg, 0.44 mmol), acceptor 12 (390 mg, 0.37 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The suspension was cooled to -78 °C and then NIS (158 mg, 0.7 mmol) and TfOH (5 µl, 44 µmol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -50 °C and stirred for 1 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 13a (227 mg, 40%) as a colorless syrup. 13a: $R_f = 0.55$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.20 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.02-7.93 (m, 2H), 7.83-7.78 (m, 1H), 7.77-7.69 (m, 5H), 7.65-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.27 (m, 12H), 7.24-7.15 (m, 9H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 3H), 7.07-6.98 (m, 4H), 6.91 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 6.03 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.54-5.40 (m, 2H), 5.25 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.60-4.49 (m, 3H), 4.44 (dd, J = 6.8, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.40-4.30 (m, 3H), 4.27-4.15 (m, 5H), 4.12-4.04 (m, 2H), 4.01 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.44 (dd, J = 9.4, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (s, 9H), 0.12 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.85, 164.55, 164.49, 154.39, 151.53, 149.14, 147.65, 138.50, 138.36, 138.22, 138.15, 137.68, 136.76, 132.78, 132.53, 131.02, 130.25, 130.14, 129.86, 129.72, 129.24, 128.60, 128.57, 128.55, 128.53, 128.48, 128.27, 128.24, 128.10, 128.00, 127.72, 127.70, 127.65, 127.57, 127.53, 127.40, 127.33, 121.57, 116.68, 114.40, 103.67, 101.74, 98.85, 84.47, 81.17, 81.07, 80.45, 79.12, 75.22, 74.80, 74.16, 74.13, 73.28, 73.12, 72.84, 71.97, 71.83, 71.80, 71.21, 69.93, 66.27, 55.52, 26.06, 18.33, 15.95, 14.27, -4.22, -4.24; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₉₁H₉₇NO₁₉Si [M+Na]⁺: 1558.6422, found: 1558.6411.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-5-*O*-(2-quinolinecarbonyl)- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-3,5 -di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-*O*-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-glycero- β -D-galacto-heptopyranoside (13b)

Protocol a: A mixture of fucose donor **9e** (85 mg, 0.16 mmol), acceptor **15** (134 mg, 0.13 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in Cl₂Cl₂ (13 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The suspension was cooled to -78 °C and then NIS (54 mg, 0.24 mmol) and TfOH (3 μ l, 32 μ mol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -50 °C and stirred for 1 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **13b** (109 mg, 56%) as a colorless syrup. **13b**: $R_f = 0.5$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc);

Protocol b: A mixture of fucose donor **9e** (175 mg, 0.32 mmol), acceptor **15** (278 mg, 0.27 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in toluene (25 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The suspension was cooled to -78 °C and then NIS (108 mg, 0.48 mmol) and TfOH (7 μ l, 64 μ mol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -20 °C and stirred for 1 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **13b** (326 mg, 80%) as a colorless syrup. **13b**:

 R_f = 0.5 (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); [α]_D²⁵ +32.7 (*c* 0.50, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11-7.98 (m, 3H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 8H), 7.27-7.23 (m, 9H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 6H), 7.15-7.07 (m, 8H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.60 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.56-5.47 (m, 1H), 5.13 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.77-4.69 (m, 3H), 4.61-4.52 (m, 4H), 4.44-4.37 (m, 5H), 4.32-4.20 (m, 7H), 4.16-4.09 (m, 3H), 3.98 (t, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.76-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.71-3.66 (m, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.43 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 0.17 (s, 3H), 0.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.75, 154.53, 151.81, 148.64, 147.75, 139.21, 138.83, 138.64, 138.48, 138.35, 138.09, 137.88, 137.13, 131.09, 130.07, 129.31, 128.67, 128.63, 128.57, 128.55, 128.50, 128.45, 128.35, 128.25, 128.19, 128.15, 128.13, 128.06, 127.85, 127.78, 127.77, 127.66, 127.59, 127.55, 127.44, 127.36, 127.33, 121.37, 116.79, 114.55, 104.11, 102.12, 98.85, 84.96, 83.86, 81.89, 81.47, 81.45, 80.72, 80.45, 75.77, 74.96, 74.66, 73.39, 72.94, 72.89, 72.50, 72.24, 71.83, 71.44, 70.98, 70.19, 66.29, 55.68, 26.19, 18.45, 16.43, 15.34, -4.02, -4.04; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₉₁H₁₀₁NO₁₇Si [M+Na]⁺: 1530.6737, found: 1530.6638.

p-Methoxyphenyl 2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-5-*O*-(2-quinolinecarbonyl)- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-3,5 -di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (16)

To a solution of 13b (321 mg, 0.2 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added triethylamine trihydrofluoride $(52 \,\mu\text{L}, 1 \,\text{mmol})$ slowly at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred for 12 h at the same temperature. The mixture was stirred at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The mixture was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup. To a solution of the obtained syrup in pyridine (2 mL) were added benzoyl chloride (53 µL, 0.6 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg, 0.02 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved with CH2Cl2. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The syrup was purified by silica gel column chromatography (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 16 as a colorless syrup (252 mg, 84% over two steps). 16: $R_f = 0.3$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +50.5 (c 0.44, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.20 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.75-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.57 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.47-7.39 (m, 4H), 7.31 (q, J = 5.0 Hz, 6H), 7.25 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 6H), 7.22-7.08 (m, 22H), 7.08-7.01 (m, 5H), 6.84 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.89-5.79 (m, 2H), 5.48 (p, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.67-4.61 (m, 2H), 4.60-4.56 (m, 2H), 4.54 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 2H), 4.48-4.41 (m, 3H), 4.41-4.37 (m, 2H), 4.35-4.28 (m, 3H), 4.28-4.24 (m, 1H), 4.22 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19-4.15 (m, 1H), 4.00-3.91 (m, 2H), 3.83 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 3.76-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 4H), 1.51 (d, J = 6.4Hz, 3H), 1.17 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.10, 164.65, 155.09, 151.53, 148.33, 147.74, 139.51, 138.94, 138.36, 138.32, 138.13, 137.99, 137.56, 137.17, 132.96, 130.95, 130.34, 130.08, 129.98, 129.28, 128.58, 128.48, 128.43, 128.40, 128.36, 128.18, 128.16, 128.06, 128.04, 127.93, 127.83, 127.78, 127.71, 127.62, 127.54, 127.51, 127.44, 127.35, 127.16, 127.06,

$$\begin{split} &121.36, \, 117.80, \, 114.46, \, 104.26, \, 100.64, \, 99.32, \, 84.66, \, 84.41, \, 82.25, \, 81.89, \, 81.87, \, 77.71, \, 77.23, \, 76.28, \\ &75.46, \, 74.76, \, 73.35, \, 72.60, \, 72.29, \, 72.24, \, 71.99, \, 71.48, \, 71.02, \, 70.69, \, 69.98, \, 66.23, \, 55.69, \, 16.14, \, 15.96; \\ &HRMS \, (ESI): \, \textit{m/z} \ \text{calcd for} \ C_{92}H_{91}NO_{18} \, [M+Na]^+: \, 1520.6134, \, \text{found:} \, 1520.6134 \, . \end{split}$$

2,3-Di-*O*-benzyl-5-*O*-(2-quinolinecarbonyl)- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-3,5-di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- α/β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (17a)

To a solution of 16 (76 mg, 0.05 mmol) in CH₃CN/H₂O (v/v, 4:1, 1 mL) was added ceric ammonium nitrate (82 mg, 0.15 mmol). The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO3 and water. The organic phase was dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup (56 mg). Then a solution of the obtained syrup (56 mg) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) were added Cl₃CCN (40 µL, 0.4 mmol) and DBU (12 µL, 0.08 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 1 h at 0 °C. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to give 17a as colorless syrups (42 mg, 54%) over two steps). 17a: $R_f = 0.6$ (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.62-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.43-7.27 (m, 13H), 7.21-7.06 (m, 23H), 6.69 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (dd, J = 10.6, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.54-5.43 (m, 1H), 5.28 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.72-4.58 (m, 5H), 4.53-4.41 (m, 5H), 4.39-4.33 (m, 3H), 4.31-4.20 (m, 5H), 4.15 (t, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.93-3.87 (m, 1H), 3.82-3.69 (m, 2H), 3.57 (dd, J = 10.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.51 (d, J = 6.4Hz, 3H), 1.10 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H).

Synthesis of D-Galhepp Donors 18, 22a-d



Ethyl 2,3,4-tri-O-acetyl-6,7-di-O-benzyl-D-glycero-β-D-thio-galacto-heptopyranoside (h-5)

To a solution of **h-2** (940 mg, 2.0 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) was added TFA (1 mL, 13.5 mmol) dropwise, followed by 1 drop of water. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then neutralized with triethylamine and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a residue which was directly used for the next step without further purification. To a solution of the obtained residue in pyridine (20 mL) were added acetic anhydride (1.9 mL, 20.0 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (47 mg, 0.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by

column chromatography on silica gel (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc). To a solution of the obtained syrup (804 mg, 1.4 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (14 mL) was added EtSH (0.2 mL, 2.8 mmol) slowly at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 15 minutes, then BF₃:Et₂O (0.9 mL, 7.0 mmol) was added slowly and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 3 h at the same temperature at the end of which time TLC indicated that it was finished. The reaction was quenched with triethylamine and diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to give h-5 as a colorless syrup (560 mg, 50% over three steps). h-5: $R_f = 0.4$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{2}^{25}$ -26.7 (c 0.58, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47-7.16 (m, 10H), 5.70 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (s, 2H), 4.47 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 3.87-3.78 (m, 2H), 3.67-3.55 (m, 2H), 2.65-2.54 (m, 2H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.18, 170.08, 169.84, 138.24, 137.36, 128.70, 128.56, 128.54, 128.04, 127.84, 127.78, 84.35, 75.43, 74.44, 73.58, 72.48, 72.03, 67.91, 67.83, 67.48, 24.73, 20.98, 20.79, 14.96; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₃₆O₉S [M+Na]⁺: 583.1978, found: 583.1976.

Ethyl 6,7-di-O-benzyl-D-glycero-β-D-thio-galacto-heptopyranoside (h-6)

To a solution of **h-5** (310 mg, 0.7 mmol) in MeOH (7 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (39 mg, 0.7 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated it was finished. The reaction was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated to dryness. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography (10:1, CH₂Cl₂-MeOH) to afford compound **h-6** as a white solid (282 mg, 93%). **h-6**: $R_f = 0.2$ (10:1, CH₂Cl₂-MeOH); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -35.0 (*c* 0.41, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82-6.85 (m, 10H), 4.73 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (s, 2H), 4.29 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (s, 1H), 3.91-3.87 (m, 1H), 3.73 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.70-3.60 (m, 3H), 3.60-3.52 (m, 1H), 3.31 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (s, 1H), 2.86 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 2.68-2.56 (m, 2H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.22, 138.11, 128.62, 128.53, 128.27, 128.05, 127.81, 127.77, 86.38, 76.08, 75.01, 73.56, 73.04, 70.76, 68.96, 68.22, 24.75, 15.45; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₃₀O₆S [M+Na]⁺: 457.1661, found: 457.1660.

Ethyl 2-O-benzoyl-6,7-di-O-benzyl-D-glycero-β-D-thio-galacto-heptopyranoside (h-7)

To a solution of the **h-6** (300 mg, 0.7 mmol) in dry acetone (7 mL) were added 2,2-dimethoxypropane (0.17 mL, 1.38 mmol) and *p*-toluenesulfonic acid (13 mg, 0.07 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen at room temperature. After 2 h, the reaction was quenched by addition of triethylamine. The resulting mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a residue which was directly used for the next step without further purification. To a solution of the obtained residue in pyridine (7 mL) were added benzoyl chloride (0.24 mL, 2.07 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (17 mg, 0.14 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (7:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc). To a solution of the obtained syrup in CH₂Cl₂ (7 mL) was added TFA (0.4 mL, 4.7 mmol) dropwise, followed by 1 drop of water. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (2:1, mixed).

petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **h-7** as a colorless syrup (283 mg, 75% over three steps). **h-7**: $R_f = 0.2$ (1:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -22.0 (*c* 0.41, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.27 (m, 10H), 5.28 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.60-4.52 (m, 3H), 4.25 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (dt, *J* = 7.7, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.81-3.73 (m, 2H), 3.72 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (s, 1H), 2.88 (s, 1H), 2.75-2.55 (m, 2H), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.84, 138.11, 137.93, 133.41, 130.11, 129.79, 128.69, 128.58, 128.50, 128.34, 128.17, 127.89, 127.83, 83.56, 76.31, 73.98, 73.63, 73.14, 72.48, 68.74, 68.60, 24.16, 15.12; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₀H₃₄O₇S [M+Na]⁺: 561.1923, found: 561.1923.

Ethyl 2-*O*-benzoyl-3,4-di-*O*-methoxymethyl-6,7-di-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-thio-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (18)

To a solution of the **h-7** (420 mg, 0.78 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (8 mL) was added chloromethyl methyl ether (0.3 mL, 3.9 mmol) slowly at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 15 minutes, then *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (1.36 mL, 7.8 mmol) was added slowly and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 3 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated that it was finished. The reaction was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic solution was washed with water and brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to dryness. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to give **18** as a colorless syrup (386 mg, 79%). **18**: $R_f = 0.4$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +26.7 (*c* 0.58, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.27 (m, 10H), 5.56 (t, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.78-4.69 (m, 3H), 4.59-4.55 (m, 4H), 4.53 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.96-3.87 (m, 3H), 3.76-3.68 (m, 2H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 2.70-2.55 (m, 2H), 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.51, 138.44, 138.26, 133.21, 130.03, 129.94, 128.54, 128.51, 128.49, 127.98, 127.86, 127.75, 97.94, 95.00, 84.36, 77.77, 76.82, 75.78, 73.49, 72.54, 71.56, 70.28, 67.92, 56.26, 55.78, 24.50, 14.96; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₄H₄₂O₉S [M+Na]⁺: 649.2448, found: 649.2447.



Ethyl 2,3,4,6,7-penta-O-acetyl-D-glycero-β-D-thio-galacto-heptopyranoside (h-8)

To a solution of $h-7D^{[6]}$ (340 mg, 0.9 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (9 mL) was added TFA (0.5 mL, 6.7 mmol) dropwise, followed by 1 drop of water. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then neutralized with triethylamine and concentrated in vacuo to afford a residue which was directly used for the next step without further purification. To a solution of the obtained residue in pyridine (9 mL) were added acetic anhydride (0.9 mL, 9.0 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (29 mg, 0.02 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc). To a solution of the obtained syrup (299 mg, 0.65 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (7 mL) was added EtSH (0.1 mL, 1.3 mmol) slowly at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 15 minutes, then BF₃·Et₂O (0.4 mL, 3.3 mmol) was added slowly and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 3 h at the same temperature at the end of which time TLC indicated that it was finished. The reaction was quenched with triethylamine and diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to give h-8 as a colorless syrup (148 mg, 49% over three steps). h-8: $R_f = 0.3$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{2}^{25}$ +127.5 (c 0.50, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.45-5.39 (m, 1H), 5.21 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (m, J = 9.6, 4.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (dd, J = 10.1, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (dd, J = 12.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (dd, J = 12.3, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.77-2.60 (m, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) & 170.61, 170.54, 170.24, 169.69, 169.67, 84.23, 74.17, 71.95, 67.49, 67.27, 66.34, 62.36, 24.41, 20.93, 20.84, 20.76, 20.76, 20.70, 14.89; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₈O₁₁S [M+Na]⁺: 487.1250, found: 487.1246.

Ethyl 2,3,4-tri-O-benzoyl-6,7-O-isopropylidene-D-glycero-β-D-thio-galacto-heptopyranoside (h-9)

To a solution of h-8 (557 mg, 1.2 mmol) in MeOH (12 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (65 mg, 1.2 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated it was finished. The reaction was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated to afford a white solid which was directly used for the next step without further purification. To a solution of the obtained residue in dry DMF (12 mL) were added 2,2-dimethoxypropane (0.17 mL, 1.4 mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid (22 mg, 0.1 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen at room temperature. After 1 h, the reaction was quenched by addition of triethylamine. The resulting mixture was concentrated in vacuo to afford a residue which was directly used for the next step without further purification. To a solution of the obtained residue in pyridine (12 mL) were added benzoyl chloride (0.7 mL, 5.9 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (28.8 mg, 0.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford h-9 as a colorless syrup (356 mg, 49% over three steps). **h-9**: $R_f = 0.4$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{25}^{25}$ +154.8 (*c* 0.31, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55-7.30 (m, 6H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 2H), 6.04 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.62 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H),

4.29-4.17 (m, 1H), 4.16-4.02 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.92-2.69 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 1.27 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.72, 165.49, 165.27, 133.56, 133.43, 133.31, 130.05, 129.94, 129.89, 129.53, 129.38, 129.09, 128.74, 128.51, 128.38, 109.98, 84.58, 78.39, 73.15, 73.13, 68.43, 68.38, 67.00, 27.17, 25.24, 24.72, 15.14; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₃H₃₄O₉S [M+Na]⁺: 629.1822, found: 629.1819.

Ethyl 2,3,4-tri-O-benzoyl-D-glycero-β-D-thio-galacto-heptopyranoside (h-10)

To a solution of **h-9** (540 mg, 0.891 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (9 mL) was added TFA (0.9 mL, 12.12 mmol) dropwise, followed by 1 drop of water. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then neutralized with triethylamine and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc). To a solution of the obtained syrup in dry toluene (20 mL) was added Bu₂SnO (242.3 mg, 1.0 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 h then it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. To a solution of obtained residue in dry DMF (8 mL) were added benzyl bromide (0.1 mL, 1.0 mmol) and CsF (246.4 mg, 1.6 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at 60 °C and then it was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afforded **h-10** (415 mg, 71% over three steps) as a colorless syrup. **h-10**: $R_f = 0.4$ (2:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +150.9 (c 0.39, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.36-7.18 (m, 8H), 7.18-7.08 (m, 3H), 5.96 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.55 (dd, J = 9.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.78-3.70 (m, 1H), 3.66 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 2H), 2.64-2.60 (m, 2H), 1.17 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.62, 165.59, 137.98, 133.81, 133.44, 133.36, 130.22, 129.94, 129.87, 129.38, 129.15, 129.02, 128.75, 128.61, 128.52, 128.41, 127.97, 127.93, 84.44, 77.05, 73.74, 73.12, 70.44, 69.24, 68.65, 68.07, 24.69, 15.04; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₇H₃₆O₉S [M+Na]⁺: 679.1978, found: 679.1976.

Ethyl 2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-6-*O*-levulinoyl-7-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-thio-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (22a)

To a solution of **h-10** (55 mg, 0.084 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) were added levulinic acid (29 mg, 0.25 mmol), *N*,*N*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (51.789 mg, 0.251 mmol), and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (6 mg, 0.05 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and then it was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by column chromatography (8:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford compound **22a** (54 mg, 83%) as a white solid. **22a**: $R_f = 0.6$ (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_p^{25} +92.7$ (*c* 0.72, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.19 (m, 6H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 6.8 Hz, 3H), 5.85 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (t, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.53 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 4.59-4.51 (m, 1H), 4.41 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (dd, *J* = 11.1, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.67-2.52 (m, 4H), 2.50-2.37 (m, 2H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.47, 171.60, 165.82, 165.57, 165.47, 138.05, 133.55,

133.42, 133.35, 129.93, 129.84, 129.34, 128.91, 128.68, 128.58, 128.58, 128.50, 128.38, 127.88, 127.76, 84.52, 74.22, 73.63, 72.89, 69.47, 68.39, 68.09, 67.68, 37.99, 29.84, 28.14, 24.63, 15.06; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{42}H_{42}O_{11}S$ [M+Na]⁺: 777.2346, found: 777.2374.

Ethyl 2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-6-*O*-methoxymethyl-7-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-thio-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (22b)

To a solution of **h-10** (50 mg, 0.076 mmol) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) were added chloromethyl methyl ether (23 µl, 0.304 mmol) slowly at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 15 minutes, then N,N-diisopropylethylamine (66 µl, 0.38 mmol) was added slowly and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature and then it was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by column chromatography (8:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford compound 22b (44 mg, 82%) as a white solid. **22b**: $R_f = 0.5$ (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} + 118.6$ (*c* 0.63, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.12 (m, 13H), 6.11 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.61 (dd, J = 9.9, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 4.67-4.62 (m, 1H), 4.62-4.54 (m, 2H), 4.52-4.43 (m, 1H), 4.22 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.88-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.81 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 2H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 2.79-2.64 (m, 2H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.62, 165.56, 165.52, 138.16, 133.54, 133.38, 133.20, 129.96, 129.94, 129.88, 129.56, 129.43, 129.20, 128.74, 128.57, 128.48, 128.33, 127.91, 127.88, 96.87, 84.57, 75.52, 74.56, 73.75, 73.41, 68.70, 68.59, 68.27, 55.99, 24.69, 15.06; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₉H₄₀O₁₀S [M+Na]⁺: 723.2240, found: 723.2246.

Ethyl 2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-6-*O*-triethylsilyl-7-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-thio-*galacto*-heptopyranoside(22c)

To a solution of h-10 (231 mg, 0.35 mmol) in dry DMF (4 mL) were added TESCI (89 µL, 0.53 mmol) and imidazole (71.89 mg, 1.06 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at the same temperature at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH. Then the mixture was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂, and the resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic layer was separated and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (30:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **22c** as a colorless syrup (244 mg, 90%). **22c**: $R_f = 0.4$ (15:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 122.7$ (c 0.52, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (m, J = 11.7, 7.6 Hz, 3H), 7.44-7.27 (m, 8H), 7.26-7.20 (m, 2H), 6.09 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 5.61 (dd, J = 9.9, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.09-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.74-3.66 (m, 2H), 2.77-2.61 (m, 2H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.80 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 9H), 0.52-0.43 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.55, 165.54, 165.47, 138.12, 133.34, 133.34, 133.12, 129.94, 129.47, 129.26, 128.63, 128.50, 128.46, 128.30, 127.99, 127.80, 84.44, 76.84, 73.68, 73.48, 71.72, 69.74, 68.76, 68.27, 24.67, 14.98, 6.89, 5.10; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₄₃H₅₀O₉SSi [M+Na]⁺: 793.2843, found: 793.2867.

2,3,4-Tri-O-benzoyl-6-O-triethylsilyl-7-O-benzyl-D-glycero-β-D-galacto-heptopyranosyl

trichloroacetimidate (22d)

To a solution of **22c** (56 mg, 0.07 mmol) in acetone/H₂O (v/v, 4:1, 1 mL) was added NBS (25 mg, 0.14 mmol). The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 15 minutes at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and water. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup. Then a solution of the obtained syrup in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) were added CCl₃CN (71 μ L, 0.7 mmol) and DBU (21 μ L, 0.14 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 1 h at room temperature. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to give **22d** as a colorless syrup (49 mg, 81% over two steps). **22d**: R_f = 0.4 (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.11-8.05 (m, 2H), 7.94 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.83-7.77 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.40 (m, 6H), 7.37-7.29 (m, 6H), 6.81 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 10.7, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (dd, J = 10.7, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.56-4.43 (m, 4H), 4.09-4.02 (m, 1H), 3.65 (dd, J = 10.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (dd, J = 10.2, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 0.76 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 9H), 0.49-0.42 (m, 6H).

Synthesis of the Right Trisaccharide Acceptor 26



3-(*p*-Toluenesulfonyloxy)propyl **2**-*O*-benzoyl-**3**,4-di-*O*-methoxymethyl-**6**,7-di-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (19)

A mixture of heptose donor **18** (500 mg, 0.80 mmol), acceptor **6** (221 mg, 0.96 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH_2Cl_2 (13 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The suspension was cooled to -60 °C and then NIS (270 mg, 0.95 mmol) and AgOTf (41 mg, 0.16

mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -30 °C and stirred for 0.5 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **19** (591 mg, 93%) as a colorless syrup. **19**: $R_f = 0.3$ (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_p^{25}$ +149.3 (*c* 0.46, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.17 (m, 14H), 5.46 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.53-4.50 (m, 2H), 4.42 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.99-3.85 (m, 5H), 3.75-3.67 (m, 3H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.41-3.34 (m, 1H), 3.16 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.82-1.75 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.39, 144.68, 138.42, 138.27, 133.25, 133.16, 130.10, 129.92, 129.86, 128.55, 127.97, 127.95, 127.90, 127.87, 127.82, 101.94, 97.99, 95.01, 77.48, 76.52, 75.81, 73.55, 72.94, 72.30, 71.64, 71.52, 67.65, 67.59, 65.02, 56.29, 55.75, 29.44, 21.72; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₄₂H₅₀O₁₃S [M+Na]⁺: 817.2870, found: 817.2868.

3-Azidopropyl 2-*O*-benzoyl-3,4-di-*O*-methoxymethyl-6,7-di-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (20)

To a solution of **19** (230 mg, 0.29 mmol) in dry DMF (2.9 mL) was added NaN₃ (189 mg, 2.9 mmol). The reaction mixture was warmed to 80 °C and stirred for 12 h. Then, the mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂, and the resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (20:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **20** as a colorless syrup (184 mg, 92%). **20**: $R_f = 0.4$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 14.2$ (*c* 0.36, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.27 (m, 10H), 5.51 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.62 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.58-4.51 (m, 3H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.96-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.89 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.79-3.68 (m, 3H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.41-3.34 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.11 (m, 5H), 1.80-1.64 (m, 2H); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₅H₄₃N₃O₁₀ [M+Na]⁺: 688.2846, found: 688.2844; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.44, 138.40, 138.19, 133.26, 130.00, 129.80, 128.57, 128.53, 128.00, 127.90, 127.81, 102.03, 97.95, 94.90, 76.34, 75.77, 73.53, 72.87, 72.21, 71.66, 71.52, 67.53, 66.12, 56.31, 55.75, 48.00, 29.02; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₅H₄₃N₃O₁₀ [M+Na]⁺: 688.2846, found: 688.2844.

3-Azidopropyl 2-O-benzoyl-6,7-di-O-benzyl-D-glycero-β-D-galacto-heptopyranoside (21a)

To a solution of **20** (173 mg, 0.26 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.6 mL) was added TFA (0.26 mL, 3.5 mmol) dropwise, followed by 1 drop of water. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then neutralized with triethylamine and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (1:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **21a** as a white solid (120 mg, 80%). **21a**: $R_f = 0.3$ (1:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +90.1 (*c* 0.52, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.41-7.15 (m, 10H), 5.21-5.15 (m, 1H), 4.76 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (m, J = 7.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (m, J = 8.1, 2.9 Hz, 3H), 3.72-3.65 (m, 2H), 3.45 (m, J = 9.8, 7.7, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.72 (m, J = 19.8, 14.3, 8.1, 3.9 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 167.07, 138.18, 137.97, 133.51, 129.96, 129.69, 128.68, 128.58, 128.56, 128.37, 128.15, 127.96, 127.89, 101.34, 75.85, 74.28, 73.63, 73.05, 72.96, 72.77, 68.43, 68.30, 66.11, 48.02, 29.05; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₁H₃₅N₃O₈ [M+Na]⁺: 600.2322, found: 600.2318.

3-Azidopropyl 2,6,7-tri-O-benzyl-D-glycero-β-D-galacto-heptopyranoside (21b)

To a solution of 20 (201 mg, 0.3 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (32 mg, 0.6 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 5 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated it was finished. The reaction was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated to dryness. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a white solid. To a solution of the obtained white solid (153 mg, 0.27 mmol) in dry DMF (3 mL) were added benzyl bromide (0.26 mL, 2.18 mmol) and NaH (87.2 mg, 2.18 mmol, 60% in mineral oil) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl, and then the mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (8:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup. To a solution of the obtained syrup (140 mg, 0.24 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.4 mL) was added TFA (0.24 mL, 3.3 mmol) dropwise, followed by 1 drop of water. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then neutralized with triethylamine and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (1:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 21b as a white solid (102 mg, 60% over three steps). **21b**: $R_f = 0.3$ (1:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25} + 148.3$ (*c* 0.42, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) & 7.37-7.25 (m, 10H), 4.90 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.69-4.58 (m, 3H), 4.52 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.93-3.86 (m, 1H), 3.80-3.71 (m, 2H), 3.67-3.55 (m, 3H), 3.53-3.43 (m, 2H), 3.36 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.91-1.75 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.43, 138.31, 138.14, 128.70, 128.60, 128.52, 128.32, 128.10, 128.05, 128.04, 127.90, 127.81, 103.83, 79.40, 75.66, 74.79, 73.55, 73.36, 72.92, 72.67, 68.70, 67.65, 66.31, 48.42, 29.30; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₁H₃₇N₃O₇ [M+Na]⁺: 586.2530, found: 586.2530.

3-Azidopropyl 2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-6-*O*-triethylsilyl-7-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl-(1→3)-2,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (23)

A mixture of heptose donor **22c** (200 mg, 0.40 mmol), acceptor **21b** (188 mg, 0.33 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH₂Cl₂ (6.7 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The suspension was cooled to -60 °C and then NIS (135 mg, 0.6 mmol) and AgOTf (21 mg, 80 µmol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -30 °C and stirred for 0.5 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **23** (285 mg, 85%) as a colorless syrup. **23**: $R_f = 0.4$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +48.7 (*c* 0.54, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.37 (m, 4H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 5H), 7.29 (q, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 8H), 7.26-7.17 (m, 7H), 7.10-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.01 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.57 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 3.4 Hz, 1Hz)

1H), 5.14 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (dd, J = 11.8, 5.0 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.32-4.26 (m, 2H), 4.13 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.02-3.93 (m, 3H), 3.76 (dd, J = 10.5, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.70-3.62 (m, 3H), 3.53-3.41 (m, 4H), 3.39-3.34 (m, 1H), 3.21 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.75-1.69 (m, 2H), 0.79 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 9H), 0.45 (q, J = 7.7 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.70, 165.57, 165.52, 138.68, 138.55, 138.52, 138.32, 133.39, 133.26, 133.15, 129.98, 129.97, 129.89, 129.76, 129.26, 129.16, 128.68, 128.52, 128.49, 128.47, 128.41, 128.39, 128.30, 128.22, 127.83, 127.77, 127.73, 127.72, 127.66, 127.56, 127.22, 103.66, 102.39, 81.17, 78.96, 75.82, 74.71, 73.53, 73.51, 73.31, 72.94, 72.13, 72.03, 71.60, 70.41, 69.61, 68.94, 68.08, 67.85, 66.25, 48.30, 29.20, 6.88, 5.07; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₇₂H₈₁N₃O₁₆Si [M+Na]⁺: 1294.5284, found: 1294.5314.

3-Azidopropyl 2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-7-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl-(1→3)-2,6,7 -tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (24)

To a solution of 23 (328 mg, 0.29 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was added hydrogen fluoride-pyridine (30 μ L, 0.58 mmol) slowly at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at the same temperature. The mixture was stirred at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The mixture was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford compound 24 as a colorless syrup (246 mg, 83%). 24: $R_f = 0.3$ (2:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +114.5 (*c* 0.33, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.14 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 3H), 7.31-7.20 (m, 17H), 7.10 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 5.97 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.69-4.59 (m, 2H), 4.55 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 4.40 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (dt, J = 9.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.81-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.73 (dd, J = 10.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.70-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.62 (dd, *J* = 9.8, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 3.58-3.52 (m, 2H), 3.51-3.47 (m, 2H), 3.41-3.32 (m, 1H), 3.21 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.07 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (s, 1H), 1.78-1.65 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.68, 165.77, 165.56, 138.58, 138.55, 138.52, 138.13, 133.84, 133.36, 130.28, 129.86, 129.79, 129.25, 129.00, 128.81, 128.64, 128.52, 128.50, 128.46, 128.44, 128.41, 128.14, 127.90, 127.86, 127.83, 127.80, 127.76, 127.65, 127.31, 103.70, 102.18, 81.13, 79.07, 75.76, 74.79, 73.59, 73.53, 73.50, 72.96, 72.06, 71.83, 70.39, 69.10, 68.92, 68.06, 67.86, 66.30, 48.33, 29.24; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₆₆H₆₇N₃O₁₆ [M+Na]⁺: 1180.4419, found: 1180.4418.

3-Azidopropyl 2-*O*-benzoyl-3,4-di-*O*-methoxymethyl-6,7-di-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-7-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)-2,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (25)

A mixture of heptose donor **18** (184 mg, 0.29 mmol), acceptor **24** (250 mg, 0.24 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The suspension was cooled to -60 °C and then NIS (99 mg, 0.44 mmol) and AgOTf (15 mg, 58 µmol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -30 °C and stirred for 0.5 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH_2Cl_2 and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column

chromatography (7:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 25 (351 mg, 85%) as a colorless syrup. 25: R_f = 0.2 (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +46.5 (*c* 0.34, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.12 (m, 37H), 7.08 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (dd, J = 6.5, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 6.04 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (dd, J = 10.4, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (dd, J = 10.4, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (dd, J = 10.3, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.77-4.68 (m, 3H), 4.70-4.60 (m, 4H), 4.59 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 2H), 4.54-4.43 (m, 3H), 4.39 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.28-4.19 (m, 5H), 4.16 (d, J = 2.8 Hz)Hz, 1H), 4.12-4.04 (m, 3H), 4.01 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.97-3.86 (m, 2H), 3.81 (dd, J = 10.3, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (dd, J = 10.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.65-3.54 (m, 5H), 3.50-3.35 (m, 6H), 3.36-3.26 (m, 1H), 3.22-3.08 (m, 7H), 3.02 (dd, J = 11.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 1.73-1.63 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.79, 165.30, 165.15, 164.59, 138.65, 138.56, 138.52, 138.50, 138.26, 138.25, 133.24, 133.11, 133.07, 132.90, 130.36, 130.32, 130.24, 129.92, 129.83, 129.79, 129.32, 129.24, 128.58, 128.47, 128.44, 128.42, 128.37, 128.23, 128.19, 127.91, 127.85, 127.75, 127.73, 127.67, 127.65, 127.40, 127.28, 127.02, 103.62, 101.99, 98.89, 97.68, 94.78, 80.39, 79.24, 76.44, 75.72, 75.50, 74.67, 73.53, 73.14, 73.13, 72.83, 72.49, 72.05, 71.91, 71.63, 70.96, 70.63, 69.16, 68.93, 67.99, 67.84, 66.25, 66.20, 56.16, 55.67, 48.33, 29.20; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₉₈H₁₀₃N₃O₂₅ [M+Na]⁺: 1294.5284, found: 1294.5314.

3-Azidopropyl 2,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4,7-tert-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl-(1→3)-2,4,6,7-tert-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*-β-D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (26)

To a solution of 25 (378 mg, 0.22 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (36 mg, 0.66 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 12 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was finished. The reaction was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated to dryness. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc) to afforded a white solid. To a solution of the obtained white solid (258.5 mg, 0.2 mmol) in dry DMF (2 mL) were added benzyl bromide (0.38 mL, 3.2 mmol) and NaH (128 mg, 3.2 mmol, 60% in mineral oil) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 45 °C for 12 h. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl, and then the mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup. To a solution of the obtained syrup (306 mg, 0.17 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was added TFA (0.2 mL, 2.7 mmol) dropwise, followed by 1 drop of water. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then neutralized with triethylamine and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to give 26 as a colorless syrup (227 mg, 63% over three steps). 26: $R_f = 0.3$ (1:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +2.6 (c 0.37, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51-7.00 (m, 55H), 5.18 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.94-4.83 (m, 3H), 4.79-4.71 (m, 3H), 4.70-4.62 (m, 4H), 4.61-4.56 (m, 5H), 4.49 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 4.37-4.22 (m, 6H), 4.18 (dd, *J* = 13.1, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 4.06-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.91 (dt, *J* = 9.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.86-3.80 (m, 1H), 3.79-3.66 (m, 5H), 3.66-3.40 (m, 9H), 3.40-3.26 (m, 4H), 2.53 (s, 1H), 2.44 (s, 1H), 1.85-1.69 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.52, 139.39, 139.00, 138.91, 138.66, 138.61, 138.51, 138.46, 138.43, 138.25, 138.14, 128.60, 128.53, 128.50, 128.46, 128.40, 128.31, 128.24, 128.22, 128.18, 128.17, 128.02, 127.94, 127.90, 127.89, 127.86, 127.83, 127.74, 127.70, 127.55, 127.50, 127.41, 127.40, 127.38, 127.31, 127.18, 104.81, 104.13, 99.74, 82.45, 80.58, 80.21, 79.82, 79.64, 76.20, 75.90, 75.80, 75.07, 74.76, 74.72, 74.61, 74.47, 73.62, 73.54, 73.44, 73.32, 73.19, 73.09, 72.84, 72.81, 72.63, 71.80, 68.54, 68.19, 67.68, 67.14, 66.46, 48.40, 29.22; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{101}H_{109}N_3O_{19}$ [M+Na]⁺: 1690.7553, found: 1690.7552.



Synthesis of the Trisaccharide Donors 17b-d

p-Methoxyphenyl 2,3,5-tri-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 2)$ -3,5-di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (16b)

To a solution of the 16 (89 mg, 0.06 mmol) in MeOH (0.6 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (11 mg, 0.2 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated it was finished. The reaction was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin. After filtration, the resulting mixture was concentrated to dryness. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afforded a colorless syrup. To a solution of the obtained colorless syrup (73 mg, 0.054 mmol) in dry DMF (0.6 mL) were added benzyl bromide (50 µL, 0.4 mmol) and NaH (16 mg, 0.4 mmol, 60% in mineral oil) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 3 h. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl, and then the mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (8:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup. To a solution of the colorless syrup (72 mg, 0.05 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) was added triethylamine trihydrofluoride (26 µL, 0.5 mmol) slowly at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The mixture was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup (50 mg, 0.04 mmol). To a solution of the obtained syrup in pyridine (0.4 mL) were added benzoyl chloride (23 μ L, 0.2 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (3 mg, 0.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated in vacuo. The residue

was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The syrup was purified by column chromatography (8:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 16b as a colorless syrup (45.5 mg, 53% over two steps). **16b**: $R_f = 0.3$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +58.8 (c 0.37, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 4H), 7.40-7.02 (m, 38H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.84 (dd, J = 10.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.66 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.78-4.70 (m, 3H), 4.64 (dd, J = 16.8, 12.3 Hz, 3H), 4.59-4.53 (m, 2H), 4.49-4.34 (m, 8H), 4.31 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (dd, J = 7.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.99-3.90 (m, 3H), 3.87 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.75-3.61 (m, 6H), 1.16 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.10, 155.05, 151.61, 139.68, 139.49, 138.81, 138.43, 138.39, 138.04, 132.96, 130.47, 129.97, 128.59, 128.40, 128.35, 128.31, 128.23, 128.20, 127.97, 127.87, 127.82, 127.79, 127.67, 127.58, 127.49, 127.41, 127.14, 127.08, 117.50, 114.53, 103.41, 100.54, 98.64, 84.91, 84.64, 83.95, 82.36, 81.04, 79.98, 77.91, 77.74, 76.30, 75.23, 73.46, 73.00, 72.75, 72.53, 72.47, 72.32, 71.50, 70.70, 70.65, 70.64, 70.26, 66.31, 55.72, 15.76, 15.43; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₈₉H₉₂O₁₇ [M+Na]⁺: 1455.6233, found:1455.6239.

2,3,5-Tri-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-3,5-di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-*O*-benzyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- α/β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (17b)

To a solution of 16b (50 mg, 0.035 mmol) in CH₃CN/H₂O (v/v, 4:1, 0.5 mL) was added ceric ammonium nitrate (38 mg, 0.07 mmol). The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO3 and water. The organic phase was dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup (37 mg, 0.03 mmol). To a solution of the obtained syrup (37 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.6 mL) were added Cl₃CCN (31 µL, 0.3 mmol) and DBU (9 µL, 0.06 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 1 h at 0 °C. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to give 17b as colorless syrups (35 mg, 68% over two steps). 17b: $R_f = 0.5$ (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.57-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 3H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 15H), 7.24-7.14 (m, 24H), 6.63 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (dd, J = 10.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.94 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.84 J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.71-4.65 (m, 4H), 4.62 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 4.58-4.52 (m, 3H), 4.47 (dd, J = 14.4, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 4.43-4.36 (m, 4H), 4.33-4.25 (m, 3H), 4.22-4.18 (m, 2H), 4.12-4.06 (m, 2H), 3.98-3.89 (m, 2H), 3.82 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (dd, J = 10.9, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.06 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H).

p-Methoxyphenyl 2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-5-*O*-benzoyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-3,5-di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (16c)

To a solution of **16** (201 mg, 0.13 mmol) in MeOH (1 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (16 mg, 0.3 mmol) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated it was finished. The reaction

was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin, after filtration, and the resulting mixture was concentrated to dryness. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afforded a colorless syrup. To a solution of the colorless syrup (157 mg, 0.12 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added triethylamine trihydrofluoride (62 µL, 1.2 mmol) slowly at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was complete. The mixture was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was concentrated to dryness. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup. To a solution of the obtained syrup (116 mg, 0.1 mmol) in pyridine (1 mL) were added benzoyl chloride (58 mL, 0.5 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg, 0.04 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH, concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved with CH₂Cl₂. The resulting organic solution was washed with water and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The syrup was purified by column chromatography (7:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 16c as a colorless syrup (118 mg, 63% over three steps). 16c: $R_f = 0.3$ (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ +46.5 (c 0.52, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 3H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.39 (m, 6H), 7.36-7.27 (m, 11H), 7.23 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 9H), 7.20-7.12 (m, 11H), 7.08-7.00 (m, 4H), 6.89-6.81 (m, 2H), 6.63 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 5.87 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (dd, J = 10.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.41-5.30 (m, 1H), 5.27 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz), 5.15 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz), 5.15 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1Hz, 1Hz), 5.15 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1Hz), 5.15 (d, J = 10.2 Hz), 5.15 (d, J = 10.2 Hz)*J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 4.60-4.53 (m, 4H), 4.47 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.45-4.37 (m, 4H), 4.35-4.29 (m, 2H), 4.26 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.90-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.84 (m, 2H), 3.90-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.90-39.4 Hz, 1H), 3.81-3.73 (m, 2H), 3.67 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 5H), 1.42 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.95, 165.08, 155.16, 151.58, 139.61, 139.01, 138.51, 138.38, 138.16, 138.05, 137.72, 132.92, 132.80, 130.74, 130.44, 129.98, 129.86, 128.59, 128.52, 128.42, 128.36, 128.23, 128.16, 128.10, 128.00, 127.85, 127.80, 127.75, 127.62, 127.54, 127.47, 127.42, 127.35, 127.14, 127.04, 117.88, 114.51, 104.67, 100.71, 99.18, 84.91, 84.58, 82.50, 82.08, 81.92, 77.29, 76.27, 75.54, 73.68, 73.39, 72.88, 72.68, 72.31, 72.26, 72.03, 71.54, 71.12, 70.74, 70.00, 66.29, 55.73, 16.18, 16.04; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₈₉H₉₀O₁₈Si [M+Na]⁺: 1469.6025, found: 1469.6027.

2,3-Di-*O*-benzyl-5-*O*-benzoyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 2)$ -3,5-di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- α/β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (17c)

To a solution of **16c** (80 mg, 0.055 mmol) in CH₃CN/H₂O (v/v, 4:1, 1.1 mL) was added ceric ammonium nitrate (60 mg, 0.11 mmol). The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and water. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford a colorless syrup (59 mg, 0.044 mmol). Then Cl₃CCN (45 µL, 0.44 mmol) and DBU (13.2 µL, 0.044 mmol) were added to a solution of the obtained syrup (56 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.98 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 1 h at 0 °C. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford **17c** as colorless syrups (53 mg, 65% over two steps). **17c**: R_f = 0.4 (5:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.39 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.58-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.36 (m, 4H), 7.30 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 5.5 Hz, 11H),

7.24-7.06 (m, 25H), 6.69 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (dd, J = 10.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.44-5.34 (m, 1H), 5.27 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.71-4.61 (m, 4H), 4.57 (dd, J = 10.8, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.48-4.44 (m, 2H), 4.40 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 2H), 4.35 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 4.30-4.20 (m, 4H), 4.15-4.10 (m, 2H), 4.07 (dd, J = 10.5, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (dd, J = 7.2, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (dd, J = 6.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.81-3.72 (m, 2H), 3.57 (dd, J = 10.9, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.42 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H).

Ethyl 2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-5-*O*-benzoyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-3,5-di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- α/β -D-thio-*galacto*-heptopyranoside (17d)

A mixture of 17c (119 mg, 0.08 mmol), EtSH (29 µL, 0.4 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH₂Cl₂ (1.3 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at -78 °C and then TMSOTf (1 μ l, 8 µmol) was added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -70 °C and stirred for 0.5 h at the same temperature. Then, the mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford an inseparable mixture of α/β isomers 17d (89 mg, $\alpha/\beta = 1:1$, 80%) as a colorless syrup. 17d: $R_f = 0.6$ (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); Selected analytical data for of **17d**; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03-7.96 (m, 4H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 3H), 7.56 (q, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.48-7.39 (m, 7H), 7.38-7.23 (m, 35H), 7.23-7.07 (m, 35H), 7.00 (d, J = 7.0Hz, 4H), 5.99 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 5.69 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 5.54 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 5.38-5.32 (m, 1H), 5.32-5.29 (m, 1H), 5.28 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, J = 11.4Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.70-4.62 (m, 4H), 4.62-4.53 (m, 6H), 4.52-4.45 (m, 6H), 4.45-4.39 (m, 5H), 4.39-4.33 (m, 5H), 4.32-4.21 (m, 6H), 4.18 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.15-4.11 (m, 2H), 4.07 (t, J)= 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (t, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.90-3.85 (m, 2H), 3.84 (dd, J = 10.5, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.81-3.76 (m, 3H), 3.72-3.64 (m, 4H), 3.60 (dd, J = 10.9, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1H, 1H), 1H, 2H, 2H, 2H, 2H, 2H, 2H, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.62-2.53 (m, 2H), 2.47-2.38 (m, 2H), 1.39 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6H), 1.17 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 1.13-1.04 (m, 9H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.02, 165.92, 165.74, 165.24, 139.56, 139.46, 139.34, 138.57, 138.54, 138.48, 138.38, 138.31, 138.23, 138.09, 137.90, 137.70, 133.07, 132.99, 132.86, 130.88, 130.66, 130.62, 130.32, 130.19, 130.05, 130.03, 129.87, 129.85, 128.56, 128.51, 128.49, 128.45, 128.40, 128.38, 128.35, 128.27, 128.21, 128.19, 128.17, 128.15, 128.13, 128.08, 128.00, 127.94, 127.87, 127.84, 127.80, 127.78, 127.71, 127.62, 127.47, 127.45, 127.40, 127.29, 127.27, 127.25, 127.09, 127.00, 126.85, 105.22, 104.62, 99.38, 99.30, 85.03, 84.85, 84.72, 84.39, 84.37, 83.18, 82.40, 82.35, 82.28, 81.92, 78.02, 76.37, 76.15, 75.99, 75.85, 75.72, 75.55, 74.99, 74.61, 73.81, 73.70, 73.46, 73.03, 72.28, 72.24, 72.06, 72.03, 71.83, 71.26, 71.12, 70.88, 70.48, 70.30, 69.60, 68.78, 67.21, 66.75, 24.36, 23.50, 16.35, 16.22, 16.12, 15.93, 14.27, 14.19; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₈₄H₈₈O₁₆S [M+Na]⁺: 1407.5691, found: 1407.5695.

Completion of Total Synthesis of 1



3-Azidopropyl 2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-5-*O*-benzoyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 2)$ -3,5-di-*O*-benzyl- α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2-*O*-benzoyl-3,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -2,6,7-tri-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -2,4,6,7-tetra-*O*-benzyl-D-*glycero*- β -D-*galacto*-heptopyranosyl-(27)

A mixture of trisaccharide donor 17d (64 mg, 0.046 mmol), acceptor 26 (60 mg, 0.038 mmol), and freshly activated 4 Å molecular sieves in CH₂Cl₂ (0.8 mL) were stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature. The suspension was cooled to -78 °C, then NIS (21 mg, 0.09 mmol) and TfOH (1 µl, 5 µmol) were added. The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to -30 °C and stirred for 2 h at the same temperature. The mixture was quenched with triethylamine, diluted with CH2Cl2 and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (10:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afford 27 (77 mg, 70%) as a colorless syrup. 27: R_f = 0.5 (3:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +21.58 (c 0.42, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 7.91-7.87 (m, 2H), 7.53-7.44 (m, 3H), 7.43-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 15H), 7.25-7.08 (m, 64H), 7.08-6.92 (m, 7H), 6.85-6.80 (m, 3H), 6.10 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.33-5.27 (m, 2H), 5.25 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 4.95-4.86 (m, 3H), 4.86-4.78 (m, 3H), 4.77-4.67 (m, 3H), 4.66-4.64 (m, 2H), 4.64-4.58 (m, 6H), 4.58-4.52 (m, 5H), 4.52-4.43 (m, 6H), 4.41-4.35 (m, 2H), 4.35-4.30 (m, 3H), 4.30-4.21 (m, 8H), 4.19 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.17-4.10 (m, 3H), 4.01-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.93-3.86 (m, 2H), 3.82-3.72 (m, 6H), 3.72-3.67 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.56 (m, 4H), 3.53 (dd, J = 10.3, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.48-3.37 (m, 5H), 3.37-3.32 (m, 2H), 3.32-3.22 (m, 6H), 2.81 (s, 1H), 1.86-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.34 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.07, 165.34, 139.58, 139.50, 139.38, 139.35, 138.99, 138.97, 138.77, 138.69, 138.64, 138.51, 138.40, 138.31, 138.29, 137.94, 137.86, 137.54, 133.01, 132.83, 130.43, 130.10, 130.05, 129.82, 128.54, 128.48, 128.45, 128.40, 128.35, 128.33, 128.29, 128.24, 128.20, 128.14, 128.11, 128.05, 128.01, 127.96, 127.89, 127.86, 127.81, 127.74, 127.72, 127.66, 127.60, 127.58,

127.54, 127.51, 127.46, 127.39, 127.34, 127.31, 127.26, 127.16, 127.03, 127.01, 126.91, 105.14, 104.57, 104.07, 103.07, 99.52, 98.70, 85.02, 84.81, 83.27, 82.47, 82.41, 82.38, 82.03, 80.35, 80.02, 79.78, 78.94, 76.61, 76.07, 75.90, 75.79, 75.70, 75.49, 75.06, 74.74, 74.63, 73.76, 73.52, 73.38, 73.14, 73.12, 73.00, 72.93, 72.81, 72.52, 72.40, 72.12, 72.02, 71.95, 71.86, 71.79, 71.31, 71.27, 70.75, 69.62, 69.03, 68.15, 67.83, 67.07, 66.45, 65.64, 48.40, 29.22, 16.32, 16.29; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{183}H_{191}N_3O_{35}$ [M+Na]⁺: 3013.3156, found: 3013.3154.

4-Aminopropyl α -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 2)-\alpha$ -D-fucofuranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -D-glycero- β -D-galacto-heptopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- β -D-galacto- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- β -D-galacto- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- β -D-galacto- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- β -D-galacto- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- β -D-galacto- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- β -D-galacto- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- β -D-galacto- $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -D-glycero- β -D-galacto-(

To a solution of 27 (30 mg, 0.01 mmol) in MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ (v/v, 1:1, 0.1 mL) was added NaOCH₃ (3 mg, 0.05 mmol) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was warmed gradually to room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 12 h at the same temperature, at the end of which time TLC indicated the reaction was finished. The reaction was quenched with Amberlite IR120 H⁺ resin. After filtration, the resulting mixture was concentrated to dryness. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (4:1, petroleum ether-EtOAc) to afforded a colorless syrup. To a solution of the obtained syrup in MeOH (1 mL) was added 80% Pd(OH)₂/C (20 mg, 0.11 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere at 30 °C. The mixture was stirred for 36 h at the same temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The obtained residue was purified by Sephadex LH-20 column (H₂O) to afford 1 (9 mg, 80% over two steps) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$ +7.9 (c 0.12, H₂O); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 5.25 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (q, J = 7.8, 7.1 Hz, 3H), 4.48 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.39-4.24 (m, 4H), 4.20-4.07 (m, 5H), 4.07-3.96 (m, 3H), 3.97-3.86 (m, 5H), 3.87-3.77 (m, 5H), 3.77-3.60 (m, 13H), 3.57-3.53 (m, 3H), 3.14 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.03-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, D₂O) δ 101.99, 101.90, 99.79, 98.87, 97.99, 97.78, 82.17, 81.28, 80.45, 80.28, 78.90, 75.72, 73.97, 72.29, 71.68, 70.54, 70.41, 70.24, 69.88, 69.25, 69.21, 69.14, 68.77, 68.35, 67.29, 67.03, 66.02, 65.97, 65.28, 65.21, 65.17, 64.76, 64.71, 63.14, 60.34, 60.19, 60.07, 56.94, 35.13, 24.33, 16.14, 15.45; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₄₃H₇₇NO₃₃ [M+H]⁺: 1136.4456, found: 1136.4453.

Table 1. NMR spectra of compound h-	-4
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position	¹ H (ppm)	¹³ C (ppm)	¹ H- ¹ H COSY	HMBC (H \rightarrow C)
1	4.75 (d, 8.0 Hz, 1H)	102.03	Н-2	C-3
2	4.04 (t, 8.6 Hz, 1H)	70.92	H-1, H-3	C-1, C-3, C-4
3	3.52 (dd, 9.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H)	80.75	H-2, H-4	C-1, C-2, C-4, C-8
4	4.24 (s, 1H)	65.26	H-3, H-5	C-2, C-3
5	4.72 (m, 1H)	72.61	H-4, H-6	C-4, C-6, C-7
6	3.95 (dt, 9.0, 3.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H)	75.53	H-5, H-7a, H-7b	C-4, C-5, C-9
7	3.74 (dd, 3.8, 1.2 Hz, H-7a)	68.39	Н-6	C-5, C-6, C-10
	3.60 (dd, 10.0, 3.4 Hz, H-7b)			


position	¹ H (ppm)	¹³ C (ppm)	¹ H- ¹ H COSY	HMBC (H \rightarrow C)
1	4.72 (d, 7.6 Hz, 1H)	101.89	H-2	C-3
2	4.12 (m, 1H)	71.81	H-1, H-3	C-1, C-3, C-4
3	3.38 (dd, 9.5, 2.8 Hz, 1H)	81.88	H-2, H-4	C-1, C-2, C-4
4	4.22 (m, 1H)	76.00	H-3, H-5	C-2, C-3, C-1'
5	3.69 (m, 1H)	72.64	H-4, H-6	C-1, C-3
6	3.11 (m, 1H)	74.99	H-5, H-7a, H-7b	C-4, C-5
7	3.52 (dd, 10.9, 1.9 Hz,	66.69	Н-6	C-5, C-6
	H-7a)			
	3.60 (dd, 10.9, 2.4 Hz,			
	H-7b)			
1'	5.15 (d, 4.9 Hz, 1H)	104.01	H-2'	C-3', C-4', C-4
2'	4.21 (m, 1H)	81.83	H-1', H-3'	C-1', C-3'
3'	5.97 (t, 6.8 Hz, 1H)	75.27	H-2', H-4'	C-1', C-2', C-5'
4'	4.09 (m, 1H)	81.01	H-3', H-5'	C-1', C-2', C-3'
5'	5.37 (m, 1H)	71.14	H-4', H-6'	C-3', C-4', C-6'
6'	1.55 (d, 6.4 Hz, 3H)	15.10	H-5'	C-5'

Table 3. NMR spectra of compound 23



position	¹ H (ppm)	¹³ C (ppm)	¹ H- ¹ H COSY	HMBC (H \rightarrow C)
1	4.13 (d, 7.7 Hz, 1H)	103.66	H-2	C-3, C-5, C-8
2	3.50 (m, 1H)	78.96	H-1, H-3	C-1, C-3
3	3.63 (m, 1H)	81.17	H-2, H-4	C-2, C-4, C-1'
4	4.28 (m, 1H)	67.85	H-3, H-5	C-2, C-5
5	3.48 (m, 1H)	72.13	H-4, H-6	C-1, C-4, C-6, C-7
6	4.00 (m, 1H)	75.82	H-5, H-7a, H-7b	C-4, C-5, C-7
7	3.76 (dd, 10.5, 2.1 Hz, H-7a)	68.94	Н-6	C-6
	3.66 (dd, 10.9, 2.4 Hz, H-7b)			
8	3.37 (m, H-8a)	66.25	H-9	C-1, C-9, C-10
	3.68 (m, H-8b)			

9	1.72 (m, H-9a, H-9b)	29.20	H-8, H-10	C-8, C-10
10	3.21 (t, 7.7 Hz, 2H)	48.30	H-9	C-8, C-9
1'	5.14 (d, 8.0 Hz, 1H)	102.39	H-2'	C-2', C-3', C-3
2'	5.75 (dd, 10.4, 7.9 Hz, 1H)	70.41	H-1', H-3'	C-1', C-3'
3'	5.57 (dd, 10.4, 3.4 Hz, 1H)	72.02	H-2' , H-4'	C-1', C-2', C-4', C-5'
4'	6.01 (d, 3.4 Hz, 1H)	68.08	H-3', H-5'	C-2', C-3',C-6'
5'	3.96 (m, 1H)	73.53	H-4', H-6'	C-1', C-6'
6'	3.97 (m, 1H)	69.61	H-5', H-7'	C-4', C-5', C-7'
7'	3.45 (m, H-7'a)	71.60	H-6'	C-5', C-6'
	3.47 (m, H-7'b)			

 Table 4. NMR spectra of compound 13b



position	¹ H (ppm)	¹³ C (ppm)	¹ H- ¹ H COSY	HMBC (H \rightarrow C)
1	4.81 (d, 7.4 Hz, 1H)	102.12	Н-2	C-3, C-5
2	4.26 (m, 1H)	71.83	H-1, H-3	C-3, C-4
3	3.43 (dd, 9.4, 3.1 Hz, 1H)	81.47	H-2, H-4	C-2, C-4, C-5
4	4.41 (m, 1H)	74.66	H-3, H-5	C-2, C-3, C-1'
5	3.79 (m, 1H)	72.24	H-4, H-6	C-1, C-3, C-6, C-7
6	4.23 (m, 1H)	74.96	H-5, H-7a, H-7b	C-5, C-7
7	3.66 m (H-7a)	66.29	H-6	C-5, C-6
	3.68 m (H-7b)			
1'	5.13 (d, 4.3 Hz, 1H)	104.11	H-2'	C-3', C-4', C-4
2'	4.24 (m, 1H)	80.45	H-1', H-3'	C-3', C-1"
3'	4.29 (m, 1H)	80.72	H-2', H-4'	C-1', C-2', C-4', C-5'
4'	3.98 (t, 5.4 Hz, 1H)	83.86	H-3', H-5'	C-1', C-3', C-5', C-6'
5'	3.74 (m, 1H)	75.77	H-4', H-6'	C-4', C-6'
6'	1.31 (d, 6.6 Hz, 3H)	15.32	H-5'	C-4', C-5'
1"	5.60 (d, 3.9 Hz, 1H)	98.85	H-2"	C-2', C-2"
2"	4.13 (m, 1H)	84.96	H-1", H-3"	C-1",C-3"
3"	4.25 (m, 1H)	81.89	H-2", H-4"	C-2", C-4"
4"	4.22 (m, 1H)	81.45	Н-3", Н-5"	C-3", C-5", C-6"
5"	5.52 (m, 1H)	75.77	H-4", H-6"	C-4", C-6"
6"	1.49 (d, 6.4 Hz, 3H)	16.43	H-5"	C-4", C-5"

Table 5. NMR spectra of compound 25



position	¹ H (ppm)	¹³ C (ppm)	¹ H- ¹ H COSY	HMBC (H \rightarrow C)
1	4.01 (d, 7.8 Hz, 1H)	103.62	H-2	C-2, C-5, C-8
2	3.45 (m, 1H)	79.24	H-1, H-3	C-1, C-3
3	3.60 (m, 1H)	80.39	H-2, H-4	C-2, C-1'
4	4.23 (m, 1H)	67.84	H-3, H-5	C-6
5	3.47 (m, 1H)	72.05	H-4, H-6	C-4
6	3.93 (m, 1H)	75.72	H-5, H-7a, H-7b	C-5, C-7
7	3.67 (dd, 10.5, 2.3 Hz, H-7a)	68.93	H-6, H-8	C-6
	3.60 (m, H-7b)			
8	3.63 (m, H-8a)	66.26	H-9	C-1, C-9
	3.33 (m, H-8b)			
9	1.68 (m, H-9a, H-9b)	48.36	H-8, H-10	C-8, C-10
10	3.18 (m, H-10a, H-10b)	29.22	H-9	C-9
1'	5.10 (d, 7.9 Hz, 1H)	101.99	H-2'	C-3', C-3
2'	5.67 (dd, 10.4, 7.8 Hz, 1H)	70.63	H-1', H-3'	C-1', C-3'
3'	5.58 (dd, 10.4, 3.4 Hz, 1H)	71.63	H-2', H-4'	C-2'
4'	6.04 (d, 3.4 Hz, 1H)	66.25	H-3', H-5'	C-2'
5'	3.89 (m, 1H)	72.83	H-4', H-6'	C-4', C-6'
6'	4.09 (d, 3.4 Hz, 1H)	72.83	H-5', H-7'	C-5', C-7', C-1"
7'	3.59 (m, H-7'a)	69.16	H-6'	C-6'
	3.39 (m, H-7'b)			
1"	4.78 (d, 7.9 Hz, 1H)	98.89	H-2"	C-6', C-5"
2"	5.43 (dd, 10.3, 7.8 Hz, 1H)	71.91	H-1", H-3"	C-1", C-3"
3"	3.81 (dd, 10.3, 2.8 Hz, 1H)	76.44	H-2", H-4"	C-2"
4"	4.16 (d, 2.8 Hz, 1H)	72.05	Н-3", Н-5"	C-2", C-3"
5"	3.57 (m, 1H)	72.49	H-4", H-6"	C-4", C-6"
6"	3.16 (m, 1H)	75.50	H-5", H-7"	C-5", C-7"
7"	3.11 (m, H-7"a)	66.20	H-6"	C-6"
	3.02 (m, H-7"b)			

Table 6. NMR spectra of compound 27



position	¹ H (ppm)	¹³ C (ppm)	¹ H- ¹ H COSY	HMBC (H \rightarrow C)
1	3.98 (d, 7.4 Hz, 1H)	103.07	Н-2	C-2
2	3.76 (m, 1H)	71.79	H-1, H-3	C-3
3	3.68 (m, 1H)	76.61	H-2, H-4	C-2, C-4, C-5, C-1'
4	4.23 (m, 1H)	72.12	H-3, H-5	C-2, C-5
5	3.41 (m, 1H)	72.52	H-4, H-6	C-1, C-4, C-6
6	3.90 (m, 1H)	73.38	H-5, H-7a, H-7b	C-5
7	3.76 (m, H-7a)	65.64	Н-6	C-6
	3.60 (m, H-7b)			
8	3.68 (m, H-8a)	66.45	H-9	C-1, C-9, C-10
	3.34 (m, H-8b)			
9	1.77 (m, H-9a, H-9b)	48.64	H-8, H-10	C-8, C-10
10	3.29 (m, H-10a, H-10b)	29.22	H-9	C-8, C-9
1'	4.82 (d, 7.04 Hz, 1H)	104.57	H-2'	C-2', C-3
2'	3.79 (m, 1H)	79.78	H-1', H-3'	C-3', C-1'
3'	3.32 (m, 1H)	82.41	H-2', H-4'	C-1', C-2', C-4'
4'	4.24 (m, 1H)	73.14	H-3', H-5'	C-5', C-2'
5'	3.68 (m, 1H)	72.52	H-4', H-6'	C-4',C-6'
6'	4.14 (m, 1H)	75.79	H-5', H-7'	C-5', C-1"
7'	3.62 (m, H-7'a)	67.07	H-6'	C-6'
	3.41 (m, H-7'b)			
1"	4.54 (d, 7.8 Hz, 1H)	98.70	H-2"	C-6', C-2"
2"	3.44 (m, 1H)	78.94	H-1", H-3"	C-1", C-3"
3"	3.45 (m, 1H)	82.47	H-2", H-4"	C-2", C4", C-1"
4"	4.19 (m, 1H)	67.83	H-3", H-5"	C-2"
5"	3.35 (m, 1H)	71.95	H-4", H-6"	C-1", C-4", C-6", C-7"
6"	3.77 (m, 1H)	75.49	H-5", H-7"	C-7"
7"	3.37 (m, H-7"a)	69.03	H-6"	C-6"
	3.26 (m, H-7"b)			
1'''	4.80 (d, 7.6 Hz, 1H)	103.07	H-2'''	C-4''',C-2''', C-3''
2""	5.63 (dd, 10.2, 8.8 Hz, 1H)	71.79	H-1''', H-3'''	C-1''', C-3'''
3'''	3.53 (dd, 10.3, 3.1 Hz, 1H)	76.61	H-2''', H-4'''	C-2''', C-4'''
4'''	4.55 (m, 1H)	72.12	Н-3''', Н-5'''	C-3''', C-5''',C-1 ^{IV}
5'''	3.64 (m, 1H)	72.52	H-4''', H-6'''	C-4''', C-6'''

6'''	3.77 (m, 1H)	73.38	H-5"', H-7"'	C-5''', C-7'''
7'''	3.26 (m, H-7""a, H-7""b)	65.64	H-6'''	C-6'''
1^{IV}	5.29 (d, 3.6 Hz, 1H)	105.14	$H-2^{IV}$	$C-2^{IV}$, $C-4^{IV}$
2^{IV}	4.48 (m, 1H)	74.63	$H-1^{IV}, H-3^{IV}$	C-1 ^{IV} , C-1 ^V , C-3 ^{IV}
3^{IV}	3.98 (m, 1H)	83.27	$H-2^{IV}$, $H-4^{IV}$	C-1 ^{IV} , C-2 ^{IV} , C-4 ^{IV}
4^{IV}	3.90 (m, 1H)	84.81	H-3 ^{IV} , H-5 ^{IV}	C-1 ^{IV} , C-3 ^{IV} , C-5 ^{IV}
5^{IV}	3.74 (m, 1H)	76.07	$H-4^{IV}$, $H-6^{IV}$	C-4 ^{IV}
$6^{\rm IV}$	1.11 (d, 6.2 Hz, 3H)	16.32	$H-5^{IV}$	$C-4^{IV}$, $C-5^{IV}$
1^{V}	6.09 (d, 4.2 Hz, 1H)	99.52	$H-2^{V}$	C-2 ^{IV} , C-2 ^V ,C-3 ^V
2^{v}	4.49 (m, 1H)	85.02	H-1 ^V , H-3 ^V	$C-1^{V}$
3^{V}	4.25 (m, 1H)	82.03	$H-2^{V}, H-4^{V}$	$C-2^{V}, C-4^{V}, C-5^{V}$
4^{V}	4.17 (m, 1H)	82.38	H-3 ^v , H-5 ^v	C-1 ^V , C-3 ^V , C-5 ^V , C-6 ^V
5^{V}	5.31 (m, 1H)	73.76	H-4 ^v , H-6 ^v	C-3 ^V , C-4 ^V , C-6 ^V
6 ^V	1.34 (d, 6.4 Hz, 3H)	16.29	$H-5^{V}$	$C-4^{V}, C-5^{V}$

Table 7. NMR spectra of compound 1



Position	¹ H (ppm)	¹³ C (ppm)	¹ H- ¹ H COSY	HMBC (H \rightarrow C)
1	4.48 (d, 7.9 Hz, 1H)	98.87	H-2	C-3, C-8
2	3.68 (m, 1H)	69.21	H-1, H-3	C-1, C-3
3	3.55 (m, 1H)	80.28	H-2, H-4	C-1, C-4, C-1'
4	4.34 (m, 1H)	64.76	H-3, H-5	C-3, C-5
5	3.53 (m, 1H)	65.97	H-4, H-6	C-6
6	3.93 (m, 1H)	70.54	H-5, H-7a, H-7b	C-5
7	3.83 (m, H-7a, H-7b)	60.35	Н-6	-
8	4.03 (m, H-8a)	65.22	Н-9	C-1, C-9, C-10
	3.79 (m, H-8b)			
9	2.00 (m, 2H)	24.33	H-8, H-10	C-8, C-10
10	3.14 (t, 6.9 Hz, 2H)	35.13	H-9	C-9
1'	4.64 (d, 7.1 Hz, 1H)	97.99	H-2'	C-3
2'	3.57 (m, 1H)	68.77	H-1', H-3'	C-1'
3'	3.70 (m, 1H)	67.29	H-4'	C-2', C-4', C-5'
4'	4.13 (m, 1H)	64.71	H-5'	C-2'
5'	3.89 (m, 1H)	66.02	H-4', H-6'	-
6'	4.09 (m, 1H)	72.29	H-5', H-7'	C-7',C-1"
7'	3.96 (m, H-7'a)	56.94	H-6'	C-6'

	3.71 (m, H-7'b)			
1"	4.65 (d, 7.8 Hz, 1H)	101.90	H-2"	C-6'
2"	3.73 (m, 1H)	69.14	H-1", H-3"	C-1", C-3", C-4"
3"	3.80 (m, 1H)	80.45	H-2", H-4"	C-1'''
4"	4.32 (m, 1H)	64.68	H-3", H-5"	C-5", C-3"", C-2"
5"	3.81 (m, 1H)	67.04	H-4"	C-6"
6"	3.69 (m, 1H)	70.24	H-7"	C-5"
7"	3.74 (m, H-7"a, H-7"b)	60.07	H-6"	-
1'''	4.62 (d, 7.8 Hz, 1H)	97.78	H-2'''	C-3"
2'''	3.64 (m, 1H)	68.35	H-1''', H-3'''	C-1''', C-3'''
3'''	3.62 (m, 1H)	70.41	H-2''', H-4'''	C-4''', C-5''',C-1 ^{IV}
4'''	4.14 (m, 1H)	75.73	Н-3''', Н-5'''	C-5''', C-6'''
5'''	3.91 (m, 1H)	68.18	H-4''', H-6'''	C-3'''
6'''	4.01 (m, 1H)	69.88	H-5''', H-7'''	C-5'''
7'''	3.67 (m, H-7""a, H-7""b)	60.19	Н-6'''	C-6'''
1^{IV}	5.25 (d, 4.6 Hz, 1H)	99.79	$H-2^{IV}$	C-3 ^{IV} , C-4 ^{IV} , C-4'''
2^{IV}	4.28 (m, 1H)	78.90	$H-1^{IV}$, $H-3^{IV}$	C-1 ^V , C-3 ^{IV}
3^{IV}	4.38 (m, 1H)	69.25	$H-2^{IV}$, $H-4^{IV}$	C-2 ^{IV}
$4^{\rm IV}$	3.72 (m, 1H)	81.28	$H-3^{IV}, H-5^{IV}$	C-3 ^{IV} , C-6 ^{IV}
5^{IV}	3.93 (m, 1H)	63.14	$H-4^{IV}$, $H-6^{IV}$	$C-4^{IV}$, $C-6^{IV}$
6^{IV}	1.27 (d, 6.5 Hz, 3H)	16.14	$H-5^{IV}$	$C-4^{IV}$, $C-5^{IV}$
1^{V}	5.17 (d, 4.0 Hz, 1H)	101.99	$H-2^{V}$	C-3 ^v , C-2 ^v ,C-4 ^v
2^{v}	4.16 (m, 1H)	71.68	H-1 ^V , H-3 ^V	C-1 ^V , C-3 ^V
3^{V}	4.15 (m, 1H)	73.97	$H-2^{\vee}$, $H-4^{\vee}$	C-5 ^V , C-2 ^V
4^{V}	3.66 (m, 1H)	82.17	H-3 ^V , H-5 ^V	C-2 ^V
5^{V}	3.95 (m, 1H)	65.28	$H-4^{\vee}, H-6^{\vee}$	C-4 ^V , C-6 ^V
6^{V}	1.24 (d, 6.6 Hz, 3H)	15.45	H-5 [∨]	C-4 ^V , C-5 ^V

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4. Copies of ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra
































































S74































































































































































































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