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# **Supporting Information for**

# Ruthenium-catalysed C-H/C-N bond activation: facile access to isoindolinones

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# **1. General Information**

Unless otherwise noted, materials were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. The solvents used were purified by distillation over the drying agents. All reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) on silica gel plates using UV light as visualizing agent (if applicable). Flash column chromatography was performed using 200-300 mesh silica gel. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded on 400/600 MHz spectrophotometers. Chemical shifts are reported in delta ( $\delta$  (ppm)) units in parts per million (ppm) relative to the singlet (0 ppm) for tetramethylsilane (TMS). Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, dd = doublet of doublets, m = multiplet), coupling constants (Hz) and integration. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on Varian Mercury 400 (100 MHz) with and 600 (150 MHz) complete proton decoupling spectrophotometers (CDCl<sub>3</sub>: 77.0 ppm).

# 2. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions

### 2.1 Screening of catalyst and solvent<sup>a</sup>

	$ \begin{array}{c}     0 \\                               $	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> (50 mol%) cat (2 mol%) solvent, 80 °C	<b>→</b>	O N-Ts 3a
entry	catalyst	solvent	base	yield $(\%)^b$
1	$[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$	HFIP	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	32
2	$[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$	TCE	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	0
3	$[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	<5
4	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	<sup>t</sup> AmOH	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	<5
5	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> OH	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	<5
6	$[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$	toluene	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	7
7	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	dioxane	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	<5
8	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub> CN	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	<5
9	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	DMF	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	0
10	[IrCp*Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	HFIP	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	8

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (0.3 mmol), catalyst (2 mol%), base (50 mol%), solvent (1.5 mL) at 80 °C for 16 h. <sup>*b*</sup>Yields determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as the internal standard. <sup>*t*</sup>AmOH = 2-methylbutan-2-ol. HFIP = hexafluoro-2-propanol. TCE = 2,2,2-trichloroethanol. TFE = 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol.

### 2.2 Screening of base and temperature<sup>a</sup>

	$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $		base (50 mo [Ru] (2 mol <sup>o</sup> HFIP, T °C		O / N-Ts
entry	catalyst	solvent	base	temperature (°C)	yield $(\%)^b$
1	$[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$	HFIP	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	80	32
2	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	HFIP	K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	80	<5
3	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	HFIP	KOAc	80	<5
4	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	HFIP	K <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	80	<5
5	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	HFIP	Cs <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	80	<5
6 <sup><i>c</i></sup>	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	HFIP	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	90	56
$7^d$	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	HFIP	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	100	75
8 <sup>e</sup>	[RuCl <sub>2</sub> ( <i>p</i> -cymene)] <sub>2</sub>	HFIP	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	100	88(91) <sup>f</sup>

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (0.3 mmol), catalyst (2 mol%), base (50 mol%), HFIP (1.5 mL) at the indicated reaction temperature for 16 h. <sup>*b*</sup>Yields determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as the internal standard. <sup>*c*</sup>At 90 °C. <sup>*d*</sup>At 100 °C. <sup>*e*</sup>**2a** (0.4 mmol) was used. <sup>*f*</sup>Isolated yield. <sup>*t*</sup>AmOH = 2-methylbutan-2-ol. HFIP = hexafluoro-2-propanol. TCE = 2,2,2-trichloroethanol. TFE = 2,2,2-trichloroethanol.

### 3. General Procedure and Spectral Data of the Products

# 3.1 General procedure for the synthesis of 3aa-za', 3ab-3ad, 5, 7, 9



**1a** (27.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), **2a** (141.6 mg, 0.4 mmol),  $[RuCl_2(p-cymene)]_2$  (2.45 mg, 0.004 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (10.6 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in HFIP (1.5 mL). Then, the mixture was stirred at 100°C for 16 h, as monitored by TLC analysis. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4:1) directly to give the desired product **3aa** in 91% isolated yield as a white solid. Other products **3ba-za'**, **3ab-ad**, **5**, **7**, **9** were prepared according to the above procedure.

### 3.2 General procedure for the synthesis of 10



To a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirrer bar was mixed with **3aa** (60.2 mg, 0.2 mmol) and anhydrous THF (5 mL). After cooling to 0 °C, the corresponding Grignard reagent PhMgBr (0.4 mmol) was added dropwise to the solution. Until TLC analysis showed the complete consumption of substrate (about 0.5 h), aqueous saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl was added to neutralize extra Grignard reagent. Next, the resulting mixture was extracted by EtOAc/H<sub>2</sub>O. Organic phase was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The resulting mixture was purified by chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5:1) to afford pure product **10** as a white soild (89% yield).

# 3.3 General procedure for the synthesis of compounds 12 and 13



Finely chopped sodium metal (70.0 mg, 3.04 mmol) and naphthalene (450 mg, 3.51mmol) were combined in a flame-dried Schlenk flask followed by the addition of DME (3 mL). The reaction was stirred for 2 h at room temperature under N<sub>2</sub> to provide a dark green solution. In a separate flame-dried Schlenk flask under N<sub>2</sub> was added **3ya** (57.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) and DME (1 mL) followed by cooling to -78 °C. Then, the Na-naphthalenide solution was slowly added to the cooled solution of **3ya** until a dark green color persisted for 5 min with stirring. The reaction was quenched by the addition of MeOH at -78 °C (until the dark green color had been completely discharged) and was then diluted with EtOAc (10 mL). The mixture was washed by brine (20 mL) and the combined organic fractions were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. Compound **12** was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane:EtOAc (1:1) in 48% isolated yield.

Isoindolin-1-one **12** (66.7 mg, 0.50 mmol) was dissolved in super-dry DMSO (2 mL), and Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (405 mg, 1.25 mmol), CuI (19.3 mg, 0.10 mmol) and N<sup>1</sup>, N<sup>2</sup>-dimethylethane-1, 2-diamine (9 mg, 11  $\mu$ L,

0.10 mmol) were added to the solution. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 min, after which 4-chloroiodobenzene (178.8 mg, 0.75mmol) was added. Then the mixture was heated to 120 °C. When TLC showed that isoindolin-l-one had been fully converted, the reaction was stopped. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (20 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL). The organic layer was combined and washed with brine (10 mL). Then the solution was dried over anhydrous MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated, and the crude residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel using *n*-hexane:EtOAc (10:1) to afford the title compound **13** in 40% yield.

### 3.4 Spectral data of the products 3aa-za', 3ab-ad, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, and 13

#### **Product 3aa**

Vield of **3aa**: 91% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) = 8.02 (d, J = N-Ts
8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.28 - 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 2.61 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)
δ (ppm) = 166.7, 145.0, 141.5, 139.5, 135.4, 133.3, 130.6, 129.7, 128.1, 127.3, 120.6, 49.1, 21.6, 17.4.
M.P.: 180.0 - 180.5 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 302.0845; found: 302.0845.

#### **Product 3ba**



Yield of **3ba**: 98% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) = 8.02 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 3.06 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.21 (t, *J* =

7.6 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 166.4, 146.0, 145.0, 141.7, 135.6, 133.6, 129.7, 128.9, 128.1, 126.7, 120.6, 49.1, 24.0, 21.6, 14.9. M.P.: 158.0 – 158.5 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 316.1002; found: 316.1001.

#### **Product 3ca**



Yield of **3ca**: 84% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.15 (m, 4H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =166.6, 145.1, 142.7, 141.7, 139.7, 135.5, 133.6, 130.0, 129.7, 129.2, 128.4, 128.1, 126.7, 126.2, 121.1, 49.0, 35.8, 21.6. M.P.: 180.0 – 180.5 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 378.1158; found: 378.1157.

#### **Product 3da**

Yield of **3da**: 55% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.19 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 3.32 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.87 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 166.3, 145.1, 143.5, 141.8, 141.4, 135.5, 133.4, 130.0, 129.8, 128.6, 128.2, 128.1, 127.0, 125.9, 121.0, 49.2, 37.2, 33.2, 21.7. M.P.: 164.0 – 165.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 392.1315; found: 392.1312.

#### **Product 3ea**

Ph O Yield of 3ea: 46% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) = 7.97 (d, J = 8.1 Mz, 2H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 3H), 7.43 - 7.37 (m, 4H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) = 165.2, 145.0, 142.6, 142.3, 136.5, 135.4, 133.4, 131.0, 129.7, 129.5, 128.2, 128.1, 127.9, 126.0, 122.1, 48.9, 21.6.
M.P.: 175.0 - 175.5 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 364.1002; found: 364.0999.

#### **Product 3fa**



Yield of **3fa**: 43% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.81 – 7.66 (m, 3H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.95 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 162.5, 145.5, 143.2, 134.8, 133.5, 129.8, 128.34,

128.28 (q, J = 34.9 Hz) 127.4, 127.2, 126.6 (q, J = 5.6 Hz), 122.1 (q, J = 271.9 Hz), 49.1, 21.7. M.P.: 184.0 – 184.5 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 356.0563; found: 356.0560.

### **Product 3ga**

Yield of **3ga**: 71% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.04 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.45 – 7.29 (m, 4H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 163.5, 145.4, 143.3, 135.0, 134.4, 132.9, 130.5, 129.8, 128.3, 126.4, 121.8, 48.6, 21.7. M.P.: 195.0 – 195.5 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClNO<sub>3</sub>S: 322.0299; found: 322.0298.

#### **Product 3ha**



Yield of **3ha**: 58% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.04 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 163.9, 145.4, 143.6, 135.0,

134.5, 133.8, 129.8, 128.3, 127.8, 122.4, 120.3, 48.3, 21.7. M.P.: 185.0 – 186.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z  $[M+H]^+$  calcd for  $C_{15}H_{12}BrNO_3S$ : 365.9794; found: 365.9792.

### **Product 3ia**

Yield of **3ia**: 34% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =8.02 (d, J =N-Ts 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (d, J =8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.49 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, J =8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =165.0, 145.4, 142.4, 140.4, 135.2, 129.8, 129.6, 128.7, 128.2, 126.3, 123.7, 49.3, 21.7. M.P.: 132.0 – 132.5 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M +Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClNO<sub>3</sub>S: 344.0119; found: 344.0114.

### **Product 3ja**



Yield of **3ja**: 46% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =8.02 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.70 – 7.58 (m, 3H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =165.2, 145.5, 142.5, 135.1, 132.5, 129.8,

129.2, 128.9, 128.1, 126.7, 126.4, 49.2, 21.7. M.P.: 142.0 – 142.5 °C. HRMS (EI):  $m/z \ [M + Na]^+$  calcd for  $C_{15}H_{12}BrNO_3S$ : 387.9613; found: 387.9611.

#### Product 3ka + 3ka<sup>,</sup>



Br 2 0 2

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm **3ka**) =8.04 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.41 – 7.34 (m, 3H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm **3ka**) =165.1, 145.5, 141.4, 136.7, 135.1, 132.3, 130.6, 129.8, 128.2, 123.9, 118.1, 77.0, 50.5, 21.7. M.P.: 150.0 – 150.5 °C. HRMS (EI): m/z [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for

C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>BrNO<sub>3</sub>S: 387.9613; found: 387.9606.

#### **Product 3la**



Yield of **3la**: 95% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.02 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J = 10.5, 8.1 Hz, 3H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.41 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 166.2, 145.1,

139.0, 138.3, 135.4, 135.0, 130.2, 129.7, 128.0, 124.9, 123.0, 49.6, 21.6, 21.2. M.P.: 183.0 – 184.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z  $[M+H]^+$  calcd for  $C_{16}H_{15}NO_3S$ : 302.0845; found: 302.0845.

#### **Product 3ma**

#### **Product 3na**

OYield of **3na**: 50% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) = 8.02 (d, J =N-Ts8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H),

4.85 (s, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 166.1, 145.1, 141.4, 135.4, 129.9, 129.7 (overlap), 128.0, 127.5, 124.8, 123.6, 49.6, 22.0, 21.6. M.P.: 190.0 – 190.8 °C. HRMS (ESI):  $m/z [M + H]^+$  calcd for  $C_{16}H_{15}NO_3S$ : 302.0845; found: 302.0844.

#### **Product 3oa**



Yield of **3oa**: 52% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.02 Ts (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.66 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.60 (p, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.34(dd, J = 15, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 0.94 - 0.90 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 166.1, 150.1, 145.1, 141.4, 135.5,

129.7, 129.4, 128.1, 127.8, 124.9, 123.0, 49.7, 36.1, 33.4, 22.2, 21.7, 13.8. M.P.: 104.0 - 105 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 344.1315; found: 344.1313.

#### **Product 3pa**



Yield of **3pa**: 32% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.11 (s, 1H), 8.07 – 7.98 (m, 4H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 3.09 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 164.2, 145.8, 145.5, 141.7, 134.9, 134.7, 129.9, 128.2, 128.0, 126.3, 123.1, 49.7, 44.4, 21.7. M.P.: 241.0 – 242.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup>

calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: 366.0464; found: 366.0466.

#### **Product 3qa**

Yield of **3qa**: 75% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.01 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (dd, J = 12.8, 7.9 Hz, 3H), 7.16 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (s, 2H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 167.1,

144.9, 139.2, 138.1, 138.0, 135.5, 134.9, 129.6, 128.1, 127.0, 120.1, 48.5, 21.6, 19.1, 13.1. M.P.: 159.5 -160.0 °C. HRMS (ESI):  $m/z [M + H]^+$  calcd for  $C_{17}H_{17}NO_3S$ : 316.1002; found: 316.1001.

### **Product 3ra**

Yield of **3ra**: 91% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.02 (d, J MeO = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz,

1H), 4.78 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 166.9, 157.9, 145.0, 135.5, 132.8, 129.7, 128.1, 128.1, 120.8, 115.6, 56.1, 48.4, 21.6, 9.6. M.P.: 170.5 – 171.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S: 332.0951; found: 332.0950.

#### **Product 3sa**

Yield of **3sa**: 82% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.02 (d, *J* = 0.05 M, N-Ts = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 2.67 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 165.9, 145.3, 139.9, 137.6, 135.6, 135.2, 134.0, 129.8, 128.8, 128.2, 121.5, 48.4, 21.7, 13.6. M.P.: 187.5 – 188.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClNO<sub>3</sub>S: 336.0456; found: 336.0455.

#### **Product 3ta**

Yield of **3ta**: 48% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.04 (d, J =8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J =7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J =13.5, 7.9 Hz, 3H), 4.76 (s, 2H), 2.51 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 164.8, 145.2, 143.9, 141.1, 135.1, 134.5, 130.4, 129.8, 128.3, 122.6, 97.7, 47.1, 27.9, 21.7. M.P.: 178.0 – 179.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>INO<sub>3</sub>S: 427.9812; found: 427.9810.

#### **Product 3ua**

Yield of **3ua**: 94% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.01 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.64 – 6.83 (m, 4H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =165.7, 145.2, 143.0, 141.2, 139.6, 135.3, 130.9, 129.8, 128.1, 126.0, 121.0, 48.7, 21.6, 17.2. M.P.: 188.5 – 189.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClNO<sub>3</sub>S: 336.0456; found: 336.0453.

### **Product 3va**

O  
N-TsYield of 
$$3va : 94\%$$
 as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.01 (d, JBr= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.39 - 7.31 (m, 3H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 165.8, 145.2, 143.1, 141.3, 135.2, 133.8,

129.8, 128.2, 128.1, 126.4, 123.9, 48.6, 21.6, 17.2. M.P.: 190.0 – 190.5 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z  $[M+H]^+$  calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>BrNO<sub>3</sub>S: 379.9951; found: 379.9951.

#### **Product 3wa**

Yield of **3wa**: 57% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.01 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 4.77 (s, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =166.3,

164.2, 159.8, 145.7, 144.7, 135.7, 129.6, 128.2, 110.8, 99.0, 98.7, 55.9, 55.9, 49.2, 21.6. M.P.: 157.0 – 158.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S: 348.0901; found: 348.0900.

#### **Product 3xa**

Yield of **3xa**: 72% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.03 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H).<sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 165.8, 145.3, 139.4, 138.1, 135.2, 133.0, 132.2, 129.8, 129.0, 128.1, 126.6, 48.3, 21.7, 16.9. M.P.: 194.0 – 195.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClNO<sub>3</sub>S:336.0456; found: 336.0455.

#### **Product 3ya**

Yield of **3ya**: 56% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl3) δ (ppm) = 8.03 (d, J = N-Ts
8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H).<sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl3) δ (ppm)
= 166.1, 145.2, 141.0, 135.3, 133.8, 130.1, 129.7, 128.8, 128.1, 125.0, 123.3, 49.8, 21.6. M.P.: 210.0 - 211.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 288.0689; found: 288.0687.

### **Product 3za**

Yield of **3za**: 65% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.00 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 3.14 (s, 2H), 2.77 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.76 (t, J = 3.4 Hz, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 166.9, 144.9, 139.4, 138.6, 138.2, 135.5, 134.8, 129.6, 128.1, 126.8, 119.9, 48.9, 29.4, 24.9, 22.4, 22.0, 21.6. M.P.: 194.0 – 194.6 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 342.1158;

found: 342.1157.

#### Product 3za'

Yield of 3za': 59% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) = 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 5.06 (s, 2H),
2.42 (s, 3H). 13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) = 166.0, 145.3, 136.1, 135.4, 134.8, 132.8, 129.8, 128.8, 128.2, 128.0, 127.8, 126.9, 126.4, 126.1, 122.3, 49.7, 21.7. M.P.: 221.0 – 220.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 338.0845; found: 338.0843.

#### **Product 3ab**



Yield of **3ab**: 92% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.09 – 8.03 (m, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s,

9H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 166.7, 157.8, 141.6, 139.6, 135.4, 133.3, 130.6, 127.9, 127.4, 126.2, 120.6, 49.2, 35.2, 31.0, 17.5. M.P.: 210.0 – 210.2 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 344.1315; found: 344.1314.

#### **Product 3ac**



Yield of **3ac**: 85% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) = 8.14 - 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.58 - 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.31 - 7.18 (m, 3H), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.62 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) =166.8, 141.5, 140.7, 139.7, 136.8, 133.6, 130.7, 129.6, 129.4, 127.1, 120.7, 49.2, 17.5. M.P.: 187.0 – 188 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClNO<sub>3</sub>S: 322.0299; found: 322.0300.

### **Product 3ad**



Yield of **3ad**: 61% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =8.22 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.63 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ (ppm) =166.8, 153.1, 141.5, 139.8, 136.5, 133.6, 130.8, 130.5, 127.1, 120.8, 120.7, 120.1 (q, *J* = 255 Hz), 49.2, 17.5. M.P.: 184.0 – 184.5 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S: 372.0512; found: 372.0514.

#### **Product 5**



Yield of **5**: 43% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.04 – 7.99 (m, 2H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.81 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.18 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 6H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.80 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 166.1, 159.1, 145.2,

141.9, 139.1, 136.6, 135.4, 135.2, 132.0, 131.6, 130.1, 129.8, 128.2, 127.3, 126.8, 126.0, 125.9, 125.8, 124.8, 122.2, 112.1, 55.2, 49.7, 40.5, 37.2, 37.1, 29.0, 21.7. M.P.: 273.0 – 274.0 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>35</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S: 578.2360; found: 578.2353.

**Product 7** 



Yield of **7**: 46% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) = 8.10 – 7.98 (m, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 5.80 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H), 1.70 (s, 4H),

1.30 (s, 6H), 1.27 (s, 6H).<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 165.9, 149.0, 147.2, 145.1, 144.7, 142.5, 141.3, 137.6, 135.5, 132.5, 129.7, 129.1, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.4, 124.9, 121.2, 117.9, 49.8, 35.1, 35.1, 34.0, 33.9, 31.9, 31.8, 21.6, 19.9. M.P.: 209.0 – 209.8 °C HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>35</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 514.2410; found: 514.2410.

**Product 9** 



Yield of 9: 52% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.47 – 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 3H), 7.32 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.88

(s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 168.1, 145.3, 144.0, 142.5, 140.4, 135.6, 135.4, 132.0 (q, J = 32.0 Hz), 130.0, 129.8, 128.0, 124.1, 123.8 (q, J = 270.9 Hz), 120.1 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 117.5 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 113.6, 112.7, 111.0, 49.8, 21.7. M.P.:189.0 – 190 °C. HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>17</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S: 447.0985; found: 447.0982.

#### Product 10



Yield of **10**: 89% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =7.62 (dd, J = 13.5, 7.8 Hz, 5H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td, J =13.1, 12.2, 7.5 Hz, 5H), 3.84 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) =199.9, 143.2, 139.2, 136.8, 136.5, 134.8, 134.1, 133.5, 130.1, 129.6, 129.5, 129.4, 128.9, 127.5, 127.1, 77.3, 76.7, 45.4, 21.5, 19.7. M.P.: 112.0 – 112.5 °C HRMS (ESI): m/z [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S: 380.1315; found: 380.1314.

### Product 12

NH

Yield of **12**: 48% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) =7.90 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 4.49 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm) =171.9, 143.6, 132.0, 131.8, 128.0, 123.8, 123.2, 45.7.

#### Product 13



Yield of 13: 40% as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 7.90 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 - 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.81 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm)

=167.5, 139.8, 138.1, 132.9, 132.3, 129.4, 129.1, 128.5, 124.1, 122.6, 120.3, 50.6.

### 4. Mechanistic studies



Scheme 1 Control experiments

2-methylbenzoate 14 proved to be ineffective for this catalytic system, which demonstrated the importance of the carboxylate group in this reaction. In the absence of base, 2-methylbenzoic acid 1a failed to react with bis(tosylamido)methane 2a. Under the standard conditions, sodium 2-methylbenzoate 15 participated in this transformation smoothly to give the expected product 3aa in 64% yield. These results indicate the important role of Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> in this reaction.



2a (70.8 mg, 0.2 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (10.6 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in HFIP (1.5 mL) in the presence or absence of [RuCl<sub>2</sub>(*p*-cymene)]<sub>2</sub> (2.45 mg, 0.004 mmol). Then, the mixture was stirred at  $100^{\circ}$ C for 5 h. The reaction mixture was detected by HRMS.

Both byproduct TsNH<sub>2</sub> ( $[M + Na]^+$  found 194.0251) and formaldimine species ( $[M + Na]^+$  found 206.0247) were detected by HRMS. These results suggested that the acidic solvent HFIP may promote the decomposition process of bis(tosylamido)methane 2a to reactive formaldimine intermediate.



**1a** (13.6 mg, 0.1 mmol), **[D]-1a** (14.3 mg, 0.1 mmol), and **2a** (141.6 mg, 0.4 mmol), [RuCl<sub>2</sub>(*p*-cymene)]<sub>2</sub> (2.45 mg, 0.004 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (10.6 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in HFIP

(1.5 mL). Then, the mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 3 h. Yields determined by 1H NMR spectroscopy using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as the internal standard:  $k_H/k_D = 1.12$ :1.



**1a** (27.2 mg, 0.2 mmol) or **[D]-1a** (28.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), and **2a** (141.6 mg, 0.4 mmol),  $[\text{RuCl}_2(p\text{-cymene})]_2$  (2.45 mg, 0.004 mmol) and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (10.6 mg, 0.1 mmol) were dissolved in HFIP (1.5 mL), respectively. Then, the mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 3 h. Yields determined by 1H NMR spectroscopy using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as the internal standard:  $k_H/k_D = 1.04$ :1.

There are no significant kinetic isotope effects (KIE) in both competitive ( $k_H/k_D = 1.12:1$ ) and parallel ( $k_H/k_D = 1.04:1$ ) reactions, indicating the ruthenium-catalyzed C-H bond activation may not be the rate-determining step in this transformation.

# 5. X-Ray structure of 3aa





CCDC number: 2039860

# 6. NMR Spectra of products 3aa-3za', 3ab-3ad, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of product 3aa





# <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of product 3da







-0.00

# <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of product 3ea



















# <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of product 3ka + 3ka'











# $^1\text{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of product 3na



# $^1\text{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra of product 30a





 $\frac{1}{70}$ 











<sup>1</sup> H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) and <sup>13</sup> C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) spectra of product 3ua						
	$ < \frac{8.02}{8.00} $	L 7.36 L 7.34 L 7.20 L 7.20	- 4.83	- 2.58	- 0.00	





Ì 





# $^1\text{H}$ NMR (600 MHz, CDCl\_3) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectra of product 3wa









# <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of product 3za





i <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of product 3za<sup>,</sup>











# $^1\text{H}$ NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) and $^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectrum of product 5

8.36 8.07 8.07 8.07 8.01 8.01 7.22 7.53 7.53 7.53 7.53 7.53 7.53 7.53 7.53	5.07	3.91	2.42 2.18 2.17 2.10 2.10 1.80 1.56	-0.00
		l l	$\langle \vee \rangle / \rangle$	





 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\_3) and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\_3) spectrum of product 7







- 0.00





<sup>1</sup> H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) and <sup>13</sup> C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) spectrum of product 10					
7.55 7.61 7.63 7.61 7.59 7.740 7.740 7.740 7.731 7.740 7.731 7.728 7.731 7.728 7.728	7.19 7.19 7.16 7.16 3.85 3.85		- 2.02 - 1.60	000	







