

Supplementary Information

Systematic Investigation of Magneto-Electronic Structure and Optical Properties of New Halide Double Perovskites $\text{Cs}_2\text{NaMCl}_6$ ($M=\text{Mn, Co}$ and Ni) by Spin Polarized Calculations

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Structural Parameters

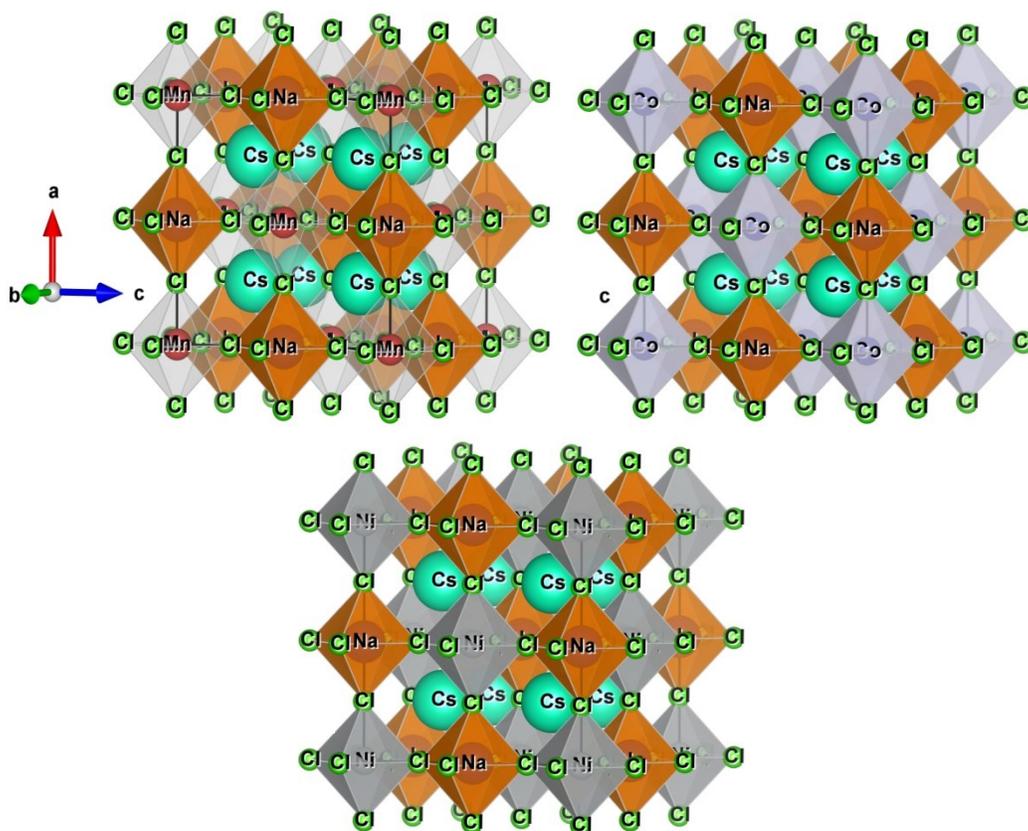


Fig. S1: Structural representation of $\text{Cs}_2\text{NaM}(\text{Mn, Co, Ni})\text{Cl}_6$ alloys. The Na and transition atoms are engulfed by octahedra of Cl-atoms while as Cs atom is enclosed by cubo-octahedra of 12-Cl atoms

Band Structure

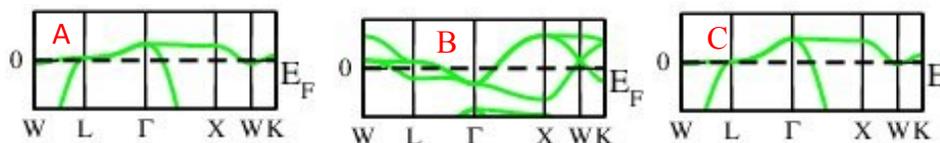


Fig. S2: Zoomed band structure in vicinity of Fermi level for (A) $\text{Cs}_2\text{NaMnCl}_6$ -up; (B) $\text{Cs}_2\text{NaCoCl}_6$ -dn (C) $\text{Cs}_2\text{NaNiCl}_6$ -up reflect the metallic nature of alloys. The crossing over of Fermi level by bands reflects the metallic character in the respective channels.

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Optical Properties

The interaction of light with matter can be revealed by analyzing the nature of the extinction coefficient $k(\omega)$ and refractive index $n(\omega)$. The variation to refractive index $n(\omega)$ with photon energy is depicted through Fig. S3(A) and the behaviour of extinction coefficients $k(\omega)$ is represented through Fig. S3(B). The variation of refractive index (n) and extinction coefficients (k) with photon energy replicates the character of real and imaginary dielectric constants, respectively.

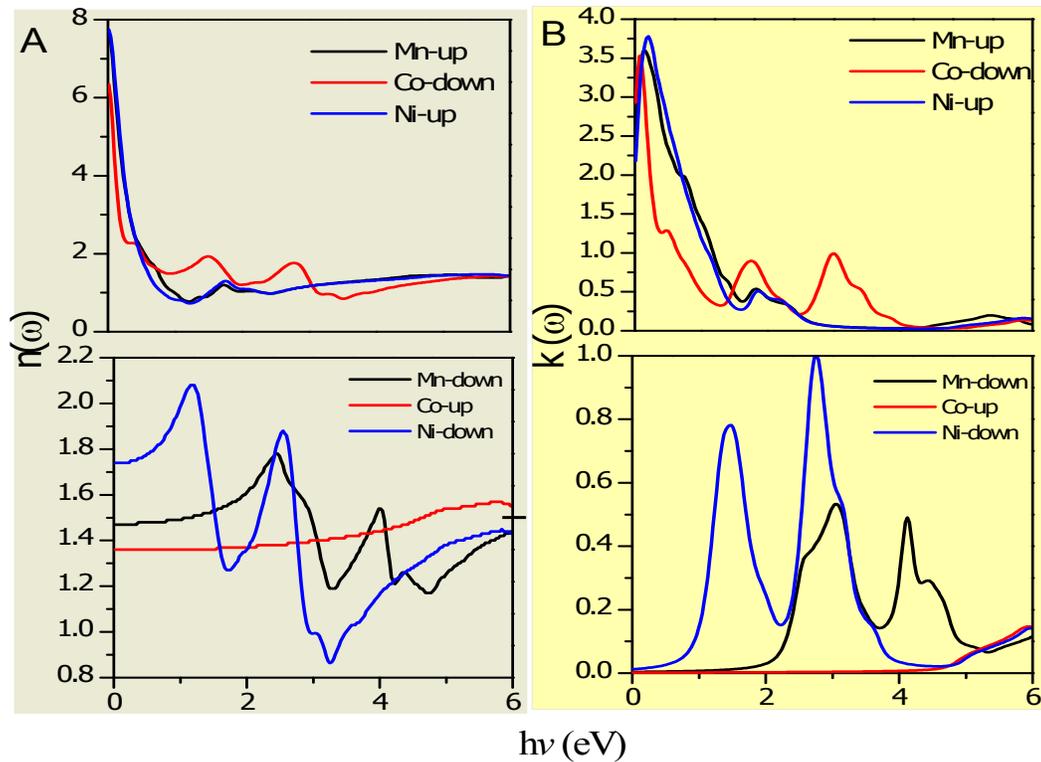


Fig. S3: Variation in reflection coefficient and extinction coefficient with photon energy (A) reflection coefficient; (B) extinction coefficient

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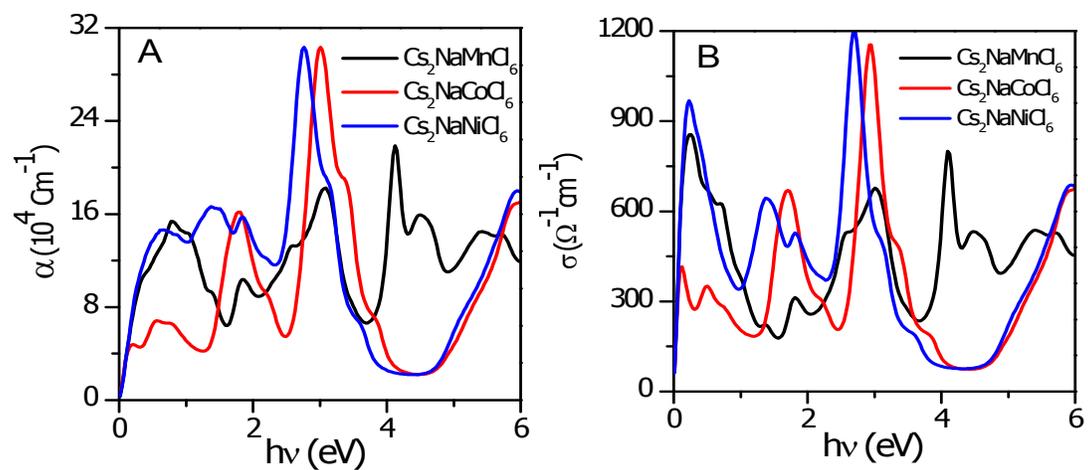


Fig. S4: (A) Total absorption power; (B) Total conductivity without considering inter-channel transitions of Cs₂NaMCl₆ double perovskites