

A green approach for enhancing hydrophobicity of UiO-66(Zr) catalysts for biodiesel production at 298 K

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Table S1. Texture and crystallinity features of UiO-66(Zr)-green, 10SA/ UiO-66(Zr).

Samples	Crystallinity degree (%)	Crystallite size (D_{nm})	^ATotal acidity (sites/g)	^BAcid site density (sites/m²)
UiO-66(Zr)-green	86.47	536.586	3.80	5.42
10SA/ UiO-66(Zr)	84.43	133.72	4.26	3.70

^ATotal acidity x10²¹, ^B acid sites density x10¹⁸.

Table S2. Textural and physicochemical properties of various samples.

Samples	Content of stearic acid (%)^a	BET surface area (m² g⁻¹)	Langmuir surface area (m² g⁻¹)	Pore volume (cm³ g⁻¹)
UiO-66(Zr)-green	--	701	945	0.68
10SA/ UiO-66(Zr)	10	1150	1489	0.92
10SA/ UiO-66(Zr)-solvent	10	649	933	0.49

^aAddition amount of stearic acid.

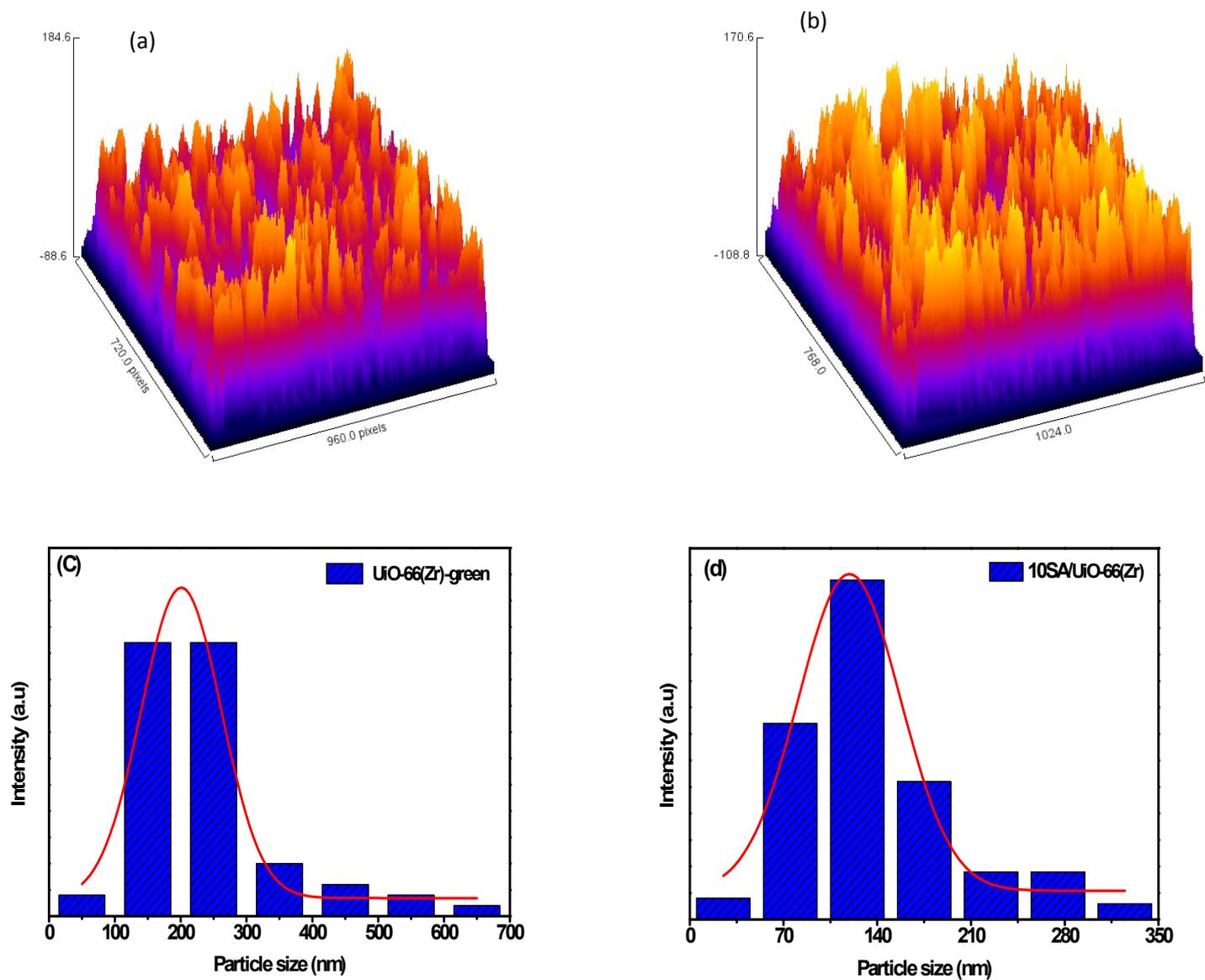


Fig. S1. The plot of surface roughness for UiO-66(Zr)-green (a), 10SA/UiO-66(Zr) (b) and the particle size distribution for UiO-66(Zr)-green (c) and 10SA/UiO-66(Zr) (d).

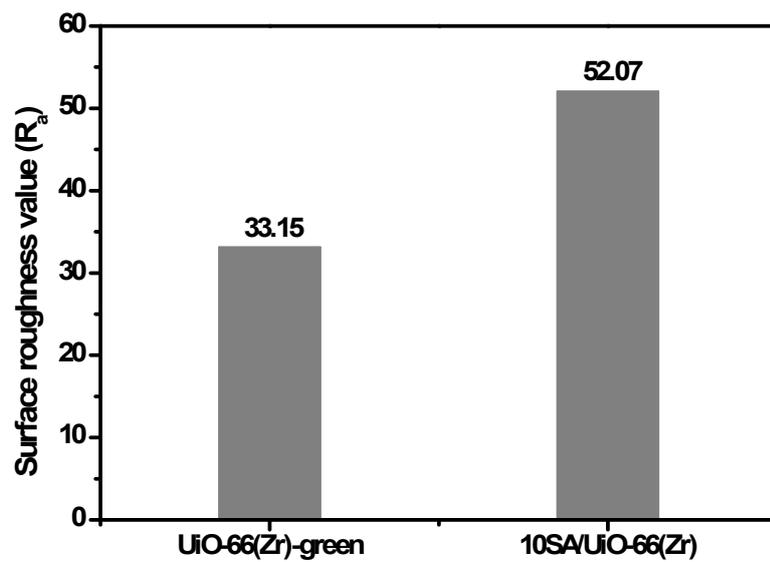


Fig. S2. Surface roughness value (R_a) for UiO-66(Zr)-green and 10SA/ UiO-66(Zr).

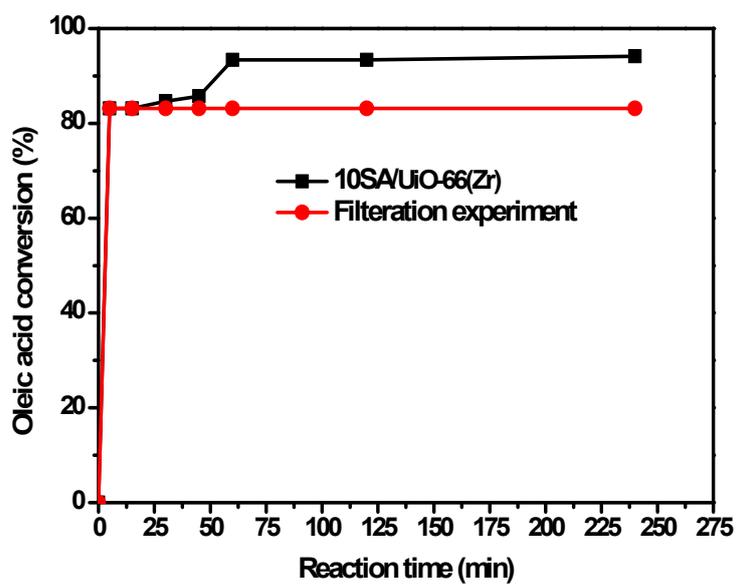


Fig. S3. Leaching test about 10SA/UiO-66(Zr) in the reaction of oleic acid with methanol.

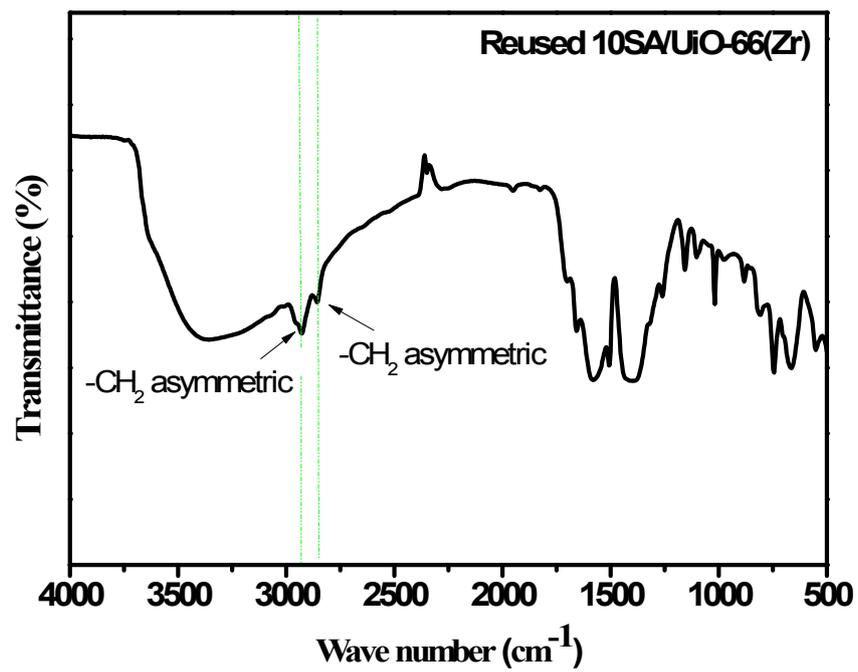


Fig. S4. FT-IR spectroscopy of the reused 10SA/UiO-66(Zr) catalyst.