

Bio-inspired NHC-organocatalyzed Stetter reaction in aqueous conditions.

Mégane Debiais^a, Aladin Hamoud^a, Reihana Drain^a, Philippe Barthélémy^a and Valérie Desvergnès^{a*}

^a Univ. Bordeaux, CNRS, INSERM, ARNA, UMR 5320, U1212, F-33000 Bordeaux, France

ChemBioPharm Team, 146 rue Leo Saignat, UFR Pharmacie, 3ième tranche, 4ième étage 33076
Bordeaux cedex-France

*valerie.desvergnès@u-bordeaux.fr, +33 557571176

I -Synthesis of the thiazolium salts 8 , 26 and 27	S2
II- Stetter reaction in water at 40°C and 95°C	S3
III- Study of the influence of the catalytic loading	S4
IV- General procedure for the Stetter reaction from the benzoin substrate	S5
V- Pictures of the heterogeneous reaction medium highlighting the formation of organic droplets.	S5
 Spectra	 S6-S31

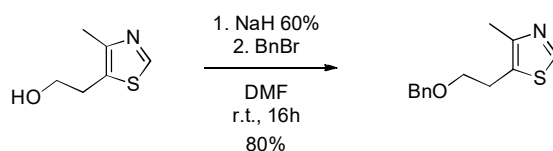
All reagent-grade chemicals were obtained from commercial suppliers and were used as received, unless otherwise stated. Milli-Q[®] water was used to perform Stetter reaction in water.

¹H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR were recorded on a Bruker Avance 300 (¹H: 300 MHz, ¹³C: 75.46 MHz) spectrometer using CDCl₃ as internal reference and at 293K. FT-IR spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer FT spectrometer Spectrum two (UATR two). HRMS were recorded with a Waters Q-TOF 2 spectrometer in the electrospray ionization (ESI) mode, a Bruker maxis 4G or Thermo Fisher Q-Exactive. Yields refer to chromatographically and spectroscopically (¹H-NMR) homogeneous materials, unless otherwise stated. Analytical thin layer chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 F254 pre-coated plates (Merck) with visualization by ultraviolet light, potassium permanganate or sulfuric acid. Flash chromatography was performed on silica gel (0.043-0.063 mm).

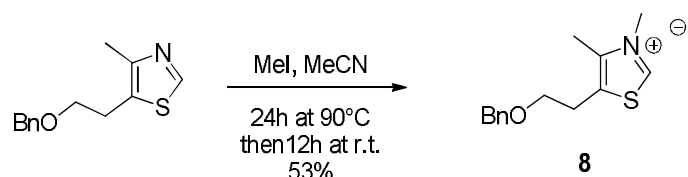
I -Synthesis of the thiazolium salts

Two-step sequence synthesis of 8

Step1: synthesis of 5-methyl-4-[2-(phenylmethoxy)ethyl]-thiazole

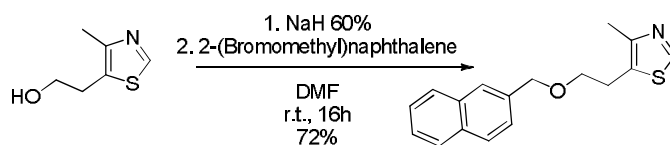


Step 2: Synthesis of 1,5-dimethyl-4-[2-(phenylmethoxy)ethyl]-thiazolium iodide

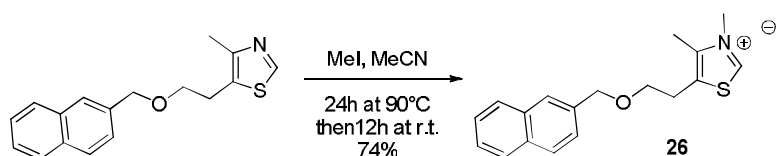


Two-step sequence synthesis of 26

Step1

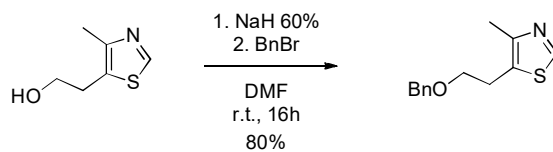


Step 2

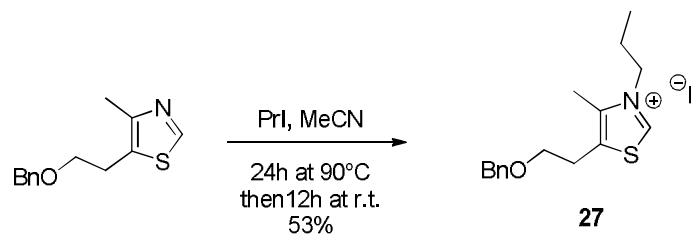


Two-step sequence synthesis of 27

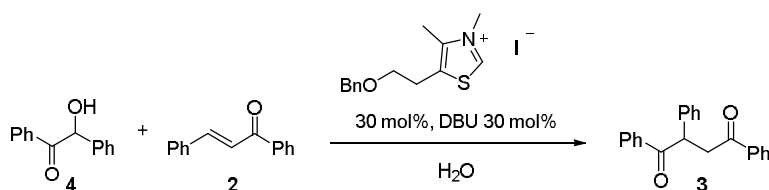
Step1: synthesis of 5-methyl-4-[2-(phenylmethoxy)ethyl]-thiazole



Step 2: Synthesis of 1-propyl-5-methyl-4-[2-(phenylmethoxy)ethyl]-thiazolium iodide



II- Stetter reaction in water at 40°C and 95°C



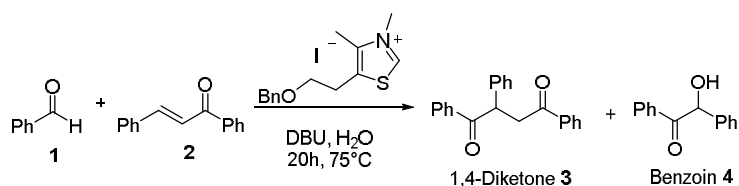
Ratios at 40°C

Reaction time (h)	Benzoin 4 (%)	1,4-diketone 3 (%)	PhCHO 1 (%)
0	0	0	100
2	71	25	4
6	71	25	4
15	64	31	4
24	63	32	4
36	59	37	3
48	52	45	3
72	42	55	3

Ratios at 95°C

Reaction time (h)	Benzoin 4 (%)	1,4-diketone 3 (%)	PhCHO 1 (%)
0	0	0	100
0,25	38	45	16
0,5	37	51	13
1	29	57	13
2	27	60	11
4	27	64	8
6	13	79	8
8	9	85	6

III- Study of the influence of the catalytic loading

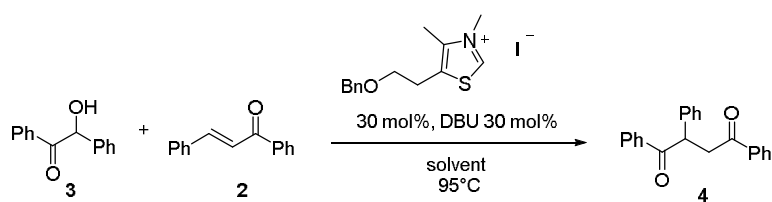


The influence of catalytic loading was explored according to the table below from 10% to 30% following the general procedure for Stetter reaction in water.

Entry	Catalyst loading	Conversion ^{a)}	Diketone ^{b)}	Benzoin ^{b)}
1	10 mol %	65%	63%	10%
2	20 mol %	72%	69%	9%
3	30 mol %	75%	74%	6%

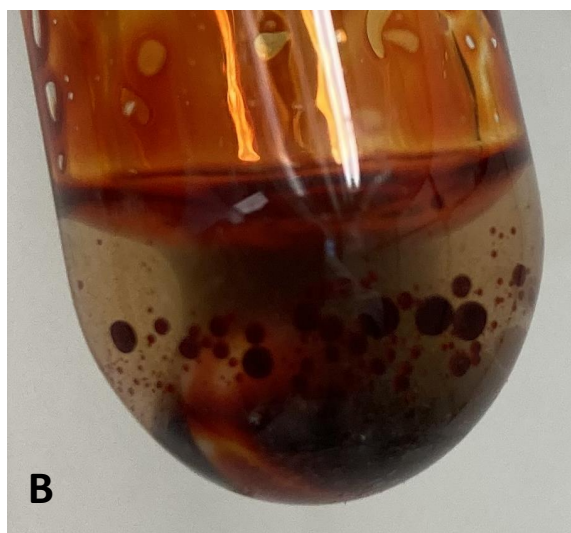
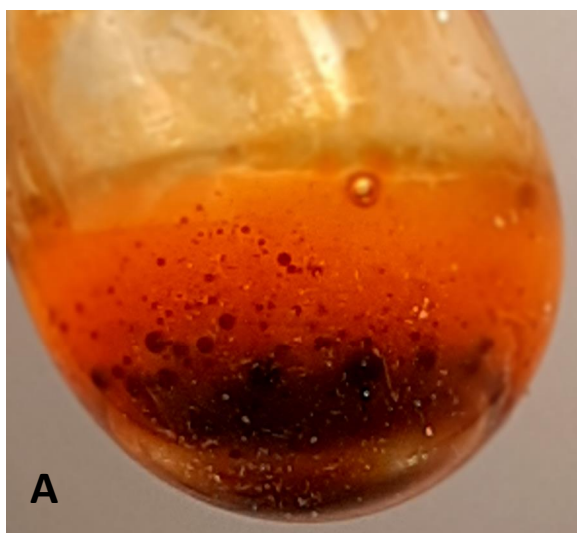
^{a)} Based on the quantity of chalcone limiting reagent remaining. ^{b)} Yields calculated after purification by flash chromatography on silica-gel.

IV- General procedure for the Stetter reaction starting from benzoin substrate

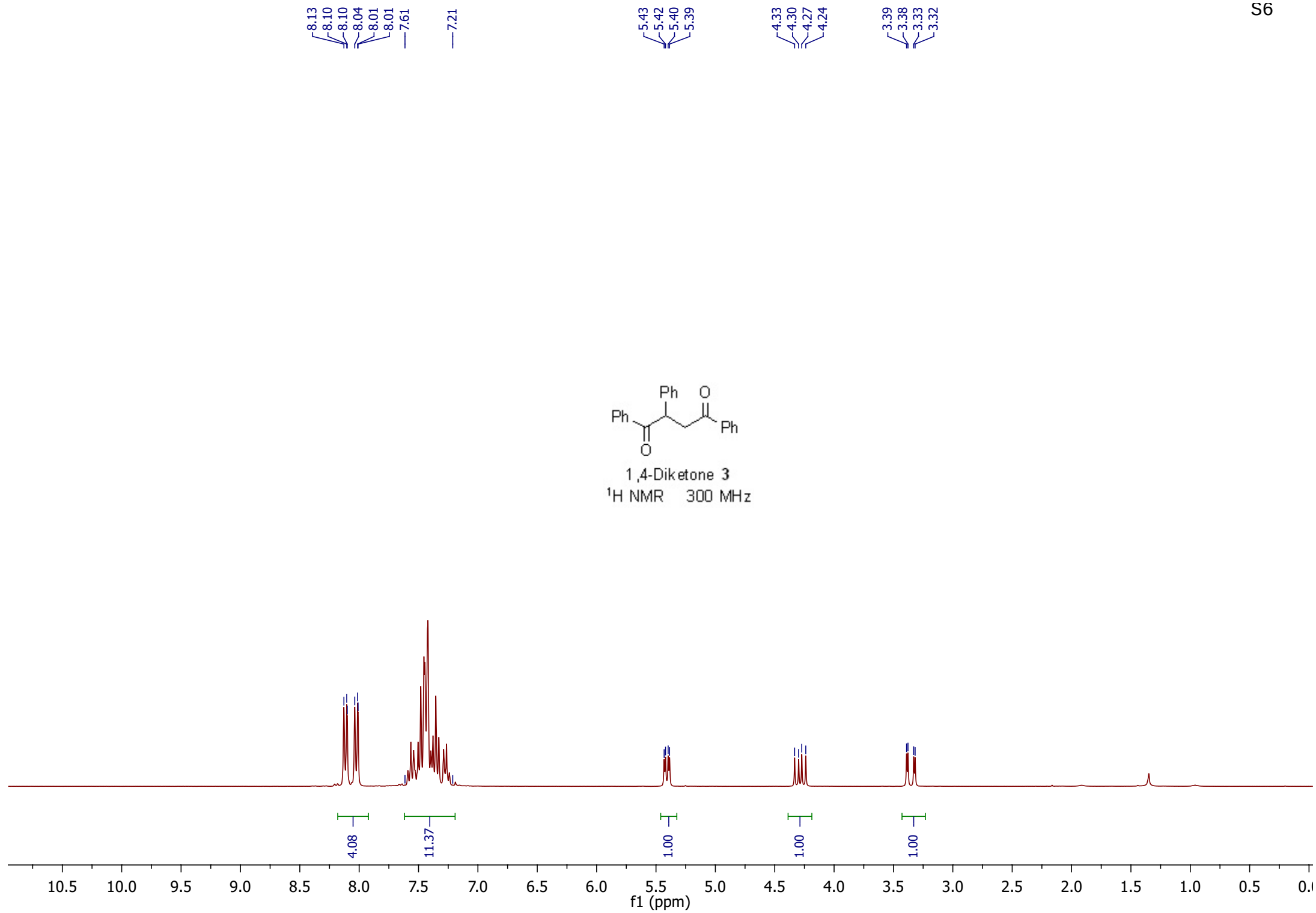


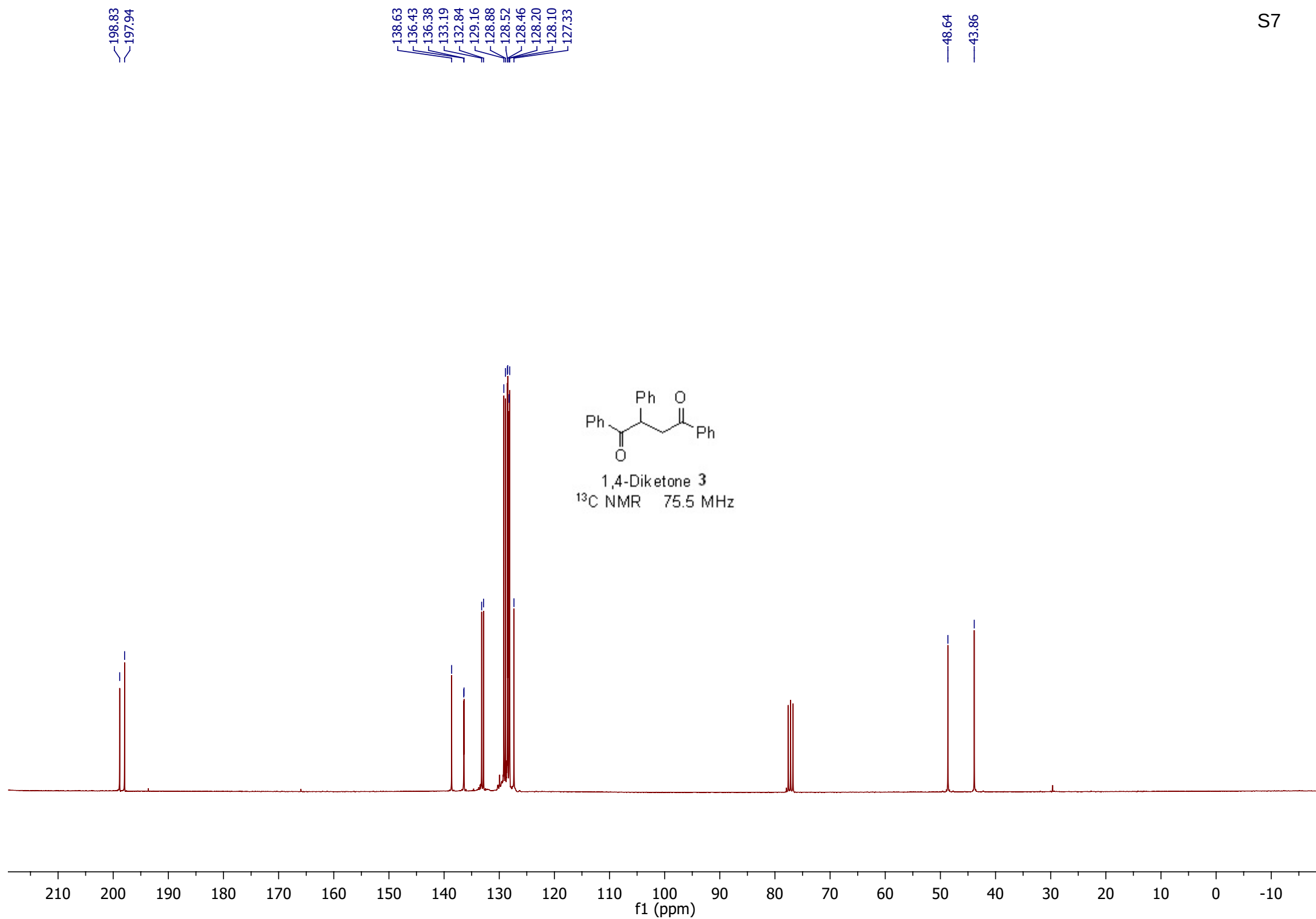
Entry	Reaction time	Solvent	Benzoin	diketone	PhCHO
1	2h	H ₂ O	75%	24%	1%
2	2h	THF	12%	82%	6%
3	6h	H ₂ O	69%	26%	5%
4	6h	THF	2%	95%	3%
5	15h	H ₂ O	59%	34%	7%
6	15h	THF	0%	98%	2%
7	24h	H ₂ O	52%	40%	8%
8	24h	THF	0%	100%	0%

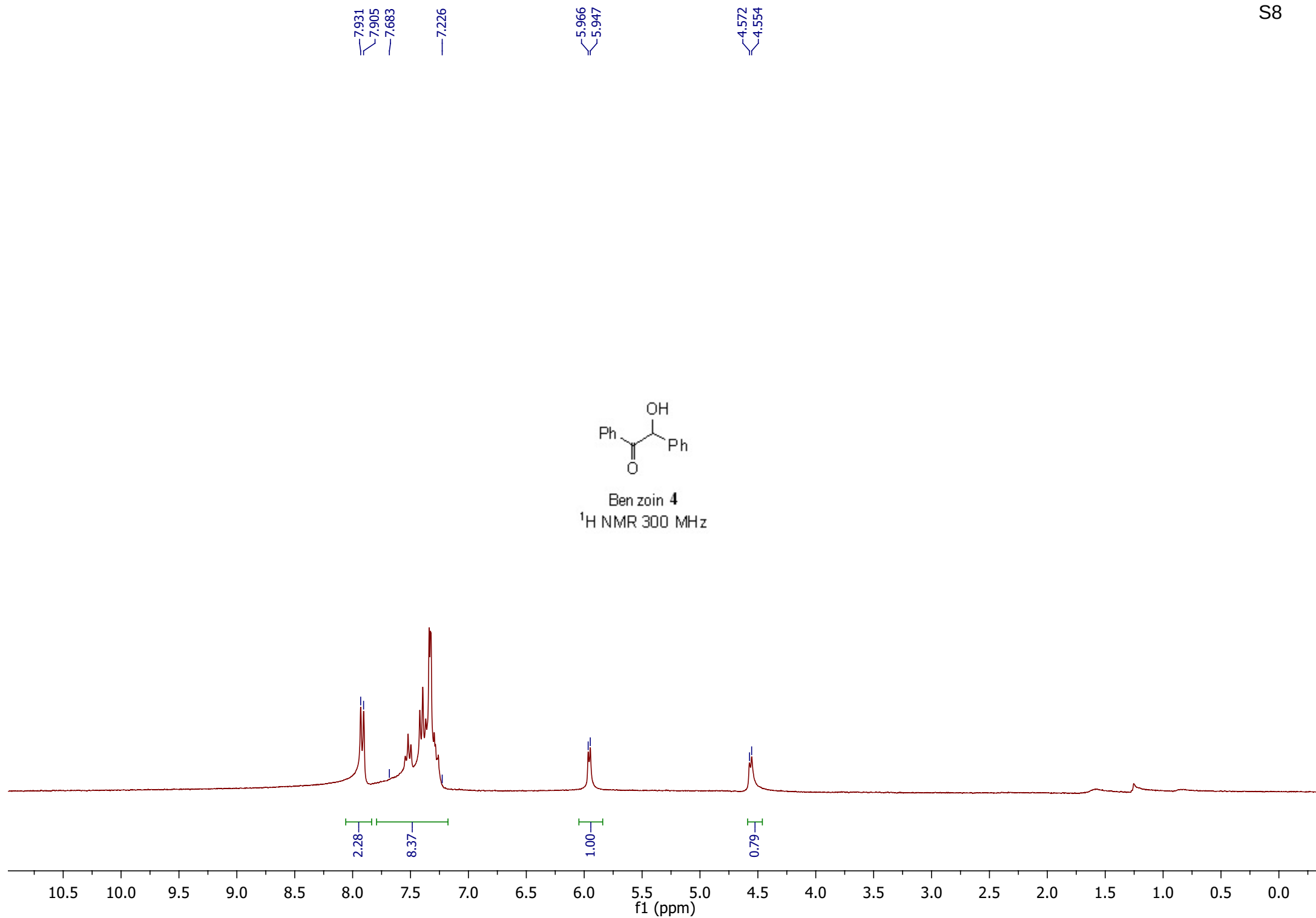
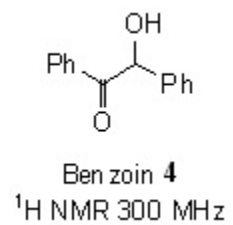
V- Pictures of the heterogeneous reaction medium highlighting the formation of organic droplets.

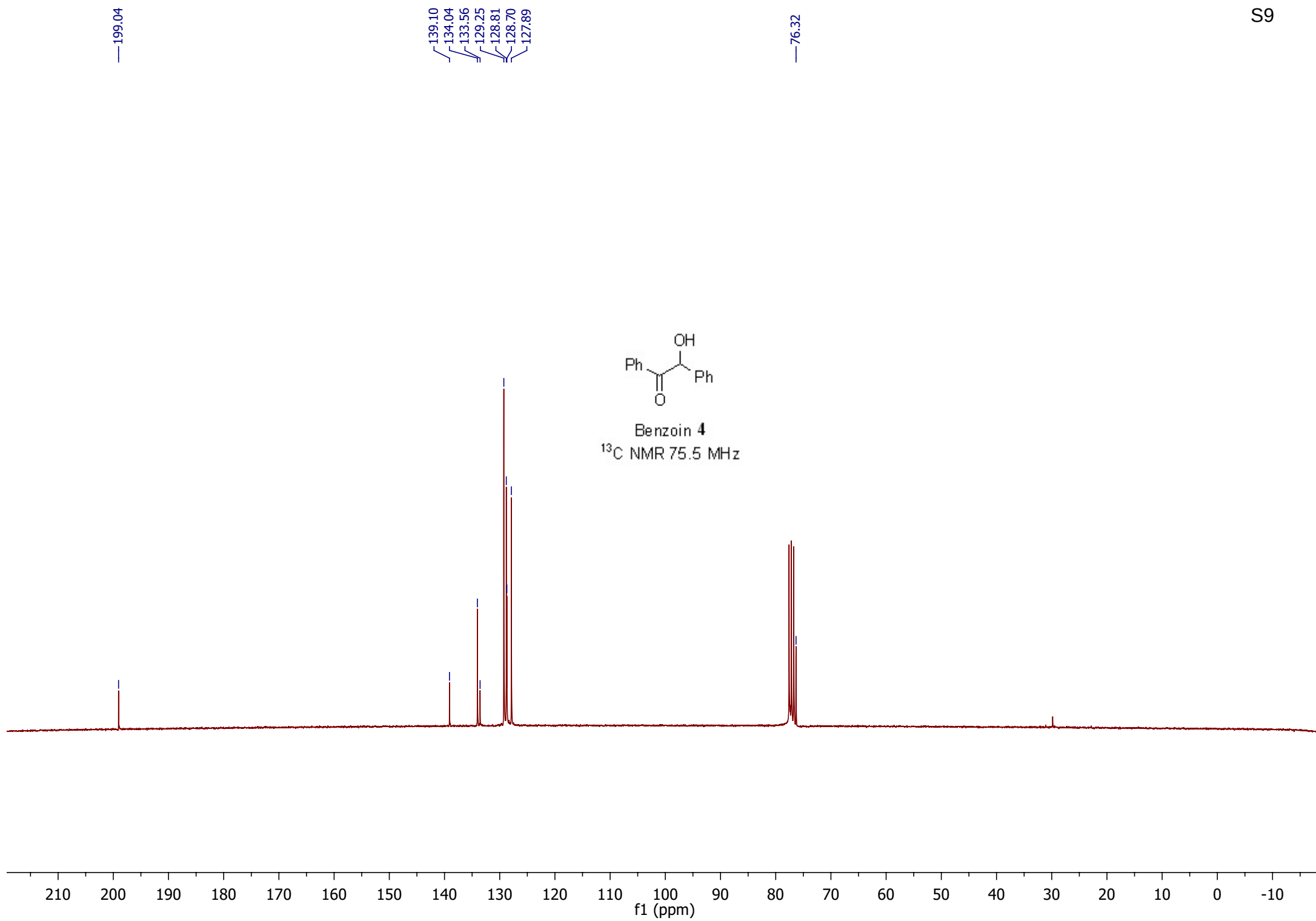


Formation of organic droplets under stirring
A: reaction between benzaldehyde **1** and chalcone **2**
B: reaction between anisaldehyde **15** and chalcone **2**









—10.863

—7.458

—7.234

—4.554

—4.363

3.757

3.739

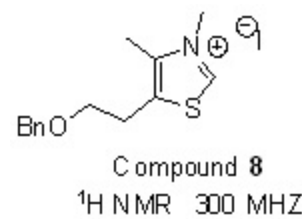
3.721

3.149

3.131

3.113

—2.522



1.00

5.52

2.15

3.06

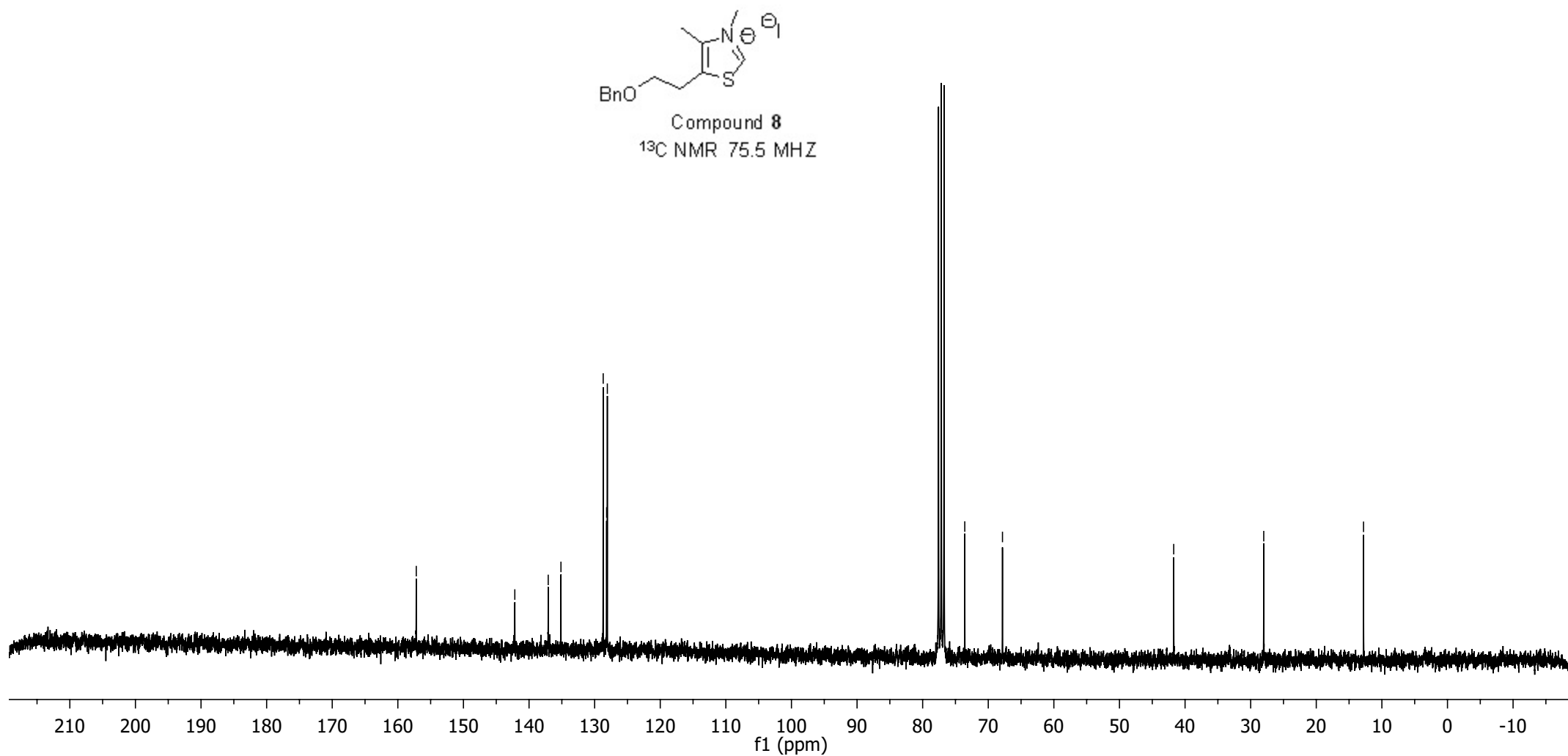
2.10

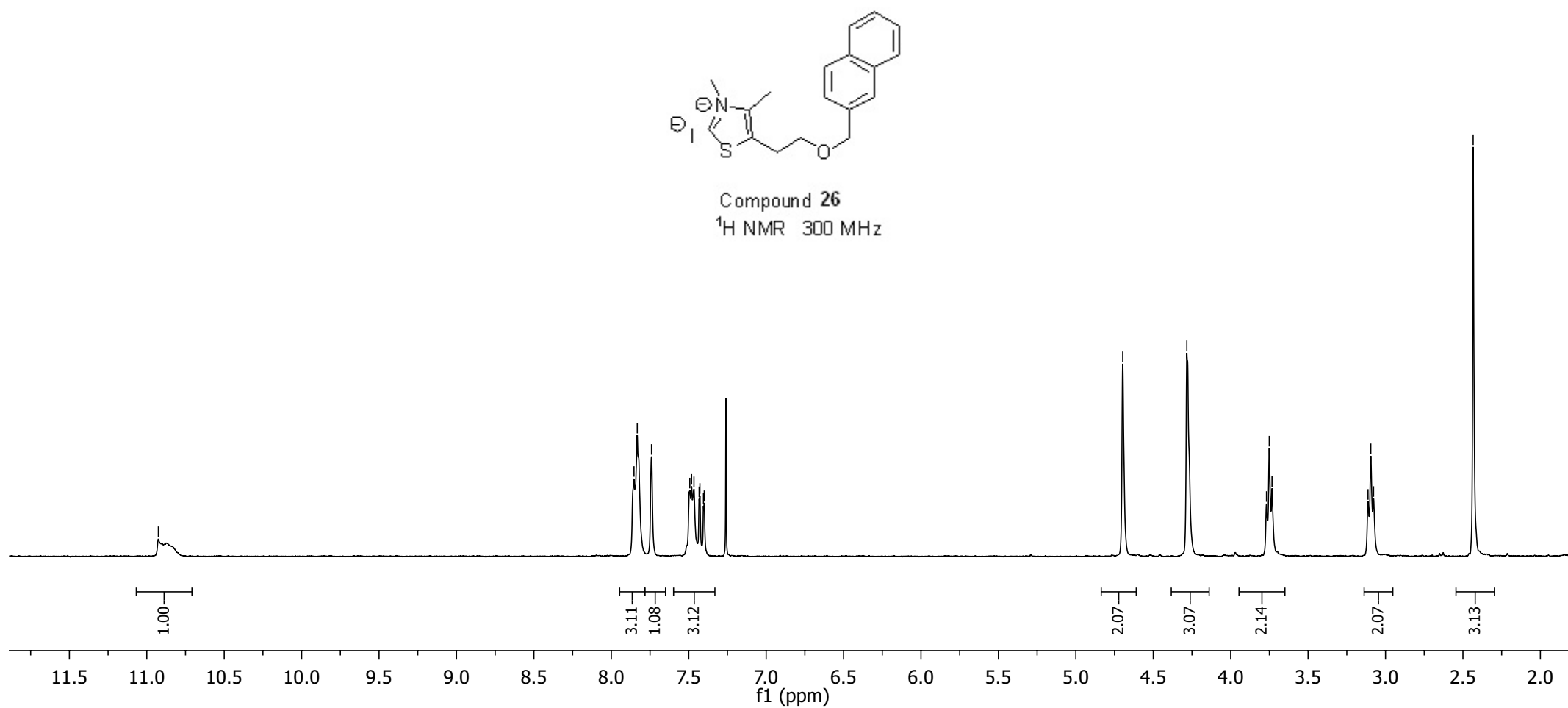
2.09

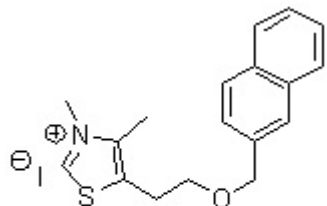
3.08

12.0 11.5 11.0 10.5 10.0 9.5 9.0 8.5 8.0 7.5 7.0 6.5 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0

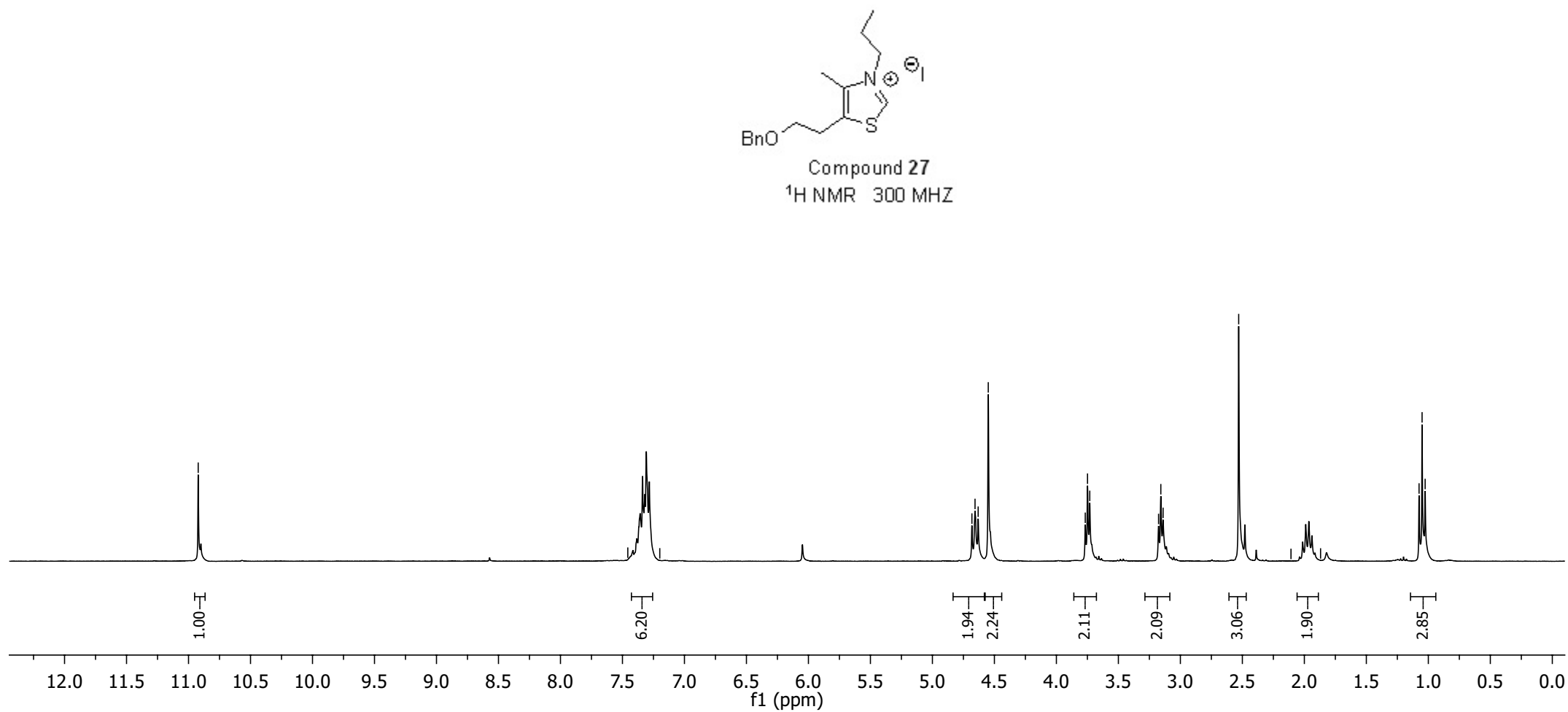
f1 (ppm)

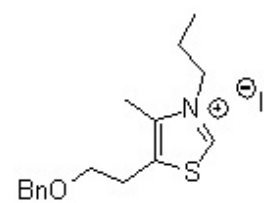






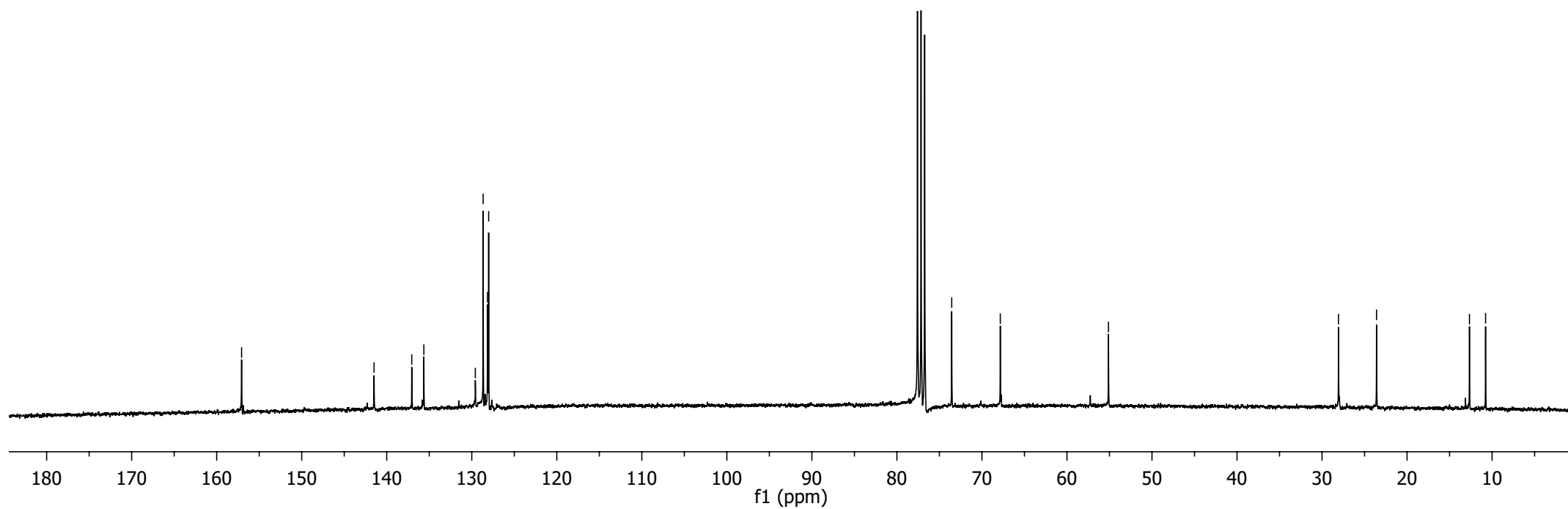
Compound **26**
¹³C NMR 75.5 MHz

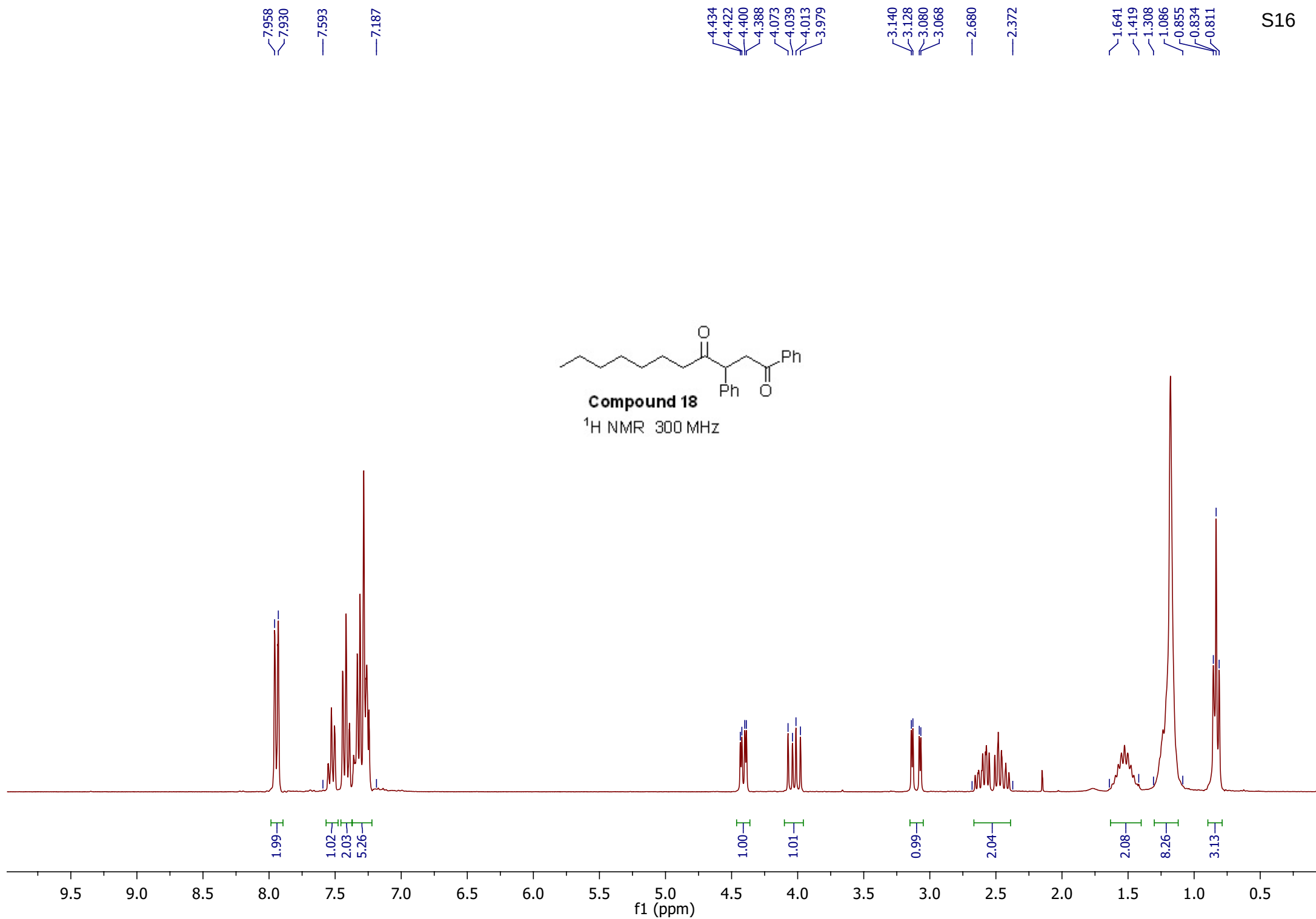


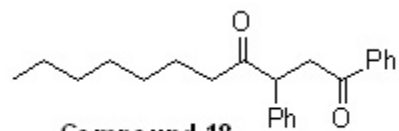
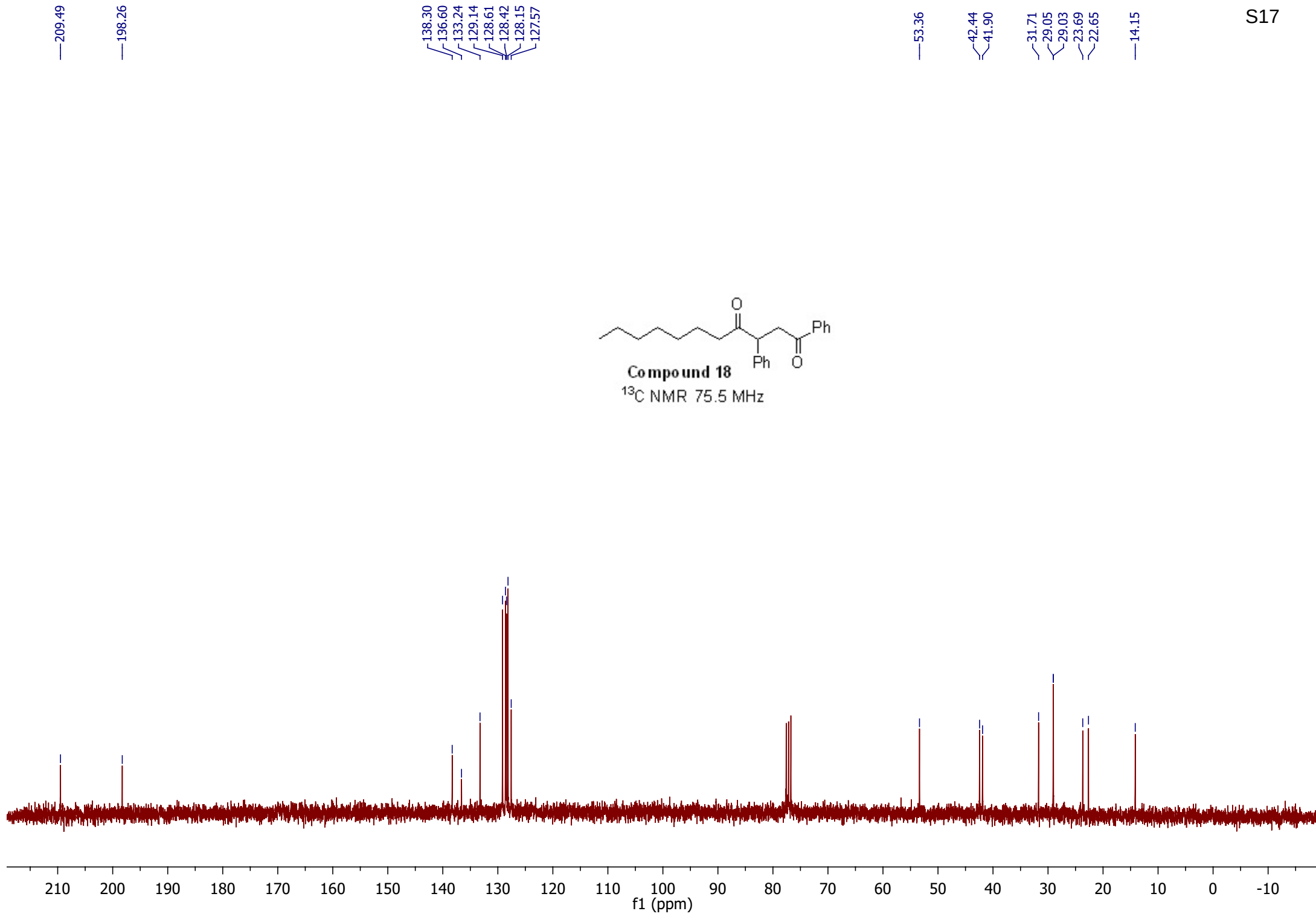


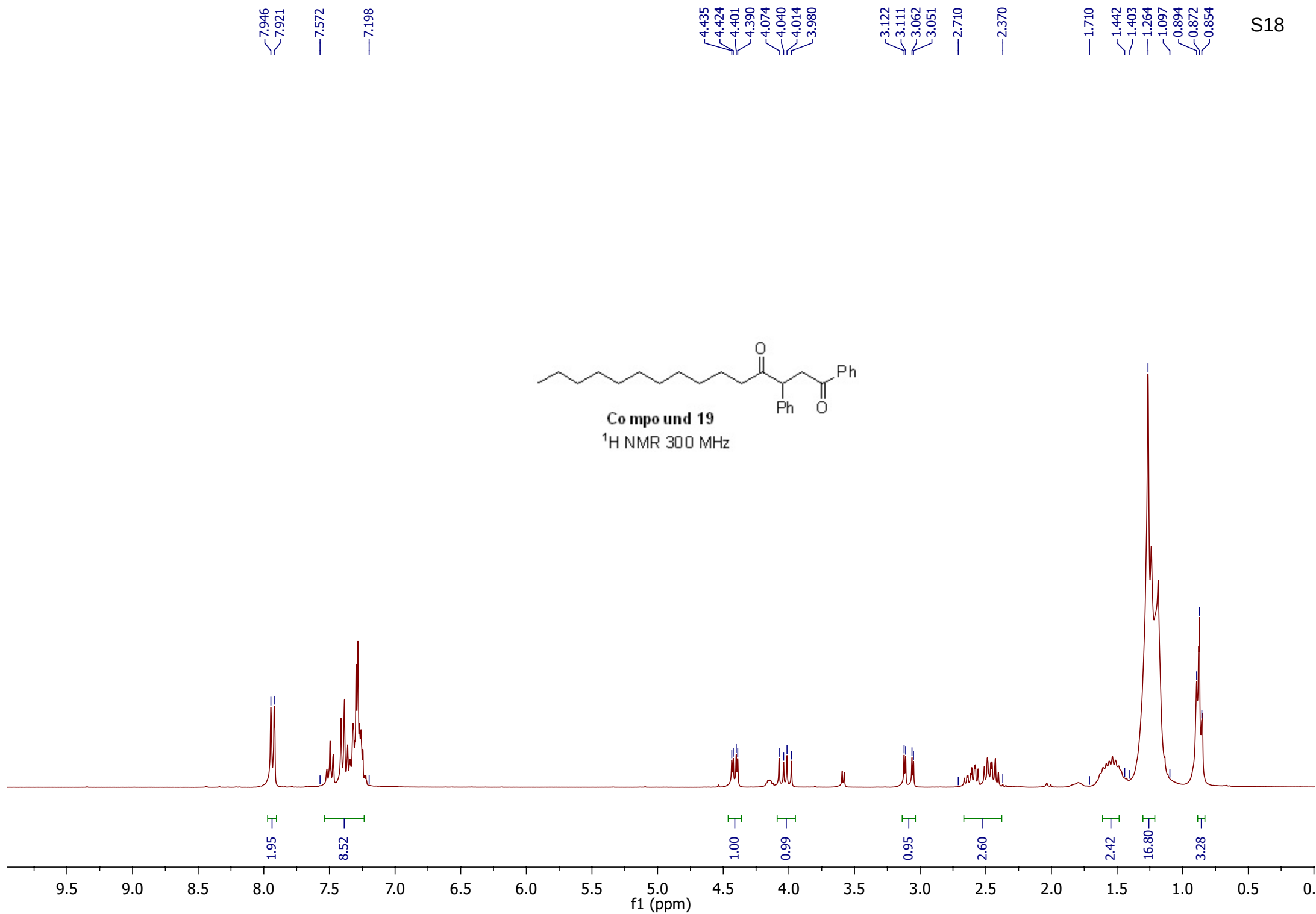
Compound 27
¹³C NMR 75.5MHz

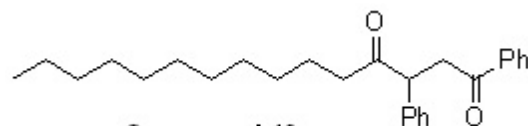
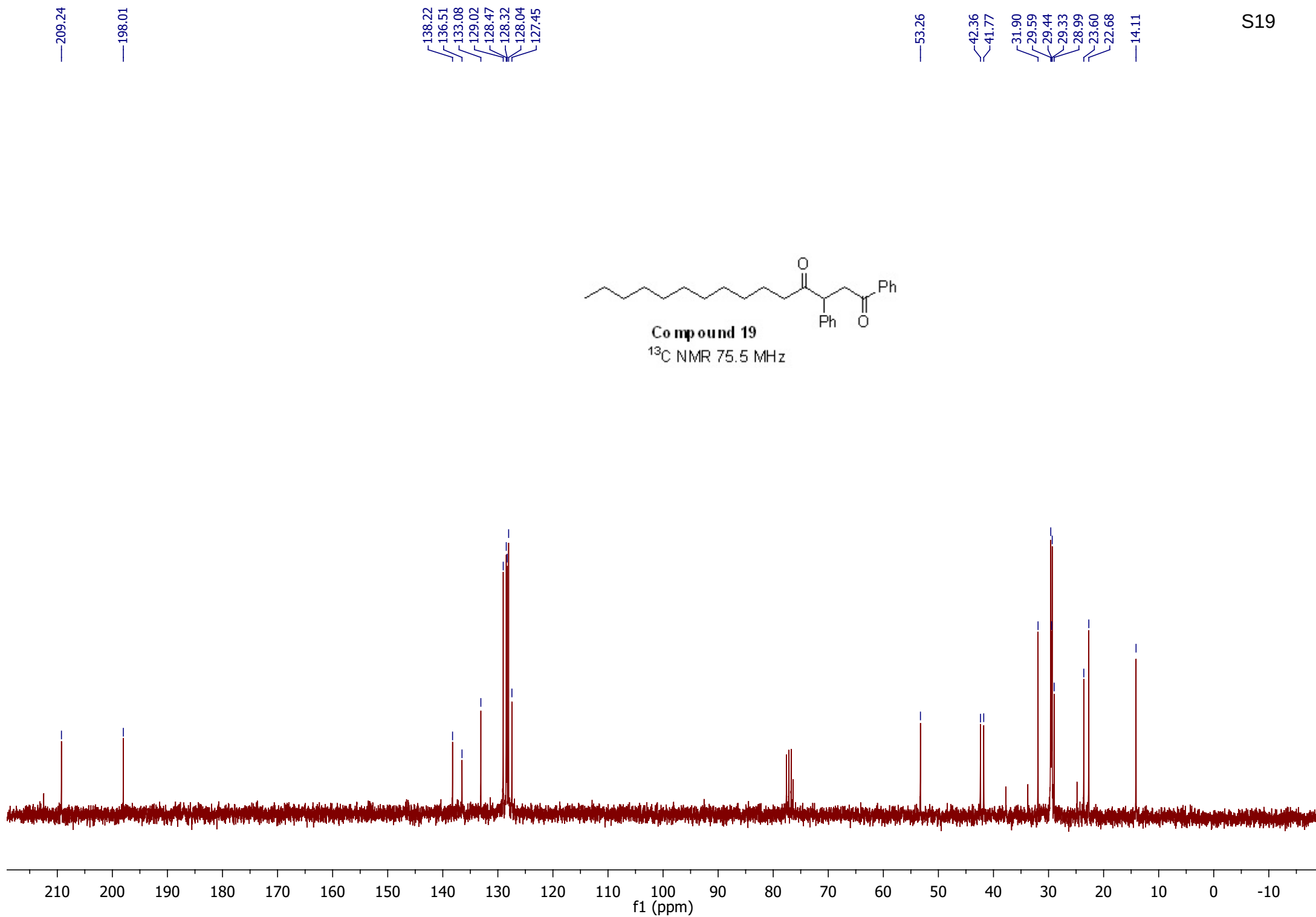
157.07
141.49
137.06
135.63
129.58
128.66
128.15
128.02
73.55
67.84
55.12
28.06
23.59
12.66
10.77

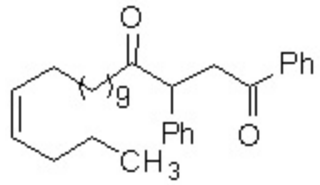




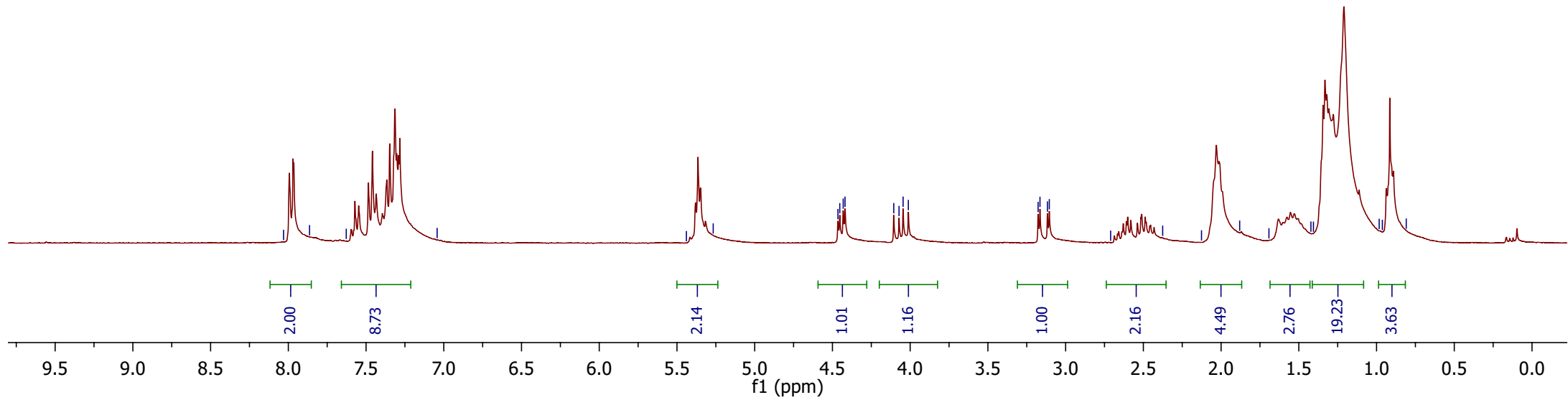
**Compound 18** ^{13}C NMR 75.5 MHz



**Compound 19** ^{13}C NMR 75.5 MHz

**Compound 20**¹H NMR 300 MHz

8.031
7.864
7.627
7.043
5.439
5.267
4.465
4.453
4.431
4.419
4.106
4.072
4.046
4.012
3.177
3.165
3.117
3.105
2.710
2.376
2.126
1.880
1.692
1.422
1.406
0.983
0.963
0.809



—209.63

—198.39

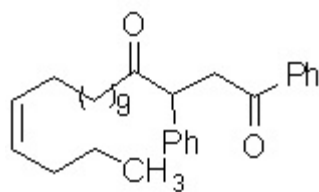
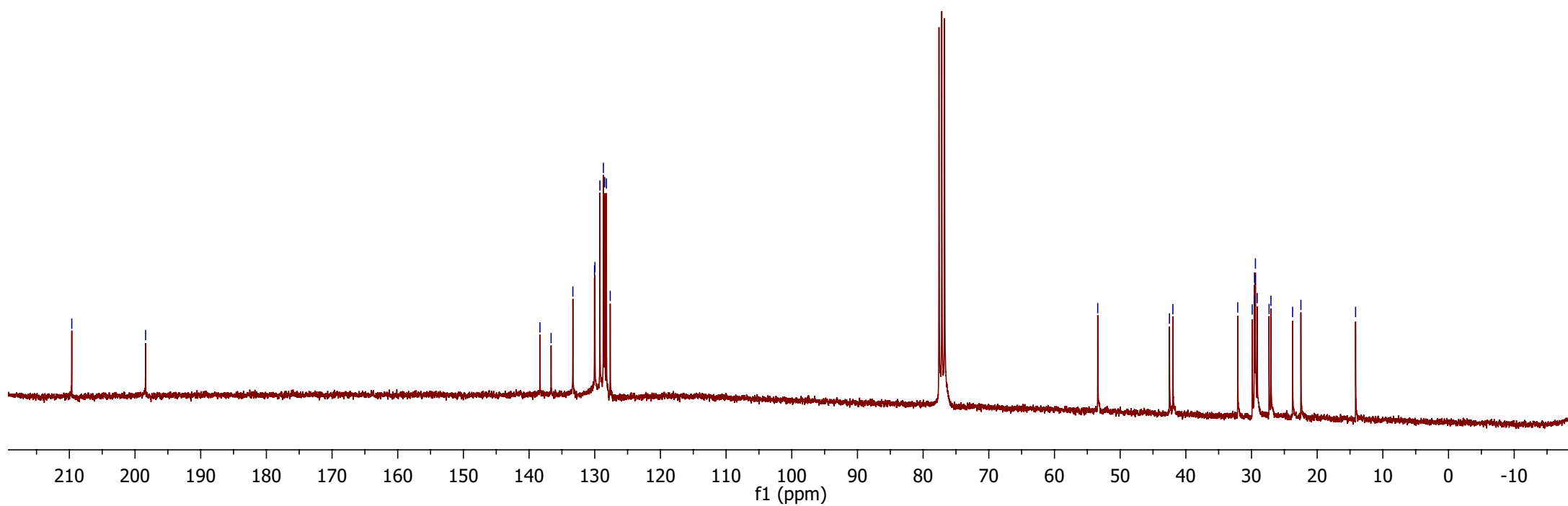
138.34
136.65
133.33
130.04
129.97
129.21
128.68
128.49
128.22
127.64

—53.41

42.49
41.97

32.10
29.59
29.54
29.45
29.40
29.13
27.04
22.48
14.18

S21

**Compound 20** ^{13}C NMR 75.5 MHz

7.896
7.869

— 7.575

— 7.064

4.382

4.370

4.347

4.336

4.026

3.991

3.966

3.931

3.465

3.444

3.423

3.101

3.041

2.760

2.707

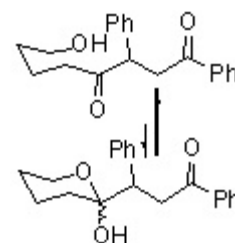
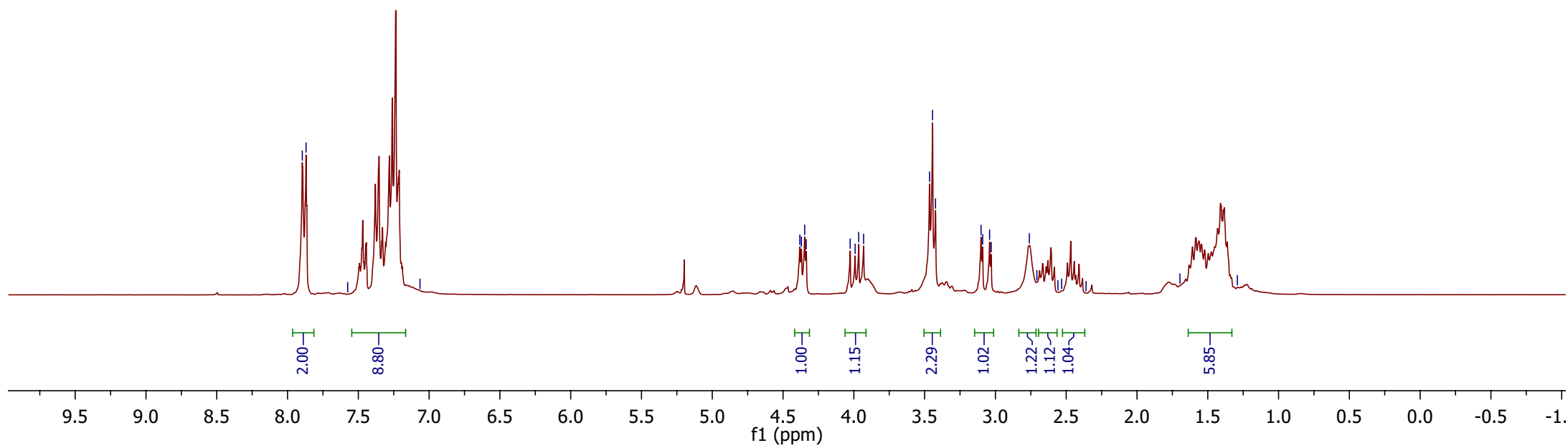
2.558

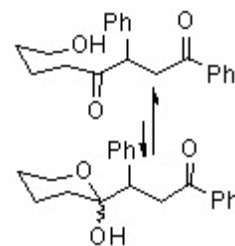
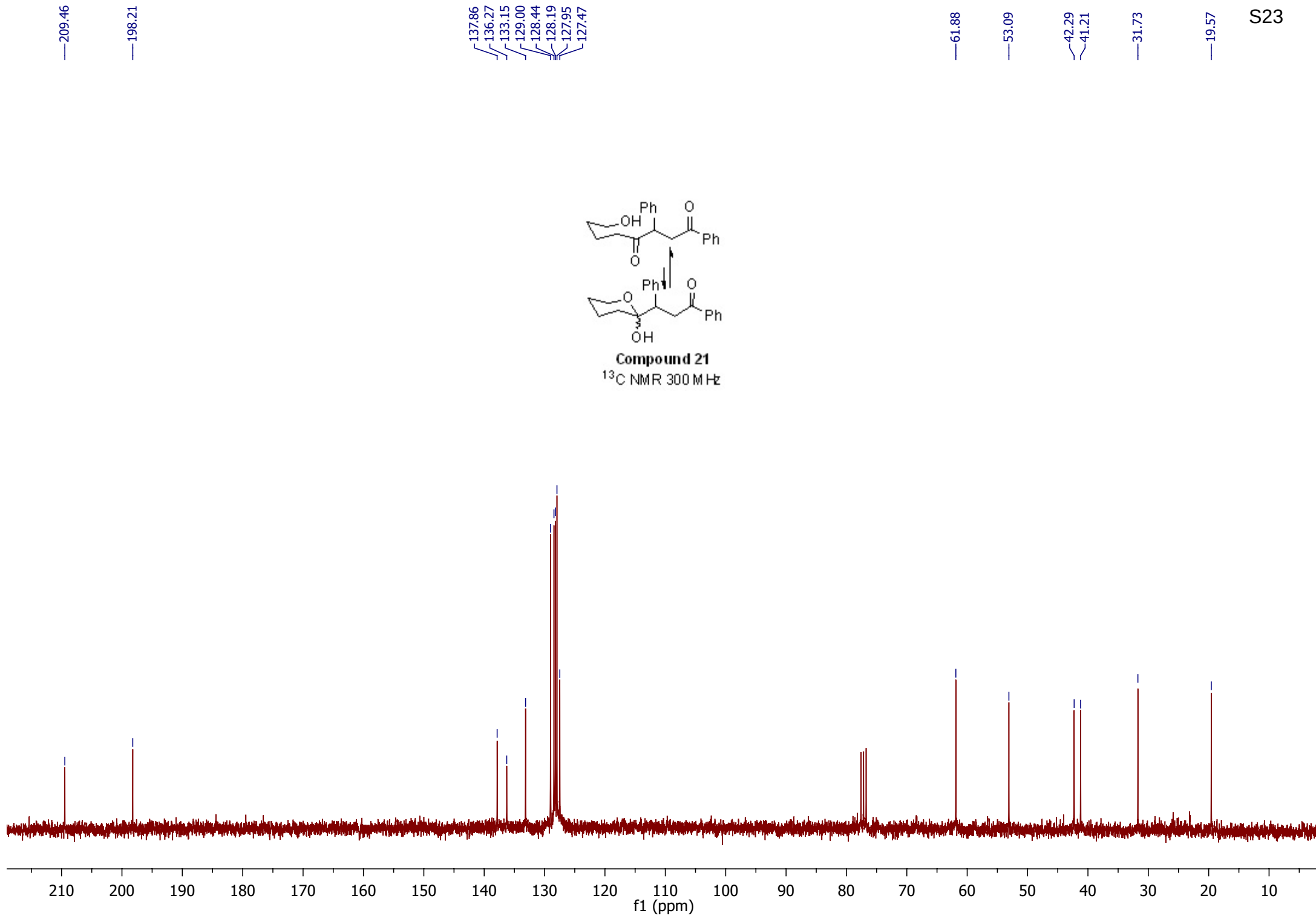
2.532

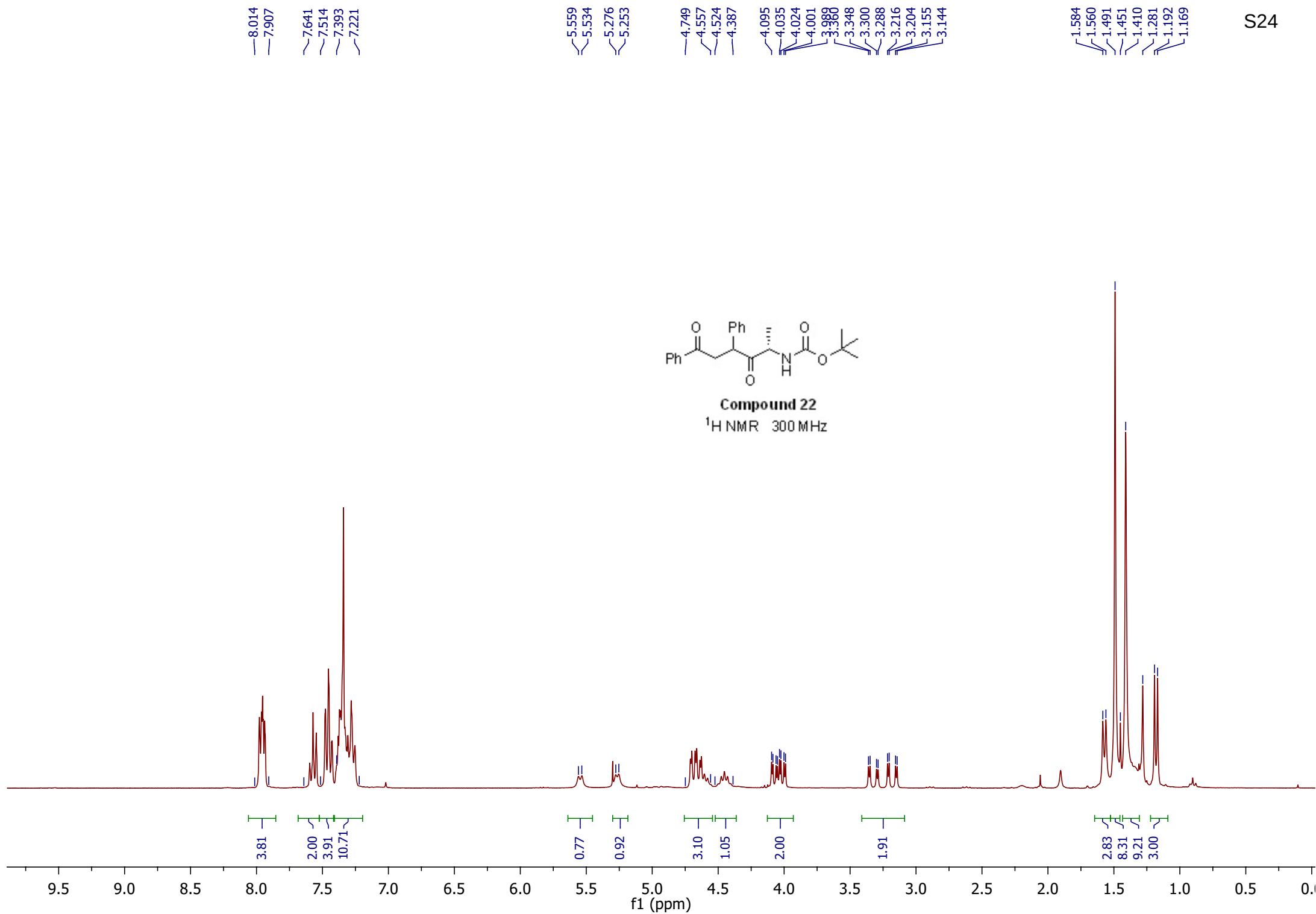
2.360

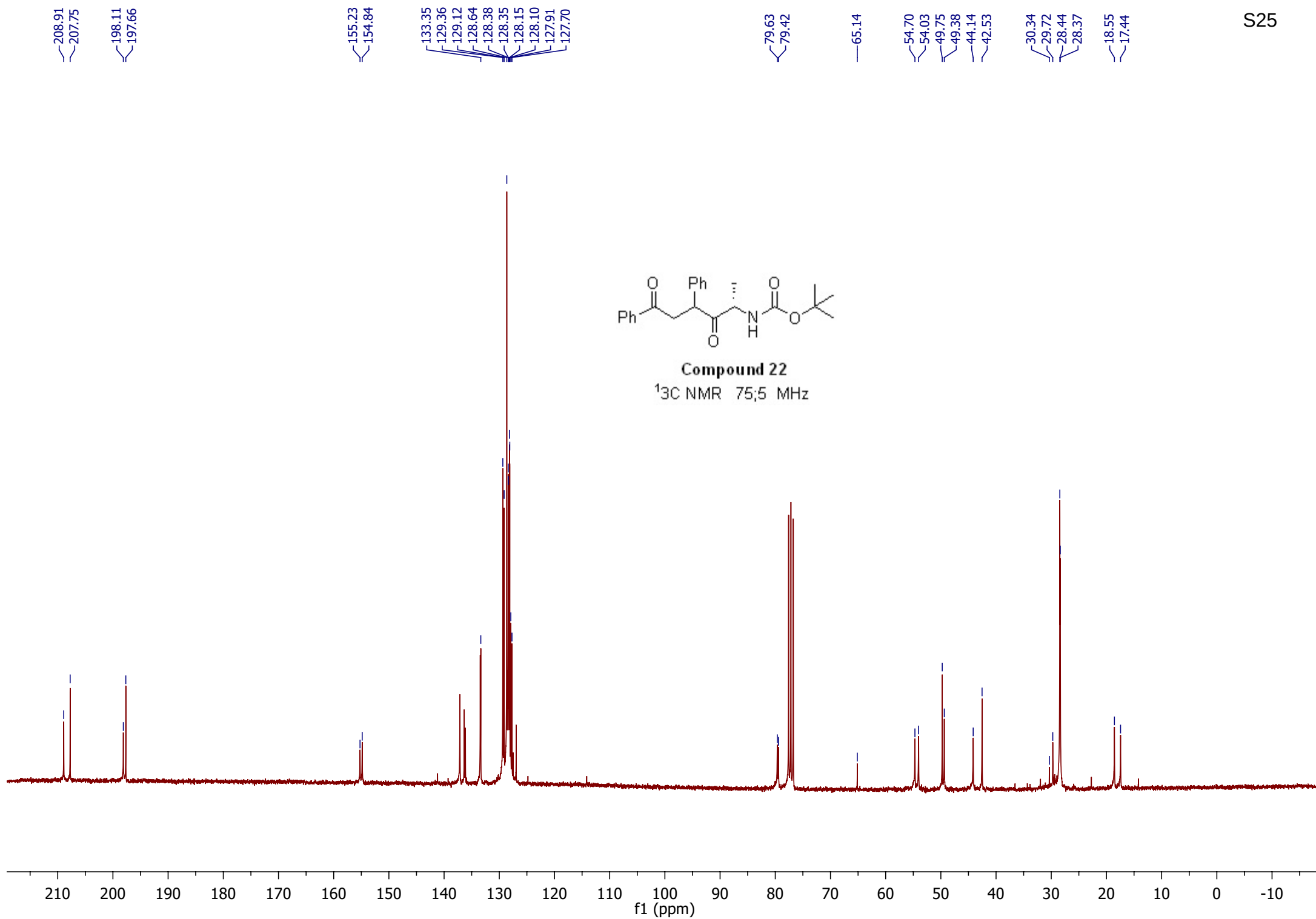
— 1.697

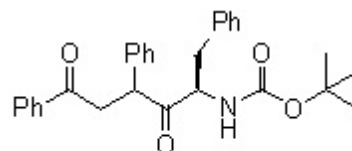
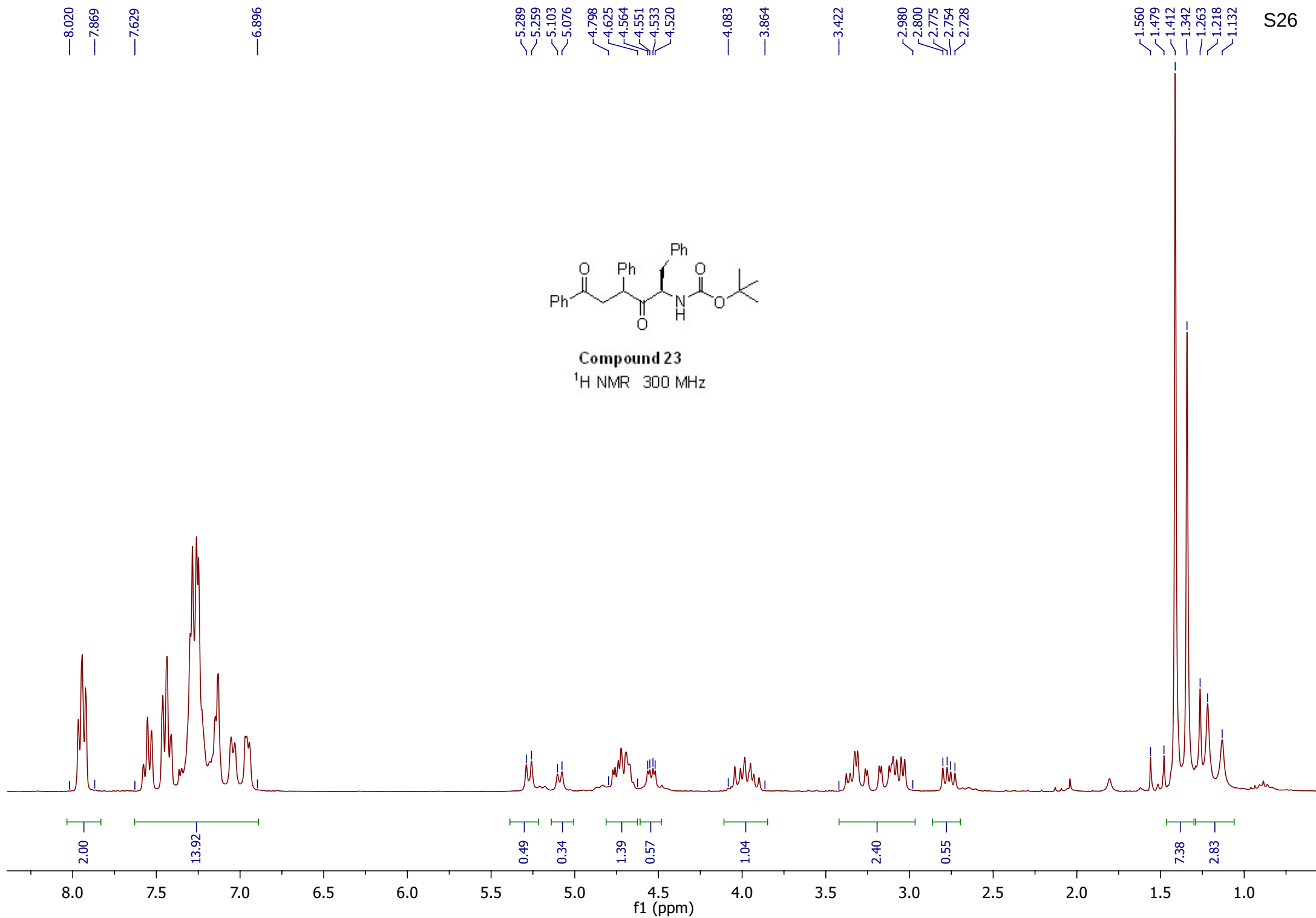
— 1.291

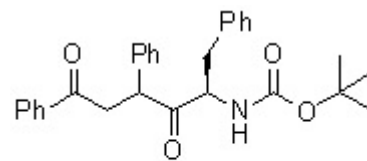
**Compound 21**¹H NMR 300 MHz

**Compound 21** ^{13}C NMR 300 MHz

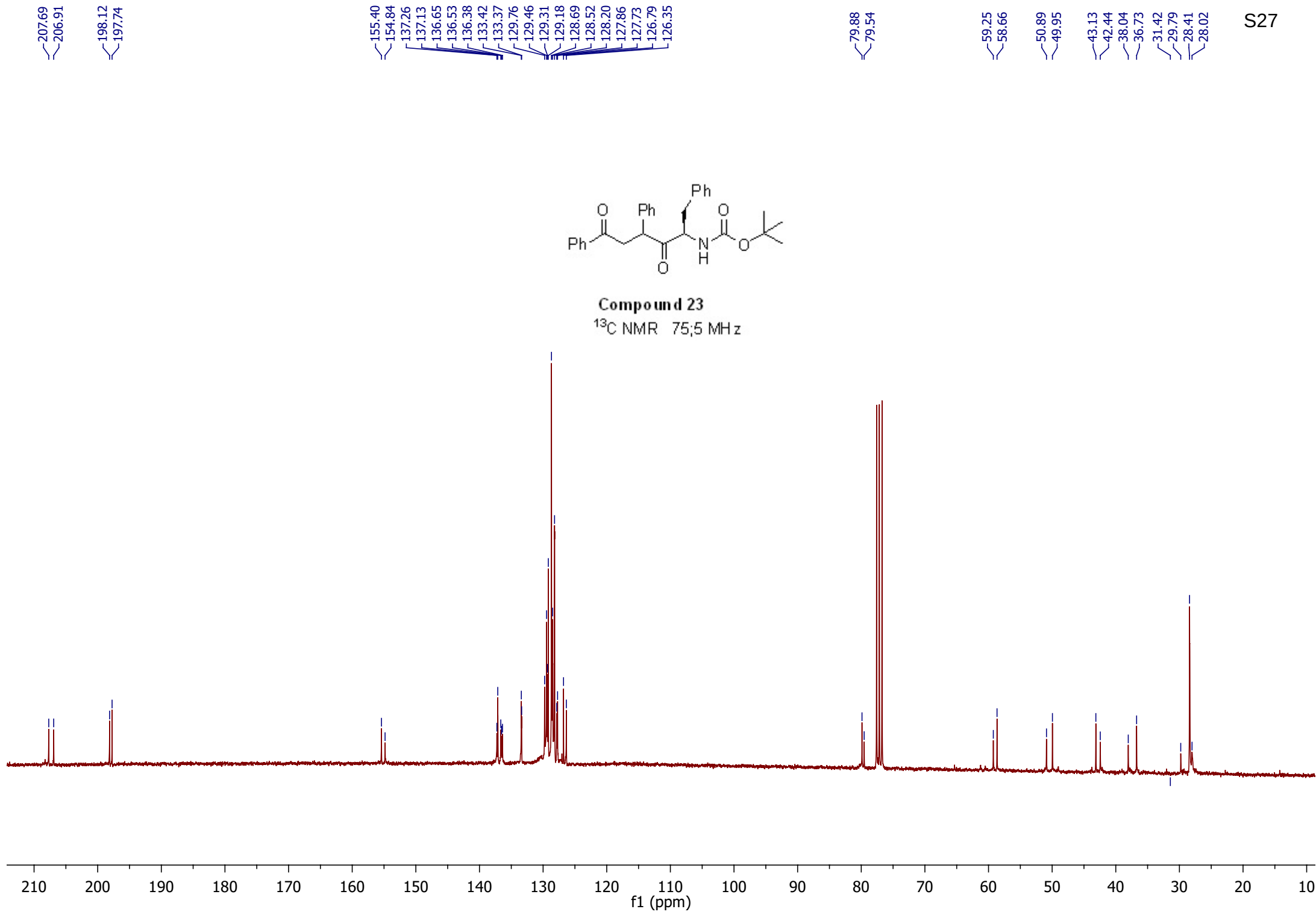


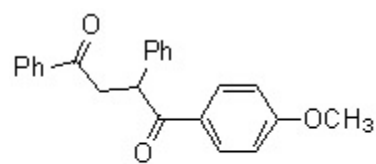
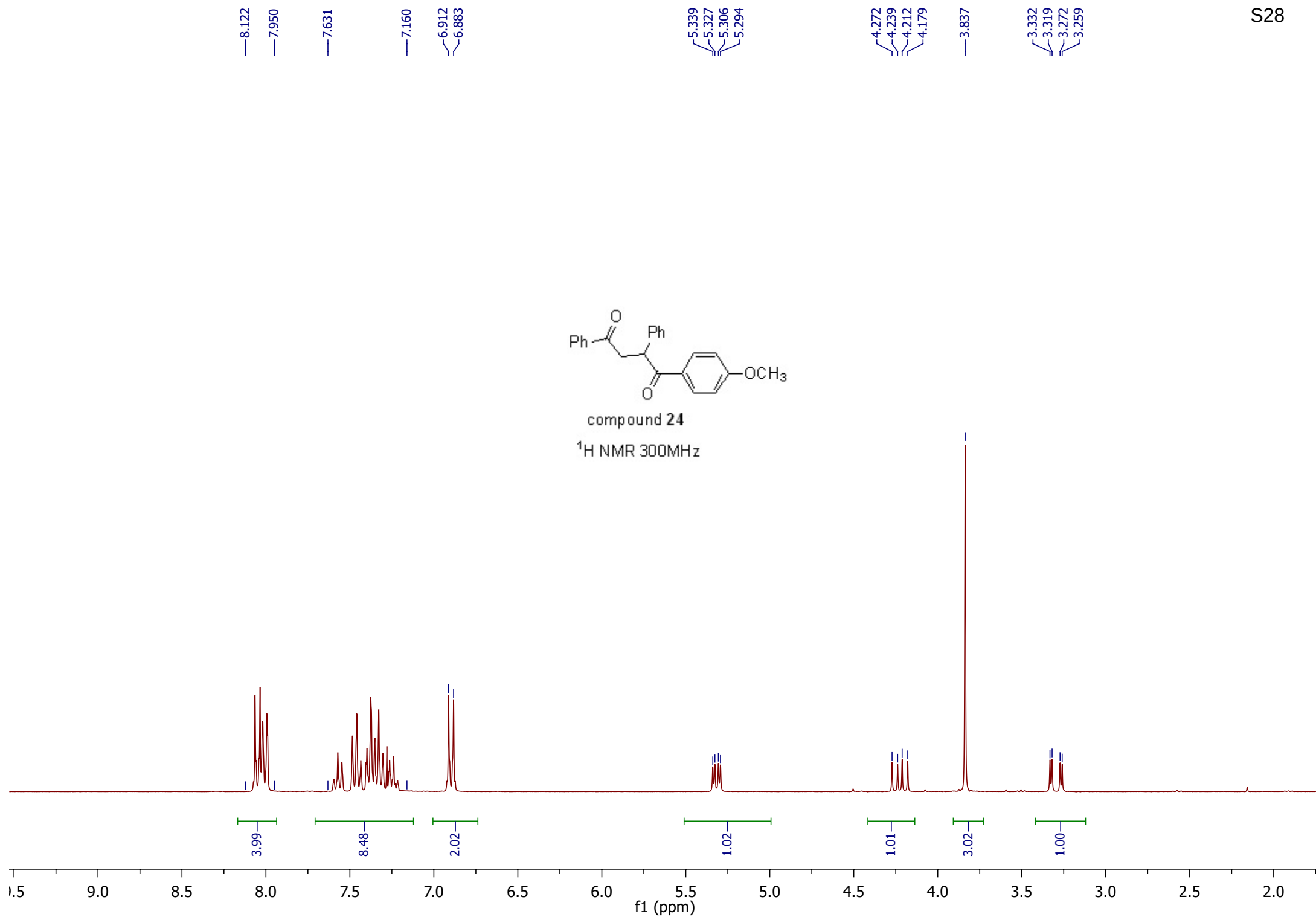


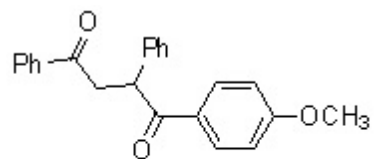
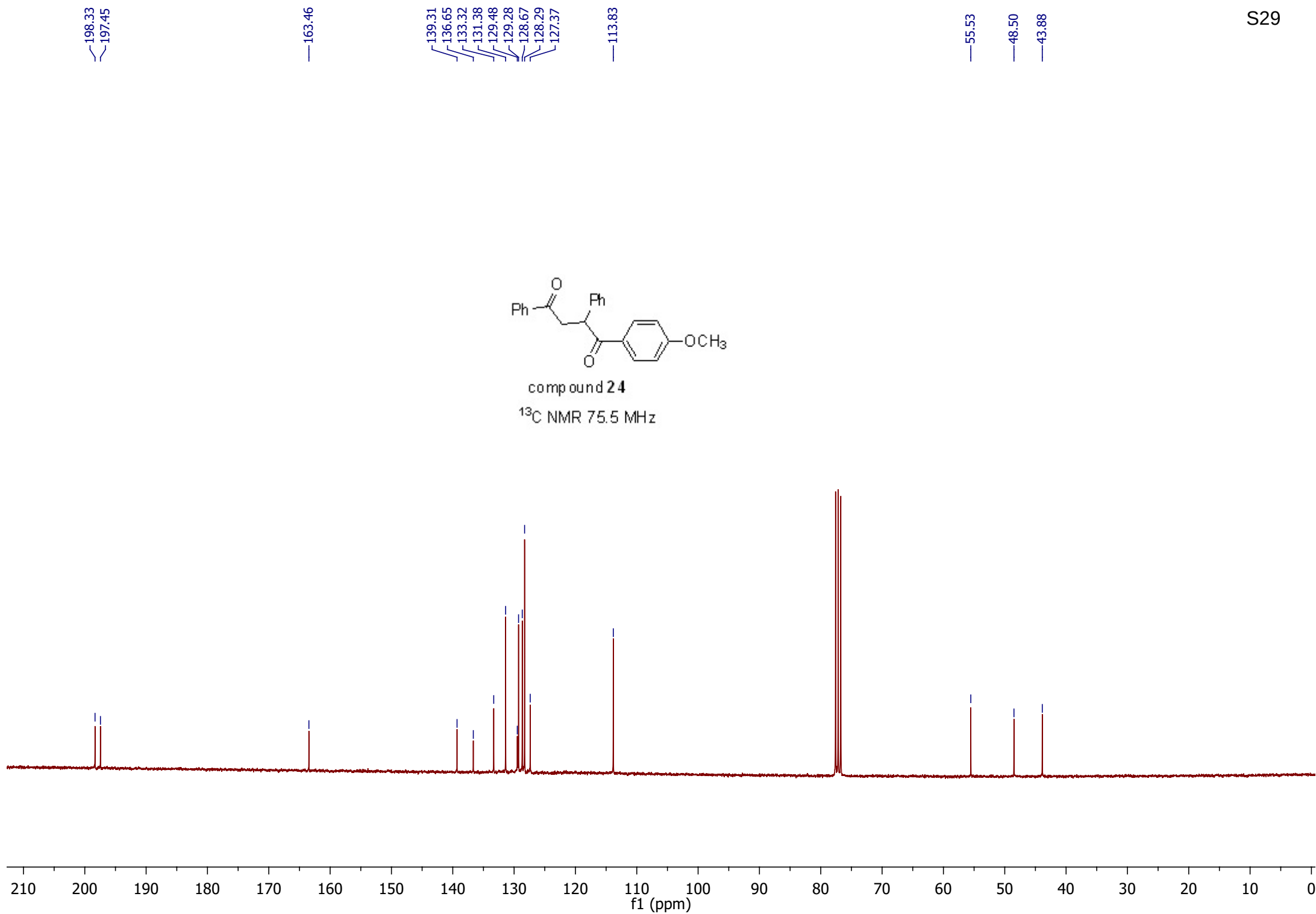
**Compound 23**¹H NMR 300 MHz

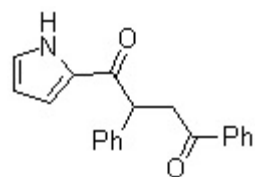


Compound 23
¹³C NMR 75;5 MHz



compound **24** ^1H NMR 300MHz

compound **24** ^{13}C NMR 75.5 MHz



Compound **25**
 ^1H NMR 300MHz

