

## Electronic Supplementary Information for

### Precise synthesis of amphiphilic diblock copolymers consisting of various ionic liquid-type segments and their influence on physical gelation behavior in water

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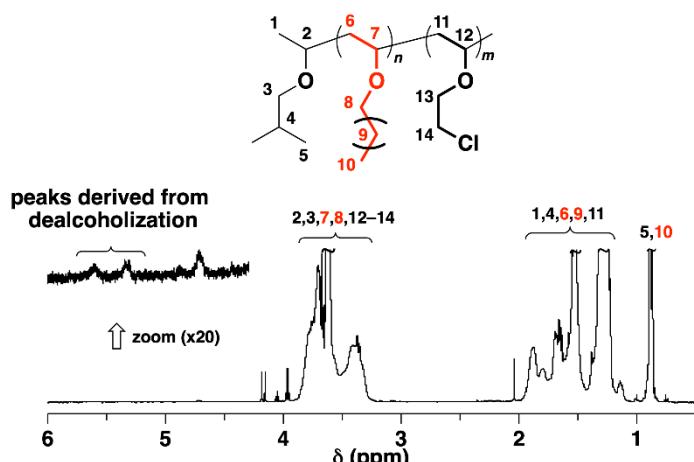
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**Table S1.** Critical gelation concentration and physical gelation temperature of  $\text{IBVE}_n$ -*b*-[Me<sub>2</sub>Im][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>400</sub> in 1 wt% aqueous solution.

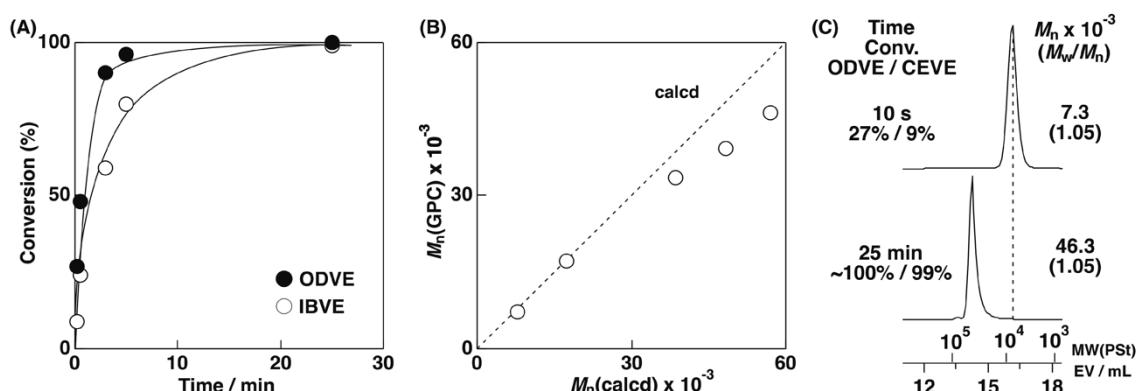
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**Figure S6.** Frequency dependence of dynamic moduli, storage modulus  $G'$  and loss modulus  $G''$  of  $\text{PhOVE}_n$ -*b*-[Me<sub>2</sub>Im][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>400</sub> ( $n = 50$  and 100) in 10 wt% aqueous solutions at 55 °C.

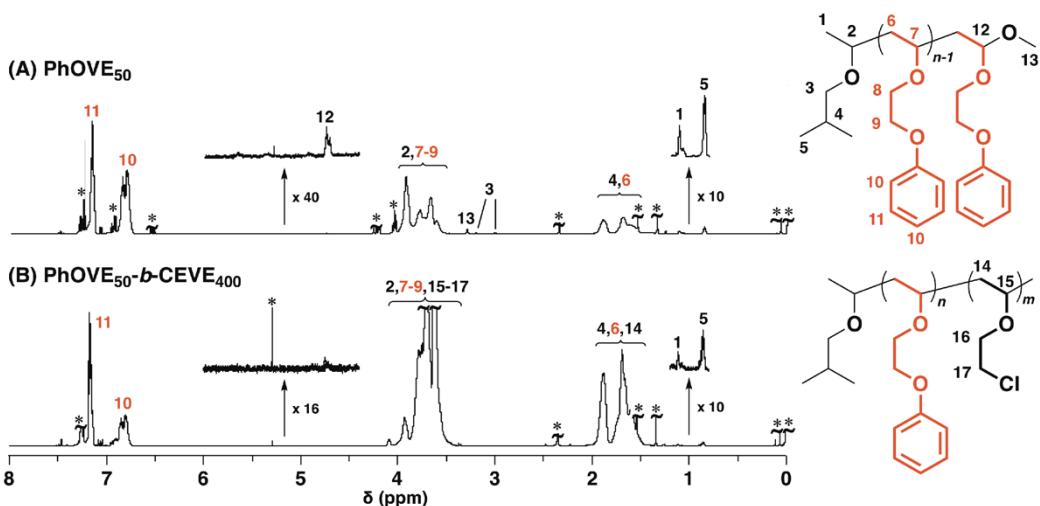
**Table S2.** Status of aqueous solutions of various amphiphilic block copolymers at different concentrations.



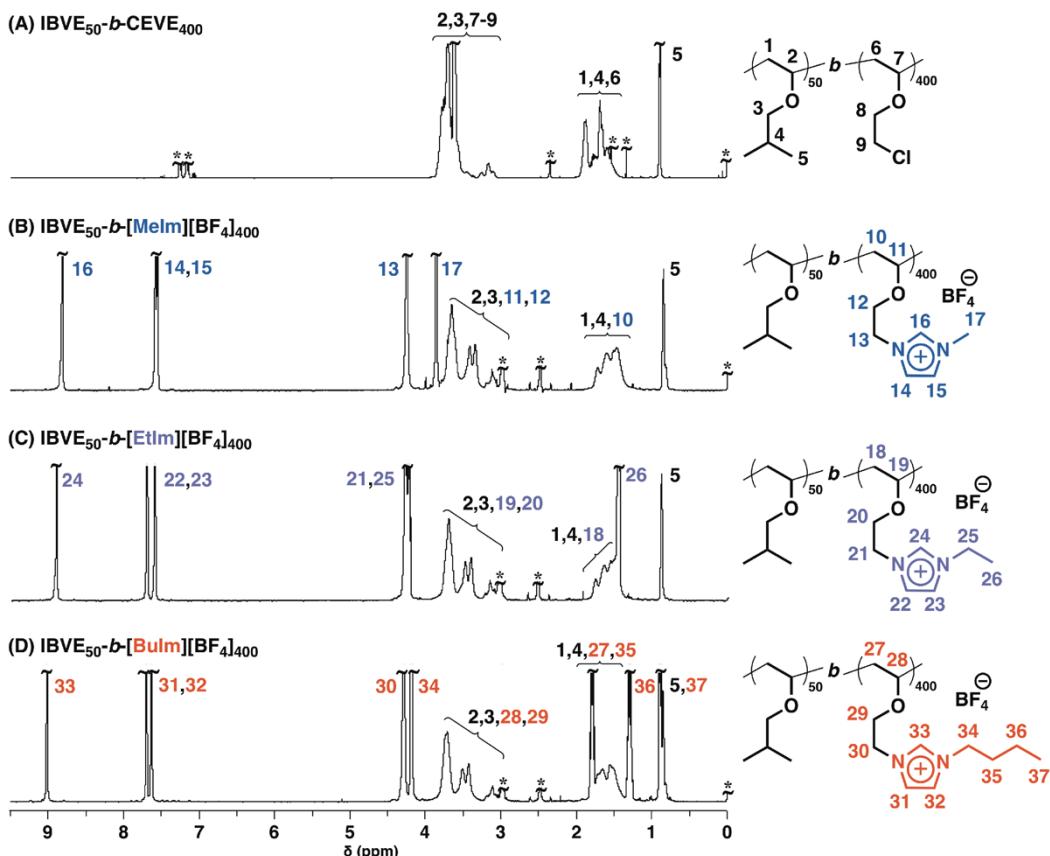
**Figure S1.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of ODVE<sub>n</sub>-*b*-CEVE<sub>m</sub>:  $[\text{ODVE}]_0 = 0.20 \text{ M}$ ,  $[\text{CEVE}]_{\text{add}} = 1.6 \text{ M}$ ,  $[\text{IBEA}]_0 = 4.0 \text{ mM}$ ,  $[\text{Et}_{1.5}\text{AlCl}_{1.5}]_0 = 20 \text{ mM}$ , [ethyl acetate] = 1.0 M in toluene at 20 °C. (in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  at 30 °C)



**Figure S2.** Synthesis of ODVE<sub>50</sub>-*co*-CEVE<sub>400</sub> by living cationic copolymerization (entry 23, Table 1). (A) Time-conversion plots of the copolymerization, (B) the  $M_n$  values, and (C) MWD curves of the products obtained: [ODVE]<sub>0</sub> = 0.20 M, [CEVE]<sub>0</sub> = 1.6 M, [IBEA]<sub>0</sub> = 4.0 mM, [Et<sub>1.5</sub>AlCl<sub>1.5</sub>]<sub>0</sub> = 5.0 mM, [SnCl<sub>4</sub>]<sub>0</sub> = 10 mM, [DTBP]<sub>0</sub> = 10 mM, [1,4-dioxane] = 1.2 M in toluene at 20 °C.



**Figure S3.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of (A)  $\text{PhOVE}_{50}$  (the upper curve in Figure 4B) and (B)  $\text{PhOVE}_{50}-b\text{-CEVE}_{400}$  (entry 25, Table 1; the lower curve in Figure 4B) (in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  at 30 °C; \* monomer, solvent, toluene, water, grease, TMS).



**Figure S4.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of (A)  $\text{IBVE}_{50}-b\text{-CEVE}_{400}$  in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  at 30 °C, (B)  $\text{IBVE}_{50}-b\text{-[MeIm]}[\text{BF}_4]_{400}$ , (C)  $\text{IBVE}_{50}-b\text{-[EtIm]}[\text{BF}_4]_{400}$ , and (D)  $\text{IBVE}_{50}-b\text{-[BuIm]}[\text{BF}_4]_{400}$  in  $\text{DMSO-d}_6$  at 100 °C; \*solvent, toluene,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .

**Table S1.** Critical gelation concentration and physical gelation temperature of IBVE<sub>n</sub>-*b*-[Me<sub>2</sub>Im][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>400</sub> in 1 wt% aqueous solution.

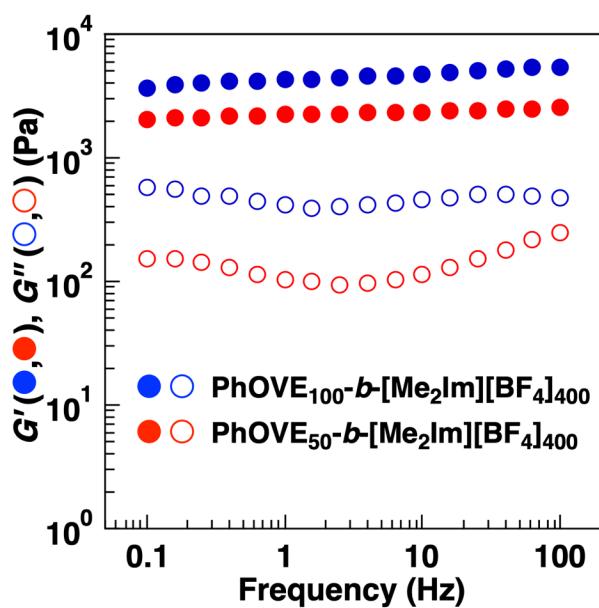
Entry	IBVE <sub>n</sub> - <i>b</i> -[Me <sub>2</sub> Im][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>400</sub>	Critical Gelation Concentration <sup>b</sup>
	<i>n</i> =	
1	10	3 wt%
2	20	0.4 wt%
3	30	0.6 wt%
4	40	0.6 wt%
5	50	0.7 wt%
6	100	1 wt%
7	200	Insoluble

<sup>a</sup> Determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of copolymers before and after chemical modifications. <sup>b</sup> Status of solution at 60 °C.

**ODVE<sub>10</sub>-*b*-[Me<sub>2</sub>Im][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>400</sub>  
in 0.6 wt%**



**Figure S5.** Photograph of physical gelation behavior of ODVE<sub>10</sub>-*b*-[Me<sub>2</sub>Im][BF<sub>4</sub>]<sub>400</sub> in 0.6 wt% aqueous solution



**Figure S6.** Frequency dependence of dynamic moduli, storage modulus  $G'$  (filled symbols) and loss modulus  $G''$  (open symbols) of  $\text{PhOVE}_n\text{-}b\text{-}[\text{Me}_2\text{Im}]\text{[BF}_4\text{]}_{400}$  ( $n = 50$  and  $100$ ) in  $10 \text{ wt\%}$  aqueous solutions at  $55^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Table S2.** Status of aqueous solutions of various amphiphilic block copolymers at different concentrations.

Entry	Hydrophobic	Unit	Cation	Anion	Unit	Conc. (wt%)			
						1	0.4	0.2	0.1
1	PhOVE	50	Me<sub>2</sub>Im	BF<sub>4</sub>	400	Gel	Sol	Sol	Sol
2	IBVE	20	MeIm	Cl	800	Gel	Sol	–	–
3	ODVE	10	Me<sub>2</sub>Im	BF<sub>4</sub>	400	Gel	Sol	–	–
4	ODVE	10	MeIm	BF<sub>4</sub>	800	Gel	Sol	–	–
5	ODVE	10	MeIm	Cl	800	Gel	Gel	Gel	Sol
6	ODVE	10	MeIm	BF<sub>4</sub>	1200	Gel	Sol	–	–
7	ODVE	10	MeIm	Cl	1200	Gel	Sol	–	–
8	ODVE	20	Me<sub>2</sub>Im	BF<sub>4</sub>	400	Sol	–	–	–
9	ODVE	20	Me<sub>2</sub>Im	BF<sub>4</sub>	800	Gel	Sol	–	–
10	ODVE	20	Me<sub>2</sub>Im	Cl	800	Gel	Gel	Sol	–
11	ODVE	20	MeIm	BF<sub>4</sub>	800	Sol	–	–	–
12	ODVE	20	MeIm	Cl	800	Gel	Sol	–	–
13	ODVE	20	MeIm	BF<sub>4</sub>	1200	Sol	–	–	–
14	ODVE	20	MeIm	Cl	1200	Gel	Sol	–	–

<sup>a</sup> Determined using the test-tube inversion method (gel: retention, sol: flow) at  $50^\circ\text{C}$ .