ELECTRONIC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Photo-crosslink analysis in nonribosomal peptide synthetases reveals aberrant gel migration of branched crosslink isomers and spatial proximity between non-neighboring domains

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Table S1	page S2
Table S2	S2
Table S3	S 3
Figure S1	S 6
Figure S2	S 6
Figure S3	S7
Figure S4	S7
Figure S5	S 8
Figure S6	S 9
Figure S7	S11
Figure S8	S12
Figure S9	S13
Figure S10	S14
Figure S11	S16
Figure S12	S17
Electronic Supplementary References	S18

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES

Pdb	Ref	NRPS	Domain	Conformation	Localization	Color A ^C
code			organization	A domain	PCP domain	subdomain
4ZXI	1	AB3403	C-A-PCP-TE	А	C domain	Salmon
				conformation	acceptor position	
4ZXH	1	AB3403	C-A-PCP-TE	А	C domain	Deep
				conformation	acceptor position	salmon
5ES9	2	LgrA	F-A-PCP	Stretched open	F domain	Warm pink
				А		
				conformation		
2VSQ	3	SrfA-C	C-A-PCP-TE	Stretched open	apo-PCP at C	Dark
				А	domain acceptor	salmon
				conformation	position	
6N8E	4	ObiF1	C-A-PCP-	А	C domain	Raspberry
			TE-MLP	conformation	acceptor	
					position, with TE	
					domain	
6MFX	5	LgrA	F-A-PCP-C-	А	C domain donor	Brown
			А	conformation	position	
6MFY	5	LgrA	F-A-PCP-C-	Unusal	C domain donor	TV red
			А	conformation	position	
6MFZ	5	LgrA	F-A-PCP1-C-	А	PCP1 at C	Firebrick
			A-PCP2	conformation	domain donor	
					position	
6MFW	5	LgrA	F-A-PCP-C	Α	C domain donor	Red
				conformation	position	

 Table S1. Information on pdb files used to generate Figures S12C.

Table S2. List of recombinantly	produced prote	eins used in thi	is study and the	ir encoding
plasmids.				

Name of construct*	Encoding plasmid	Vector backbone
[TycB1] C(S2X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED42	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(V3X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED43	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(F4X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED44	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(S5X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED45	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(K6X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED46	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(E7X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED31	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(Q8X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED47	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(V9X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED50	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(Q10X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED48	pTrc99a

[TycB1] C(D11X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED39	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(M12X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED40	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(Y13X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED49	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C(A14X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pED87	pTrc99a
[TycB1] C-A-PCP-His ₆	ProCAT_EDnat	pTrc99a
[GrsA] SBP-A-PCP-E-His ₆	pGV196	pET28a
[GrsA] SBP-A-PCP-E(Y498X)-His ₆	pED134	pET28a
[GrsA] SBP-A-PCP-E(Y503X)-His ₆	pED135	pET28a
SBP-[GrsA] A-PCP-E(F1090X)-His ₆	pGV176	pET28a
[GrsB1] C(K5X)-A-PCP-His ₆	pJR73	pTrc99a
[TycA] SBP-A-PCP-E-His ₆	pJR88	pET28a
[TycA-TycB] SBP-A-PCP-EC-A-	pJR96	pET28a
PCP-His ₆		

* X denotes amino acid incorporation in response to amber stop codon.

Table S3. Sequences	of recombinantly	y produced	proteins
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Protein	Sequence
[GrsA] SBP-A-PCP-E-	MDEKTTGWRGGHVVEGLAGELEQLRARLEHHPQGQREPGASMLNSSK
	SILIHAQNKNGTHEEEQYLFAVNNTKAEYPRDKTIHQLFEEQVSKRPNN
His ₆	VAIVCENEQLTYHELNVKANQLARIFIEKGIGKDTLVGIMMEKSIDLFIGI
	LAVLKAGGAYVPIDIEYPKERIQYILDDSQARMLLTQKHLVHLIHNIQFN
	GQVEIFEEDTIKIREGTNLHVPSKSTDLAYVIYTSGTTGNPKGTMLEHKG
	ISNLKVFFENSLNVTEKDRIGQFASISFDASVWEMFMALLTGASLYIILK
	DTINDFVKFEQYINQKEITVITLPPTYVVHLDPERILSIQTLITAGSATSPSL
	VNKWKEKVTYINAYGPTETTICATTWVATKETIGHSVPIGAPIQNTQIYI
	VDENLQLKSVGEAGELCIGGEGLARGYWKRPELTSQKFVDNPFVPGEK
	LYKTGDQARWLSDGNIEYLGRIDNQVKIRGHRVELEEVESILLKHMYIS
	ETAVSVHKDHQEQPYLCAYFVSEKHIPLEQLRQFSSEELPTYMIPSYFIQ
	LDKMPLTSNGKIDRKQLPEPDLTFGMRVDYEAPRNEIEETLVTIWQDVL
	GIEKIGIKDNFYALGGDSIKAIQVAARLHSYQLKLETKDLLKYPTIDQLV
	HYIKDSKRRSEQGIVEGEIGLTPIQHWFFEQQFTNMHHWNQSYMLYRP
	NGFDKEILLRVFNKIVEHHDALRMIYKHHNGKIVQINRGLEGTLFDFYT
	FDLTANDNEQQVICEESARLQNSINLEVGPLVKIALFHTQNGDHLFMAI
	HHLVVDGISWRILFEDLATAYEQAMHQQTIALPEKTDSFKDWSIELEKY
	ANSELFLEEAEYWHHLNYYTENVQIKKDYVTMNNKQKNIRYVGMELT
	IEETEKLLKNVNKAYRTEINDILLTALGFALKEWADIDKIVINLEGHGRE
	EILEQMNIARTVGWFTSQYPVVLDMQKSDDLSYQIKLMKENLRRIPNK
	GIGYEIFKYLTTEYLRPVLPFTLKPEINFNYLGQFDTDVKTELFTRSPYSM
	GNSLGPDGKNNLSPEGESYFVLNINGFIEEGKLHITFSYNEQQYKEDTIQ
	QLSRSYKQHLLAIIEHCVQKEDTELTPSDFSFKELELEEMDDIFDLLADS
	LTGSRSHHHHHH
[GrsB1] C-A-PCP-His ₆	MSTFKKEHVQDMYRLSPMQEGMLFHALLDKDKNAHLVQMSIAIEGIV
	DVELLSESLNILIDRYDVFRTTFLHEKIKQPLQVVLKERPVQLQFKDISSL
	DEEKREQAIEQYKYQDGETVFDLTRDPLMRVAIFQTGKVNYQMIWSFH
	HILMDGWCFNIIFNDLFNIYLSLKEKKPLQLEAVQPYKQFIKWLEKQDK
	QEALRYWKEHLMNYDQSVTLPKKKAAINNTTYEPAQFRFAFDKVLTQ

	OLLRIANOSOVTLNIVFOTIWGIVLOKYNSTNHVVYGSVVSGRPSEISGI
	EKMVGLFINTLPLRIOTOKDOSFIELVKTVHONVLFSOOHEYFPLYEION
	HTELKONI IDHIMVIENYPI VEELOKNSIMOKVGETVRDVKMEEPTNYD
	MTVMVI PRDFISVRI DVNA AVYDIDFIKKIEGHMKEVAI CVANNPHVI
	I KACCAEVDIDDEVDKEDICVMI DSVDI VI TODIH KDKEAETKETIVIED
	LKAUUAF V PIDPE I PKEKIU I WILDS V KL VLI UKILKDKFAF I KE I I VIED
	PSISHELIEEID I INESEDLEI III I ISGI I GKPKGVMLEHKNIVNLLHFIFE
	KININFSDKVLQYIICSFDVCYQEIFSILLSGGQLYLIRKEIQRDVEQLF
	DLVKRENIEVLSFPVAFLKFIFNEREFINRFPTCVKHIITAGEQLVVNNEF
	KRYLHEHNVHLHNHYGPSETHVVTTYTINPEAEIPELPPIGKPISNTWIYI
	LDQEQQLQPQGIVGELYISGANVGRGYLNNQELTAEKFFADPFRPNER
	MYRTGDLARWLPDGNIEFLGRADHQVKIRGHRIELGEIEAQLLNCKGV
	KEAVVIDKADDKGGKYLCAYVVMEVEVNDSELREYLGKALPDYMIPS
	FFVPLDQLPLTPNGKIDRKSLPNLEGIVNTNAKYVVPTNELEEKLAKIWE
	EVLGISQIGIQDNFFSLGGHSLKAITLISRMNKECNVDIPLRLLFEAPTIQE
	ISNYINGAKKESGSRSHHHHHH
[TycA] SBP-A-PCP-E-	MDEKTTGWRGGHVVEGLAGELEQLRARLEHHPQGQREPMVANQANLI
	DNKRELEQHALVPYAQGKSIHQLFEEQAEAFPDRVAIVFENRRLSYQEL
H186	NRKANQLARALLEKGVQTDSIVGVMMEKSIENVIAILAVLKAGGAYVPI
	DIEYPRDRIQYILQDSQTKIVLTQKSVSQLVHDVGYSGEVVVLDEEQLD
	ARETANLHQPSKPTDLAYVIYTSGTTGKPKGTMLEHKGIANLQSFFQNS
	FGVTEODRIGLFASMSFDASVWEMFMALLSGASLYILSKOTIHDFAAFE
	HYLSENELTIITLPPTYLTHLTPERITSLRIMITAGSASSAPLVNKWKDKL
	RYINAYGPTETSICATIWEAPSNOLSVOSVPIGKPIONTHIYIVNEDLOLL
	PTGSEGELCIGGVGLARGYWNRPDLTAEKFVDNPFVPGEKMYRTGDLA
	KWLTDGTIEFLGRIDHOVKIRGHRIELGEIESVLLAHEHITEAVVIAREDO
	HAGOYLCAYYISOOEATPAOLRDYAAOKLPAYMLPSYFVKLDKMPLTP
	NDKIDRKALPEPDI TANOSOA AYHPPRTETESII VSIWONVI GIEKIGIRD
	NEVSI GGDSIOAIOVVARI HSVOI KI ETKDI I NYPTIEOVAI EVKSTTR
	KSDOGIIAGNVPI TPIOKWEEGKNETNTGHWNOSSVI YRPEGEDPKVIO
	DVOOAIEAETODI USSMNI OECDI VKVAI EOTI UCDUI ELAIUUI VVD
	LSEIP I WESLESQANN VSLPND I EV I DUNUNS VRIMIRIRLIPEE I EQLL
	KHANQA I QI EINDLLLAALGLAFAE W SKLAQI VIHLEGHGKEDIIEQAN
	VARTVGWFTSQYPVLLDLKQTAPLSDYIKLTKENMKKIPKKGIGYDILK
	HVTLPENRGSLSFRVQPEVTFNYLGQFDADMRTELFTRSPYSGGNTLGA
	DGKNNLSPESEVYTALNITGLIEGGELVLTFSYSSEQYREESIQQLSQSYQ
	KHLLAIIAHCTEKKEVERTPSDFSVKGLQMEEMDDIFELLANTLRGSRS
	ннннн
[TycB1] C-A-PCP-His ₆	MSVFSKEQVQDMYALTPMQEGMLFHALLDQEHNSHLVQMSISLQGDL
	DVGLFTDSLHVLVERYDVFRTLFLYEKLKQPLQVVLKQRPIPIEFYGLSA
	CDESEKQLRYTQYKRADQERTFHLAKDPLMRVALFQMSQHDYQVIWS
	FHHILMDGWCFSIIFDDLLAIYLSLQNKTALSLEPVQPYSRFINWLEKQN
	KQAALNYWSDYLEAYEQKTTLPKKEAAFAKAFQPTQYRFSLNRTLTKQ
	LGTIASQNQVTLSTVIQTIWGVLLQKYNAAHDVLFGSVVSGRPTDIVGI
	DKMVGLFINTIPFRVQAKAGQTFSELLQAVHKRTLQSQPYEHVPLYDIQ
	TQSVLKQELIDHLLVIENYPLVEALQKKALNQQIGFTITAVEMFEPTNYD
	LTVMVMPKEELAFRFDYNAALFDEQVVQKLAGHLQQIADCVANNSGV
	ELCQIPLLTEAETSQLLAKRTETAADYPAATMHELFSRQAEKTPEQVAV
	VFADQHLTYRELDEKSNQLARFLRKKGIGTGSLVGTLLDRSLDMIVGIL
	GVLKAGGAFVPIDPELPAERIAYMLTHSRVPLVVTONHLRAKVTTPTET
	IDINTAVIGEESRAPIESLNOPHDLFYIIYTSGTTGOPKGVMLEHRNMAN
	LMHFTFDQTNIAFHEKVLOYTTCSFDVCYOEIFSTLLSGGOLYLITNELR
	RHVEKLFAFIOEKOISILSLPVSFLKFIFNEODYAOSFPRCVKHIITAGEOL
	VVTHELOKYLROHRVFLHNHYGPSETHVVTTCTMDPGOAIPEL PPIGKP
	ISNTGIYILDEGLOLKPEGIVGELYISGANVGRGYLHOPFLTAFKFLDNP
	YOPGERMYRTGDI ARWI PDGOLEFI GRIDHOVKIRGHRIFI GFIFSRI I
	NHPAIKFAVVIDRADETGGKFI CAVVVI OKAI SDEFMRAVI AOAI DEV
	MIPSFFVTI ERIPVTPNGKTDRRALPKPFGSAKTKADYVAPTTFI FOKI V

	AIWEQILGVSPIGIQDHFFTLGGHSLKAIQLISRIQKECQADVPLRVLFEQ
	PTIQALAAYVEGGGESAYLAIPQAEPQAYYPVSSAQKRMLILNQLDPHS
	TVYNLPVAMILEGSRSHHHHHH
[TycA-TycB1] SBP-A-	MDEKTTGWRGGHVVEGLAGELEQLRARLEHHPQGQREPMVANQANLI
	DNKRELEQHALVPYAQGKSIHQLFEEQAEAFPDRVAIVFENRRLSYQEL
PCP-EC-A-PCP-His ₆	NRKANQLARALLEKGVQTDSIVGVMMEKSIENVIAILAVLKAGGAYVPI
	DIEYPRDRIQYILODSOTKIVLTOKSVSQLVHDVGYSGEVVVLDEEQLD
	ARETANLHOPSKPTDLAYVIYTSGTTGKPKGTMLEHKGIANLOSFFONS
	FGVTEODRIGLFASMSFDASVWEMFMALLSGASLYILSKOTIHDFAAFE
	HYLSENELTIITLPPTYLTHLTPERITSLRIMITAGSASSAPLVNKWKDKL
	RYINAYGPTETSICATIWEAPSNOLSVOSVPIGKPIONTHIYIVNEDLOLL
	PTGSEGELCIGGVGLARGYWNRPDLTAEKFVDNPFVPGEKMYRTGDLA
	KWLTDGTIEFLGRIDHOVKIRGHRIELGEIESVLLAHEHITEAVVIAREDO
	HAGOYLCAYYISOOEATPAOLRDYAAOKLPAYMLPSYFVKLDKMPLTP
	NDKIDRKALPEPDLTANOSOAAYHPPRTETESILVSIWONVLGIEKIGIRD
	NFYSLGGDSIQAIOVVARLHSYOLKLETKDLLNYPTIEOVALFVKSTTR
	KSDOGIIAGNVPLTPIOKWFFGKNFTNTGHWNOSSVLYRPEGFDPKVIO
	SVMDKIIEHHDALRMVYOHENGNVVOHNRGLGGOLYDFFSYNLTAOP
	DVQQAIEAETQRLHSSMNLQEGPLVKVALFQTLHGDHLFLAIHHLVVD
	GISWRILFEDLATGYAQALAGQAISLPEKTDSFOSWSOWLQEYANEADL
	LSEIPYWESLESQAKNVSLPKDYEVTDCKQKSVRNMRIRLHPEETEQLL
	KHANQAYQTEINDLLLAALGLAFAEWSKLAQIVIHLEGHGREDIIEQAN
	VARTVGWFTSQYPVLLDLKQTAPLSDYIKLTKENMRKIPRKGIGYDILK
	HVTLPENRGSLSFRVQPEVTFNYLGQFDADMRTELFTRSPYSGGNTLGA
	DGKNNLSPESEVYTALNITGLIEGGELVLTFSYSSEQYREESIQQLSQSYQ
	KHLLAIIAHCTEKKEVERTPSDFSVKGLQMEEMDDIFELLANTLRGGSV
	FSKEQVQDMYALTPMQEGMLFHALLDQEHNSHLVQMSISLQGDLDVG
	LFTDSLHVLVERYDVFRTLFLYEKLKQPLQVVLKQRPIPIEFYDLSACDE
	SEKQLRYTQYKRADQERTFHLAKDPLMRVALFQMSQHDYQVIWSFHHI
	LMDGWCFSIIFDDLLAIYLSLQNKTALSLEPVQPYSRFINWLEKQNKQA
	ALNYWSDYLEAYEQKTTLPKKEAAFAKAFQPTQYRFSLNRTLTKQLGT
	IASQNQVTLSTVIQTIWGVLLQKYNAAHDVLFGSIVSGRPTDIVGIDKM
	VGLFINTIPFRVQAKAGQTFSELLQAVHKRTLQSQPYEHVPLYDIQTQSV
	LKQELIDHLLVIENYPLVEALQKKALNQQIGFTITAVEMFEPTNYDLTV
	MVMPKEELAFRFDYNAALFDEQVVQKLAGHLQQIADCVANNSGVELC
	QIPLLTEAETSQLLAKRTETAADYPAATMHELFSRQAEKTPEQVAVVFA
	DQHLTYRELDEKSNQLARFLRKKGIGTGSLVGTLLDRSLDMIVGILGVL
	KAGGAFVPIDPELPAERIAYMLTHSRVPLVVTQNHLRAKVTTPTETIDIN
	TAVIGEESRAPIESLNQPHDLFYIIYTSGTTGQPKGVMLEHRNMANLMH
	FTFDQTNIAFHEKVLQYTTCSFDVCYQEIFSTLLSGGQLYLITNELRRHV
	EKLFAFIQEKQISILSLPVSFLKFIFNEQDYAQSFPRCVKHIITAGEQLVVT
	HELQKYLRQHRVFLHNHYGPSETHVVTTCTMDPGQAIPELPPIGKPISNT
	GIYILDEGLQLKPEGIVGELYISGANVGRGYLHQPELTAEKFLDNPYQPG
	ERMYRTGDLARWLPDGQLEFLGRIDHQVKIRGHRIELGEIESRLLNHPAI
	KEAVVIDRADETGGKFLCAYVVLQKALSDEEMRAYLAQALPEYMIPSF
	FVTLERIPVTPNGKTDRRALPKPEGSAKTKADYVAPTTELEQKLVAIWE
	QILGVSPIGIQDHFFTLGGHSLKAIQLISRIQKECQADVPLRVLFEQPTIQA
	LAAYVEGSRSHHHHHH

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES



Figure S1. Effect of protein concentration on pattern of photo-crosslinking. Shown are coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE gels. A) 5 μ M of TycB1(A14BzF) were incubated at 25 °C for 45 min with varying concentrations of GrsA (0 to 25 μ M) and irradiated with 366 nm for 45 min. B) 5 μ M of TycA were incubated at 25 °C for 45 min with varying concentrations of TycB1(S5BzF) (0 to 15 μ M) and irradiated with 366 nm for 45 min. h = high band, m = middle band, 1 = low band. Calculated masses are 132.5 kDa (GrsA), 125.2 kDa (TycB1) and 123.9 kDa (TycA).



Figure S2. Effect of irradiation time. Shown is a coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE gel. TycB1(E7BzF) and TycB1(M12BzF) in presence of partner protein GrsA (each at 5 μ M) were incubated at 25 °C for 45 min and irradiated at 366 nm for different periods of time. h = high band, m = middle band, l = low band. Calculated masses are 132.5 kDa (GrsA) and 125.2 kDa (TycB1).



Figure S3. Variation of buffer in photo-crosslink assays. Shown is a coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE gel. Photo-crosslink reactions between TycB1(E7BzF) and TycB1(M12BzF), respectively, with partner protein GrsA (each at 5 μ M) were performed in PBS buffer (140 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 1.5 mM KH₂PO₄, 8.1 mM Na₂HPO₄, pH 7.4). The results were virtually indistinguishable from those obtained when the experiments were regularly performed in 50 mM HEPES, 100 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM EDTA, pH 7.0, samples of which are loaded in control lanes for comparison. These findings ruled out that the C-H bonds of HEPES at the high buffer concentrations participate in the photo-crosslinking reaction and partially quench the protein-protein crosslinking. h = high band, m = middle band, 1 = low band. Calculated masses are 132.5 kDa (GrsA) and 125.2 kDa (TycB1).



Figure S4. Densitometric analysis of SDS-PAGE crosslink band intensities. The intensities of the indicated bands were calculated as percentage of the entire protein band intensities in the same sample (i.e., sum of TycB1, GrsA, l, m, and h bands). (A) Crosslink band at approx. 240 kDa. The background intensity of the m band in the respective GrsA negative control was subtracted for this analysis. (B) Crosslink band with a migration behavior at high molecular weight.



Figure S5. Effect of COM domain truncations on photo-crosslinking activity. Shown are coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE gels. A) Analysis of photo-crosslinking reactions between TycB1(S5BzF) (top panel) and TycB1(E7BzF) (bottom panel) with full-length GrsA (including a C-terminal His-tag) and a series of gradual C-terminal deletion constructs of GrsA (lacking the C-terminal His-tag and an increasing number of C-terminal amino acids from the wildtype sequence).⁶ Each protein was at 5 μ M concentration and irradiation at 366 nm was performed for 45 min at 25 °C. B) Analysis of the photo-crosslinking reaction between GrsA(X1099BzF) (see Ref⁶) and full-length TycB1 along with a series of N-terminal truncation mutants of TycB1. h = high band, m = middle band, 1 = low band.





Figure S6. MS/MS mapping analysis of photo-crosslinked peptides. The shown MS/MS spectra are consistent with the expected fragmentation patterns of the illustrated crosslinked peptides, identified using StavroX 3.6.6.7 (A) Assignment of a crosslink between GrsA (α) and TvcB1(S5BzF) (β) peptides from the middle band of the photo reaction, x denotes BzF. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 811.1434 matches the expected mass of the crosslinked peptide with a deviation of 0.7 ppm. The GrsA fragment encompasses amino acids E^{1080} LELEEMDDIFDLLADSLT¹⁰⁹⁸ and the additional residues GSR from the fused tag. (B) Assignment of a crosslink between GrsA (α) and TycB1(S5BzF) (β) peptides from the middle band of the photo reaction. x denotes BzF. The precursor ion $[M+4H]^{4+}$ at m/z 815.1434 matches the expected mass of the crosslinked peptide with a deviation of 2.3 ppm. The GrsA fragment encompasses amino acids E¹⁰⁸⁰LELEEMDDIFDLLADSLT¹⁰⁹⁸ and the additional residues GSR from the fused tag. (C) Assignment of a crosslink between GrsA (a) and TycB1(S5BzF) (β) peptides from the high band of the photo reaction. x denotes BzF. The precursor ion $[M+4H]^{4+}$ at m/z 817.4054 matches the expected mass of the cross-linked peptide with a deviation of -0.3 ppm. The GrsA fragment encompasses amino acids Q⁴⁸⁹FSSEELPTYMIPSYFIQLDK⁵⁰⁹.



Figure S7. MS/MS spectra of crosslink peptides. (A) Assignment of a crosslink between GrsA (α) and TycB1(V3BzF) (β) peptides from the middle band of the photo reaction. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 808.1351 matches the expected mass of the crosslinked peptide to 1.6 ppm. The shown MS/MS spectrum is consistent with the expected fragmentation pattern. (B) Assignment of a crosslink between GrsA (α) and TycB1(V3BzF) (β) peptides from the high band of the photo reaction. X denote BzF, respectively. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 814.3976 matches the expected mass of the crosslinked peptide to 1.3 ppm. The shown MS/MS spectrum is consistent with the expected respectively.



Figure S8. Crosslink experiment with GrsB1 mutant K5BzF and TycB1 mutant S5BzF in the absence and presence of the native partner GrsA and TycA. Shown are coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE gels. The crosslink reactions were incubated for 45 min at 25 °C, followed by irradiation with UV light (λ =366 nm) for 45 min. TycA-TycB1 fusion construct is used as an indicator for the migration behavior of the L-form isomer. Bands marked with an asterisk represent two additional BzF and irradiation dependent crosslink products that were produced by some of the TycB1(BzF) mutants also in the absence of GrsA. In contrast to the other crosslink products, the intensity of these bands varied depending on the protein preparation, suggesting the crosslinks are caused by partially misfolded protein populations. In Figure 3A of the main text the same bands can be seen with weaker intensity. h = high band, m = middle band, l = low band. Calculated masses are 132.5 kDa (GrsA), 125.2 kDa (TycB1), 123.9 kDa (TycA), 122.9 kDa (GrsB1) and 246.7 kDa (TycA-TycB1).



Figure S9. MS/MS spectra of crosslink peptides. (A) Assignment of a crosslink between GrsA (α) and GrsB1(K5BzF) (β) peptides from the middle band of the photo reaction. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 811.6375 matches the expected mass of the crosslinked peptide to -0.3 ppm. The shown MS/MS spectrum is consistent with the expected fragmentation pattern. (B) Assignment of a crosslink between GrsA (α) and GrsB1(K5BzF) (β) peptides from the high band of the photo reaction. X denote BzF, respectively. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 821.9003 matches the expected mass of the crosslinked peptide to 1.4 ppm. The shown MS/MS spectrum is consistent with the expected respectively.





Figure S10. MS/MS spectra of click conjugation products. (A) Assignment of a cross-link between GrsA(F1090AzF) (α) and TycB1(S5PrY) (β) peptides from the middle band of the CuAAC reaction. O and J denote AzF and PrY, respectively. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 812.8880 matches the expected mass of the cross-linked peptide with a deviation of 0.0 ppm, and the shown MS/MS spectrum is consistent with the expected fragmentation pattern. (B) Assignment of a cross-link between GrsA(Y498PrY) (α) and TycB1(S5AzF) (β) peptides from the high band of the CuAAC reaction. O and J denote AzF and PrY, respectively. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 811.1535 matches the expected mass of the cross-linked peptide with a deviation of 0.2 ppm, and the shown MS/MS spectrum is consistent with the expected fragmentation pattern. (C) Assignment of a crosslink between GrsA(Y503PrY) (α) and TycB1(S5AzF) (β) peptides from the high band of the cuAAC reaction. O and J denote AzF and PrY, respectively. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 811.1535 matches the expected mass of the cross-linked peptide with a deviation of 0.2 ppm, and the shown MS/MS spectrum is consistent with the expected fragmentation pattern. (C) Assignment of a crosslink between GrsA(Y503PrY) (α) and TycB1(S5AzF) (β) peptides from the high band of the CuAAC reaction. O and J denote AzF and PrY, respectively. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 815.1499 matches the expected mass of the cross-linked peptide with a deviation of -2.7 ppm, and the shown MS/MS spectrum is consistent with the expected fragmentation pattern.



Figure S11. MS/MS mapping analysis of photo-crosslinked peptides. Assignment of a cross-link between GrsA(Y498AzF) (α) and TycB1 (β) peptides from the high band of the photo reaction. O denotes AzF. The precursor ion [M+4H]⁴⁺ at m/z 779.6391 matches the expected mass of the cross-linked peptide with a deviation of 0.4 ppm. The TycB1 fragment encompasses amino acids S²VFSK⁶.



Figure S12. Structural modeling to rationalize proximity between A9 motif and acceptor COM domain. (A) Crystal structure of an A^N-A^C-PCP unit in transfer conformation (pdb: 4ZXJ). The A9 motif corresponding to the GrsA sequence PTYMI is colored in yellow. The A^N domain is shown in red, the A^C subdomain in orange, and the PCP in green. The Ppant arm is shown in stick representation. (B) Crystal structure of an A^C-PCP-C unit in donor condensation conformation (pdb: 6MFX). The A9 motif corresponding to the GrsA sequence PTYMI is colored in yellow. The A^C subdomain is shown in orange and the C domain is shown in light pink. The Ppant arm is shown in stick representation. (C) Structural model (partial) of the unknown epimerization conformation. The PCP-E structure (pdb: 5ISX) was structurally aligned on the PCP with the A^C-PCPs units from all known NRPS structures in which the PCP binds to a catalytic domain other than an A domain (see Tab. S1) to visualize all currently known orientations of the A^C subdomain relative to the PCP. Since the PCP-E structure lacks electron density for the C-terminal residues 1071-1098 of GrsA, the location of the donor COM domain (~ aa 1073-1098) and thus the binding site of the acceptor COM domain can only be extrapolated from the last reference point L1071, which is depicted as blue spheres. Further uncertainty is added by the unknown orientation of the acceptor COM domain with the photocrosslinking moiety. Nevertheless, this structural and modeling analysis suggests that a proximity between the A9 motif of the A^C subdomain and the COM binding interface is plausible (see close proximity of blue spheres with yellow A9 motif in one subset of possible A^C localizations). Together, we assume our mapped crosslink from the acceptor COM domain into the A9 motif is consistent with the available structural data and most likely reports on the epimerization conformation in the GrsA/TycB1 complex. The E domain is shown in grey, the PCP in green and the A^C subdomains in reddish colors. The A9 motif corresponding to the GrsA sequence PTYMI is colored in yellow for each A^C subdomain structure. All images were created with PyMol.

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