

Electronic Supporting Information

Mechanochemically assisted hydrolysis in the ADOR process

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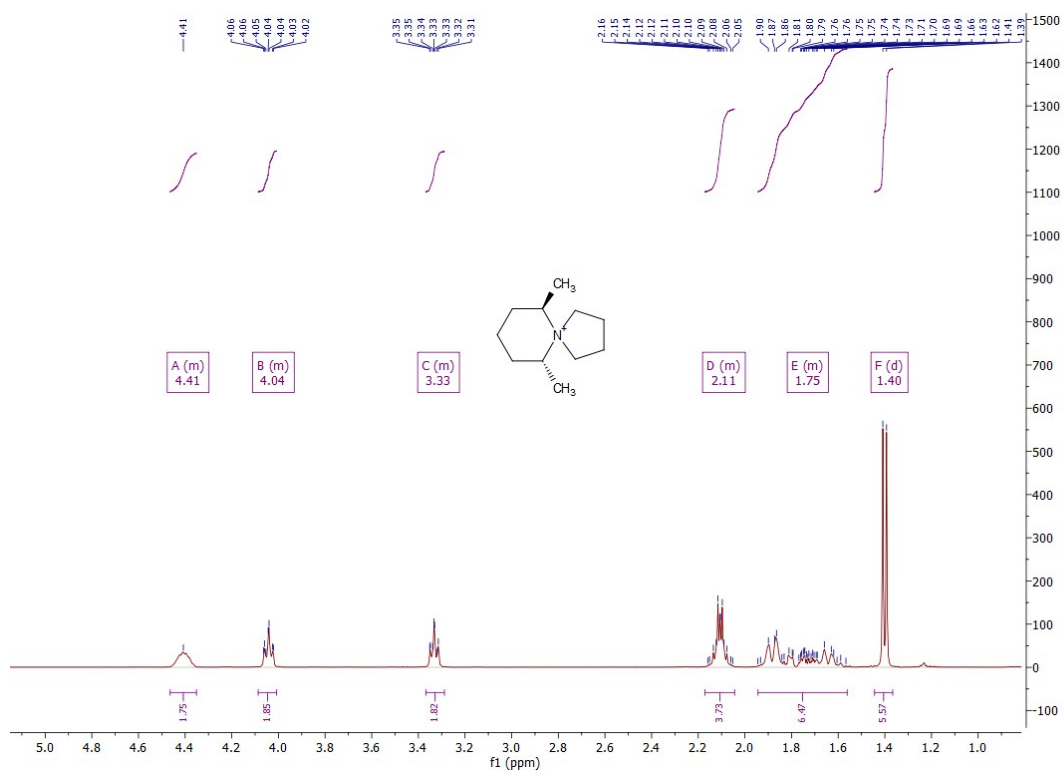


Figure S1: ^1H NMR of the OSDA (6R,10S)-6,10-dimethyl-5-azoniaspiro[4.5]decane bromide.

^1H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 4.46–4.35 (m, 2H, NCH), 4.09–4.01 (m, 2H, NCH_2), 3.37–3.29 (m, 2H, NCH_2), 2.17–2.04 (m, 4H, NCH_2CH_2), 1.94–1.56 (m, 6H, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CHN}$), 1.40 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 6H, CH_3).

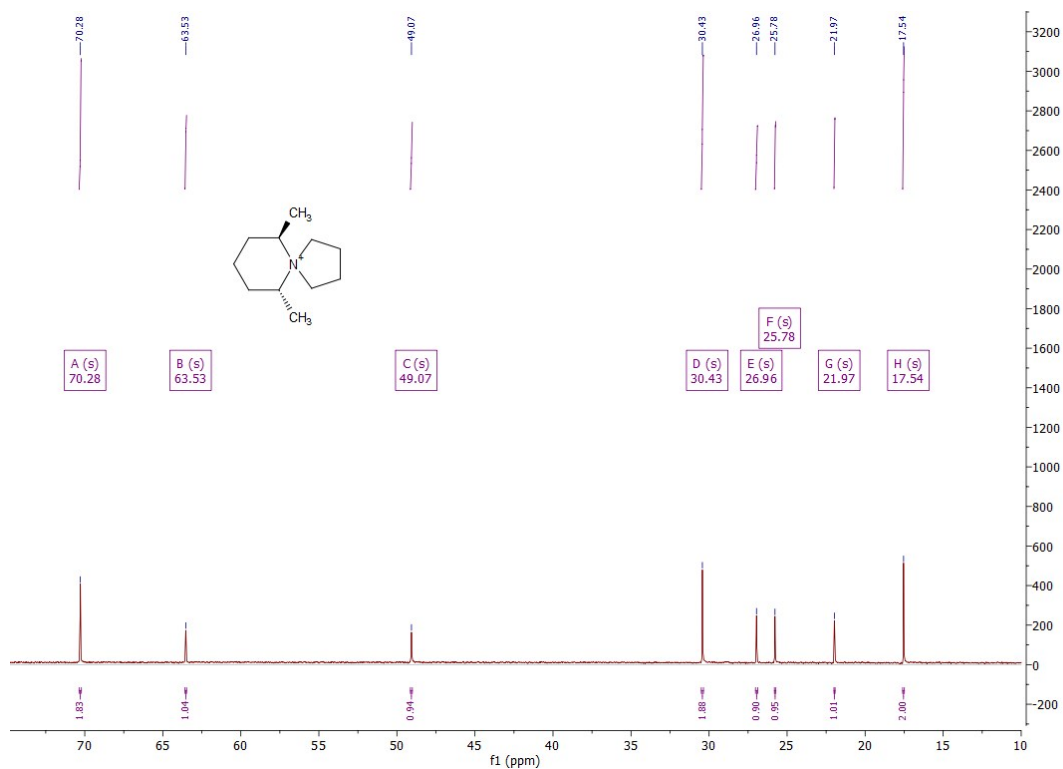


Figure S2: ^{13}C NMR of the OSDA (6R,10S)-6,10-dimethyl-5-azoniaspiro[4.5]decane bromide.

^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 70.28, 63.53, 49.07, 30.43, 26.96, 25.78, 21.97, 17.54.

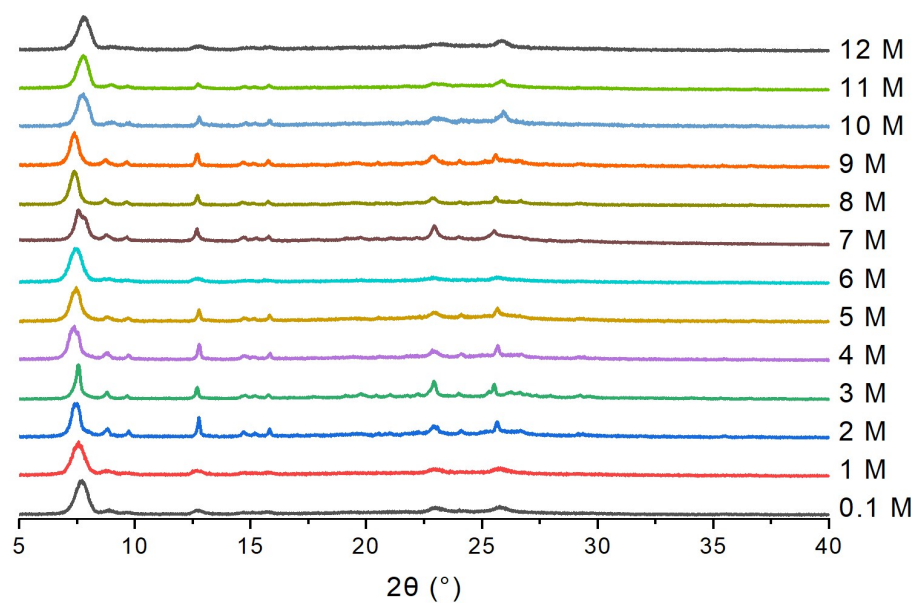


Figure S3: PXRD patterns of as made materials produced from ball milling UTL in varying concentrations of hydrochloric acid.

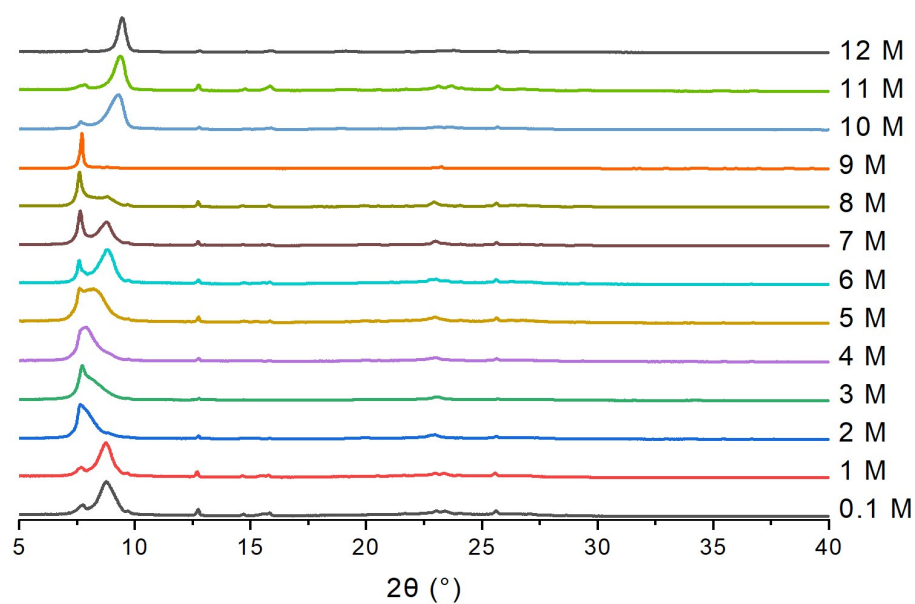


Figure S4: PXRD patterns of reassembled materials produced from ball milling UTL in varying concentrations of hydrochloric acid.

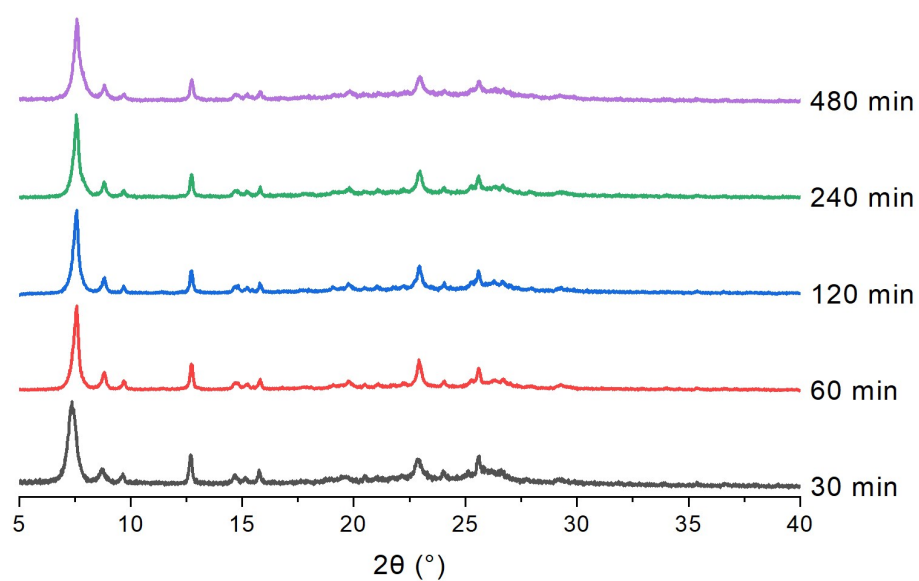


Figure 5: PXRD patterns of as made materials produced from ball milling UTL in 9 M hydrochloric acid for different times.

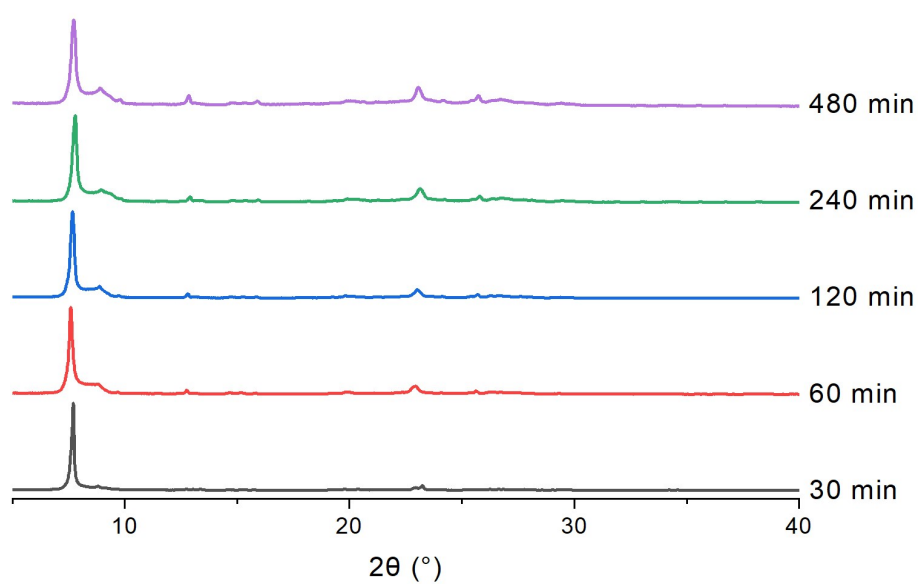


Figure 6: PXRD patterns of reassembled materials produced from ball milling UTL in 9 M hydrochloric acid for different times.

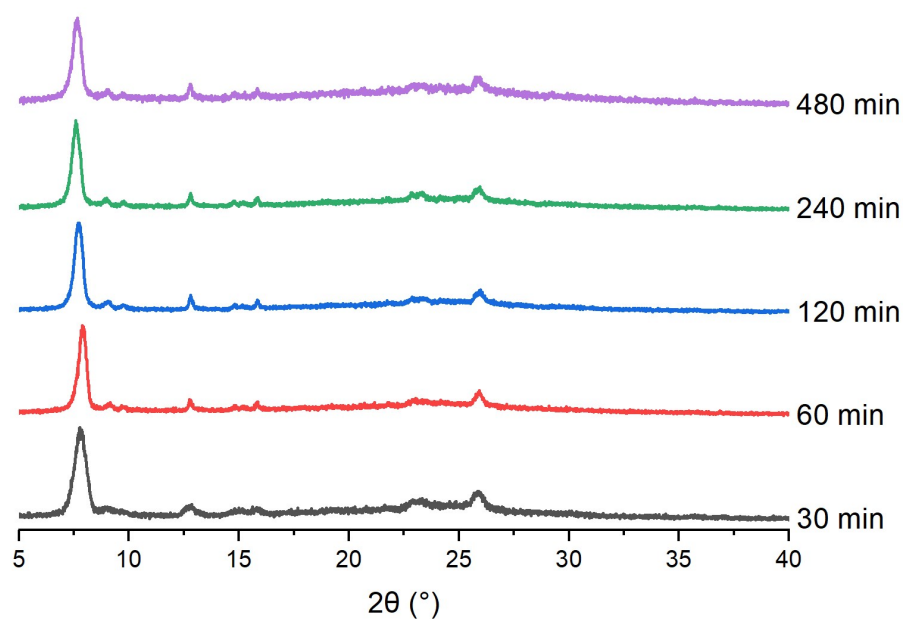


Figure S7: PXRD patterns of as made materials produced from ball milling UTL in 12 M hydrochloric acid for different times.

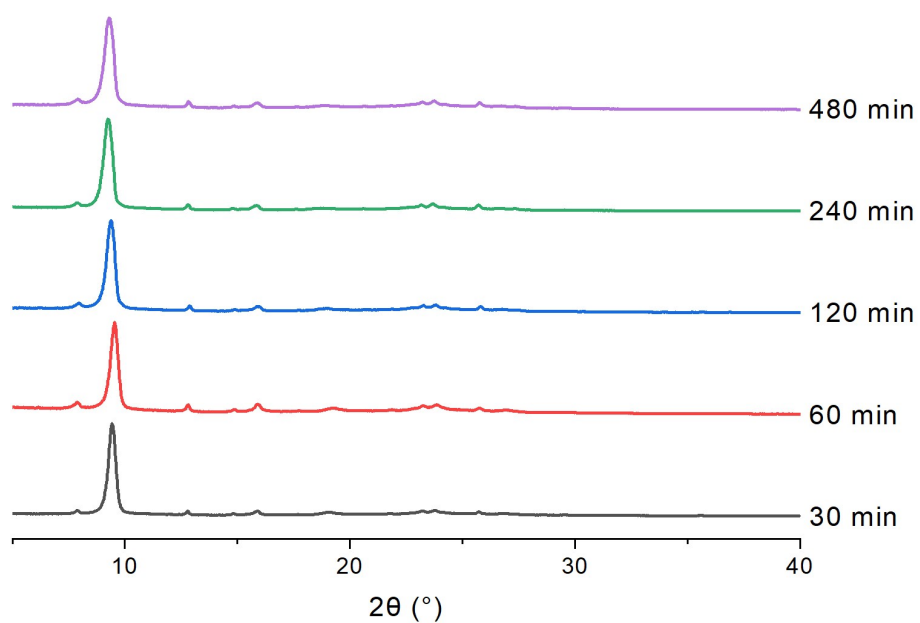


Figure S8: PXRD patterns of reassembled materials produced from ball milling UTL in 12 M hydrochloric acid for different times.

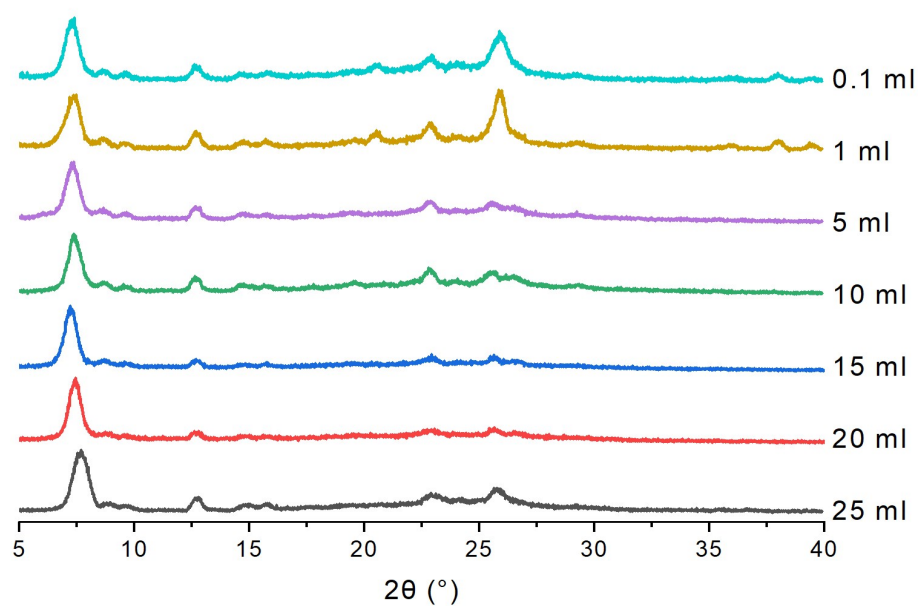


Figure S9: PXRD patterns of as made materials produced from ball milling UTL with different volumes of water.

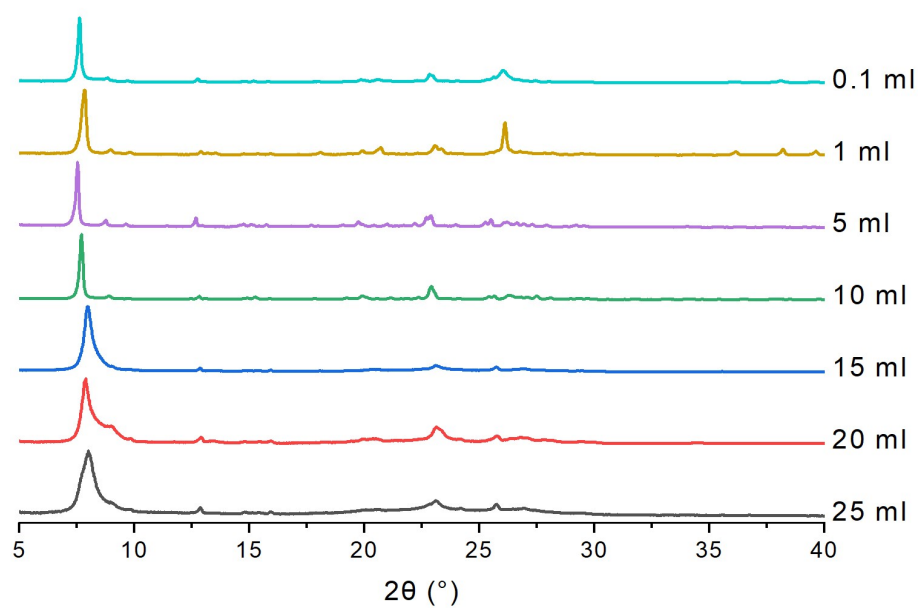


Figure S10: PXRD patterns of reassembled materials produced from ball milling UTL with different volumes of water.

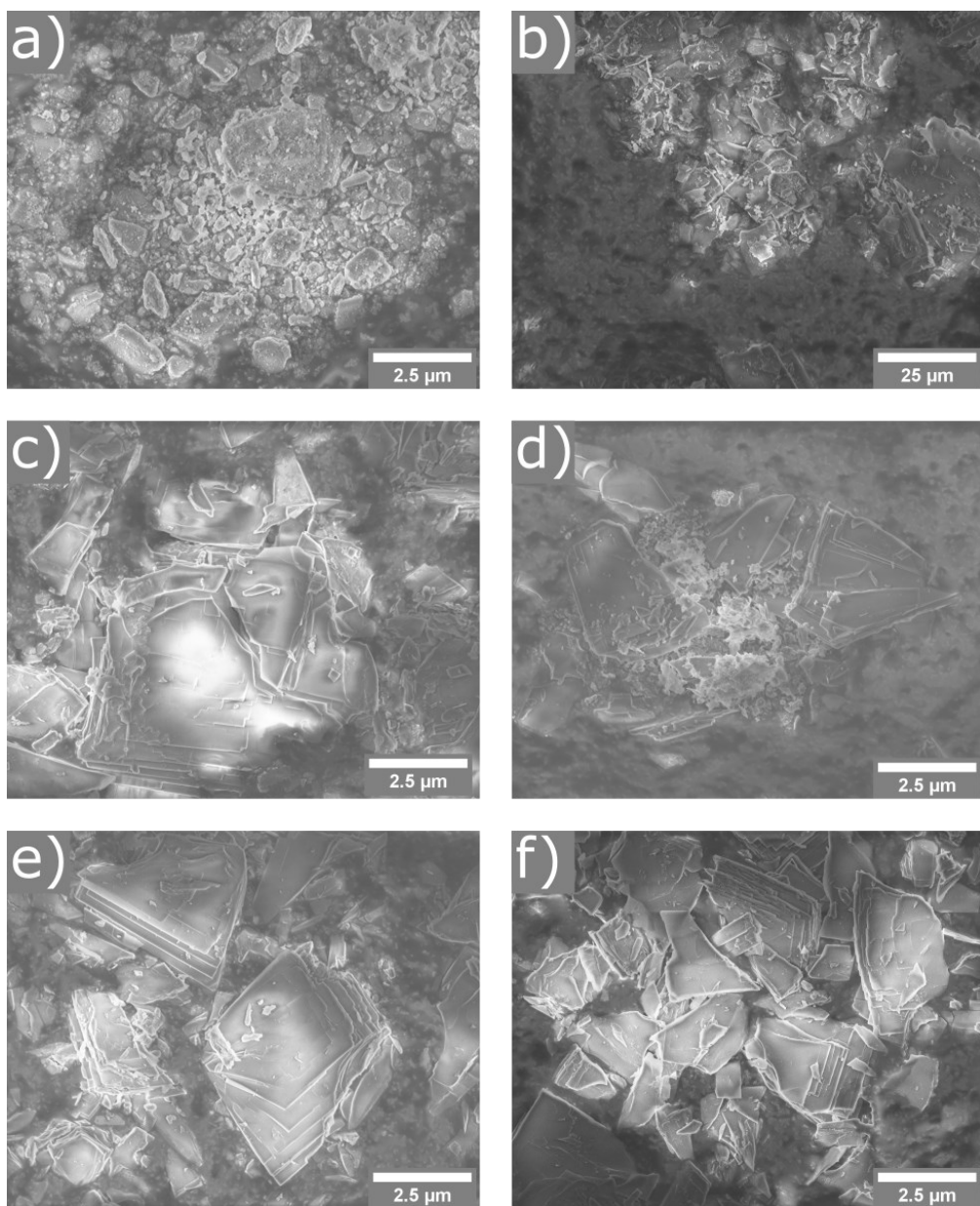


Figure S11: SEM images of various ball milled and reassembled samples.

a) 25 ml water; b) 5 ml water; c) 0.1 ml water; d) 6 M HCl; e) 9 M HCl; f) 12 M HCl.

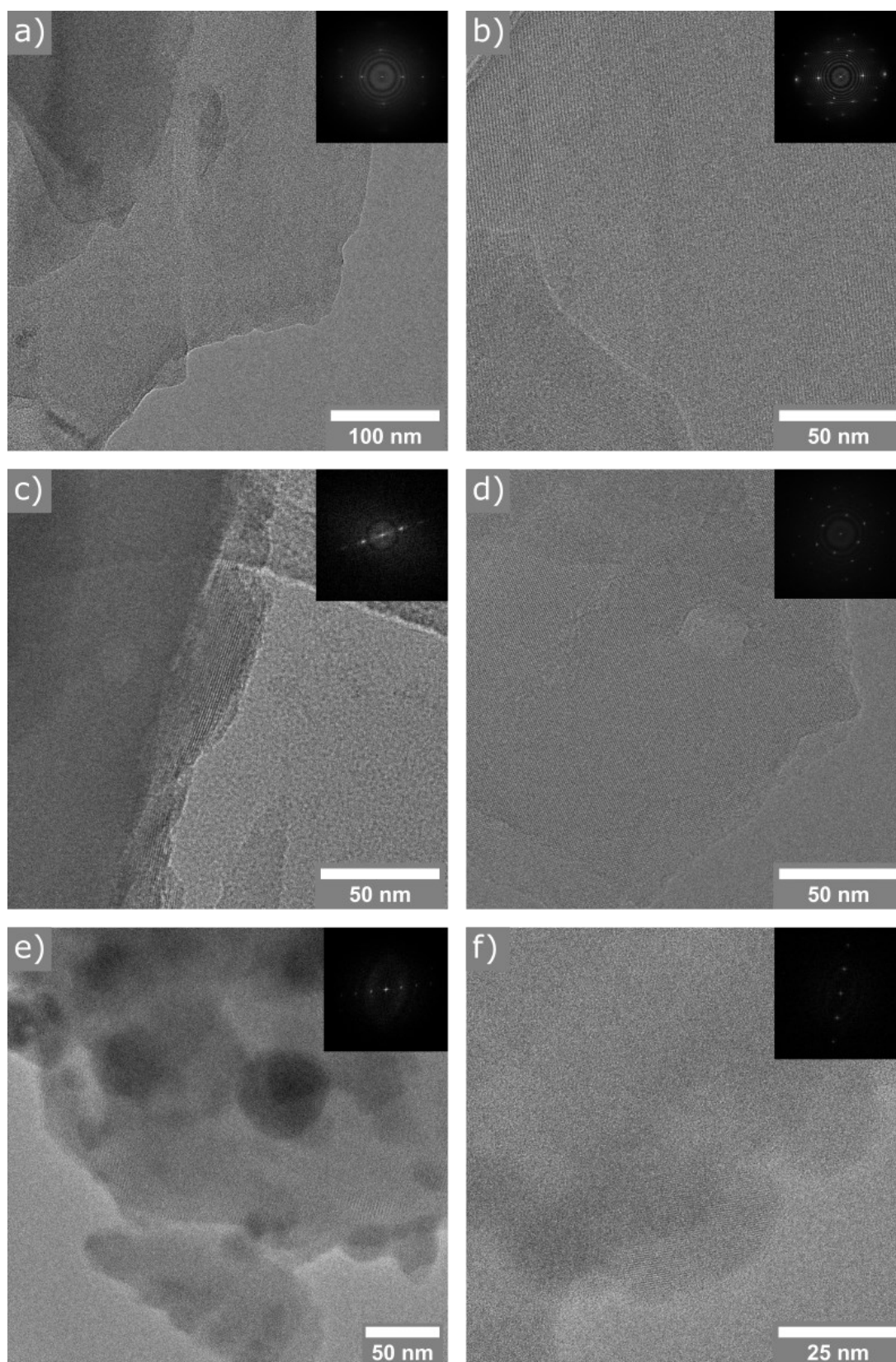


Figure S12: TEM images with FFT inserts.

a) 12 M, crystal of a minor IPC-6 phase (d-spacing 10.1 Å); b) 12 M, two overlapping crystals; c) 9 M, lattice fringes corresponding to IPC-2 (d-spacing 11.3 Å); d) 9 M, view along the [101] direction; e) 0.1 ml water, lattice fringes corresponding to IPC-2 (d-spacing 11.2 Å); f) 0.1 ml water, showing a GeO₂ nanoparticle impurity.

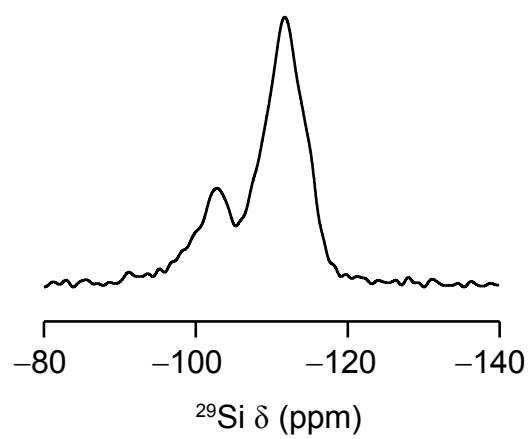


Figure 13: ^{29}Si (9.4 T, 14 kHz) MAS NMR spectrum of calcined UTL, ball milled in 40% H_2^{17}O for 30 minutes and dehydrated under vacuum at 120 °C overnight.