

## Supporting Information for “Polyolefin Catalysis of Propene, 1-Butene and Isobutene Monitored Using Hyperpolarized NMR”

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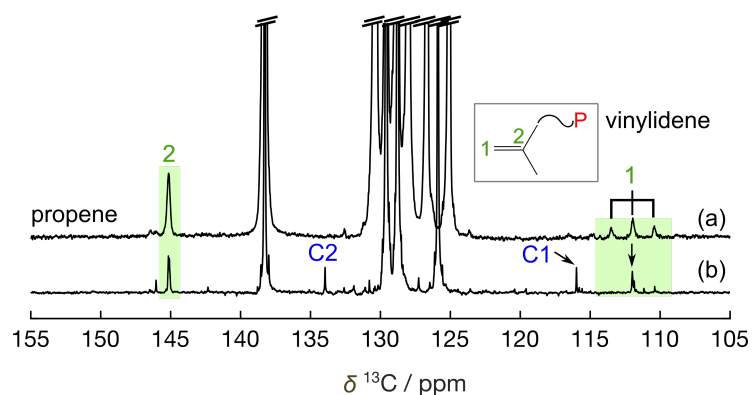
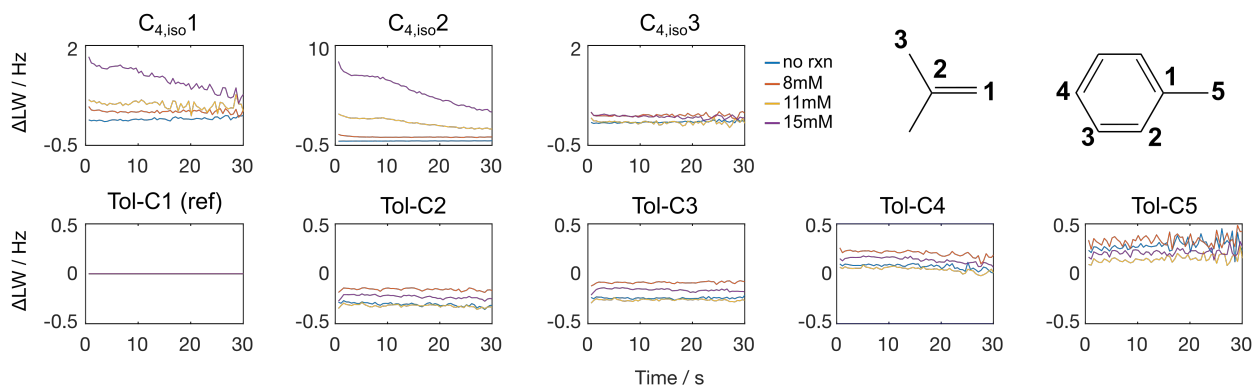


Figure S1. (a)  $^1\text{H}$  coupled and (b)  $^1\text{H}$  decoupled, hyperpolarized  $^{13}\text{C}$  spectra from two separate propene polymerization reactions, showing evidence for the presence of vinylidene chain-ends from side reactions.

(a) Line width change



(b) Chemical shift change

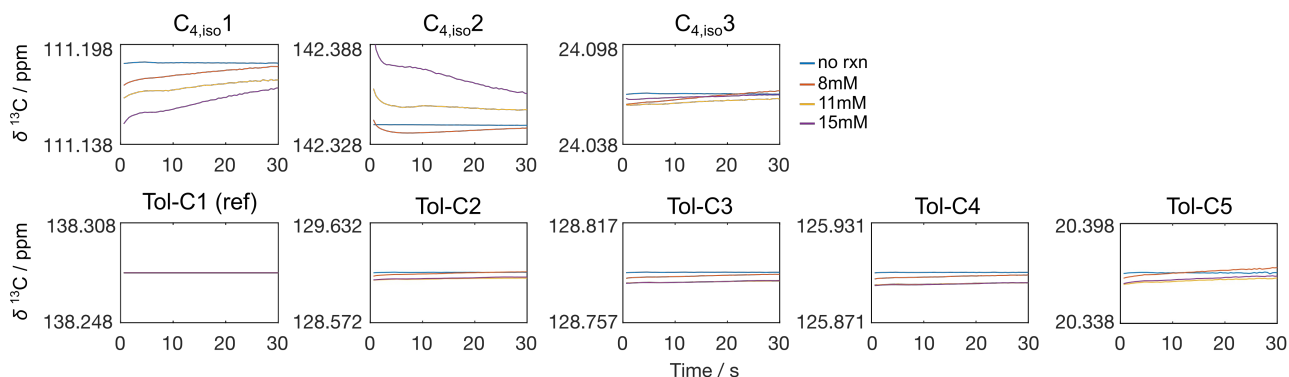


Figure S2. Dynamic changes in (a) line widths and (b) chemical shifts of C1–C3 signals of isobutene ( $\text{C}_{4,\text{iso}1}$ ,  $\text{C}_{4,\text{iso}2}$ , and  $\text{C}_{4,\text{iso}3}$ , respectively) and toluene signals (Tol-Cx, x = 1-5) measured during isobutene polymerization reactions with  $[\text{Zr}] = 0, 8, 11,$  and  $15 \text{ mM}$ . The toluene signal Tol-C1 was used as a reference for the line width change ( $\Delta\text{LW}$ ) and to calibrate the chemical shift. This toluene peak was calibrated against tetramethylsilane (TMS) using a separate sample.