

Supporting Information

Electrocatalytic Redox Neutral [3+2] Annulation of *N*-Cyclopropylanilines and Alkenes

Qi Wang,¹ Qile Wang,² Yuexiang Zhang,³ Yasmine M. Mohamed,¹ Carlos Pacheco,¹ Nan Zheng,^{*2} Richard N. Zare^{*4} and Hao Chen^{*1,3}

¹Department of Chemistry & Environmental Science, New Jersey Institute of Technology, Newark, NJ, 07102, USA

²Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, Arkansas 72701, USA

³Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, Ohio University, Athens, OH 45701, USA

⁴Department of Chemistry, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305-5080, USA

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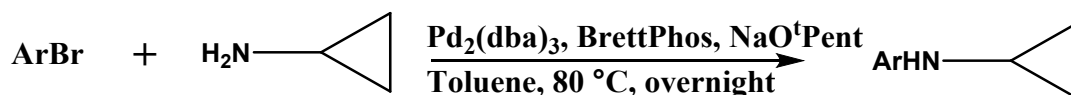
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General Considerations:

All reactions were carried out under a nitrogen atmosphere. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded using a Bruker Avance DPX-500 spectrometer. All ^1H -NMR experiments were reported in δ units, parts per million (ppm), and measured relative to the signal for residual chloroform (7.26 ppm) in the deuterated solvent. All ^{13}C NMR experiments were reported in ppm relative to deuteriochloroform (77.23 ppm) and obtained with ^1H decoupling. All new compounds were characterized by ^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR, and high-resolution mass spectroscopy. The relative configuration of new compounds was established by NOSEY experiment. High-resolution mass spectra were recorded on a High-resolution Q Executive hybrid quadrupole-Orbitrap mass spectrometer (Thermo Fisher Scientific, San Jose, CA).

General Procedure 1 (GP1): Synthesis of *N*-cyclopropylanilines

All *N*-cyclopropylanilines were synthesized according to a modified procedure of Loeppky and co-workers as described below.¹



To an oven-dried tube equipped with a stir bar were added 0.03 mmol of $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$, 0.09 mmol of BrettPhos, 4.5 mmol of NaO^tPent , 3 mmol of aryl bromide, 3.3 mmol of cyclopropylamine and 6 mL of toluene. After degassing by using the freeze-pump-thaw method and heating at 80 $^\circ\text{C}$ for overnight, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with diethyl ether, filtered through a short pad of silica gel, and concentrated under vacuum. Purification of the residual mass by column chromatography on silica gel afforded *N*-cyclopropylaniline.

3,5-Dimethyl-*N*-cyclopropylaniline. Following GP1 with bromobenzene (416 μL , 3 mmol, 1 equiv.), the product (**1a**) was isolated after column chromatography on silica gel (3% EtOAc/hexane) as a colorless liquid (363 mg, 75%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 6.43 (s, 2H), 6.41 (s, 1H), 4.06 (s, 1H), 2.41 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 6H), 0.71 (m, 2H), 0.50 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 148.85, 138.89, 119.87, 111.20, 25.40, 21.63, 7.53. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}$ 162.128; found 162.128.

4-Chloro-*N*-cyclopropylaniline. Following GP1 with 4-chlorobromobenzene (574 mg, 3 mmol, 1 equiv.), the product was isolated after column chromatography on silica gel (3% EtOAc/hexane) as a colorless oil (300 mg, 60%). Spectral data correspond to those described in the literature.²

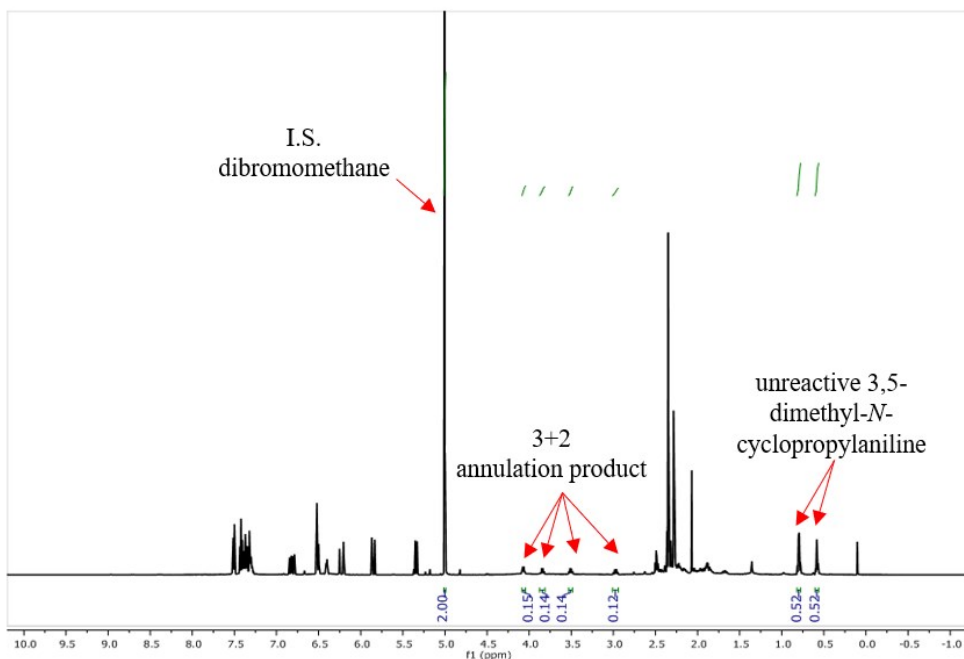
***N*-Cyclopropyl-2-biphenylamine.** Following GP1 with 2-bromobiphenyl (701 mg, 3 mmol, 1 equiv.), the product was isolated after column chromatography on silica gel (2% EtOAc/hexane) as a colorless liquid (564 mg, 90%). Spectral data correspond to those described in the literature.³

***N*-Cyclopropyl-1-naphthylamine.** Following GP1 with 1-bromonaphthalene (623 mg, 3 mmol, 1 equiv.), the product was isolated after column chromatography on silica gel (3% EtOAc/hexane) as a white solid (467 mg, 85%). Spectral data correspond to those described in the literature.¹

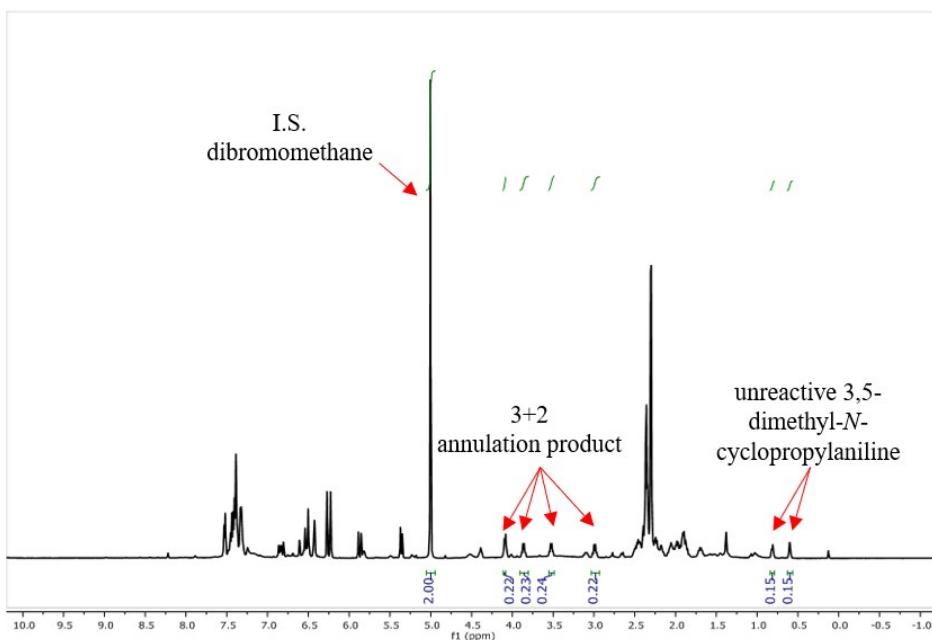
General Procedure 2 (GP2): Scale-up Bulk Electrochemistry-assisted [3+2] Annulation Reaction

A 20 mL clear screw glass vial equipped with one Pt plate (2 cm×1 cm×0.1 cm, length×width×thickness) and one piece of reticulated vitreous carbon electrode (2 cm×1.3 cm×1.3 cm, length×width×thickness) as cathode and anode respectively, was charged with *N*-cyclopropylaniline (1 mmol), styrene (10 mmol), and LiOTf (10 mmol) and 10 mL MeCN. The reaction mixture was degassed by the freeze-pump-thaw cycles. A TEKPOWER variable linear direct current (DC) power supply was used to control the current (1 mA) for electro-oxidation. After the reaction was complete as shown by TLC, the mixture was filtered through a short silica pad and eluted with Et₂O (10 mL). The solution was concentrated by vacuum, and the residue was purified by silica gel flash chromatography to afford the corresponding annulation reaction products. The diastereoisomers were assigned by NOSEY.

GP2 was used to conduct the optimization studies shown in Table 1. Additionally, we performed two studies to identify the optimal loading for LiOTf and styrene. For the first study, we reduced the amount of electrolyte, LiOTf by 50% and performed the reaction under the optimized conditions otherwise (1 mmol of 3,5-dimethyl-*N*-cyclopropylaniline, 10 mmol of styrene, 5 mmol of LiOTf, 10 mL of MeCN, $I_{\text{cell}}=1$ mA, 9 h) and obtained the product in an NMR yield of 29% with 26% of unreactive 3,5-dimethyl-*N*-cyclopropylaniline (shown below). The yield was significantly lower than the one under the optimized reaction condition (NMR yield 75%). For the second study, we performed the reaction using 5 mmol of styrene rather than 10 mmol of styrene under the optimized condition otherwise (1 mmol of 3,5-dimethyl-*N*-cyclopropylaniline, 5 mmol of styrene, 10 mmol of LiOTf, 10 mL of MeCN, $I_{\text{cell}}=1$ mA, 9 h) and obtained the product in an NMR yield of 45% with 7.5% remaining 3,5-dimethyl-*N*-cyclopropylaniline (shown below). The yield was also lower than the one (75%) under the optimized condition.



¹H NMR spectrum of scale-up bulk electrochemistry-assisted [3+2] annulation reaction (1 mmol of 3,5-dimethyl-N-cyclopropylaniline, 10 mmol of styrene, 5 mmol of LiOTf, 10 mL of MeCN, I_{cell}=1 mA, 9 h)



¹H NMR spectrum of scale-up bulk electrochemistry-assisted [3+2] annulation reaction (1 mmol of 3,5-dimethyl-N-cyclopropylaniline, 5 mmol of styrene, 10 mmol of LiOTf, 10 mL of MeCN, I_{cell}=1 mA, 9 h)

Procedure for Electrolysis in Divided Cell

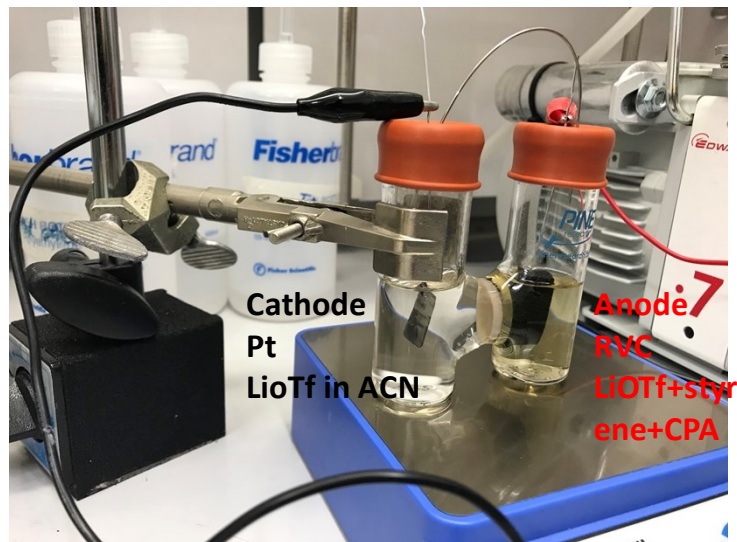


Figure S1. Divided electrolysis cell setup

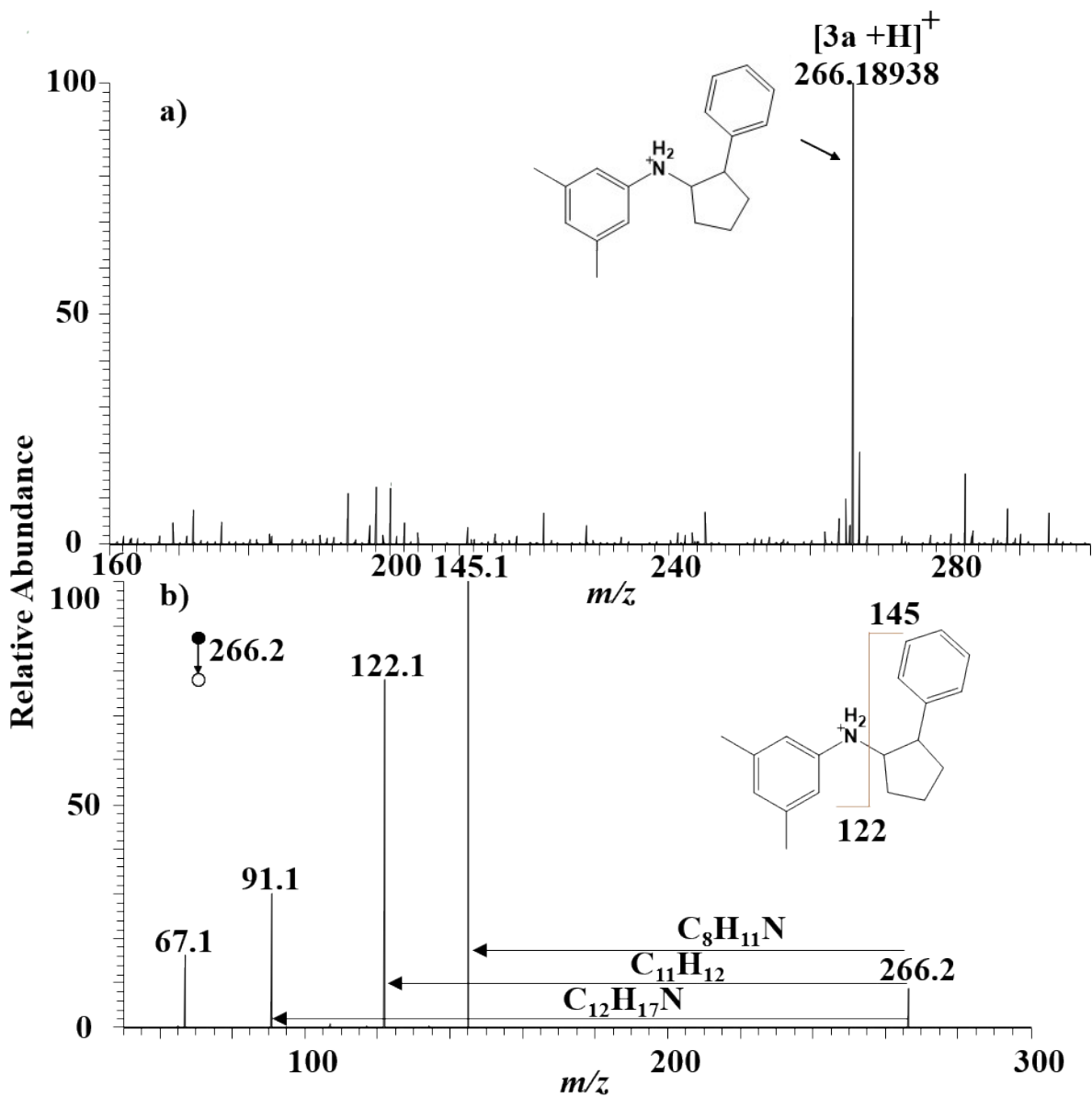
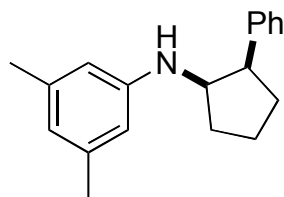


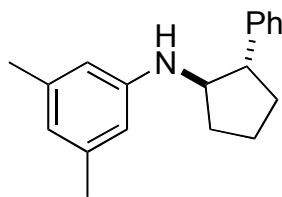
Figure S2. a) NanoESI-MS spectrum showing the formation of the product **3a** by divided cell electrolysis (the anode RVC side); b) MS/MS spectrum of $[3a+H]^+$.

Compound characterization and NMR Spectra

Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (102 mg, 0.63 mmol), cycloadduct **3a** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (15% EtOAc/hexane) as a separable mixture of two diastereoisomers.



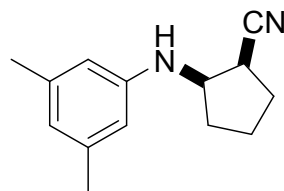
Data for **3a-cis**: colorless oil (78 mg, 47%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.32 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.22 (dt, $J = 7.2, 3.0$ Hz, 3H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 6.12 (s, 2H), 3.99 (q, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.42 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.20 (s, 6H), 2.16 – 2.05 (m, 3H), 1.96 (tq, $J = 7.1, 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.81 (dddd, $J = 13.3, 8.9, 4.9, 2.0$ Hz, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 147.87, 140.75, 138.69, 128.65, 128.31, 126.44, 118.92, 111.11, 57.40, 48.20, 31.98, 28.65, 22.04, 21.48. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}$ 266.190; found 266.191. The *cis* configuration was established by NOSEY experiment based on the integration of correlation peak (1735).



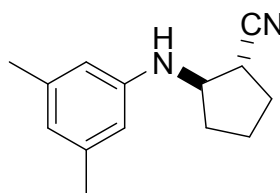
Data for **3a-trans**: colorless oil (43 mg, 26%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.19 (q, $J = 5.8, 3.8$ Hz, 4H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 6.08 (s, 2H), 3.67 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.81 (q, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.28 (dq, $J = 14.6, 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 6H), 1.87 – 1.63 (m, 4H), 1.57 – 1.46 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 148.10, 143.89, 138.78, 128.53, 127.40, 126.36, 119.07, 111.32, 61.55, 53.22, 33.63, 29.72, 23.38, 21.46. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}$ 266.190; found 266.191. The *trans* configuration was established by NOSEY experiment based on the integration of correlation peak (157).

The *cis/trans* configuration for the rest of the products was assigned by analogy to **3a**.

Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (89 mg, 0.55 mmol), cycloadduct **3b** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (15% EtOAc/hexane) as a separable mixture of two diastereoisomers.



Data for **3b-cis**: colorless oil (61 mg, 52%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.44 (tt, $J = 1.6, 0.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.32 – 6.29 (m, 2H), 3.97 (dt, $J = 9.3, 6.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.29 – 3.24 (m, 1H), 2.26 (s, $J = 0.8$ Hz, 6H), 2.20 – 2.10 (m, 2H), 2.10 – 2.02 (m, 1H), 2.02 – 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.78 – 1.67 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.60, 139.14, 120.53, 120.34, 111.68, 56.92, 34.34, 31.17, 28.77, 21.56, 21.20. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2$ 215.154; found 215.154.

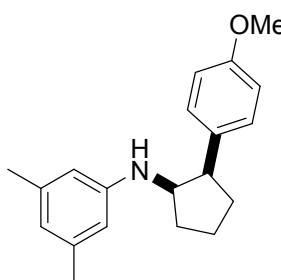


Data for **3b-trans**: colorless oil (33 mg, 28%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.48 – 6.45 (m, 1H), 6.31 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.13 (ddd, $J = 7.0, 4.8, 3.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.79 (ddd, $J = 8.5, 4.9, 3.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 6H), 2.13 – 1.98 (m, 3H), 1.93 – 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.58 (dtd, $J = 12.4, 7.4, 4.8$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 145.80, 139.41, 122.28, 120.86, 111.74, 59.65, 35.30,

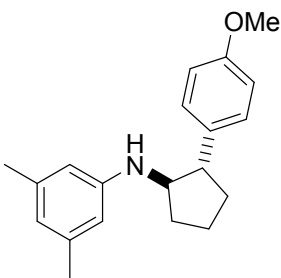
33.27, 29.56, 23.61, 21.55. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[M+H]^+$, calc'd for $C_{14}H_{18}N_2$ 215.154; found 215.154.

Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (93 mg, 0.58 mmol), cycloadduct **3c** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (3% EtOAc/hexane) as a separable mixture of two diastereoisomers.

Data for **3c-cis**: colorless oil (62 mg, 36%) 1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.15 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.86 – 6.83 (m, 2H), 6.31 (dq, $J = 1.8, 0.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.12 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.92 (q, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.36 (q, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.22 – 2.16 (m, 6H), 2.14 – 2.01 (m, 3H), 1.98 – 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.83 – 1.72 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 158.16, 138.75, 132.66, 129.62, 127.64, 118.93, 113.75, 111.14, 55.31, 47.41, 31.91, 28.84, 26.05, 22.07, 21.55. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[M+H]^+$, calc'd for $C_{20}H_{25}NO$ 296.201; found 296.200.



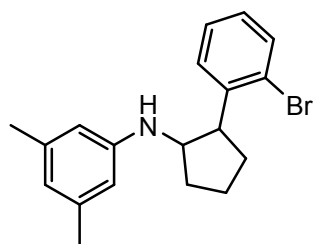
Data for **3c-trans**: colorless oil (65 mg, 38%) 1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.29 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 6.95 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.38 (tt, $J = 1.5, 0.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.77 – 3.72 (m, 1H), 2.90 (dt, $J = 9.9, 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.46 – 2.37 (m, 1H), 2.25 (d, $J = 0.7$ Hz, 6H), 2.22 (td, $J = 8.0, 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 1.97 – 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.78 (ddt, $J = 12.8, 10.0, 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.63 (ddt, $J = 12.9, 9.0, 6.4$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 158.19, 148.19, 138.83, 135.78, 128.34, 119.09, 113.98, 111.34, 61.58, 55.35, 52.38, 33.48, 29.78, 23.21, 21.54. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[M+H]^+$, calc'd for $C_{20}H_{25}NO$ calc'd 296.201; found 296.200.



Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (135 mg, 0.84 mmol), cycloadduct **3d** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (3% EtOAc/hexane) as a inseparable mixture of two diastereoisomers (only the *cis* isomer was isolated).

Data for **3d-cis**: colorless oil. 1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.55 – 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.39 – 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.27 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 (td, $J = 7.7, 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 6.04 (s, 2H), 4.16 (td, $J = 6.2, 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.67 (dt, $J = 12.8, 6.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.28 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 2.14 (s, 6H), 2.04 – 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.87 – 1.69 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 147.58, 139.52, 138.59, 133.04, 129.08, 128.18, 127.25, 126.27, 119.04, 111.25, 55.17, 49.13, 33.49, 29.28, 22.66, 21.48. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[M+H]^+$, calc'd for $C_{19}H_{22}NBr$ calc'd 344.101; found 344.101.

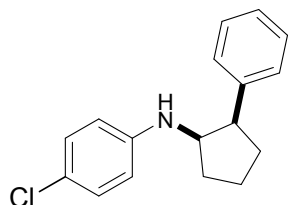
Data for **3d-mixture**: colorless oil (202 mg, 70%). 1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.52 (dd, $J = 7.9, 1.3$ Hz, 3H), 7.36 (dd, $J = 7.8, 1.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.22 (m, 5H), 7.05 (qd, $J = 7.9, 1.8$ Hz, 3H), 6.34 – 6.31 (m, 1H), 6.26 (tt, $J = 1.5, 0.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 6.07 – 6.03 (m, 4H), 4.17 (td, $J = 6.1, 3.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.83 (dt, $J = 8.9, 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.68 (dt, $J = 11.4, 6.7$ Hz, 2H), 3.45



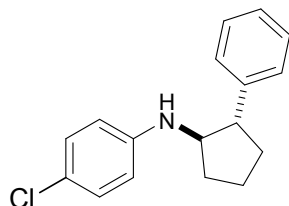
(dt, $J = 10.0, 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.47 – 2.37 (m, 1H), 2.22 – 2.13 (m, 20H), 2.01 – 1.72 (m, 12H), 1.67 – 1.56 (m, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 147.67, 142.74, 139.57, 139.06, 138.89, 138.59, 133.06, 132.91, 129.10, 128.20, 127.98, 127.90, 127.70, 127.27, 126.30, 125.54, 119.17, 119.01, 111.23, 111.19, 61.44, 55.17, 51.43, 49.17, 33.55, 33.42, 32.55, 29.33, 23.10, 22.70, 21.59, 21.53. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{22}\text{NBr}$ calc'd 344.101; found 344.101.

Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (97 mg, 0.58 mmol), cycloadduct **4a** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (5% EtOAc/hexane) as a separable mixture of two diastereoisomers.

Data for **4a-cis**: colorless oil (85 mg, 54%) ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.28 (q, $J = 8.9, 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.07 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.38 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.95 (q, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.44 (q, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.22 – 2.04 (m, 3H), 1.97 (ddt, $J = 13.2, 8.9, 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.86 – 1.70 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.24, 140.56, 128.82, 128.59, 128.32, 126.54, 121.67, 114.38, 57.84, 48.03, 31.94, 29.03, 22.09. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{NCl}$ calc'd 272.120; found 272.120.

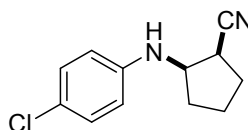


Data for **4a-trans**: colorless oil (43 mg, 27%) ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.27 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.23 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.41 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.71 (q, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.87 (q, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.31 (dq, $J = 14.5, 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.18 (dtd, $J = 12.3, 7.9, 7.5, 3.9$ Hz, 1H), 1.84 (dp, $J = 13.4, 6.9, 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.74 (dq, $J = 12.8, 9.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.56 (ddd, $J = 15.4, 12.9, 6.7$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.41, 143.56, 128.96, 127.43, 126.58, 121.83, 114.76, 114.41, 61.97, 53.27, 33.41, 23.35, 14.25. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{NCl}$ calc'd 272.120; found 272.120.

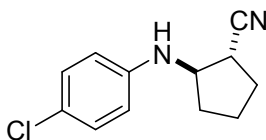


Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (67 mg, 0.40 mmol), cycloadduct **4b** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (15% EtOAc/hexane) as a separable mixture of two diastereoisomers.

Data for **4b-cis**: colorless oil (35 mg, 40%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.18 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 6.60 – 6.52 (m, 2H), 4.05 – 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.23 (td, $J = 8.75, 4.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.23 – 2.04 (m, 3H), 2.02 – 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.80 – 1.62 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 145.22, 129.27, 122.99, 120.06, 114.67, 56.79, 34.12, 31.30, 28.85, 21.37. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClN}_2$ 221.084; found 221.084.



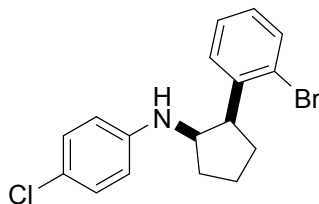
Data for **4b-trans**: colorless oil (26 mg, 30%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 6.66 – 6.60 (m, 2H), 4.20 – 4.11 (m, 1H), 2.78 (ddd, $J = 8.1, 5.4, 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.40 (dq, $J = 14.1, 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.21 – 2.07 (m, 2H), 1.62 (dtd, $J = 12.9, 7.5, 5.1$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 144.72,



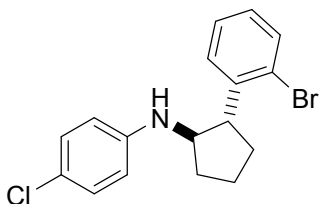
129.44, 123.22, 122.10, 114.52, 59.54, 35.42, 33.41, 29.63, 23.60. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[M+H]^+$, calc'd for $C_{12}H_{13}ClN_2$ 221.084; found 221.084.

Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (86 mg, 0.52 mmol), cycloadduct **4c** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexane) as a separable mixture of two diastereoisomers.

Data for **4c-cis**: colorless oil (69 mg, 38%). 1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.51 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.05 (ddd, J = 8.0, 7.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.98 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 6.32 – 6.27 (m, 2H), 4.15 (td, J = 6.4, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (dt, J = 11.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.29 – 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.16 – 2.07 (m, 1H), 2.01 (ddd, J = 12.8, 7.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.98 – 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.81 – 1.71 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 146.15, 139.32, 133.08, 129.07, 128.68, 128.27, 127.26, 126.16, 121.40, 114.18, 55.30, 48.99, 33.46, 29.43, 22.70. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[M+H]^+$, calc'd for $C_{17}H_{17}NClBr$; 350.031; found 350.030.

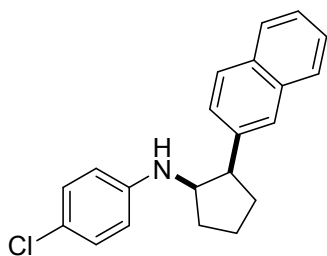


Data for **4c-trans**: colorless oil (67 mg, 37%). 1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.60 (dt, J = 7.6, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.18 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 6.52 – 6.46 (m, 2H), 3.86 (dt, J = 8.6, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (dt, J = 9.9, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.49 – 2.40 (m, 1H), 2.40 – 2.31 (m, 1H), 1.96 (ddt, J = 12.5, 8.8, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.74 – 1.62 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 146.54, 142.42, 139.58, 132.98, 128.95, 128.01, 127.49, 125.44, 121.59, 114.20, 61.62, 51.43, 33.16, 32.46, 23.00. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[M+H]^+$, calc'd for $C_{17}H_{17}NClBr$ 350.031; found 350.030.

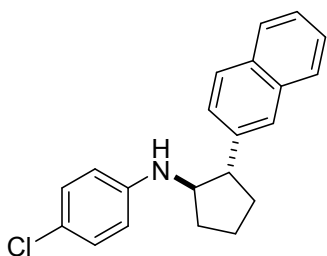


Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (72 mg, 0.43 mmol), cycloadduct **4d** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (5% EtOAc/hexane) as a separable mixture of two diastereoisomers.

Data for **4d-cis**: colorless oil (50 mg, 36%). 1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.89 – 7.72 (m, 3H), 7.66 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.32 (dd, J = 10.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.45 – 6.32 (m, 2H), 4.07 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (q, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (dt, J = 11.8, 8.3 Hz, 2H), 2.19 – 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.95 – 1.78 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 146.30, 138.14, 133.37, 132.31, 128.86, 127.91, 127.70, 127.39, 126.74, 126.11, 125.63, 121.49, 114.27, 57.64, 48.08, 31.86, 28.83, 22.12. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[M+H]^+$, calc'd for $C_{21}H_{20}ClN$ 322.136; found 322.135.



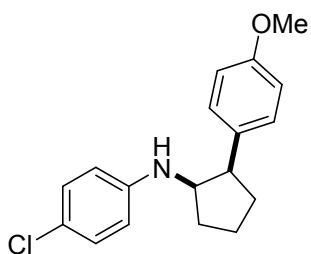
Data for **4d-trans**: colorless oil (58 mg, 42%). 1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.91 – 7.77 (m, 3H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.55 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.15 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.54 – 6.37 (m, 2H), 3.90 (q, J = 9.1 Hz,



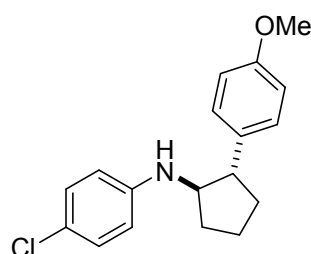
1H), 3.09 (q, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.49 – 2.38 (m, 1H), 2.37 – 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.05 – 1.85 (m, 3H), 1.73 – 1.60 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.60, 141.04, 133.59, 132.44, 129.43, 128.96, 128.43, 127.67, 126.15, 125.52, 121.71, 119.17, 114.50, 61.62, 53.41, 33.55, 33.50, 23.45. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClN}$ 322.136; found 322.135.

Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (70 mg, 0.42 mmol), cycloadduct **4e** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (3% EtOAc/hexane) as a separable mixture of two diastereoisomers.

Data for **4e-cis**: colorless oil (57 mg, 45%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.14 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 7.07 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 6.88 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 6.42 – 6.33 (m, 2H), 3.89 (p, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.38 (q, $J = 9.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.19 – 2.01 (m, 3H), 1.94 (dtd, $J = 16.3, 8.8, 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 1.86 – 1.65 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.25, 146.43, 132.46, 129.53, 128.85, 121.39, 114.26, 113.77, 57.60, 55.26, 47.12, 31.75, 29.08, 22.05. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClNO}$ 302.131; found 302.130.

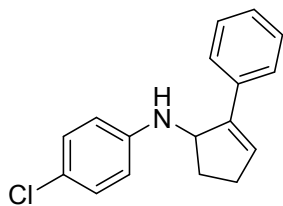


Data for **4e-trans**: colorless oil (44 mg, 35%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.21 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.10 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.89 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.48 – 6.40 (m, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.68 (q, $J = 9.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.84 (dt, $J = 12.1, 10.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.39 – 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.18 (dp, $J = 15.1, 4.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.93 – 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.78 – 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.56 (ddt, $J = 16.3, 11.1, 8.1$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.27, 146.68, 135.46, 128.91, 128.22, 121.58, 114.41, 114.05, 61.72, 55.30, 52.41, 33.48, 33.23, 23.13. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClNO}$ 302.131; found 302.130.

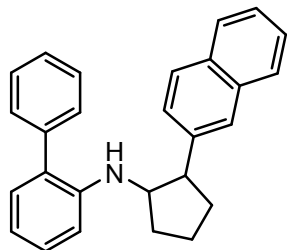


Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (79 mg, 0.47 mmol), cycloadduct **4f** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (3% EtOAc/hexane).

Data for **4f**: colorless oil (74 mg, 58%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.55 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.34 (dd, $J = 10.4, 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.21 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.62 – 6.54 (m, 2H), 6.44 (d, $J = 2.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 1H), 2.75 – 2.62 (m, 1H), 2.55 (ddt, $J = 22.0, 11.3, 3.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (ddt, $J = 17.4, 11.3, 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.02 (ddt, $J = 17.0, 10.4, 3.6$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 146.20, 142.55, 134.48, 130.27, 129.14, 128.63, 127.50, 126.16, 121.64, 114.09, 59.25, 31.47, 31.01. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClN}$ 270.104; found 270.104.

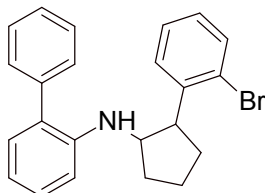


Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (125 mg, 0.60 mmol), cycloadduct **5a** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (3% EtOAc/hexane) as an inseparable mixture of two diastereoisomers (*cis/trans*=1:1).



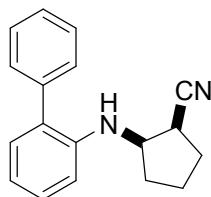
Data for **5a-mixture**: yellowish oil (129 mg, 59%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.94 – 7.85 (m, 4H), 7.80 – 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 – 7.52 (m, 5H), 7.46 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 2.0 Hz, 3H), 7.36 – 7.24 (m, 5H), 7.12 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.88 – 6.72 (m, 8H), 4.20 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (dt, *J* = 9.5, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (q, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 2.59 – 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.32 – 2.15 (m, 4H), 2.11 – 1.82 (m, 6H), 1.77 – 1.59 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.05, 144.52, 140.89, 139.46, 138.98, 138.09, 133.60, 133.56, 132.52, 132.41, 130.23, 130.17, 129.39, 128.89, 128.71, 128.51, 128.38, 128.31, 128.03, 127.79, 127.71, 127.69, 127.61, 127.41, 127.17, 126.62, 126.51, 126.21, 126.10, 125.95, 125.60, 125.51, 116.86, 116.31, 111.50, 110.45, 62.54, 57.61, 53.37, 48.78, 33.64, 32.60, 31.72, 28.76, 23.34, 22.71. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₂₇H₂₅N 364.206; found 364.206.

Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (104 mg, 0.50 mmol), cycloadduct **5b** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (2% EtOAc/hexane) as an inseparable mixture of two diastereoisomers (*cis/trans*=1:1).



Data for **5b-mixture**: yellowish oil (137 mg, 70%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.48 (td, *J* = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.42 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 8H), 7.20 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.10 – 6.91 (m, 8H), 6.76 – 6.58 (m, 4H), 4.20 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (dt, *J* = 8.8, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (dt, *J* = 11.3, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (q, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.01 – 1.80 (m, 6H), 1.79 – 1.59 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 207.06, 144.93, 144.17, 142.58, 139.31, 139.02, 132.91, 132.67, 130.17, 129.92, 129.32, 129.20, 129.00, 128.89, 128.65, 128.57, 128.52, 128.41, 127.91, 127.79, 127.68, 127.54, 127.22, 127.05, 126.74, 125.86, 125.36, 116.53, 116.20, 110.92, 110.40, 62.50, 54.71, 51.08, 48.88, 33.08, 32.40, 30.96, 28.99, 23.11, 22.67. HRMS (ESI) *m/z* [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₂₃H₂₂BrN 392.101; found 392.101.

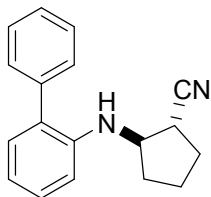
Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (92 mg, 0.44 mmol), cycloadduct **5c** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (1% EtOAc/hexane) as a separable mixture of two diastereoisomers (*cis/trans*=4:1).



Data for **5c-cis**: colorless oil (60 mg, 52%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.53 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.39 – 7.34 (m, 3H), 7.30 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.88 – 6.78 (m, 1H), 4.15 (dt, *J* = 7.1, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (td, *J* = 6.6, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.32 – 2.21

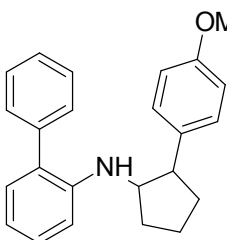
(m, 1H), 2.00 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.89 – 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.38 (m, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 143.03, 139.07, 130.60, 129.28, 129.09, 128.41, 128.19, 127.51, 122.27, 118.17, 111.46, 59.47, 35.38, 33.27, 29.45, 23.52. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2$ 263.154; found 263.153.

Data for **5c-trans**: colorless oil (15 mg, 13%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.59 – 7.51 (m, 4H), 7.47 – 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.35 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.20 (dd, $J = 7.5, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.90 (td, $J = 7.4, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, $J = 8.3, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.04 (dt, $J = 9.4, 6.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (td, $J = 6.9, 4.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.20 – 2.07 (m, 3H), 2.01 – 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.76 (dq, $J = 13.3, 8.4, 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.64 (dtd, $J = 12.9, 9.5, 8.2$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 143.40, 138.99, 130.72, 129.43, 129.11, 128.73, 128.39, 127.52, 120.24, 117.93, 110.80, 56.69, 34.12, 31.34, 28.95, 21.28. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2$ 263.154; found 263.153.



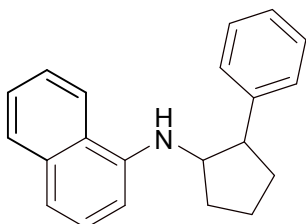
Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (121 mg, 0.58 mmol), cycloadduct **5d** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (3% EtOAc/hexane) as an inseparable mixture of two diastereoisomers (*cis/trans*=1:1).

Data for **5d-mixture**: colorless oil (123 mg, 62%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.47 (td, $J = 7.3, 2.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.44 – 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.36 – 7.22 (m, 7H), 7.16 (dd, $J = 8.7, 3.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.11 (dt, $J = 7.4, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.04 (m, 3H), 7.01 (dd, $J = 8.7, 2.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.90 (dd, $J = 8.7, 2.9$ Hz, 2H), 6.83 – 6.63 (m, 6H), 3.99 (dd, $J = 10.2, 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.87 (t, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 6H), 3.82 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.71 (dp, $J = 10.7, 6.6, 4.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.46 – 3.38 (m, 1H), 2.79 (q, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.42 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.15 (tdd, $J = 13.6, 10.9, 7.9$ Hz, 3H), 2.03 – 1.89 (m, 3H), 1.89 – 1.75 (m, 4H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 158.31, 158.14, 145.18, 144.66, 139.57, 139.38, 135.48, 132.51, 130.23, 130.19, 129.45, 129.36, 129.17, 128.94, 128.72, 128.68, 128.58, 128.39, 127.78, 127.69, 127.18, 126.75, 116.73, 116.30, 114.00, 113.86, 111.42, 110.55, 62.57, 57.65, 55.40, 55.33, 52.35, 47.69, 33.42, 32.68, 32.27, 29.13, 23.11, 22.52. HRMS (ESI) m/z $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, calc'd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}$ 344.201; found 344.200.



Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (95 mg, 0.52 mmol), cycloadduct **6a** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (10% EtOAc/hexane) as an inseparable mixture of two diastereoisomers (*cis/trans*=1:1).

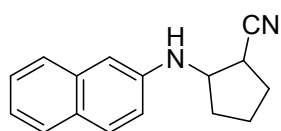
Data for **6a-mixture**: colorless oil (69 mg, 46%). ^1H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 7.70 (ddt, $J = 23.7, 16.2, 8.2$ Hz, 4H), 7.40 – 7.30 (m, 5H), 7.22 (ddd, $J = 10.5, 6.7, 3.5$ Hz, 7H), 7.17 – 7.07 (m, 6H), 6.53 (dd, $J = 24.2, 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.05 (q, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.88 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.50 (p, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.04 (q, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.57 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.42 (dq, $J = 14.8, 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.29 – 2.09 (m, 4H), 1.92 – 1.73 (m, 6H). ^{13}C NMR

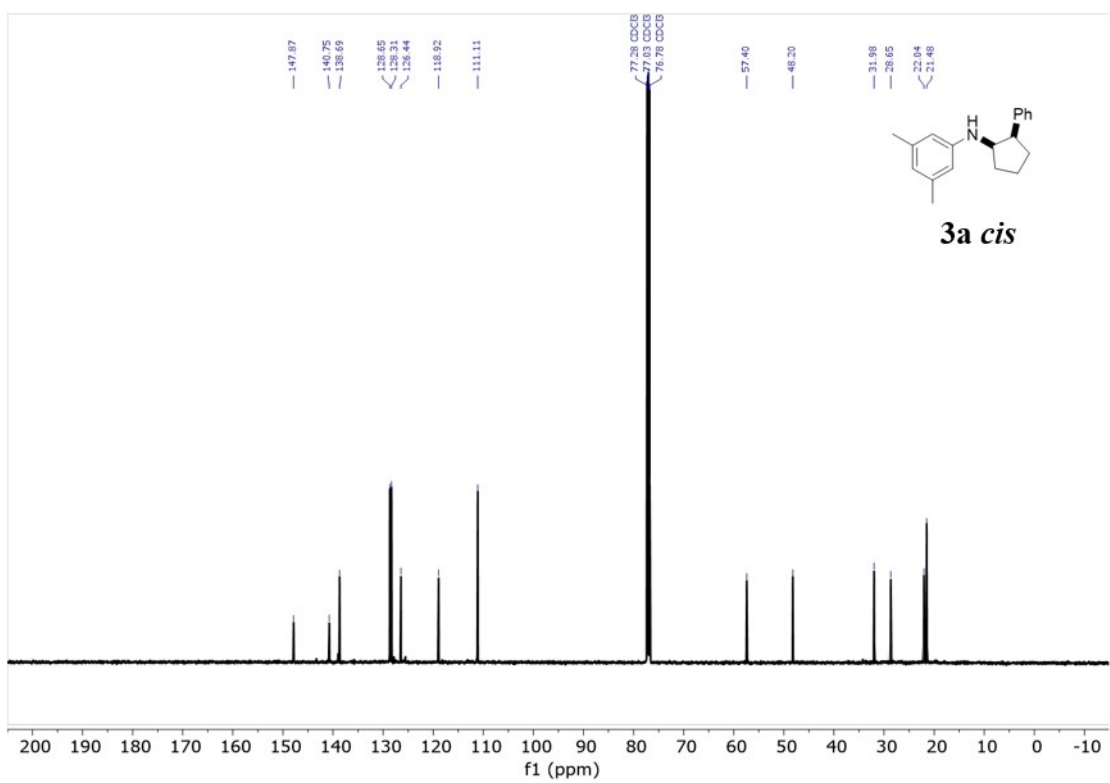
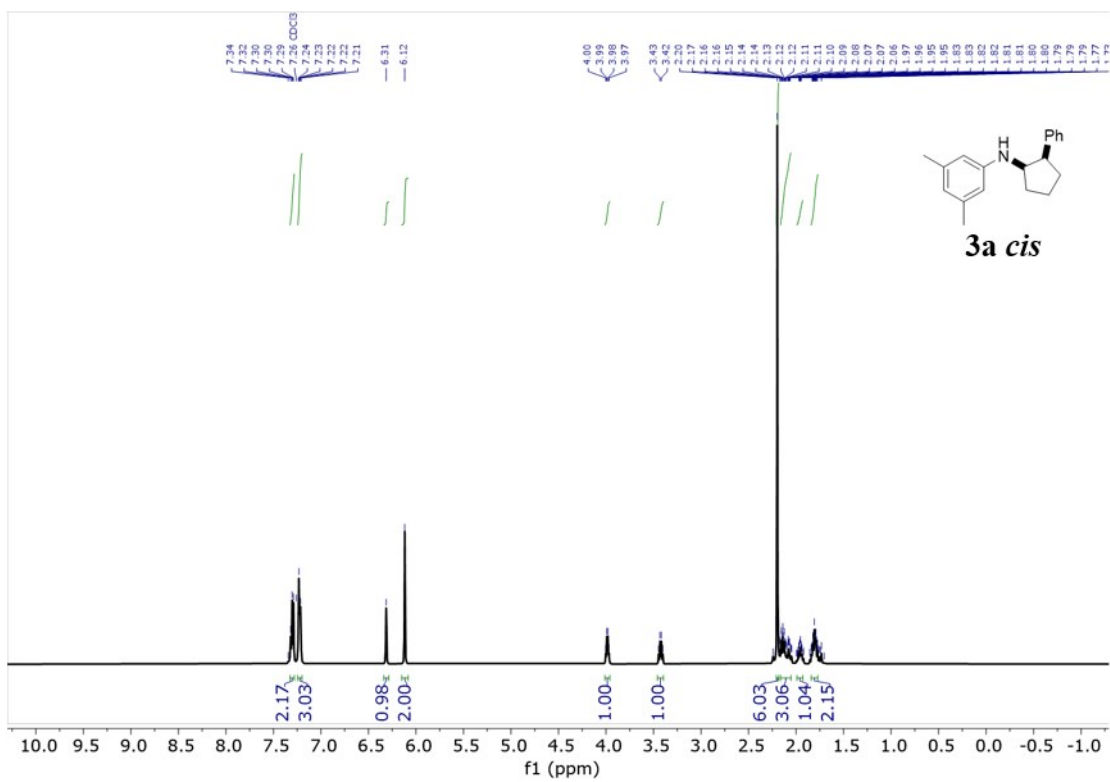


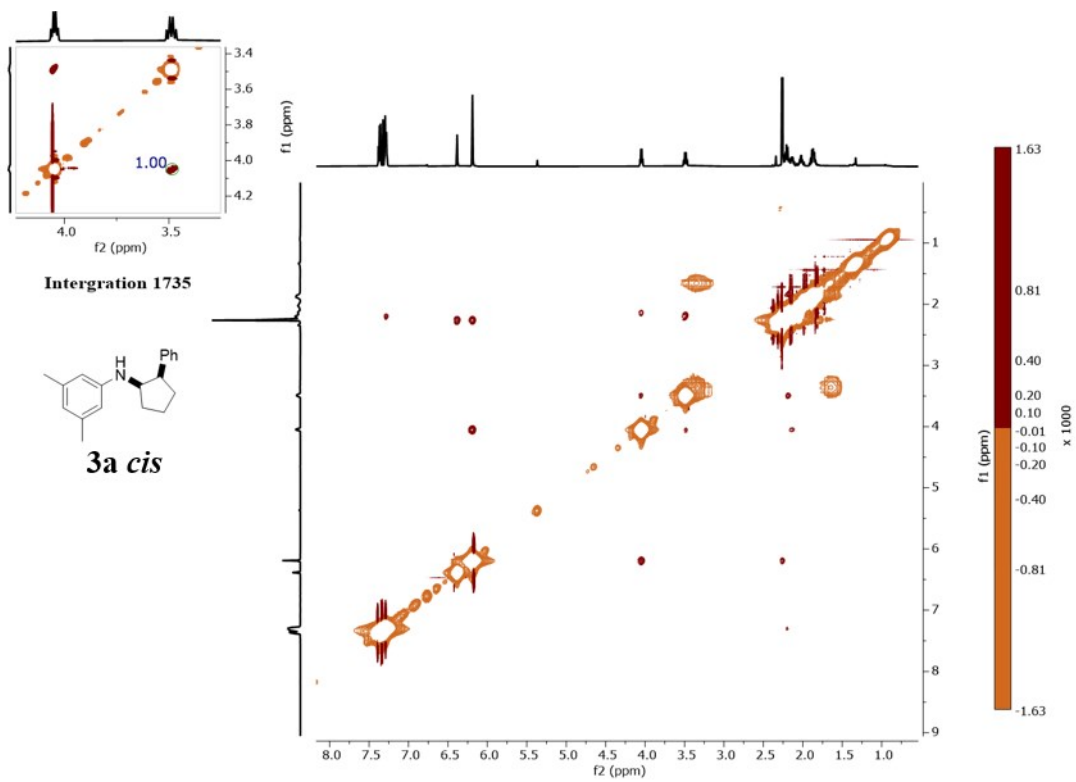
(126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.76, 142.91, 140.53, 134.38, 128.74, 128.68, 128.59, 128.52, 128.36, 127.43, 126.87, 126.69, 126.63, 126.60, 125.73, 125.61, 124.73, 124.55, 123.82, 123.63, 120.00, 119.85, 119.78, 117.85, 117.34, 116.97, 105.90, 104.93, 61.69, 57.40, 53.33, 48.79, 33.60, 33.40, 32.05, 28.96, 23.70, 22.79. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₂₁H₂₁N 288.175; found 288.174.

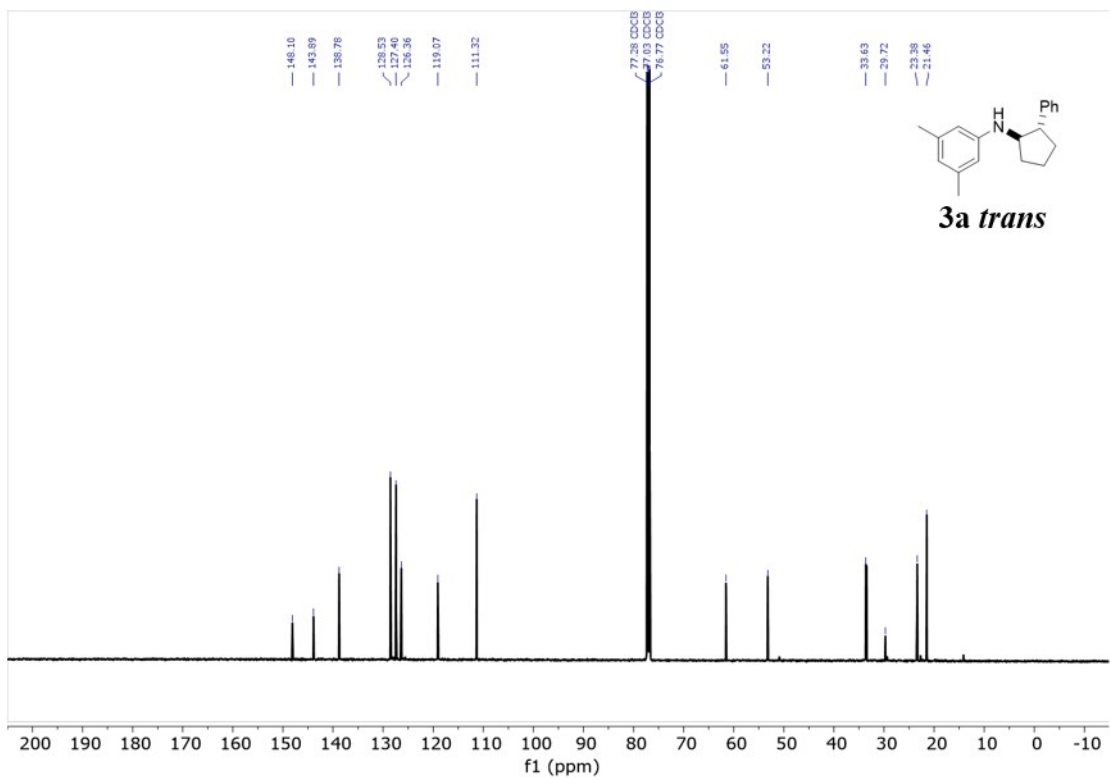
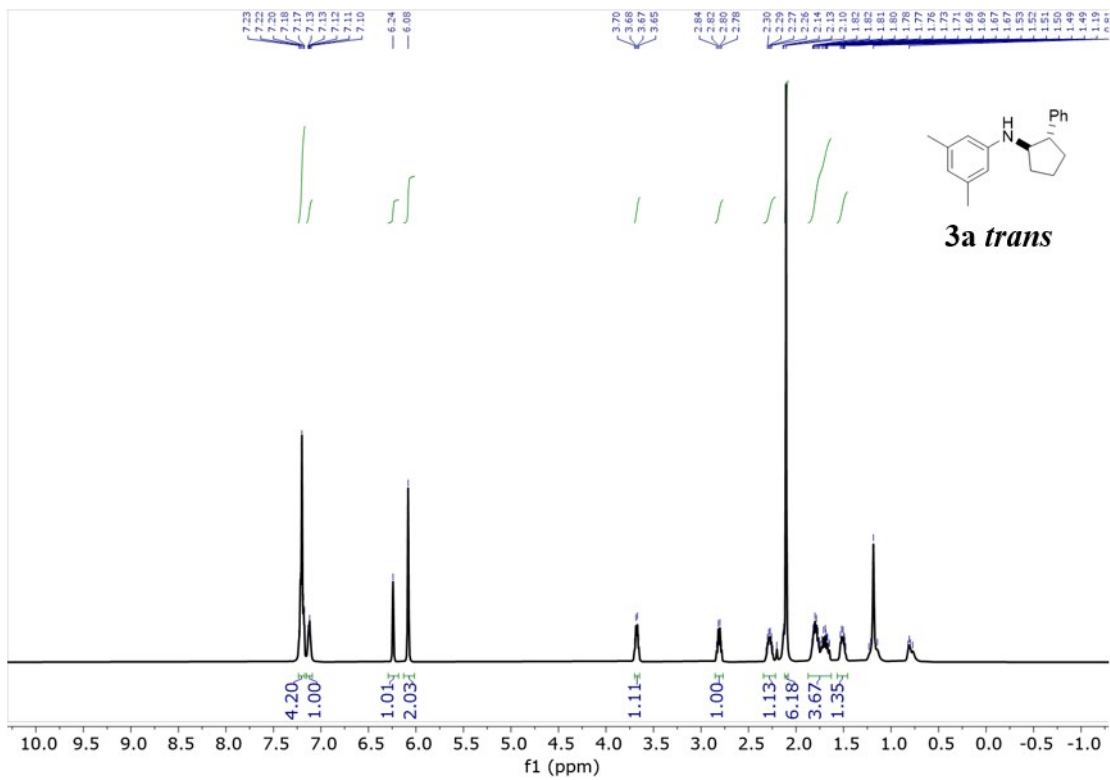
Following GP2 with cyclopropylaniline (62 mg, 0.34 mmol), cycloadduct **6c** was obtained after silica gel column chromatography (3% EtOAc/hexane) as an inseparable mixture of two diastereoisomers (*cis/trans*=1:1).

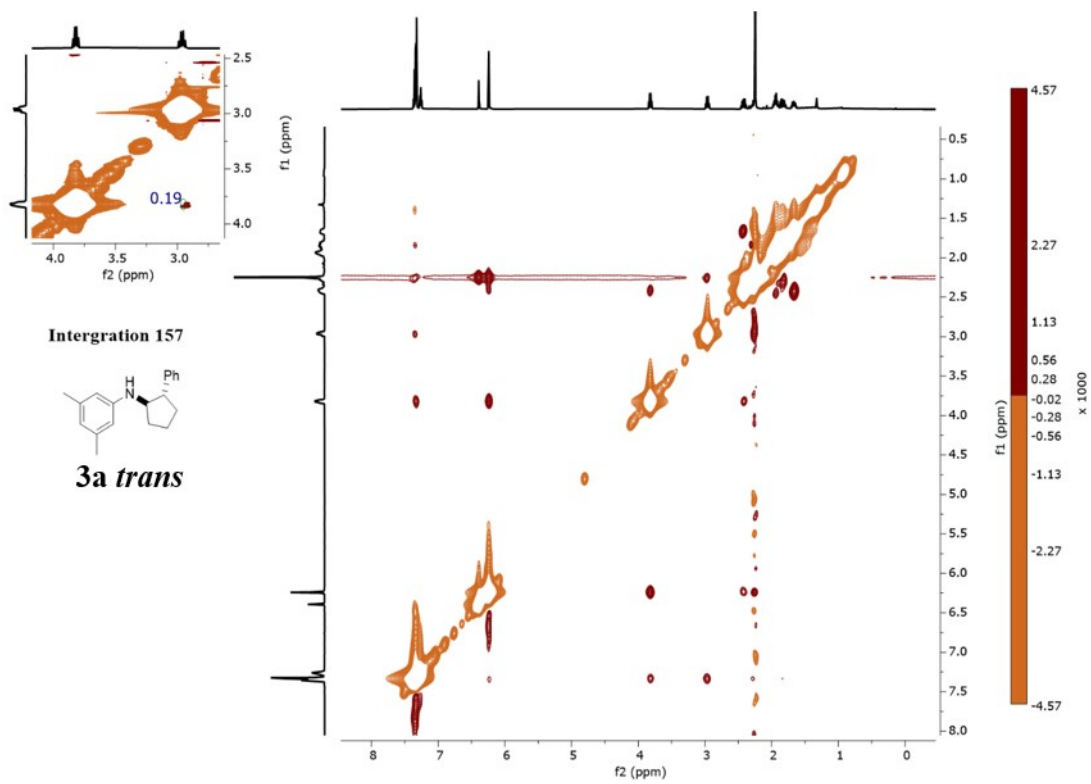
Data for **6b-mixture**: colorless oil (40 mg, 50%). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.84 (dddd, J = 40.0, 28.1, 8.3, 2.9 Hz, 3H), 7.55 – 7.27 (m, 6H), 6.64 (dd, J = 9.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (p, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (td, J = 8.9, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (dq, J = 17.5, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (ddt, J = 14.1, 10.4, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 2.28 – 1.95 (m, 5H), 1.95 – 1.71 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.88, 141.27, 134.44, 128.87, 128.67, 128.56, 126.57, 126.22, 126.02, 126.00, 125.18, 125.09, 123.71, 123.55, 122.31, 120.26, 120.02, 119.62, 118.70, 118.58, 106.00, 105.59, 59.35, 56.62, 35.32, 34.33, 33.63, 31.46, 29.84, 29.04, 23.94, 21.59. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺, calc'd for C₁₆H₁₆N₂ 237.139; found 237.138.



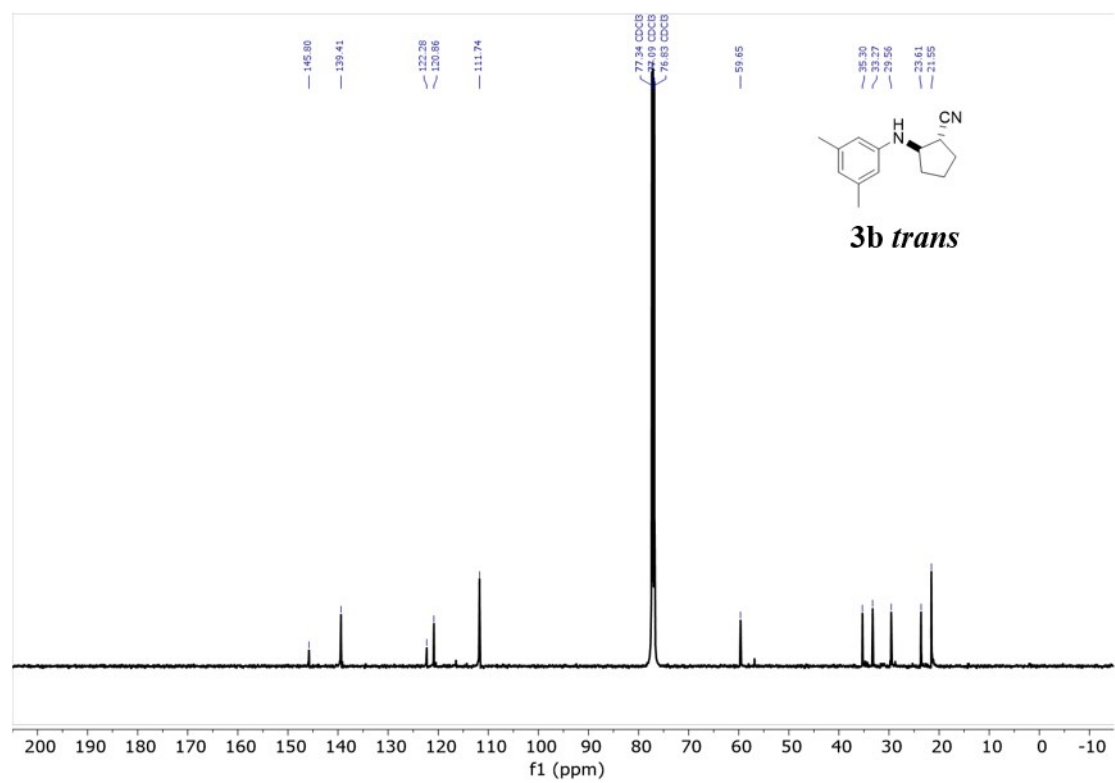
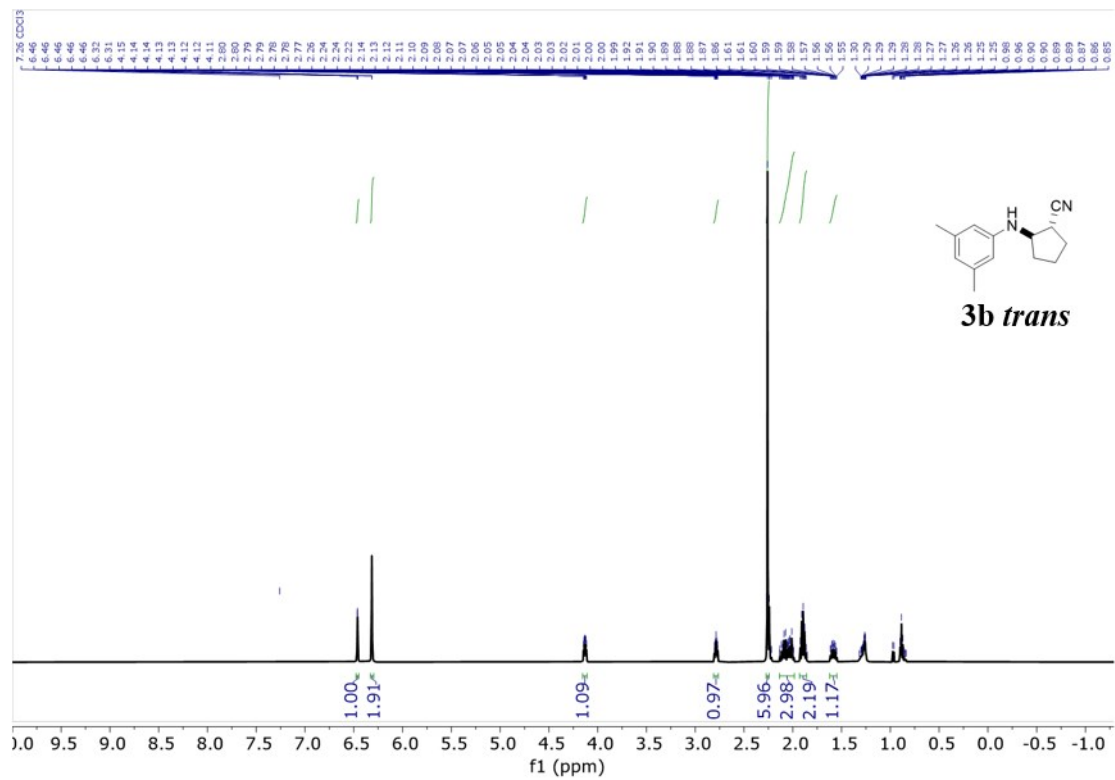


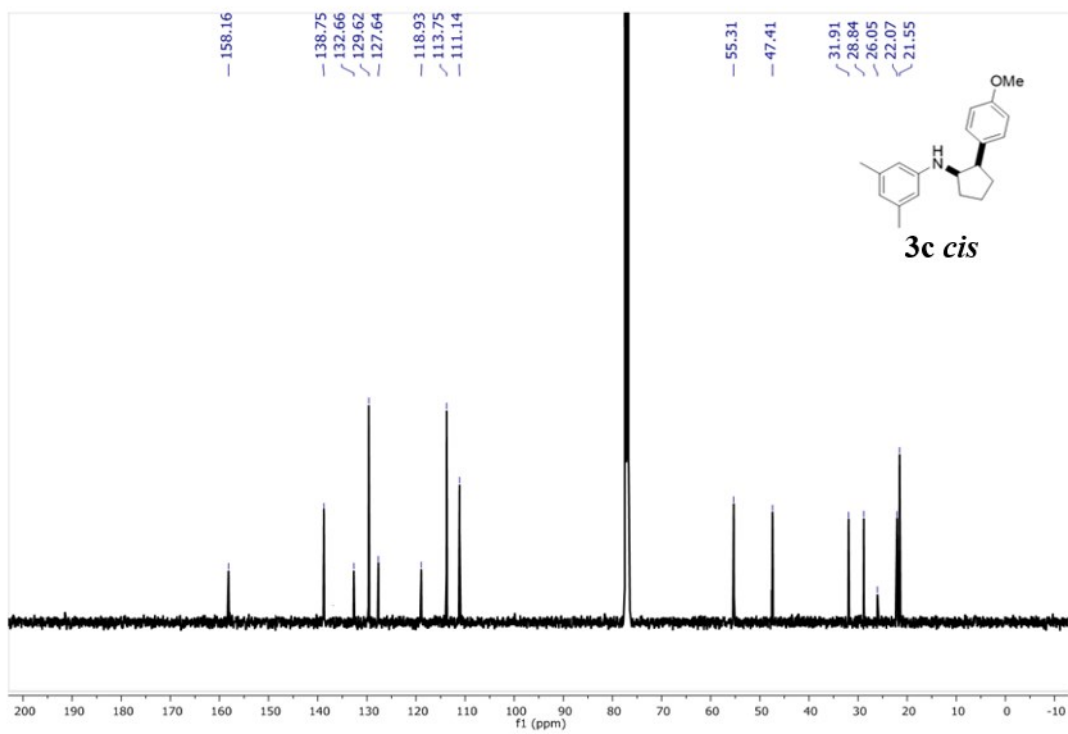
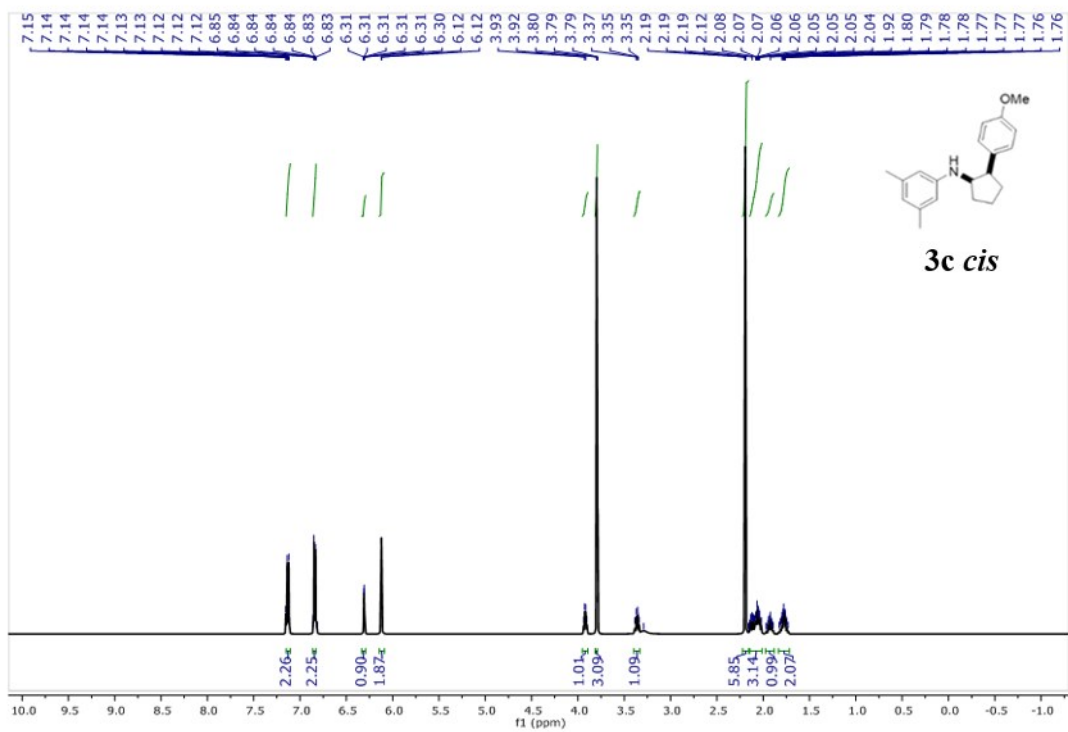


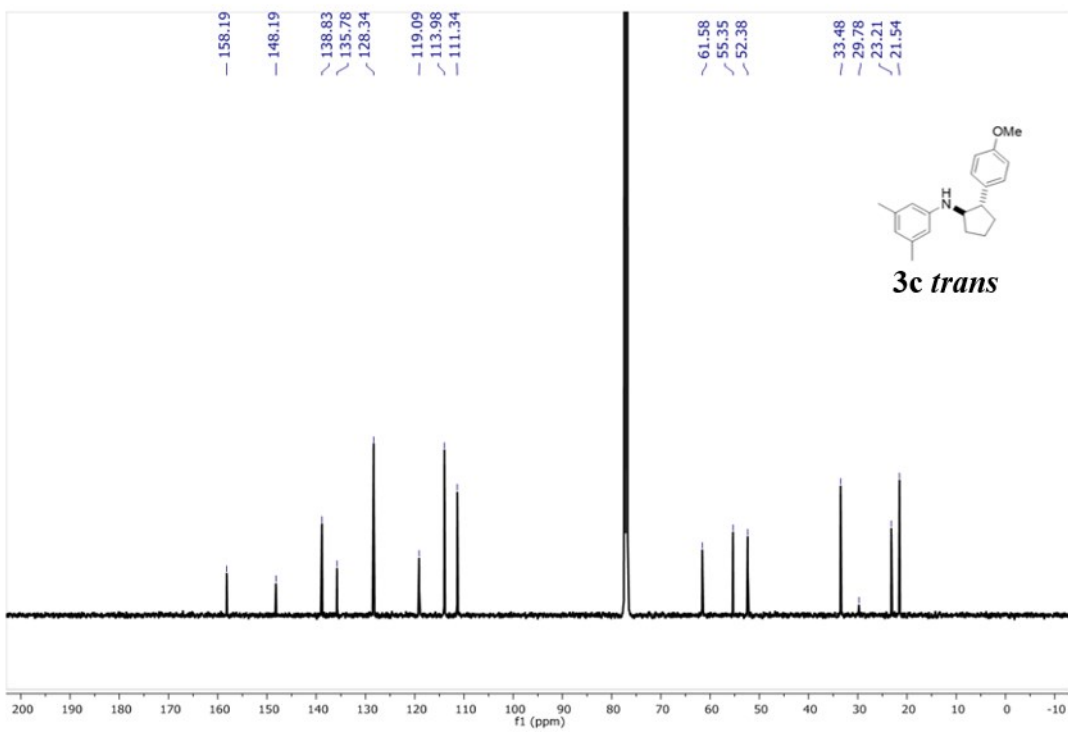
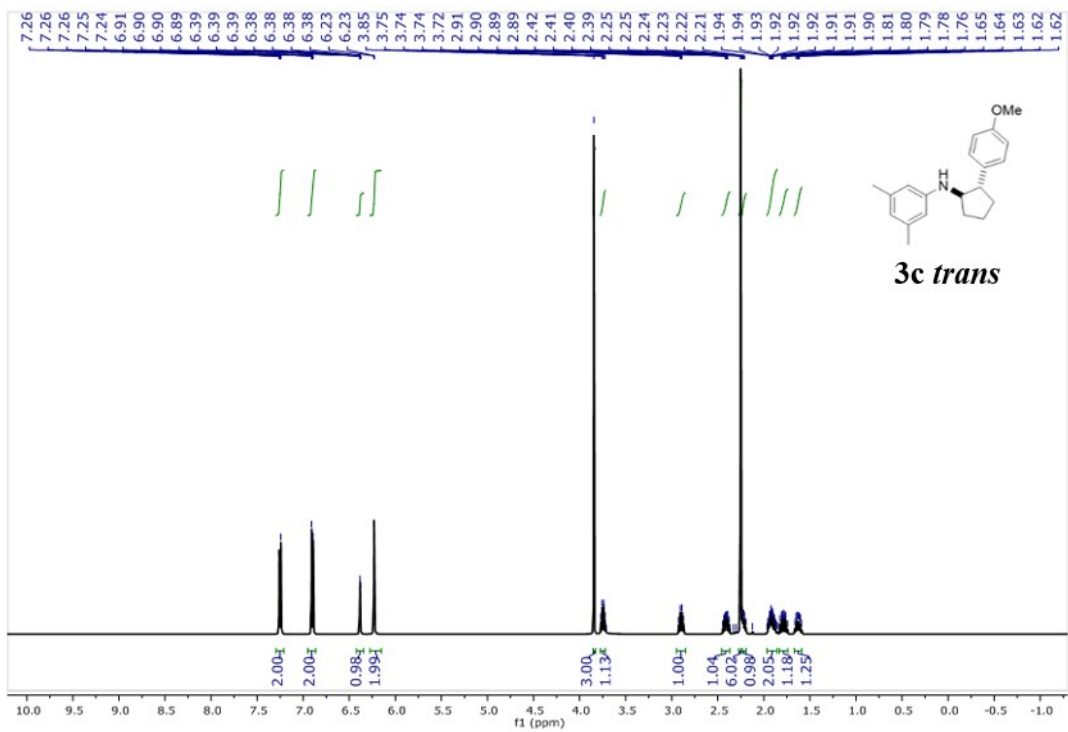


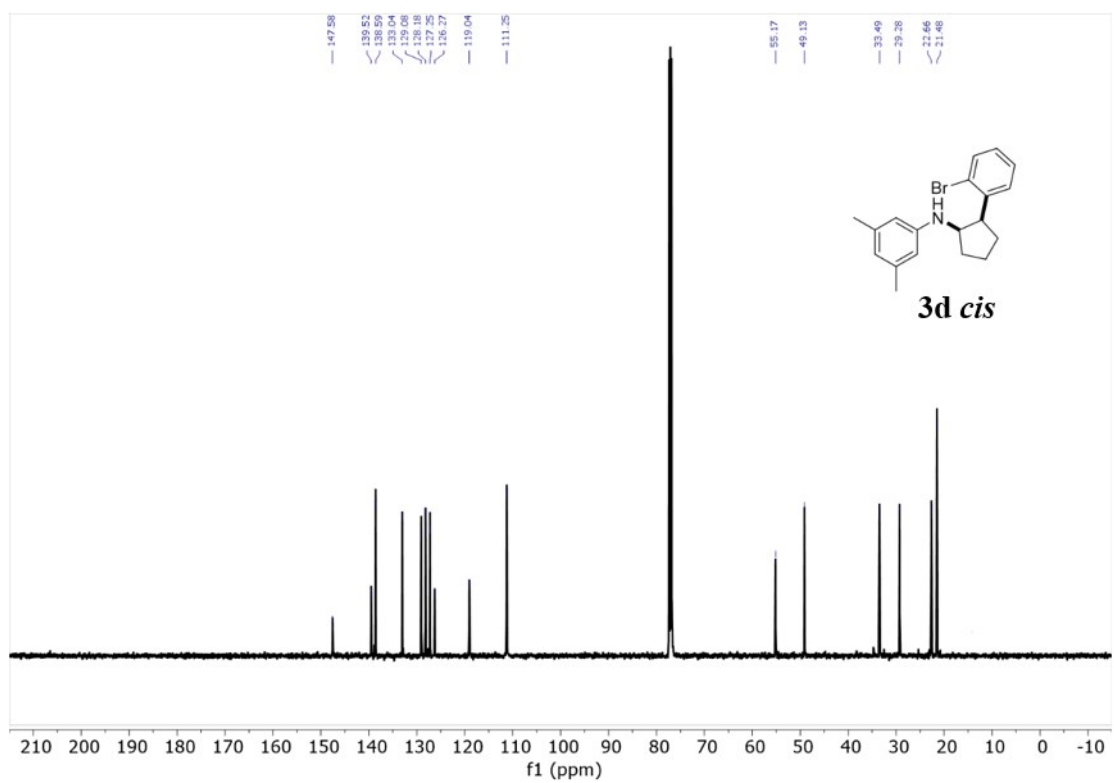
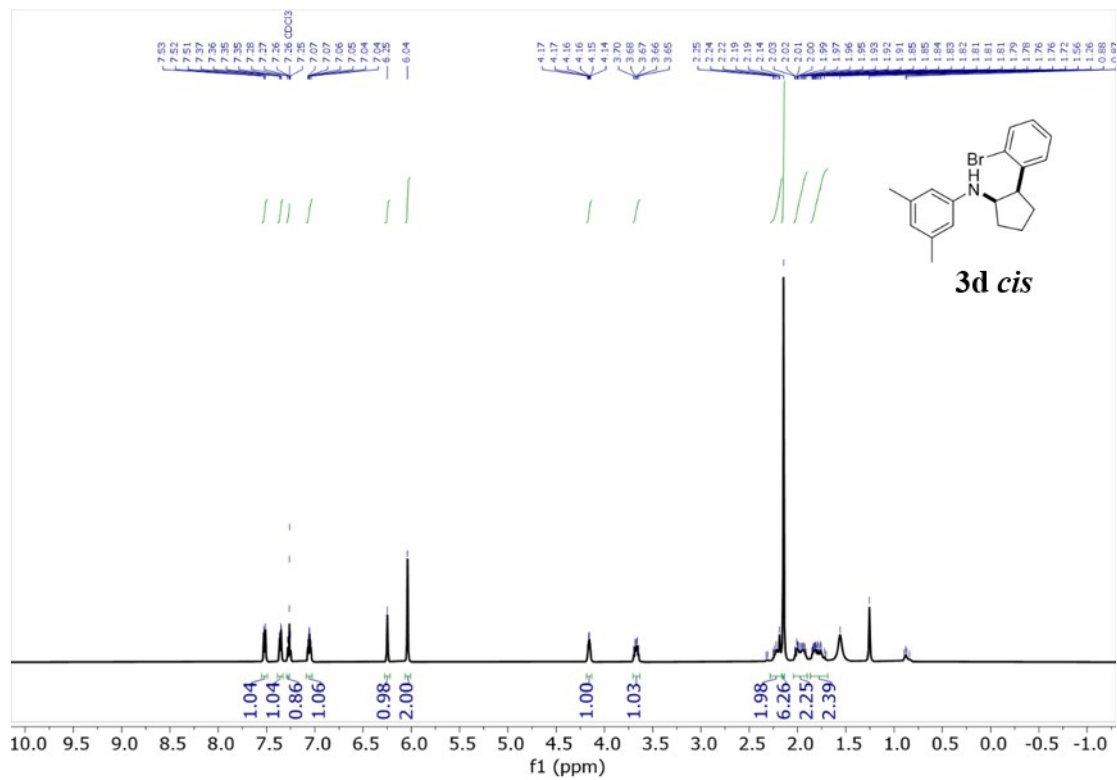


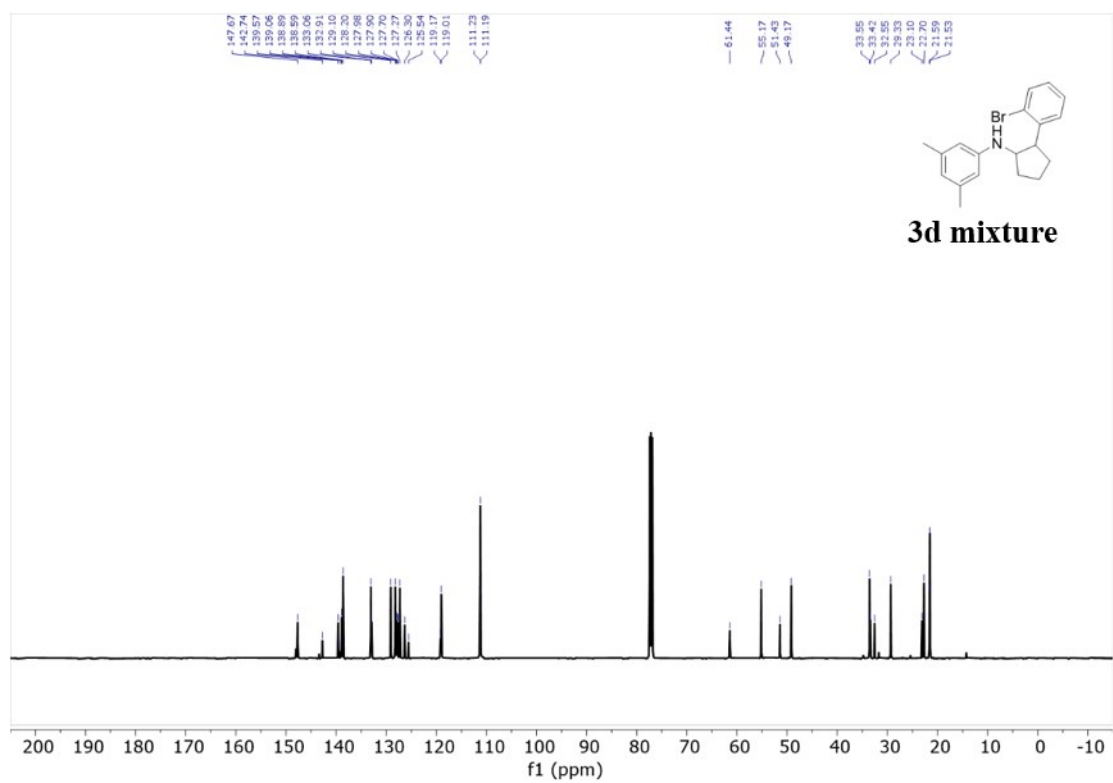
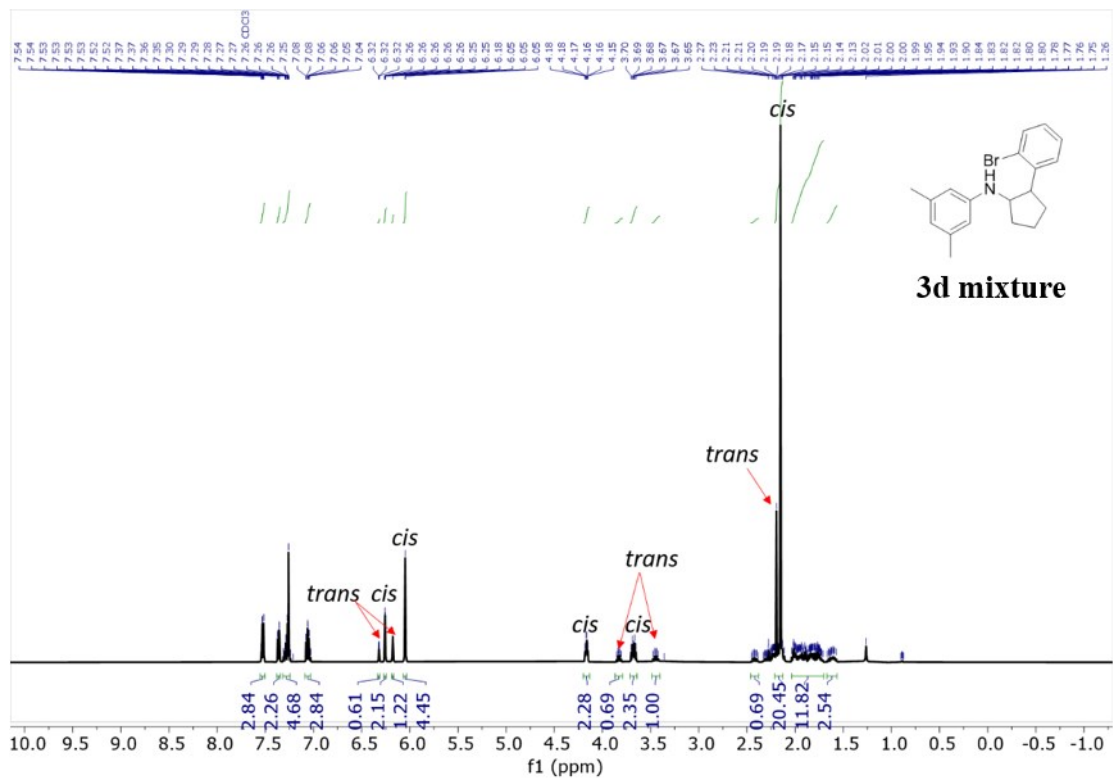
Correlation peak integration is 157

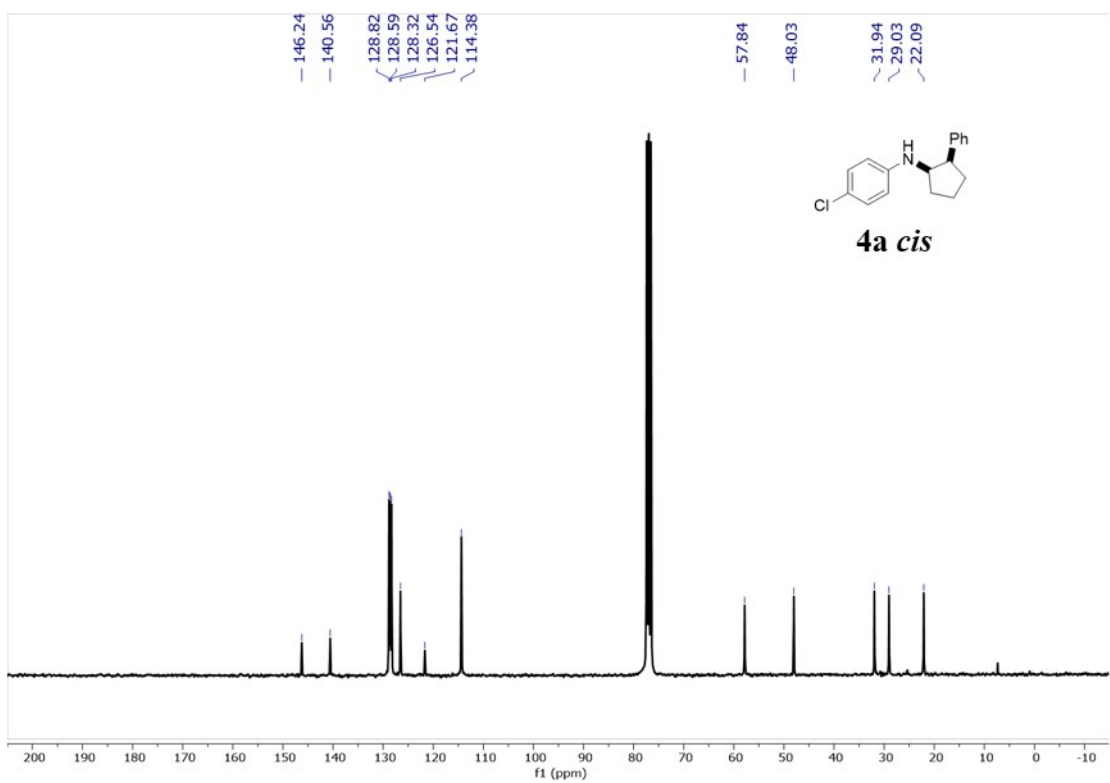
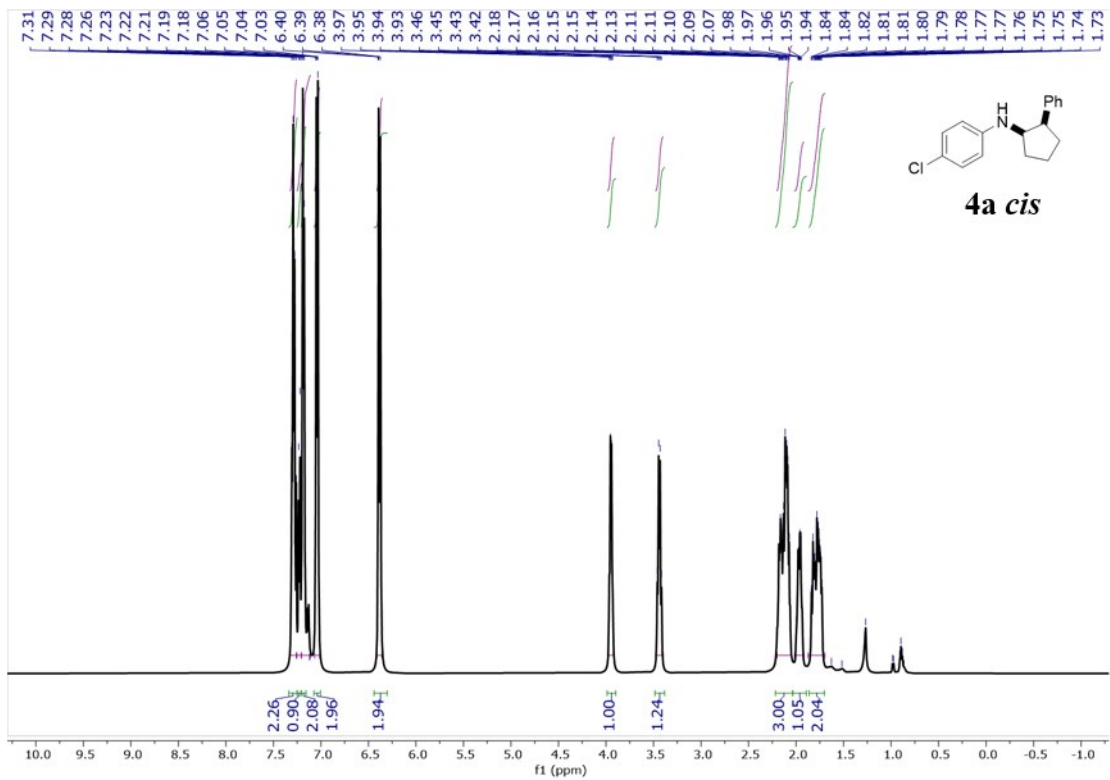


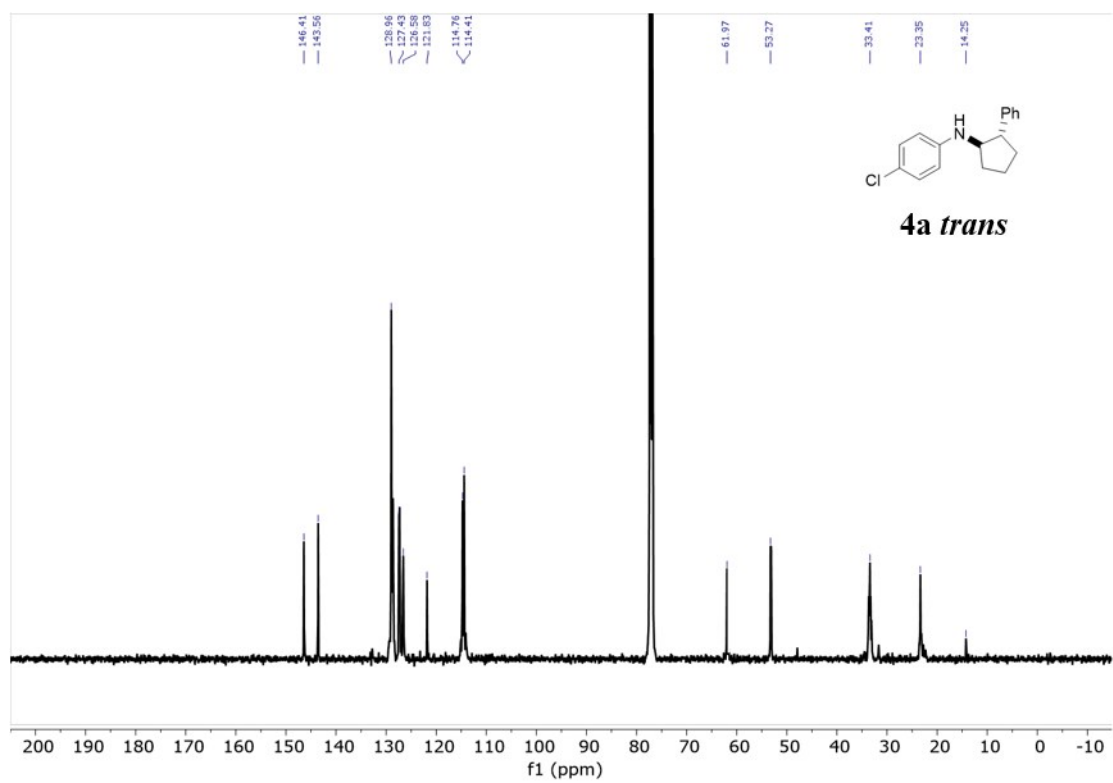
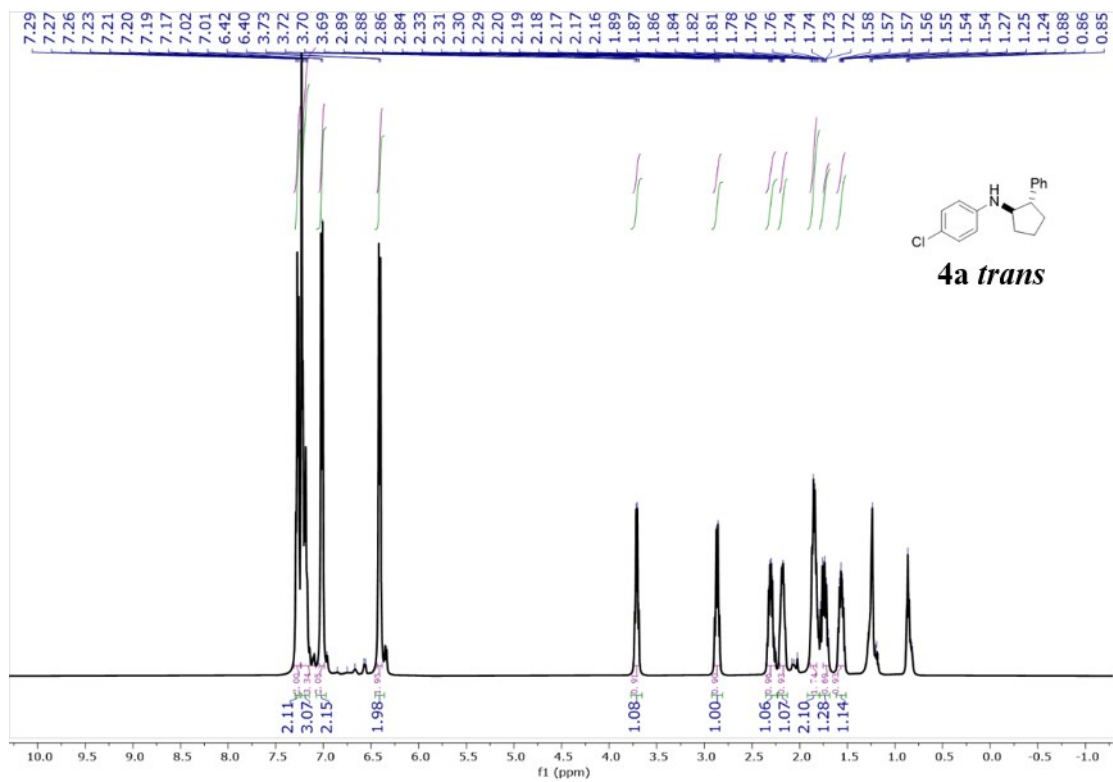


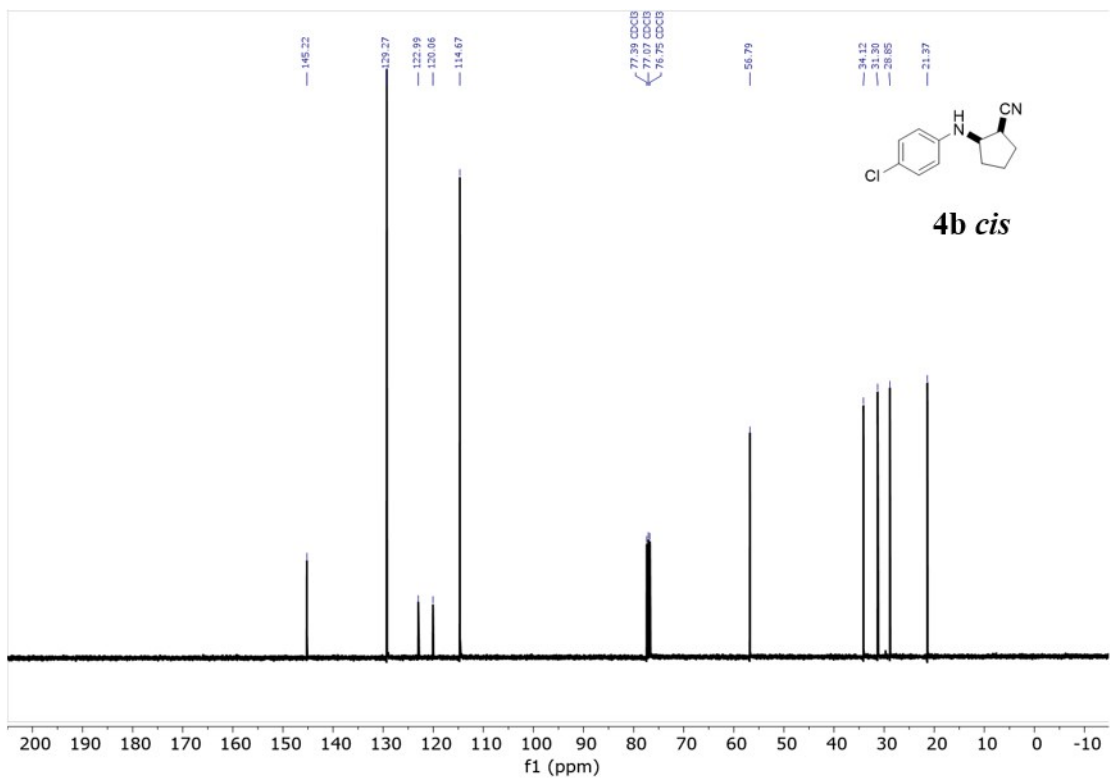
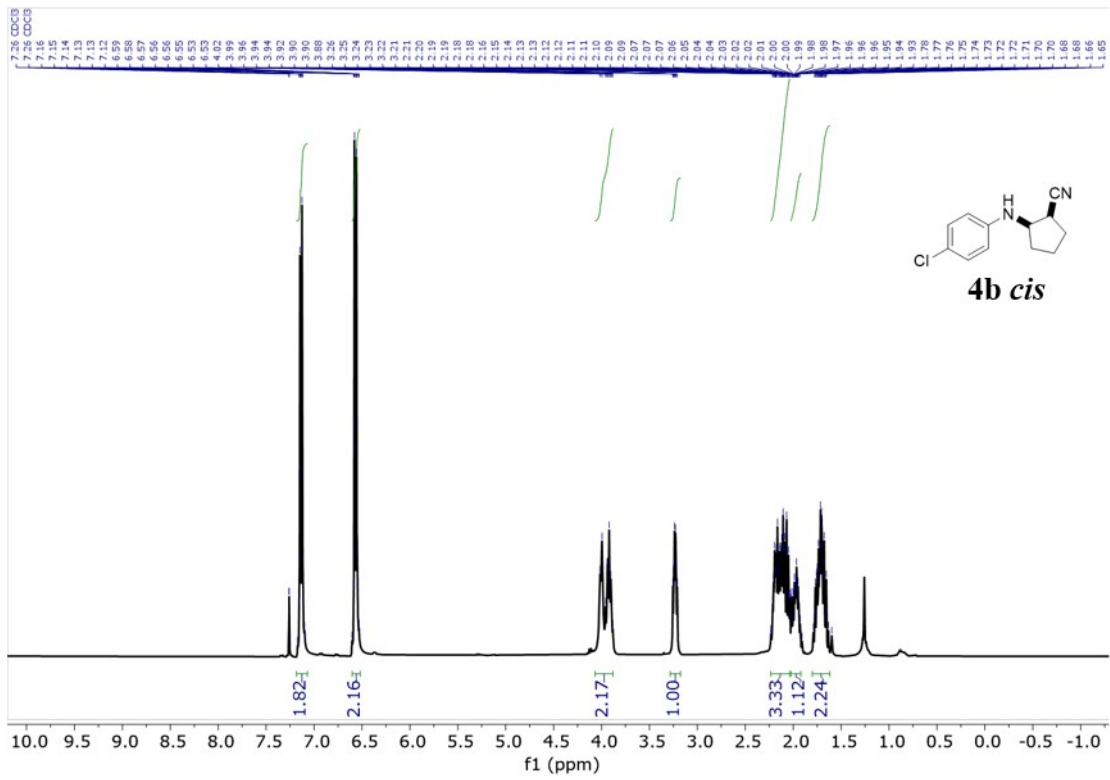


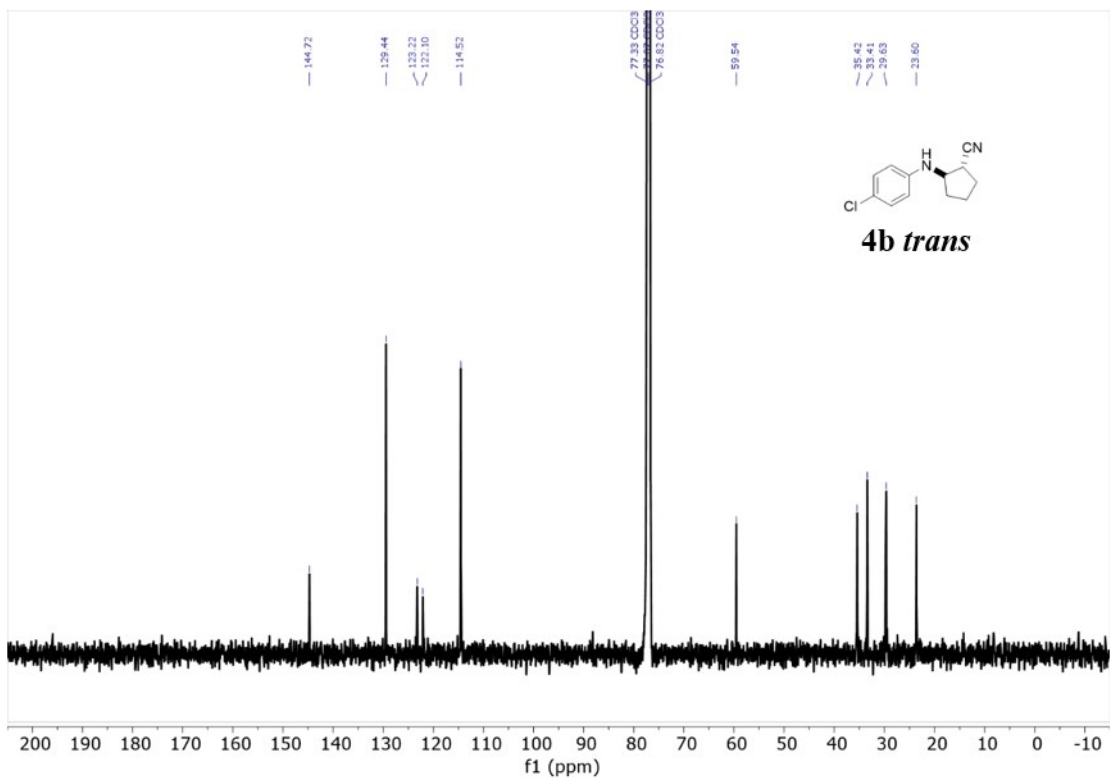
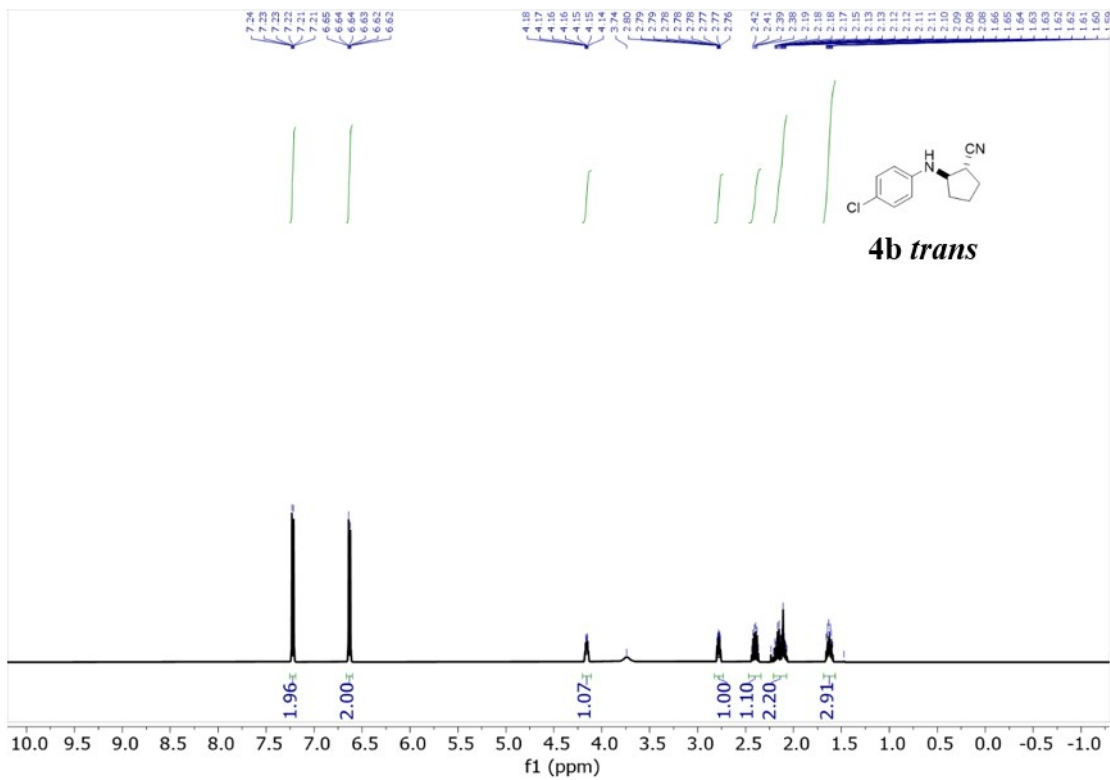


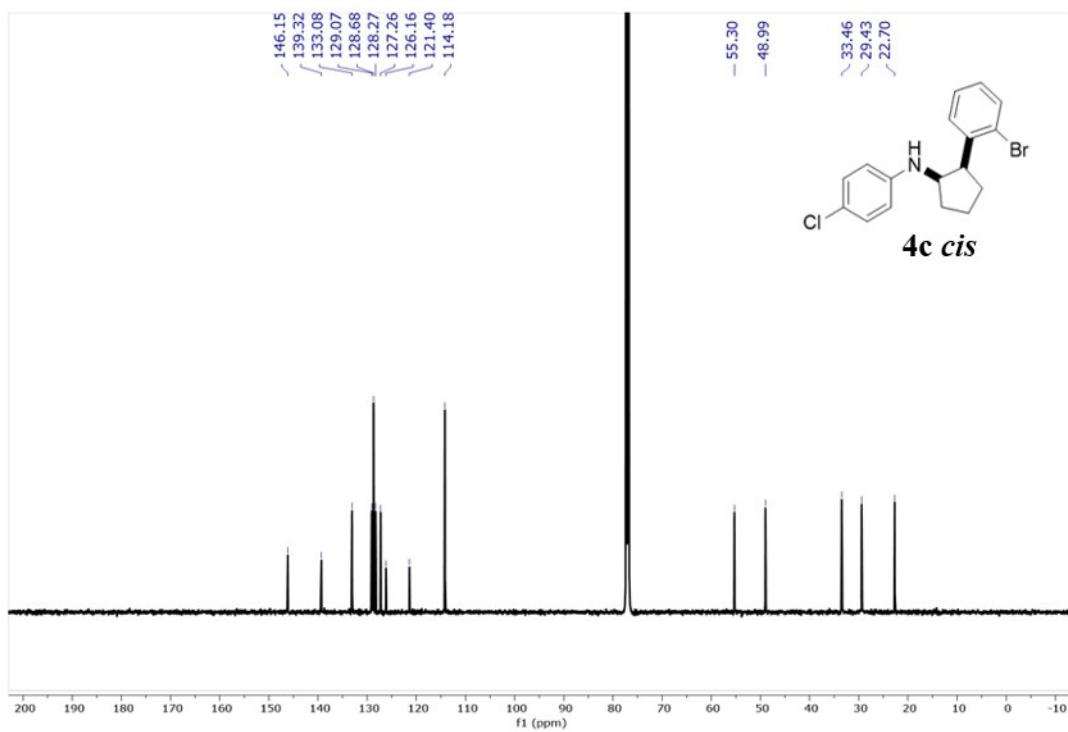
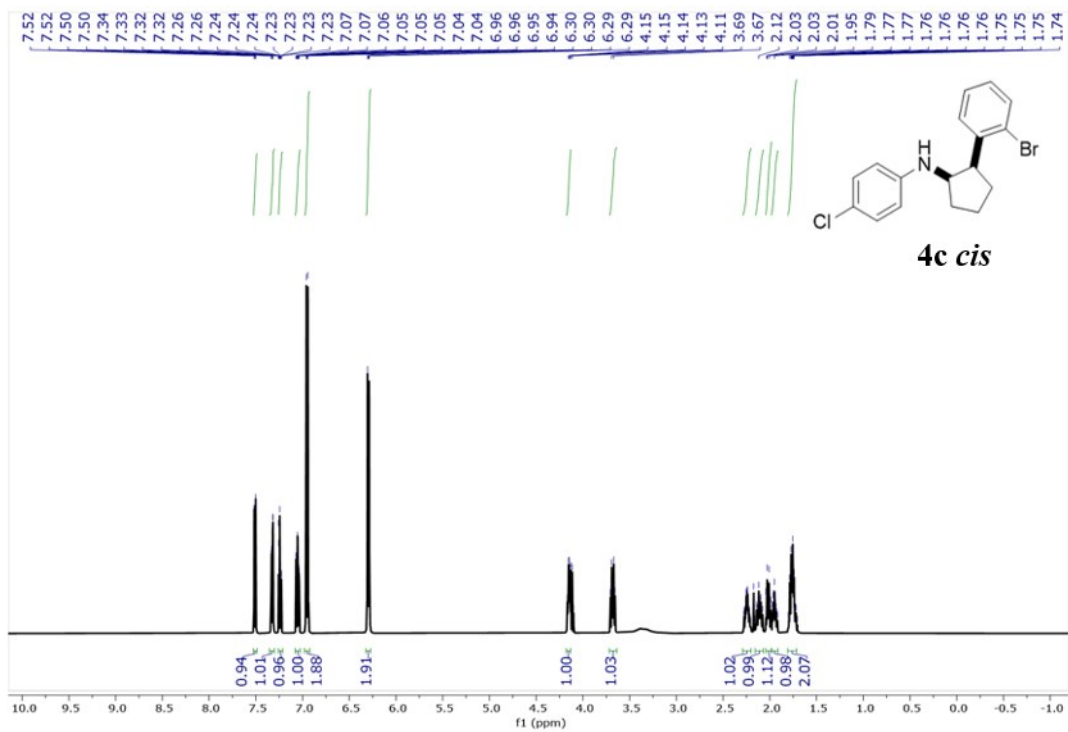


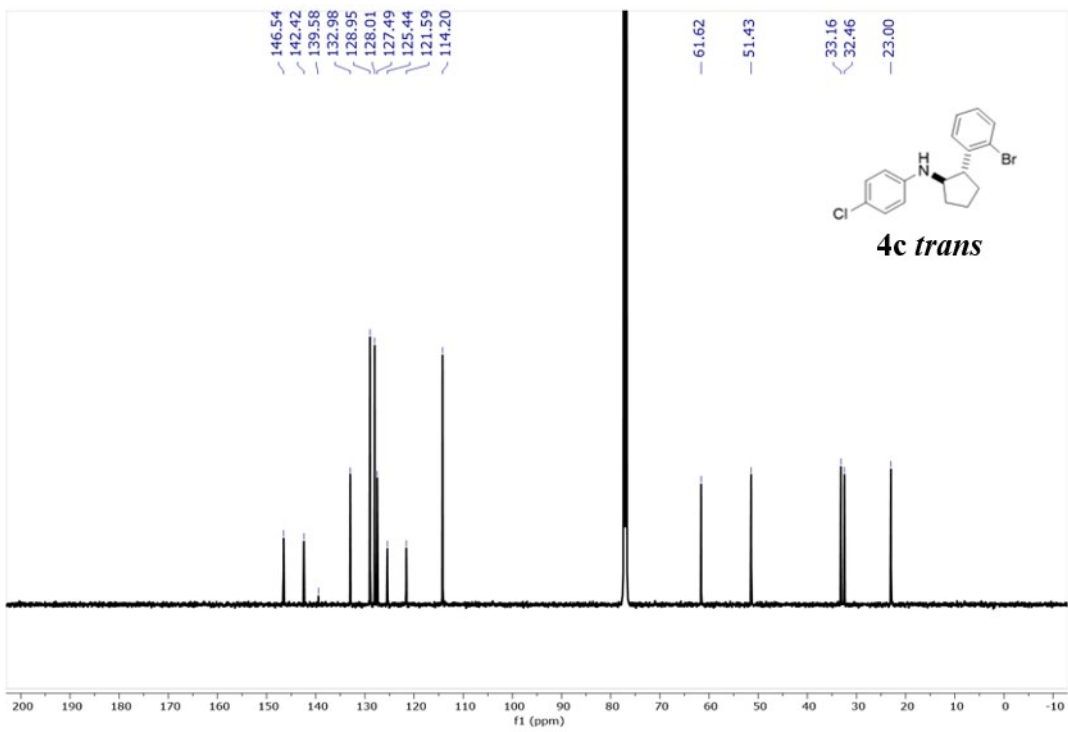
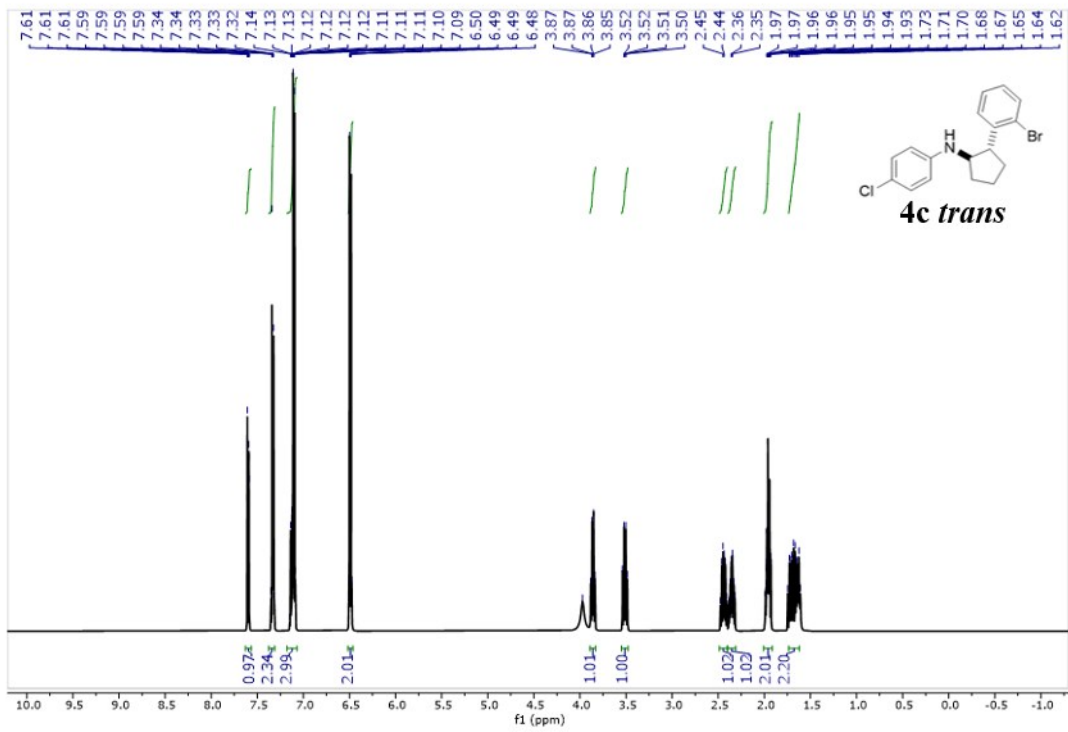


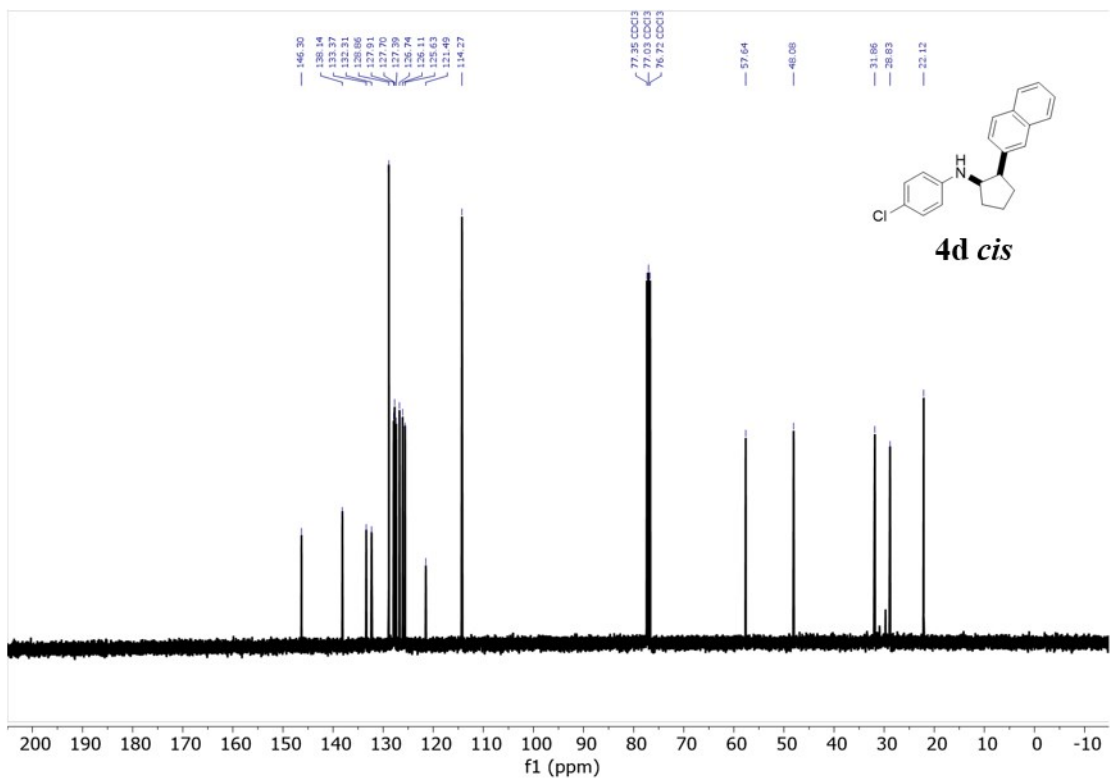
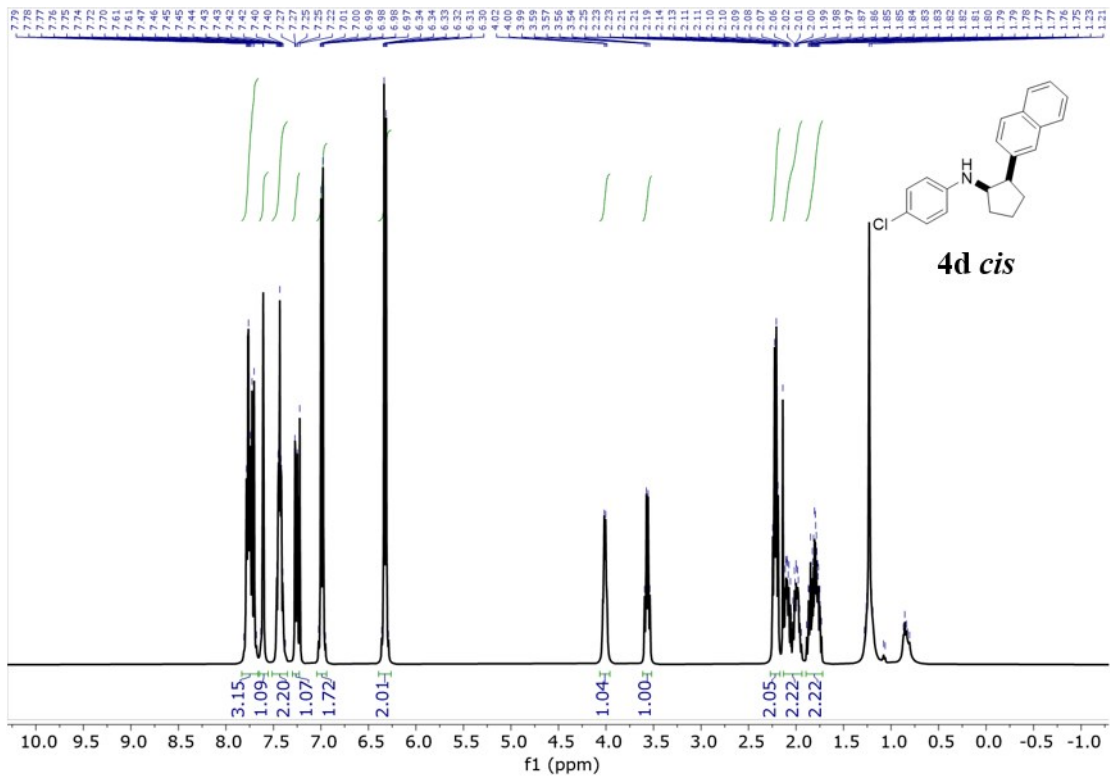


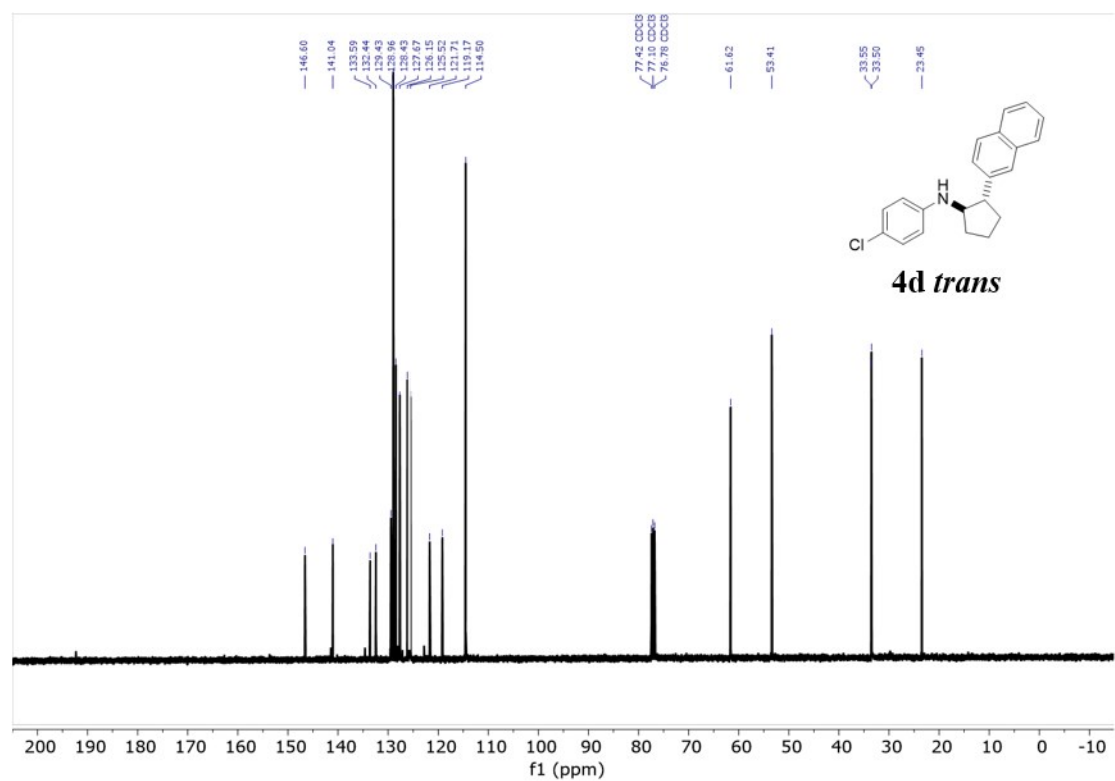
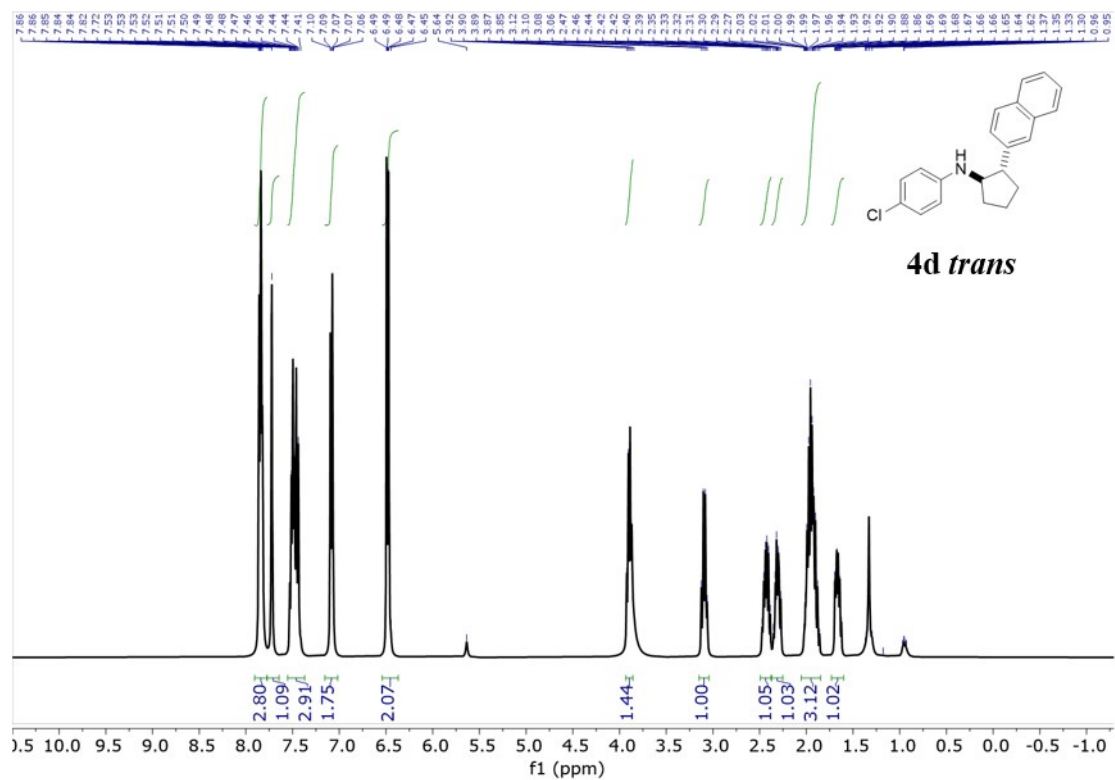


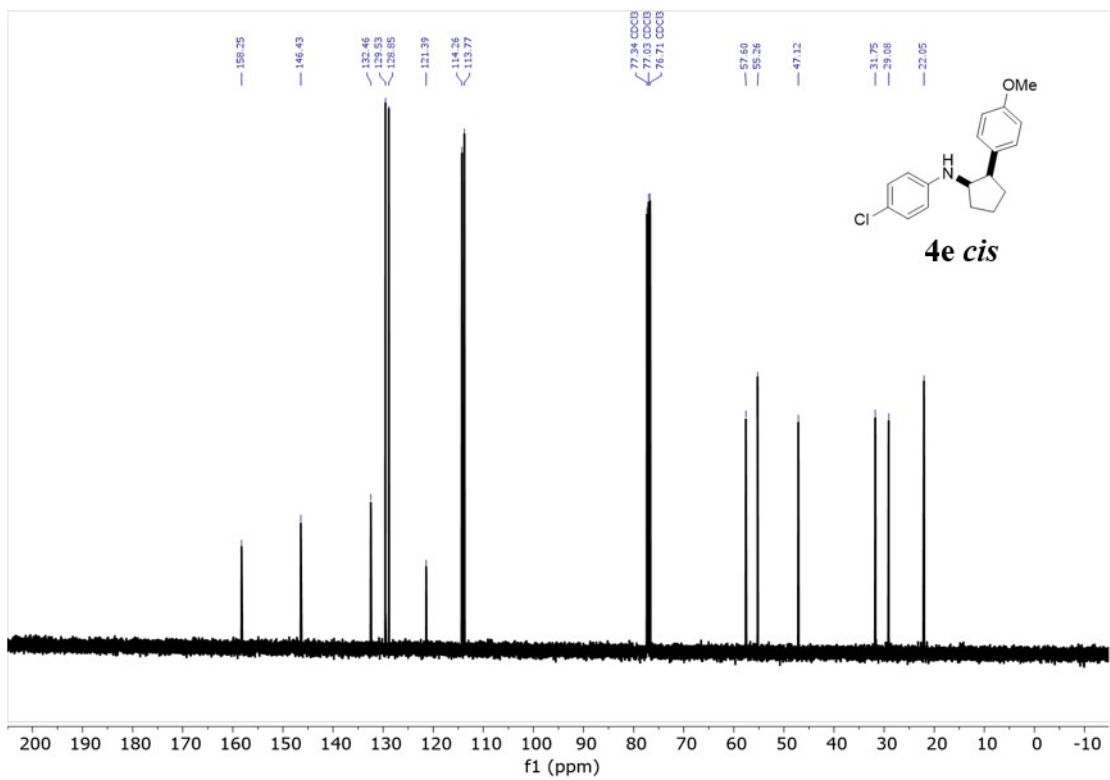
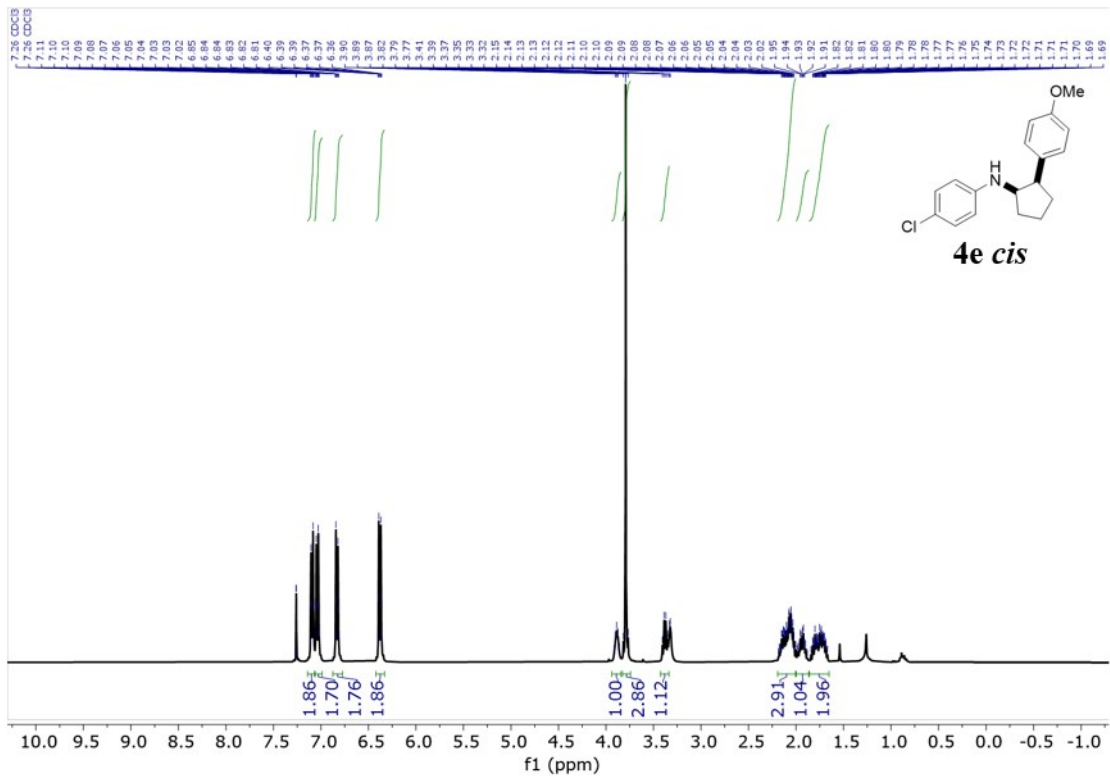


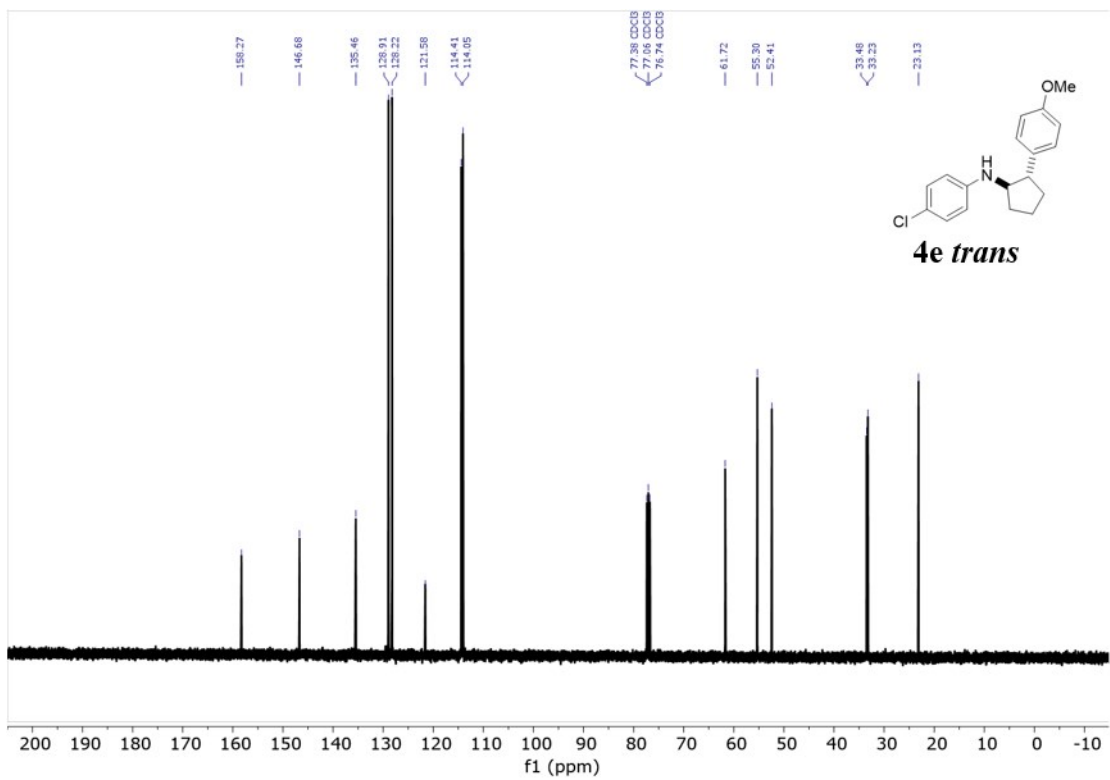
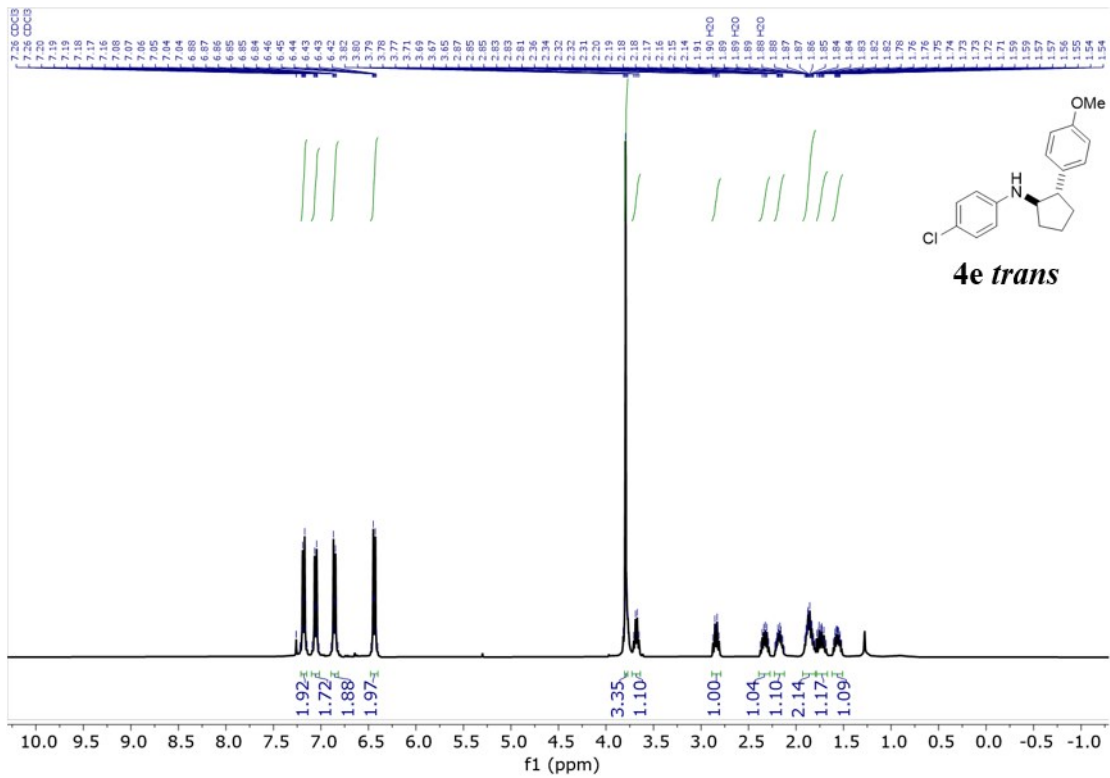


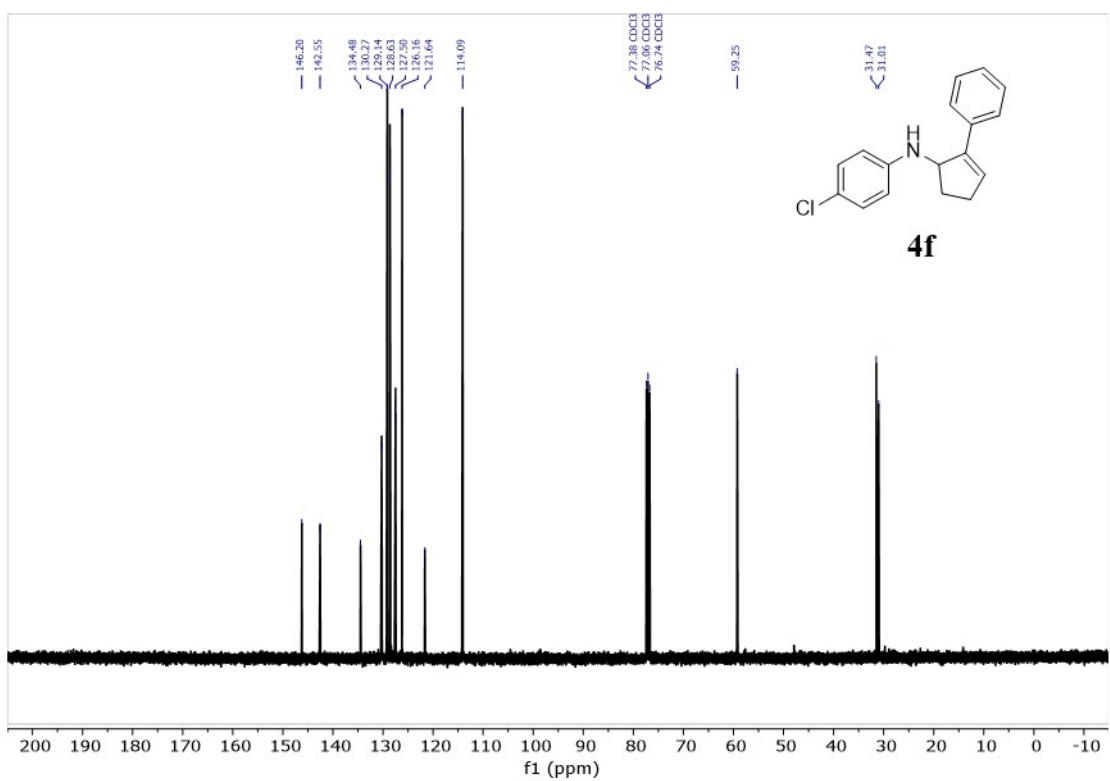
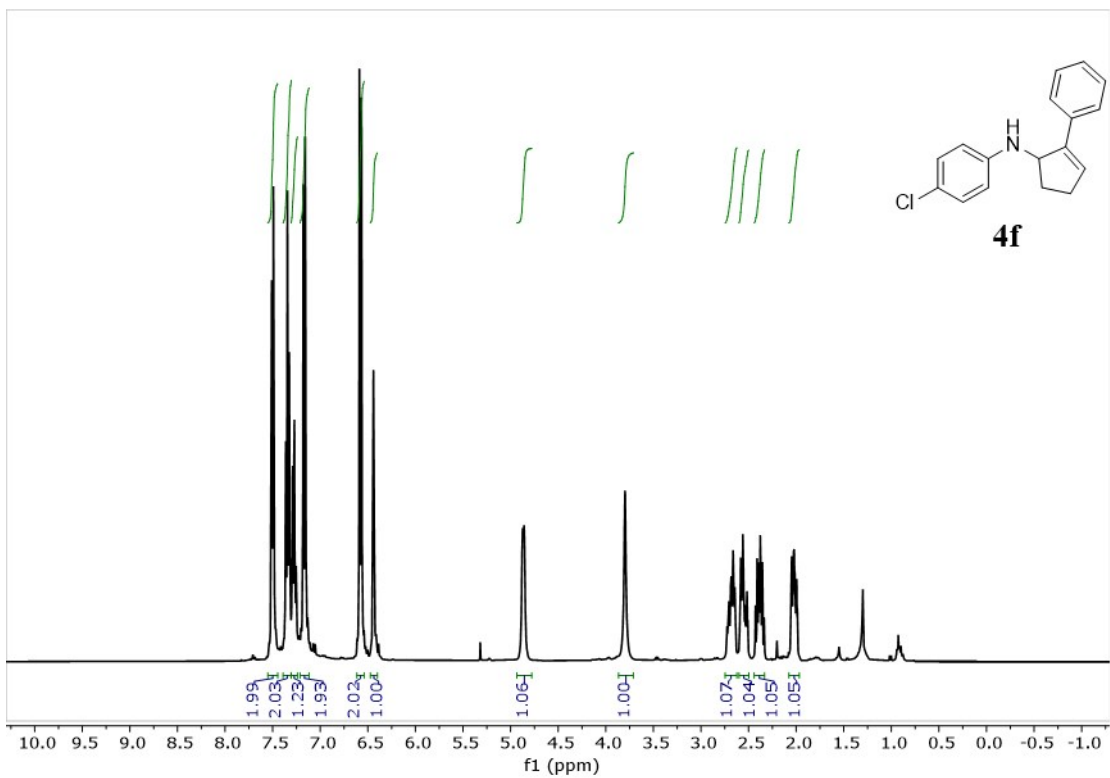


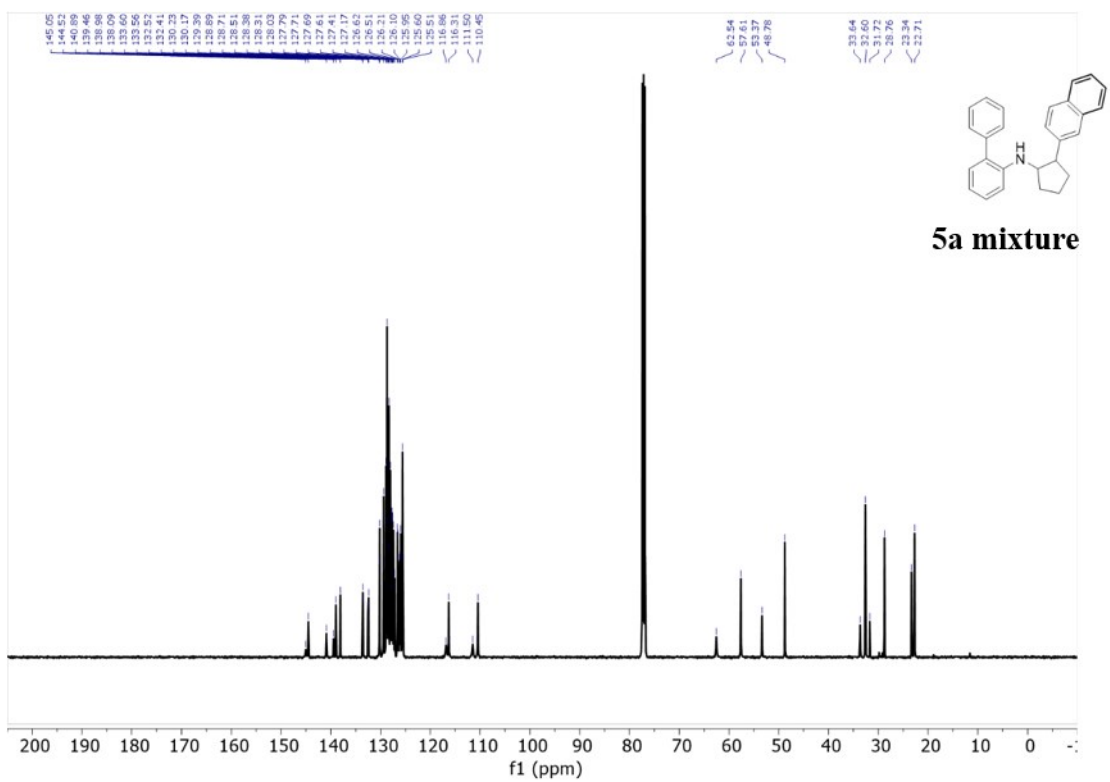
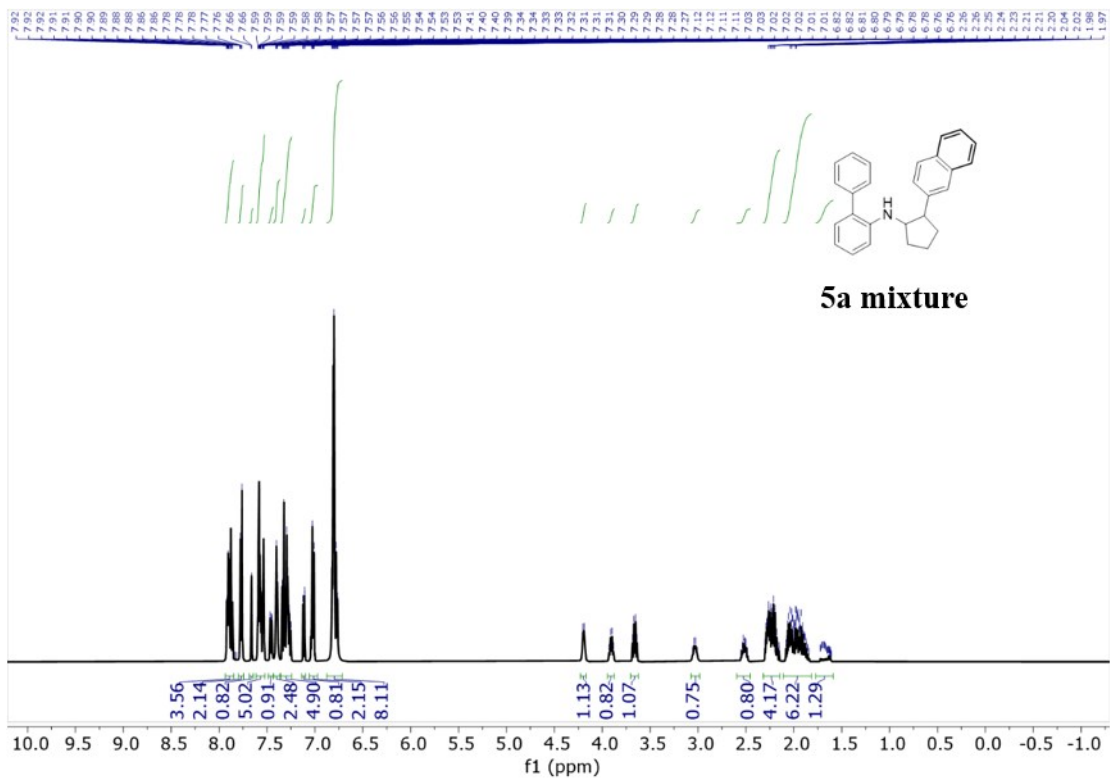


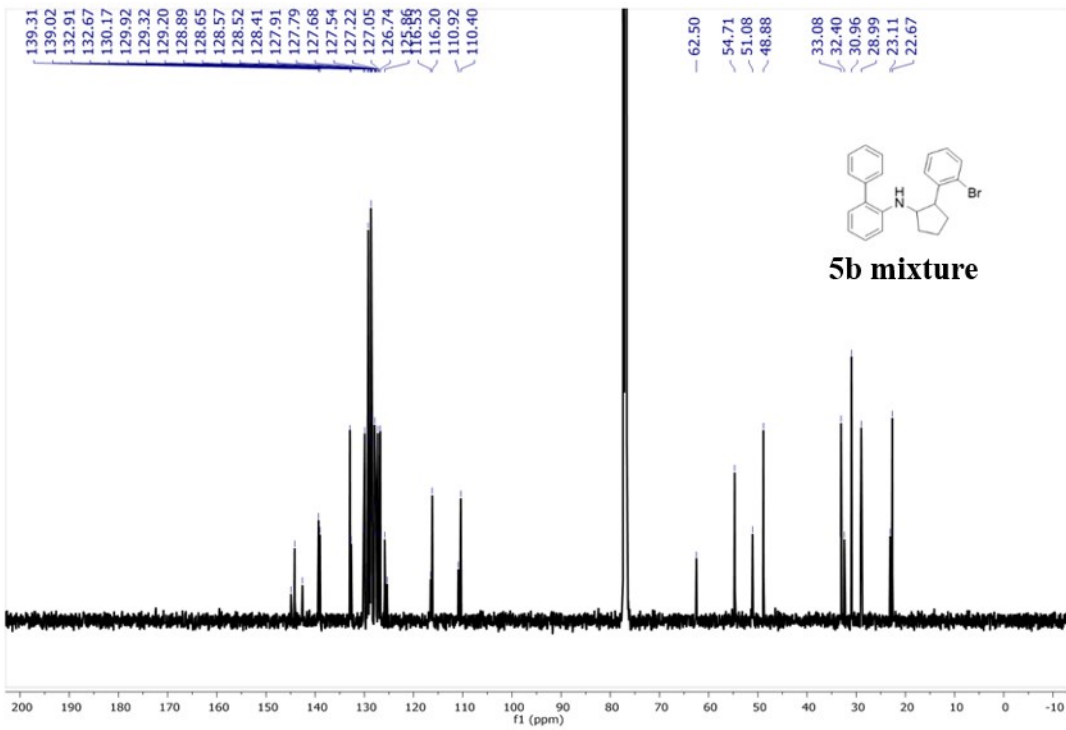
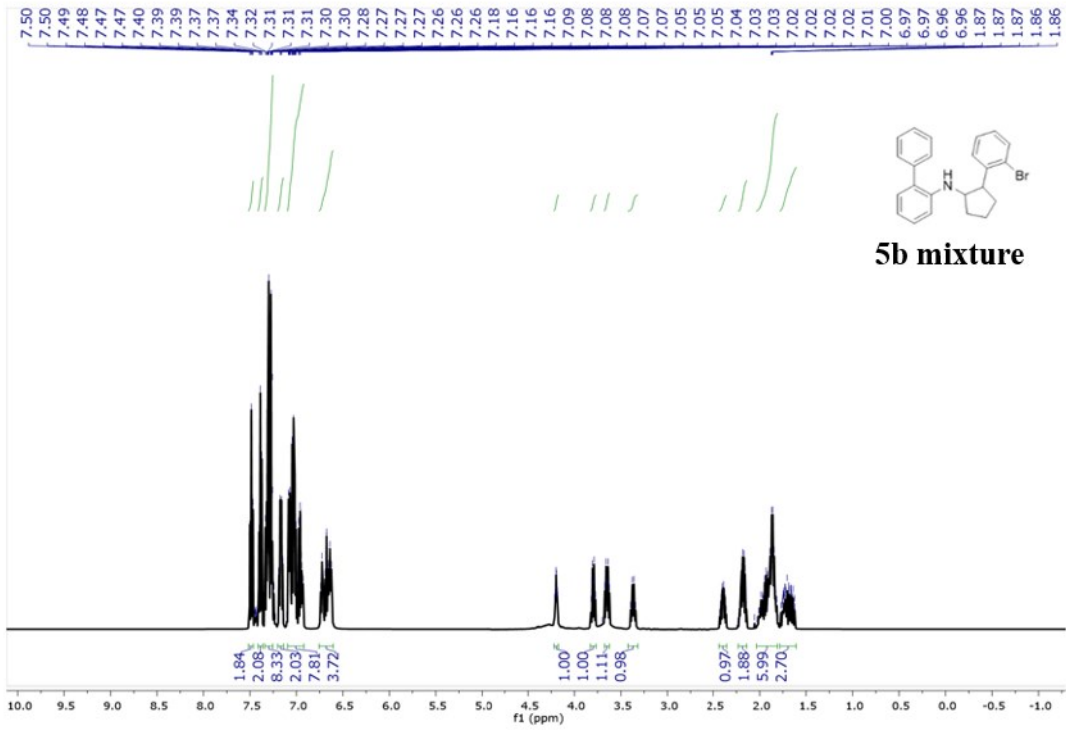


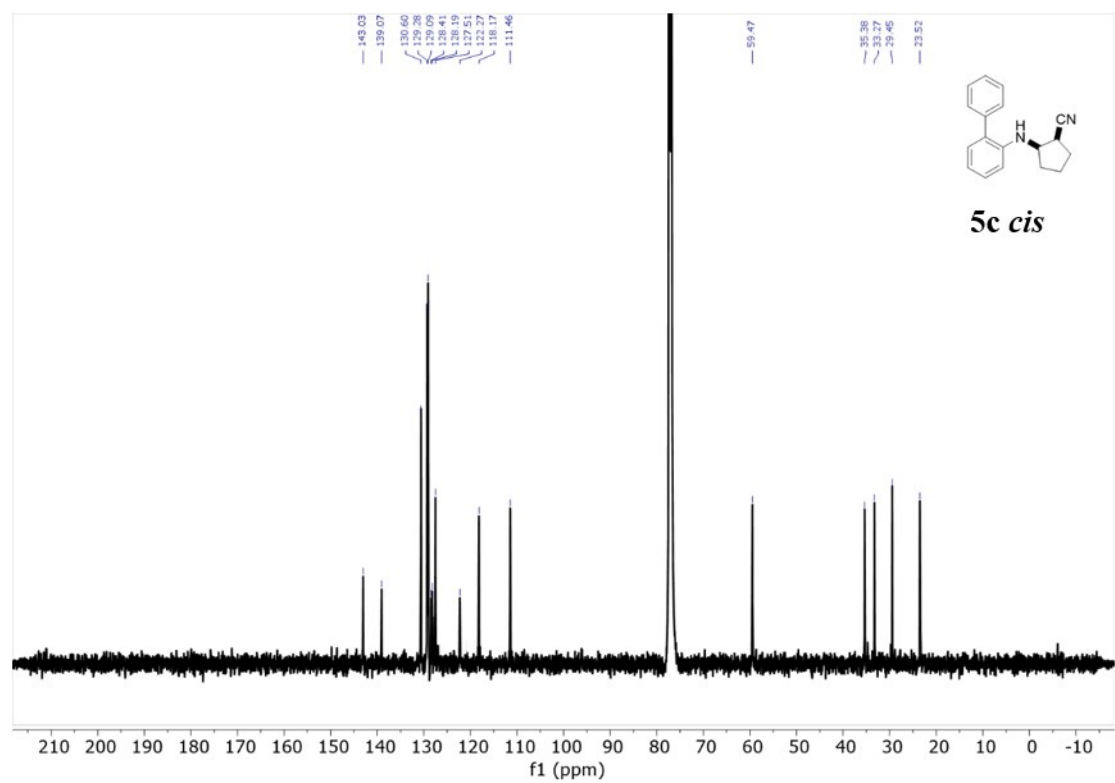
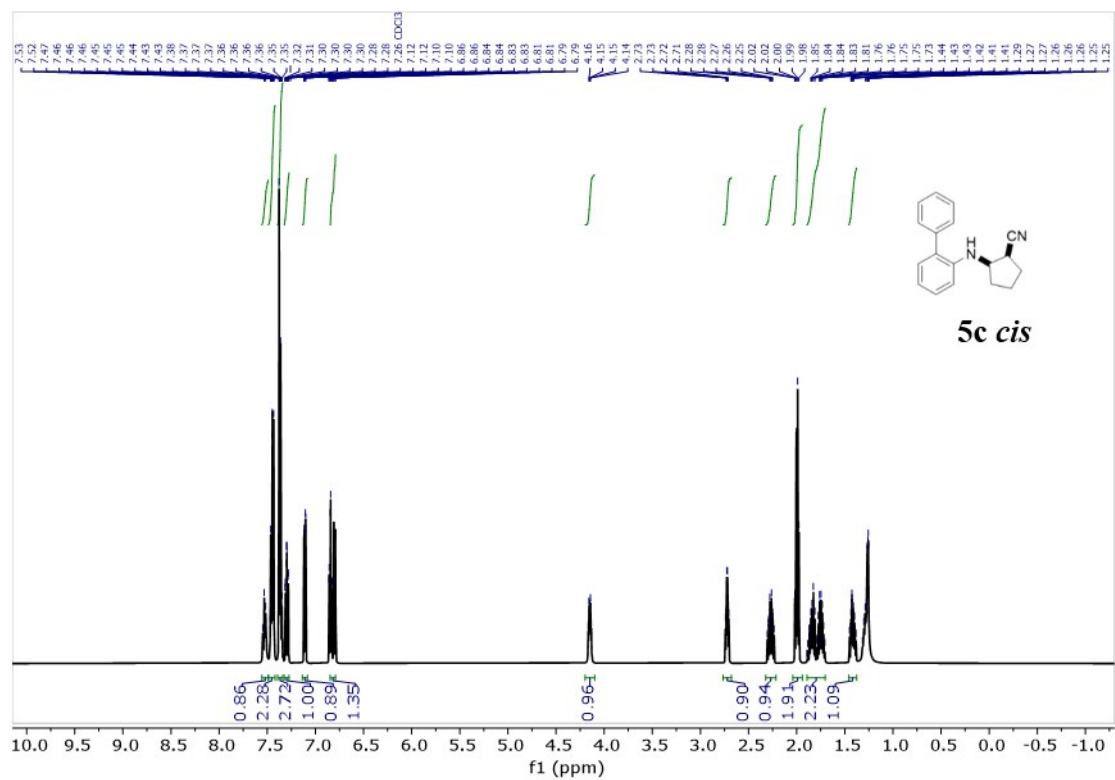


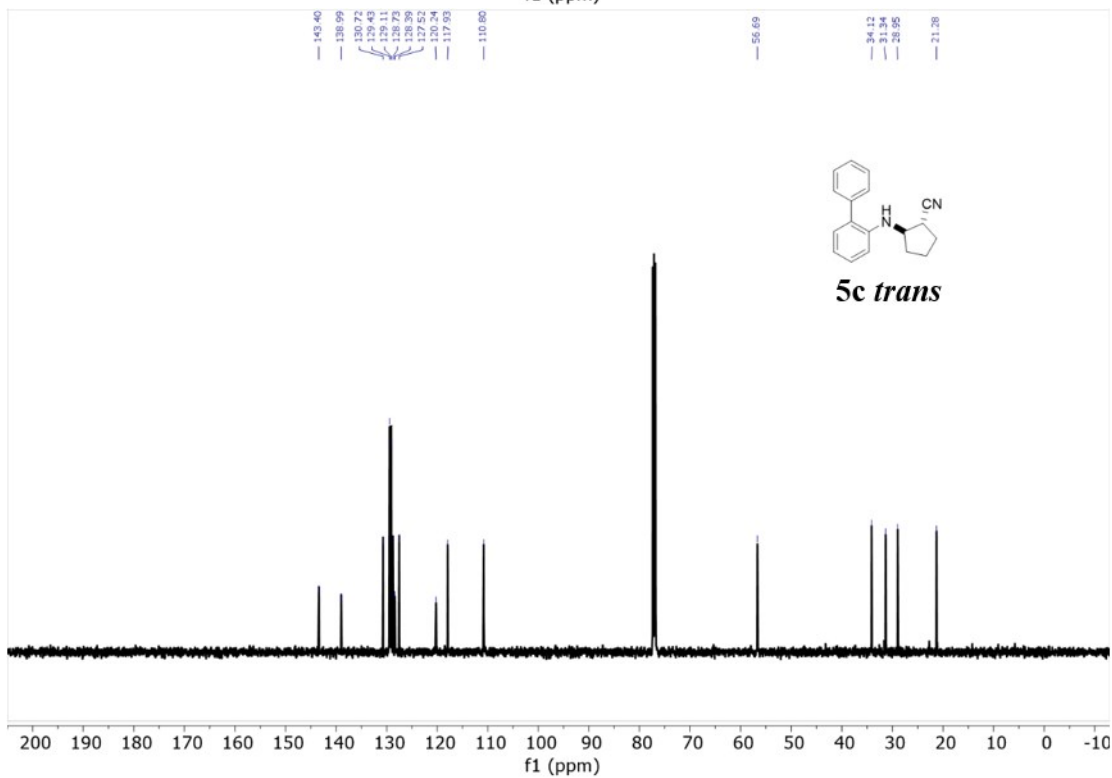
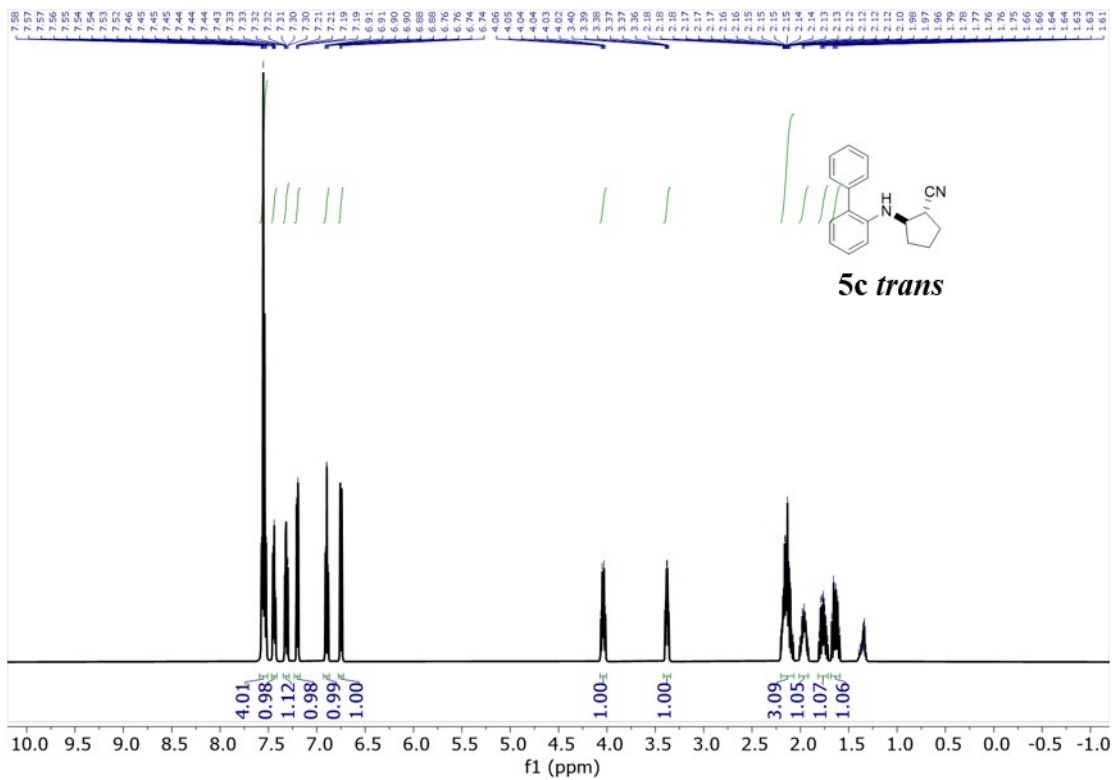


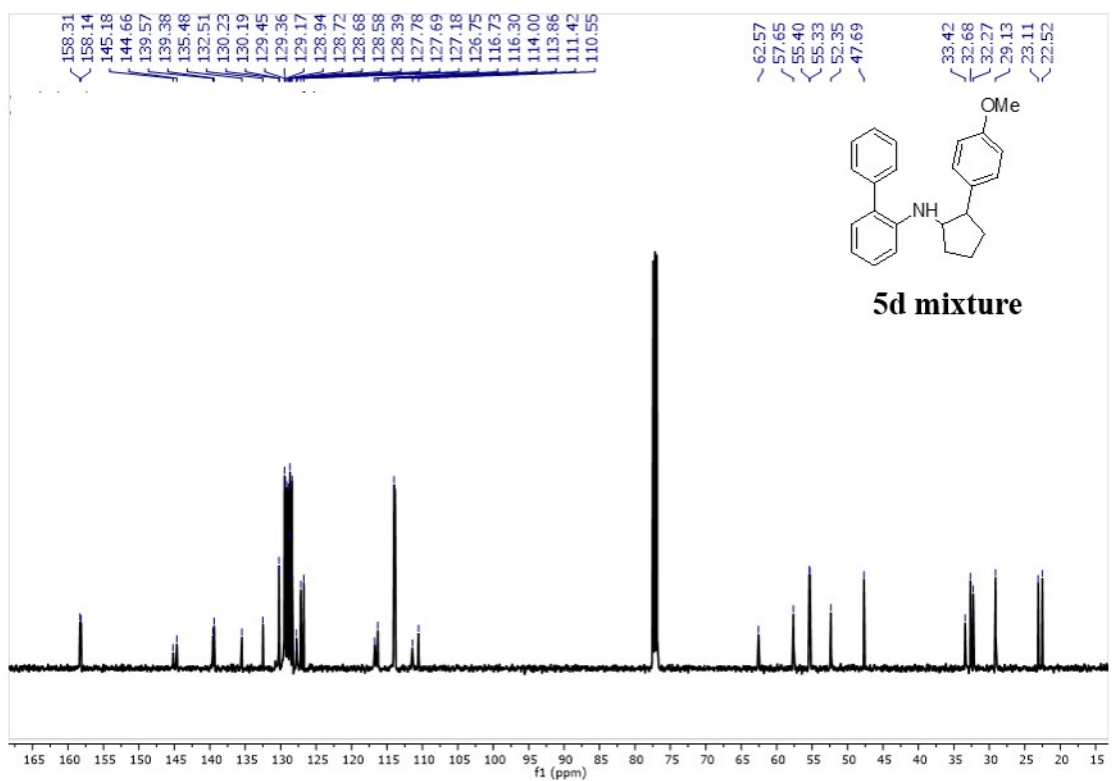
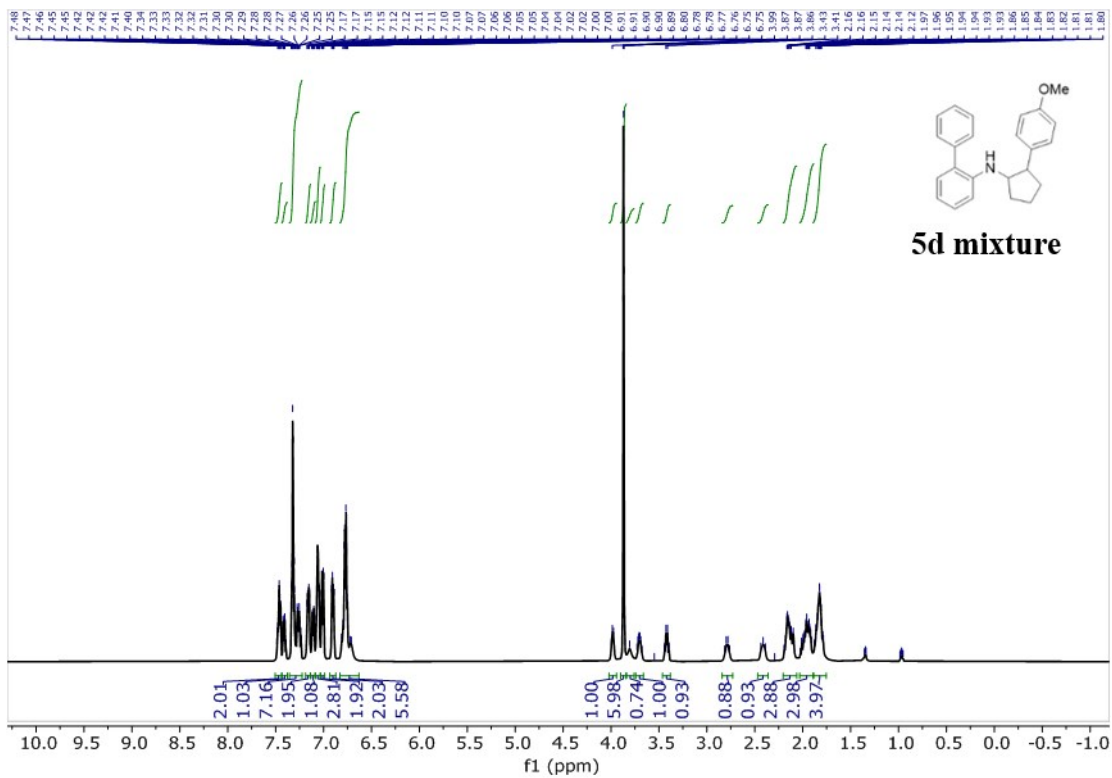


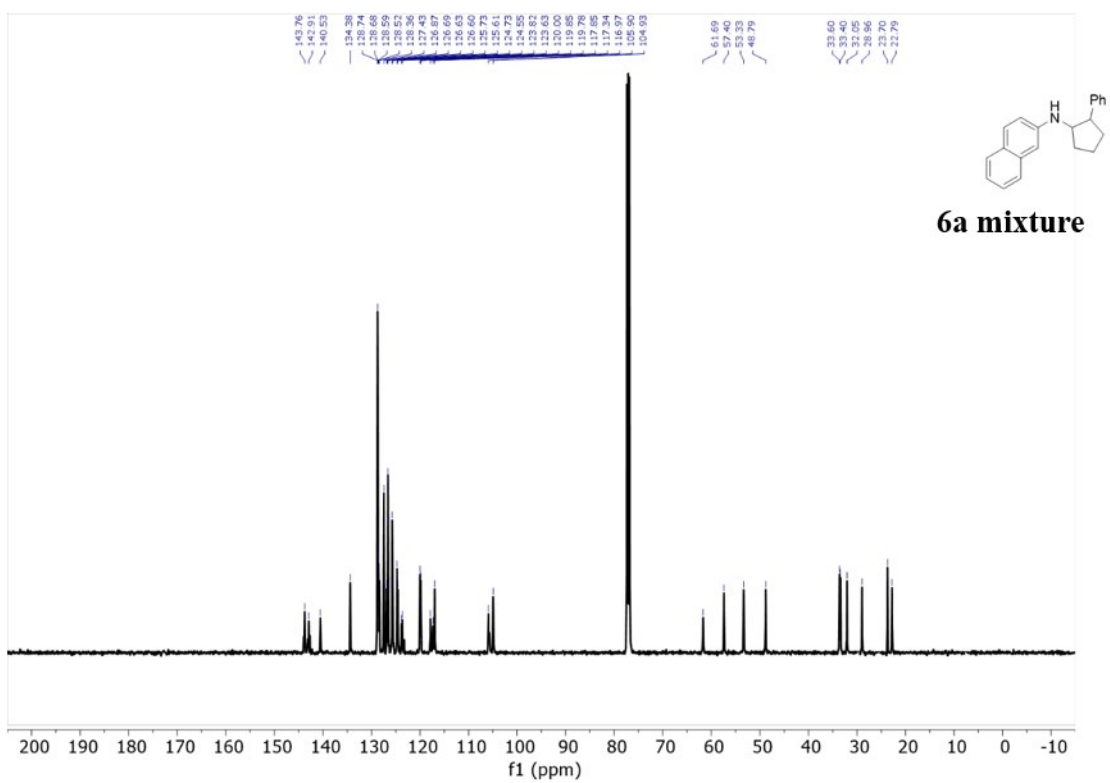
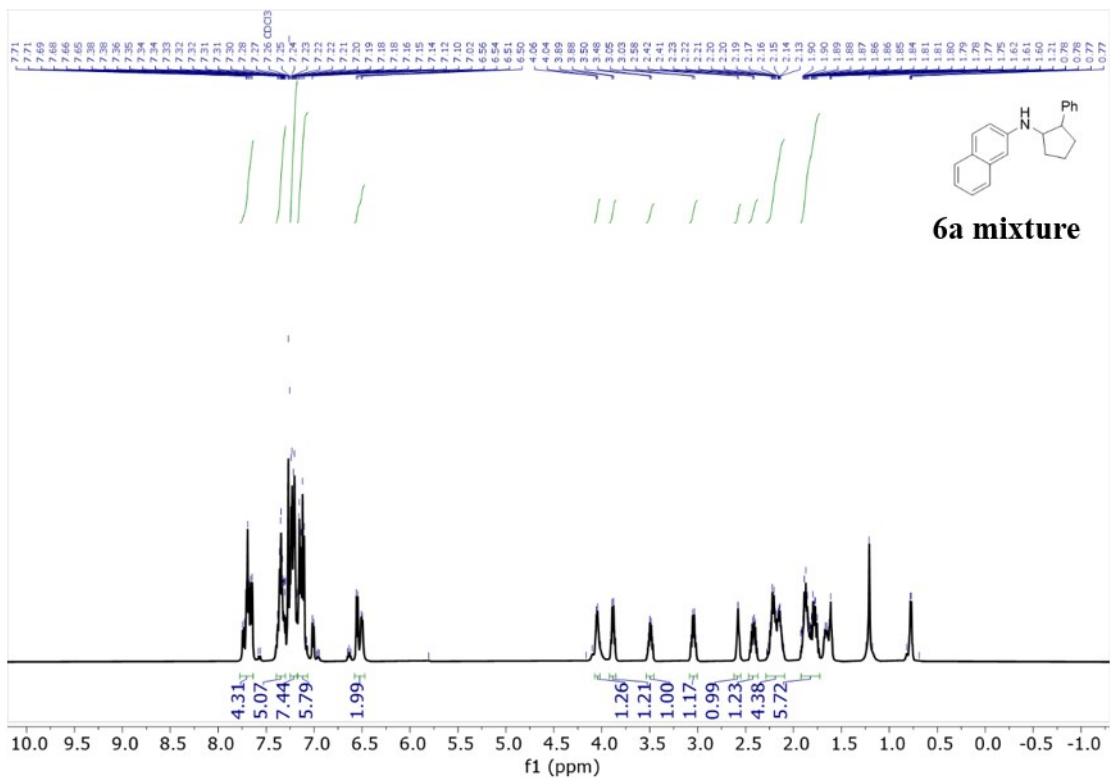


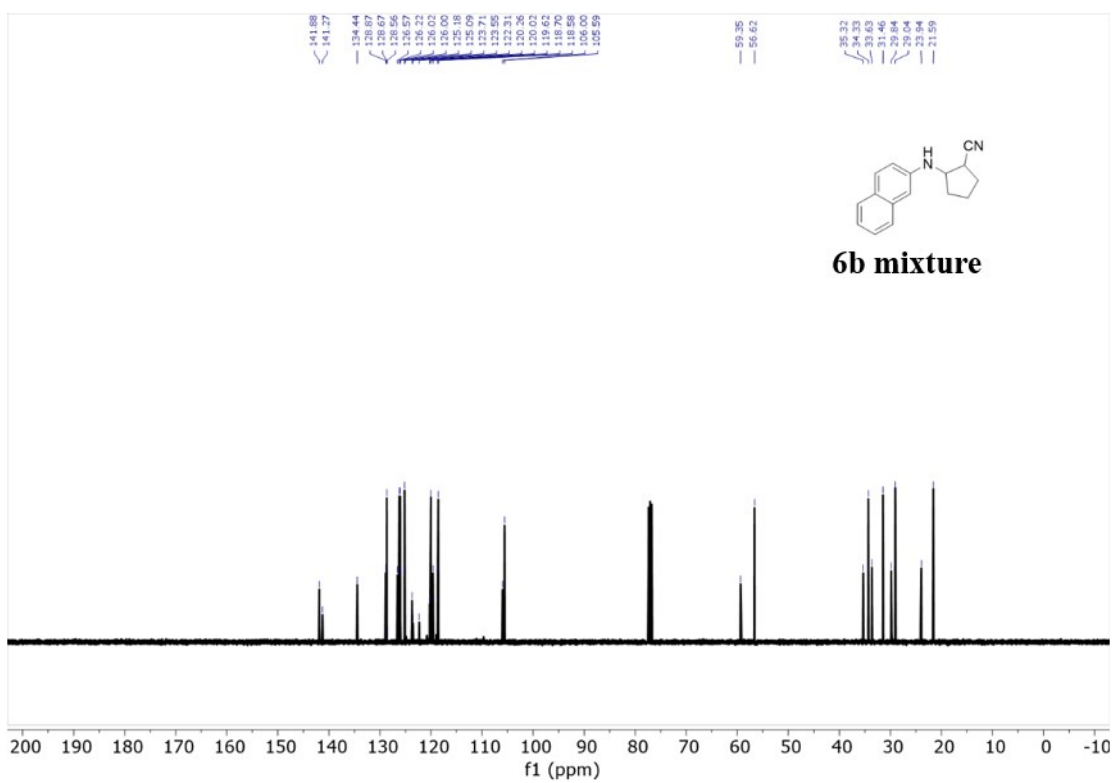
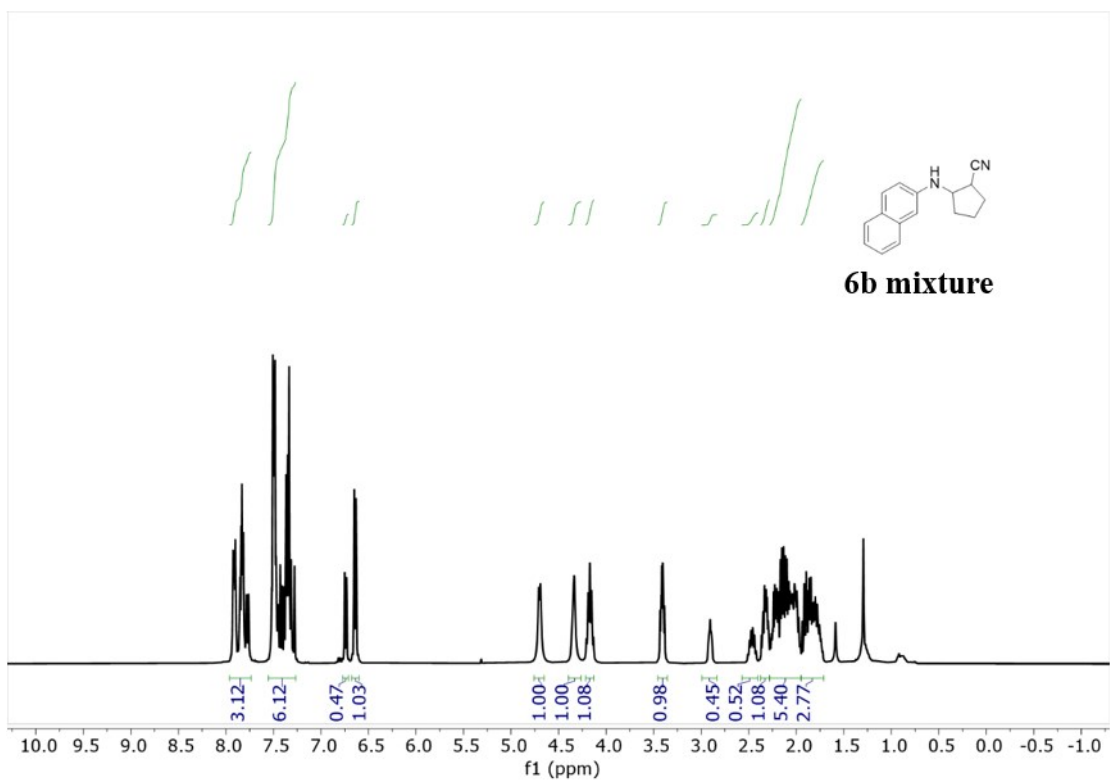












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