Electronic Supplemental Information

Trifluoromethanesulfonyl Azide as a Bifunctional Reagent for Metal-Free Azidotrifluoromethylation of Unactivated Alkenes

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1. General Information

Unless otherwise noted, all experiments were carried out in flame-dried glassware using argon manifolds. Reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC). TLC was performed using Huanghai 8±0.2 µm precoated glass plates (0.25 mm) and visualized by UV fluorescence quenching and Phosphomolybdic acid. Huanghai silica gel (particle size 200 – 300 mess) was used for chromatography. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded at room temperature on a Bruker ADVANCE III 400 MHz spectrometer and were reported relative to residual CDCl₃ (δ 7.26 ppm). ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker ADVANCE III 400 MHz spectrometer (100 MHz) and were reported relative to CDCl₃ (δ 77.00 ppm). ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker ADVANCE III 400 MHz spectrometer (376 MHz). Data for ¹H NMR were reported as chemical shift (δ ppm) (multiplicity, coupling constant (Hz), integration) using standard abbreviations for multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m =multiplet. Data for ¹³C NMR and ¹⁹F NMR were reported in terms of chemical shifts (δ ppm). High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained by use of a Bruker Compact TOF mass spectrometer in electrospray ionization mode (ESI⁺) and Thermo Scientific Q Exactive HF Orbitrap-FTMS in electrospray ionization mode (ESI⁺). All reagents were purchased commercially and used without further purification. Petroleum ether (PE) $(60 \sim 90 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$, Ethyl acetate (EA) were used as eluent for silica gel chromatography. Dry solvents were purchased commercially or were dried by passage through an activated alumina column under argon.¹

2. Optimization of Reaction Conditions

General Procedure for Condition Optimization: To a sealed tube with a magnetic stirring bar were added **1a** (48.5 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), initiator (0.02 mmol, 10 mol%), N₃SO₂CF₃ (stock solution) and the indicated solvent at room temperature. The contents were stirred at 80 °C behind a safety shield for 12 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The yield was determined by ¹⁹F NMR analysis of the crude mixture using (trifluoromethoxy)benzene as an internal standard.

	EtO ₂ C N Me	3SO ₂ CF ₃ (1.5 equiv) EtO ₂ C LPO (10 mol %) Me CO₂Et	CF3
	1a s	olvent , 80 °C, 12 h 2a	143
Entry ^a	Solvent	C (mol/L)	Yield of 2a (%) ^b
1	MeCN	0.1	32
2	DMF	0.1	17
3	DCE	0.1	26
4	CHCl ₃	0.1	7
5	THF	0.1	N.R.
6	EA	0.1	48
7	MTBE	0.1	trace
8	DMSO	0.1	20
9	<i>m</i> -Xylene	0.1	trace
10	Acetone	0.1	37
11	MeOH	0.1	N.R.
12	DME	0.1	35
13	Pentane	0.1	38
14	<i>n</i> -Hexane	0.1	30

Table S1. Screening of Solvents

15	Cyclohexane	0.1	23
16	1,4-Dioxane	0.1	33
17	СРМЕ	0.1	13
18	PhC1	0.1	trace
19	PhCN	0.1	trace
20	EA	0.2	48
21	EA	0.05	47

^a*Reaction conditions*: **1a** (0.2 mmol), LPO (0.02 mmol), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.3 mmol, 1 M in *n*-hexane) in the indicated solvent at 80 °C for 12 h. ^bDetermined by ¹⁹F NMR of the crude mixture using trifluoromethyl benzene as an internal standard. CPME: cyclopentyl methyl ether. N.R.: no reaction.

	EtO ₂ C Me CO ₂ Et 1a N ₃ SO ₂ CF ₃ (1.5 equiv) LPO (10 mol %) EA (0.2 M), T, 12 h	EtO ₂ C Me CO ₂ Et 2a
Entry ^a	T (°C)	Yield of 2a (%) ^b
1	60	23
2	80	48
3	100	50

^a*Reaction conditions*: **1a** (0.2 mmol), LPO (0.02 mmol), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.3 mmol, 1 M in *n*-hexane) in 1 mL of EA for 12 h. ^bDetermined by ¹⁹F NMR of the crude mixture using trifluoromethyl benzene as an internal standard.

Table S3. Screening of Initiators



Entry ^a	Initiator (10 mol %)	Yield of 2a (%) ^b
1	BPO	43
2	tert-Butyl Benzoperoxoate	22
3	DTBP	trace
4	TBHP	trace
5	TEMPO	trace
6	LPO	48
7	AIBN	20
8	IN-1	51
9	IN-2	52
10	IN-3	65
12 ^c	IN-3	83
13 ^d	IN-3	86 (87) ^e
14	none	N.R.

^a*Reaction conditions*: **1a** (0.2 mmol), initiator (0.02 mmol), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.3 mmol, 1 M in *n*-hexane) in 1 mL of EA at 80 °C for 12 h. ^bDetermined by ¹⁹F NMR of the crude mixture using trifluoromethyl benzene as an internal standard. ^cWith 2.0 equiv of N₃SO₂CF₃. ^dWith 2.5 equiv of N₃SO₂CF₃. ^eIsolated yield. N.R.: no reaction.

Scheme S1. Unsuccessful Substrates



Scheme S2. Using Light Irradiation Conditions instead of Heating



3. Preparation of Trifluoromethanesulfonyl Azide and Nonafluorobutanesulfonyl Azide

NaN₃ + Tf₂O $\xrightarrow{n-\text{hexane, H}_2\text{O}}$ CF₃SO₂N₃

A reported proceduce was followed^{2a}: To a round-bottomed flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added NaN₃ (1.95 g, 30 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and 5 mL of water. After the mixture were cooled to 0 °C, *n*-hexane (10 mL) was added to the vigorously stirred solution. A solution of trifluromethanesulfonic anhydride (4.23 g, 15 mmol) in 5 mL of *n*-hexane was added into above mixture dropwise. The resultant mixture was allowed to stir at 0 °C for another 2 h behind a safety shield. The organic phase was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with *n*-hexane (3 × 5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated Na₂CO₃ and water separately, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The concentration was determined by ¹⁹F NMR using trifluoromethylbenzene as an internal standard. Then additional appropriate amount of *n*-hexane was added to prepare a 1 M stock solution of CF₃SO₂N₃.

NaN₃ + C₄F₉SO₂F
$$\xrightarrow{MeOH}$$
 C₄F₉SO₂N₃

A reported proceduce was followed^{2b}: To a round-bottomed flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added NaN₃ (1.32 g, 20 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and 20 mL of MeOH. After the mixture were cooled to 0 °C, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4-nonafluorobutane-1sulfonyl fluoride (3.6 mL, 20 mmol) was added into above mixture dropwise. The resultant mixture was allowed to stir at 23 °C for another 8 h behind a safety shield. The organic phase was separated was dituled with *n*-hexane (4×5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water five times, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, ¹⁹F NMR and filtered. The concentration was determined by using trifluoromethylbenzene as an internal standard. Then additional appropriate amount of *n*-hexane was added to prepare a 1 M stock solution of C₄F₉SO₂N₃.

CAUTION: Trifluoromethanesulfonyl azide and nonafluorobutanesulfonyl azide should be prepared in an organic solvent.^{2c} Handling pure trifluoromethanesulfonyl azide should be avoided as it may lead to an explosion.^{2d} Preparation of trifluoromethanesulfonyl azide in a biphasic system of CH_2Cl_2/H_2O can potentially lead to the formation of perilous diazidomethane.^{2e} Toluene and hexane are better replacement solvents.^{2a,2f} It was reported that stock solutions of trifluoromethanesulfonyl azide in n-hexane are stable for several days at 4 day.^{2c} <u>Although no explosions occurred during all the experiments of our investigations, a</u> <u>safety shield is used for all the azidotrifluoromethylation reactions reported below.</u>

4. Preparation of New Substrates



Diethyl pent-4-en-1-yl phosphate 1i: To a solution of pent-4-en-1-ol (0.26 g, 3.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at 0 °C were added Et₃N (0.85 mL, 6.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and DMAP (36.8 mg, 0.3 mmol, 10 mol %). Then diethyl phosphorochloridate (0.65 mL, 4.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added dropwise into the mixture. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred until the disappearance of pent-4-en-1-ol as monitored by TLC. The reaction was quenched with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, R_f = 0.2) as an eluent to give **1i** in 60% yield (400.0 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.73 (ddt, *J* = 16.9, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (dq, *J* = 17.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (dq, *J* = 10.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.16 – 4.07 (m, 4H), 4.04 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.17 – 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.79 – 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.3, 115.5, 66.9 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 63.7 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz), 29.6, 29.4 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 16.2 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₉H₂₀O₄P [M+H]⁺: 223.1094, found 223.1093.

HO
3.0 mmol
$$+ CI \xrightarrow{Me} Me$$

Pent-4-en-1-yl 3-chloro-2,2-dimethylpropanoate 1o: To a solution of pent-4-en-1-ol (0.26 g , 3.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added Et₃N (0.64 mL, 1.5 mmol, 4.5 equiv) and DMAP (36.7 mg, 0.3 mmol, 10 mol %). Then 3-chloro-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl chloride (0.51 mL, 3.9 mmol, 1.3 equiv) was added dropisely into the mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C until the fully conversion of pent-4-en-1-ol as monitored by TLC. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE (R_f = 0.3) as an eluent

to give **10** in 94% yield (577.1 mg, colorless oil). δ 5.74 (ddt, J = 16.9, 10.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (dd, J = 9.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 2.07 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.72 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.22 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 175.0, 137.4, 115.4, 64.3, 52.1, 44.6, 30.0, 27.8, 23.3; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₀H₁₈ClO₂ [M+H]⁺: 205.0990, found 205.0992.



Pent-4-en-1-yl 3-bromopropanoate 1p: To a solution of pent-4-en-1-ol (0.27 g, 3.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added EDCI (0.86 g, 4.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv), DMAP (36.7 mg, 0.3 mmol, 10 mol %), and 3-bromopropanoic acid (0.65 g, 3.9 mmol, 1.3 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C until the disappearance of pent-4-en-1-ol as monitored by TLC. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and then diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE (R_f = 0.3) as an eluent to give **1p** in 25% yield (175.3 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.74 (ddt, *J* = 16.9, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (dd, *J* = 10.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.14 – 2.03 (m, 4H), 1.71 – 1.64 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.6, 137.4, 115.4, 64.1, 32.8, 32.5, 30.0, 27.8; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₉H₁₅BrNaO₂ [M+Na]⁺: 257.0148, found 257.0141.



Pent-4-en-1-yl 2-(4-benzoylphenyl)propanoate 3b: To a solution of pent-4-en-1-ol (0.26 g, 3.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added DCC (1.55 g, 7.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv), DMAP (36.7 mg, 0.3 mmol, 10 mol %), and 2-(4-benzoylphenyl)propanoic acid (0.99 g, 3.9 mmol, 1.3 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C until the disappearance of pent-4-en-1-ol as monitored by TLC. The SI-10

mixture was cooled to room temperature, and then diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (10:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent to give **3b** in 96% yield (925.5 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 – 7.73 (m, 3H), 7.69 – 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.64 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 5.73 (ddt, *J* = 18.1, 9.5, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 4.99 – 4.95 (m, 1H), 4.93 (t, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.76 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.54 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.5, 174.1, 141.0, 137.9, 137.5, 137.3, 132.5, 131.5, 130.1, 129.2, 129.0, 128.5, 128.3, 115.4, 64.3, 45.5, 29.9, 27.7, 18.4; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₁H₂₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 323.1642, found 323.1637.



Pent-4-en-1-yl 4-(N,N-dipropylsulfamoyl)benzoate 3d: To a solution of 4-(N,Ndiisopropylsulfamoyl)benzoic acid (0.86 g, 3.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added EDCI (0.86 g, 1.5 mmol, 4.5 equiv), DMAP (36.7 mg, 0.3 mmol, 10 mol %), and pent-4-en-1-ol (0.31 g, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv). The reaction 40 mixture stirred °C until disappearance of was at the 4 - (N, N - N)diisopropylsulfamoyl)benzoic acid as monitored by TLC. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (10:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.4$) as an eluent to give **3d** in 66% yield (704.6 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 10.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.15 - 3.05 (m, 4H), 2.27 - 2.18 (m, 2H), 1.86 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.60 - 1.46 (m, 4H), 0.86 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 6H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.3, 144.2, 137.3, 133.7, 130.2, 127.0, 115.6, 65.0, 49.9, 30.1, 27.8, 21.9, 11.2; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₈H₂₈NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 354.1734, found 354.1727.



Pent-4-en-1-yl 2-methoxybenzoate 3e: To a solution of pent-4-en-1-ol (0.25 g, 3.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added EDCI (0.86 g, 4.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv), DMAP (36.7 mg, 0.3 mmol, 10 mol %), and 2-methoxybenzoic acid (0.78 g, 3.9 mmol, 1.3 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C until the disappearance of pent-4-en-1-ol was monitored by TLC. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.3) as an eluent to give **3e** in 55% yield (411.6 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.33 (m, 1H), 6.94 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 5.84 (ddt, *J* = 16.9, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (dq, *J* = 17.1, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (dq, *J* = 10.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.17 – 2.11 (m, 2H), 1.80 – 1.73 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.3, 159.1, 137.6, 133.4, 131.5, 120.4, 120.1, 115.3, 112.0, 64.2, 55.9, 30.2, 27.9; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₄H₁₇O₃ [M+H]⁺:221.1172, found 221.1180.



2-(Pent-4-en-1-yl)benzo[*d*]isothiazol-3(2*H*)-one 1,1-dioxide 3f: To a solution of saccharin (0.55 g, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in DMF (15 mL) at 0 °C was added NaH (0.18 g, 60% in oil, 4.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 minutes. Then 5-bromopent-1-ene (0.90 g, 6.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added into the mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 12 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with water, extracted with EA (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic

layers were washed with water (3 x 15 mL) and brine, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.3$) as an eluent to give **3f** in 55% yield (411.6 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 – 7.92 (m, 1H), 7.91 – 7.66 (m, 3H), 5.75 (ddt, J = 16.9, 8.3, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 5.13 – 5.05 (m, 1H), 5.04 – 4.98 (m, 1H), 3.77 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.12 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.92 – 1.85 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.0, 137.7, 136.9, 134.7, 134.3, 127.4, 125.1, 120.9, 115.8, 38.9, 30.9, 27.4; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₂H₁₄NO₃S [M+H]⁺: 252.0689, found 252.0684.



Hex-5-en-1-yl 7-chloro-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-car--boxylate 3g: To a solution of pent-4-en-1-ol (0.17 g, 2.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added EDCI (0.42 g, 2.2 mmol, 1.1 equiv), DMAP (28.2 mg, 0.2 mmol, 10 mol %), and Q-ACID (0.56 g, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The mixture was diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.3$) as an eluent to give **3g** in 63% yield (436.5 mg, white solid). m.p. = 151 - 153 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.16 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (ddt, J = 16.9, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (dq, *J* = 17.1, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (dq, *J* = 10.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.49 - 3.43 (m, 1H), 2.25 - 2.20 (m, 2H), 1.91 - 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.39 – 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.20 – 1.10 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.7, 165.3, 155.7 (d, J = 250.6 Hz), 148.9, 137.6, 137.2 (d, J = 2.0 Hz), 128.7 (d, J = 5.8 Hz), 127.0 (d, *J* = 20.4 Hz), 119.0, 115.2, 113.9 (d, *J* = 23.0 Hz), 110.8, 64.5, 34.8, 30.1, 27.9, 8.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – (117.93 – 117.97) (m); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₈H₁₈ClFNO₃ [M+H]⁺: 350.0954, found 350.0950.



Pent-4-en-1-yl ((1S,4R)-7,7-dimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-1-yl)methanesulf--onate 3i: To a solution of D(+)-10-Camphorsulfonyl chloride (0.50 g, 3.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added Et₃N (0.61 g, 6.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and DMAP (36.6 mg, 0.3 mmol, 10 mol %). Then pent-4-en-1-ol (0.27 mL, 3.9 mmol, 1.3 equiv) was added dropise into the mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C until the disappearance of pent-4-en-1-ol as monitored by TLC. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (50:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.4$) as an eluent and obtained **3i** in 77% yield (570.6 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.82 (ddt, J = 16.9, 10.2, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 5.15 -4.98 (m, 2H), 4.41 - 4.21 (m, 2H), 3.62 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 2.60 – 2.38 (m, 2H), 2.25 – 2.03 (m, 4H), 1.98 (d, J = 18.5 Hz, 1H), 1.89 – 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.72 – 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.50 – 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.6, 136.8, 116.0, 69.9, 58.0, 48.0, 46.7, 42.8, 42.5, 29.5, 28.3, 26.9, 24.9, 19.8, 19.7; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₅H₂₄NaO₄S [M+Na]⁺: 323.1288, found 323.1279.



(*R*)-4-(2-((*Tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methoxy-3-oxopropyl)phenyl pent-4enoate 3m: To a solution of Boc-L-tyrosine methyl ester (0.60 g, 2.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added EDCI (0.77 g, 4.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv), DMAP (36.7 mg, 0.2 mmol, 10 mol %), and pent-4-enoic acid (0.31 mL, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. The mixture was diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and

filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.3$) as an eluent to give **3m** in 64% yield (726.9 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.06 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.83 (ddt, J = 16.8, 10.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (dq, J = 17.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (dq, J = 10.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.57 – 4.45 (m, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.09 – 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.61 – 2.59 (m, 2H), 2.47 – 2.38 (m, 2H), 1.35 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.2, 171.5, 155.1, 149.7, 136.3, 133.6, 130.3, 121.6, 116.0, 80.0, 54.4, 52.3, 37.7, 33.6, 28.9, 28.3; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₀H₂₈NO₆ [M+H]⁺: 378.1911, found 378.1906.



(*S*)-Pent-4-en-1-yl 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methylbutanoate 3n: To a solution of Boc-L-valine (0.65 g, 3.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added EDCI (0.86 g, 4.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv), DMAP (36.6 mg, 0.3 mmol, 10 mol %), and pent-4-enoic acid (0.26 g, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, R_f = 0.5) as the eluent to give **3n** in 62% yield (526.5 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.73 (ddt, *J* = 16.9, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.06 – 4.88 (m, 3H), 4.19 – 4.10 (m, 1H), 4.13 – 4.00 (m, 2H), 2.09 – 2.04 (m, 3H), 1.72 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.5, 155.7, 137.3, 115.5, 79.7, 64.5, 58.6, 31.4, 30.0, 28.3, 27.7, 19.0, 17.6; HRMS (ESI+) calc'd for C₁₅H₂₈NO4 [M+H]⁺: 286.2013, found 286.2010.



(S)-4-Cyclohexyl 1-pent-4-en-1-yl 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)succinate 3p: To a solution of pent-4-en-1-ol (0.18 g, 2.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added EDCI (0.77 g, 2.4 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (36.7 mg, 0.2 mmol, 10 mol %), and Boc-Asp(Ochx)-OH (0.86 g, 2.4 mmol, 1.2equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until the disappearance of pent-4-en-1-ol as monitored by TLC. The mixture was diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.5$) as an eluent to give **3p** in 96% yield (740.1 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.78 (ddt, J = 16.9, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.12 – 4.94 (m, 2H), 4.80 – 4.66 (m, 1H), 4.60 – 4.46 (m, 1H), 4.14 – 4.04 (m, 2H), 2.96 (dd, J = 16.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (dd, J = 16.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.19 – 2.02 (m, 2H), 1.89 – 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.78 – 1.62 (m, 4H), 1.61 – 1.49 (m, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.42 – 1.22 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.2, 170.4, 155.5, 137.3, 115.4, 80.0, 73.6, 65.1, 50.1, 37.1, 31.5, 29.9, 28.3, 27.7, 25.3, 23.7; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₀H₃₄NO₆ [M+H]⁺: 384.2381, found 384.2377.



(R)-Pent-4-en-1-yl4-((5S,8R,9S,10S,13R,14S,17S)-10,13-dimethyl-3,7,12-

trioxohexadecahydro-1*H***-cyclopenta**[*a*]**phenanthren-17-yl**)**pentanoate 3q:** To a solution of dehydrocholic acid (0.81 g, 2.0 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) at room temperature were added EDCI (0.43 g, 4.4 mmol, 2.2 equiv), DMAP (31.3 mg, 0.4 mmol, 20 mol %), and pent-4-en-1-ol (0.17 g, 2.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature until the disappearance of pent-4-en-1-ol as monitored by TLC. The SI-16

mixture was diluted with water, extracted with DCM (3 x 15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (1:1, v:v, R_f = 0.3) as an eluent to give **3q** in 82% yield (774.1 mg, white solid). m.p. = 181 – 184 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.79 (ddt, *J* = 16.9, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.95 – 2.76 (m, 3H), 2.45 – 1.89 (m, 17H), 1.88 – 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.76 – 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.64 – 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.37 – 1.17 (m, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.83 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.9, 209.1, 208.7, 174.1, 137.5, 115.3, 63.7, 56.9, 51.8, 49.0, 46.8, 45.7, 45.5, 45.0, 42.8, 38.6, 36.5, 36.0, 35.5, 35.3, 31.5, 30.5, 30.1, 27.8, 27.6, 25.1, 21.9, 18.6, 11.9; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₉H₄₂NaO₅ [M+Na]⁺: 493.2924, found 493.2925.

5 General Procedure for Azidotrifluoromethylation of Unactivated

Alkenes and Their Characterization Data

$$\underbrace{\mathsf{EtO}_2\mathsf{C}}_{\mathsf{Me}} \underbrace{\mathsf{CO}_2\mathsf{Et}}_{\mathsf{1a}} \qquad \underbrace{\underbrace{\mathsf{N-3}}_{\mathsf{N_3}\mathsf{SO}_2\mathsf{CF}_3} (2.5 \text{ equiv})}_{\mathsf{EA}, 80 \ ^\circ\mathsf{C}, 12 \text{ h}} \underbrace{\mathsf{EtO}_2\mathsf{C}}_{\mathsf{Me}} \underbrace{\mathsf{CO}_2\mathsf{Et}}_{\mathsf{2a}} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{N_3}}_{\mathsf{N_3}} \mathbb{CF}_3$$

General procedure for the synthesis of **diethyl 2-(4-azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl)-2methylmalonate 2a:** A 10 mL tube equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar was charged with **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %). After the tube was evacuated and backfilled with argon 3 times, substrate **1a** (48.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv), and EA (1 mL) were added under an argon atmosphere. The mixture was sealed and heated at 80 °C behind a safety shield for 12 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature. The solvents were removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified directly by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.6) as an eluent to give the desired product **2a** in 87% yield (61.7 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.12 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 3.63 – 3.52 (m, 1H), 2.36 – 2.09 (m, 2H), 1.88 – 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.61 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.25 (m, 5H), 1.18 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.11, 172.09, 125.4 (q, J = 277.3 Hz), 61.3, 56.4 (q, J = 2.8 Hz), 53.4, 38.6 (q, J = 28.2 Hz), 35.0, 34.9, 20.6, 19.9, 14.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.09 (t, J = 10.8 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₄H₂₂F₃N₃NaO₄ [M+Na]⁺: 376.1455, found 376.1440.

Diethyl 2-(3-azido-5,5,5-trifluoropentyl)-2-methylmalonate 2b: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with diethyl 2-(but-3-en-1-yl)-2-methylmalonate **1b** (45.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2b** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.5$) as an eluent in 82% yield (55.8 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.13 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 3.63 – 3.43 (m, 1H), 2.35 – 2.10 (m, 2H), 2.06 – 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.90 – 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.59 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.84, 171.81, 125.6 (q, *J* = 278.1 Hz), 61.5, 56.7 (q, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 53.1, 38.4 (q, *J* = 28.4 Hz), 31.6, 29.6, 20.0, 14.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.15 (t, *J* = 10.3 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₃H₂₁F₃N₃O₄ [M+H]⁺: 340.1479, found 340.1475.

$$\overbrace{\substack{\text{EtO}_2\text{C}\\\text{Me}}^{\text{EtO}_2\text{C}}}_{\text{Zc}} \xrightarrow{N_3} \mathbb{CF}_3$$

Diethyl 2-(2-azido-4,4,4-trifluorobutyl)-2-methylmalonate 2c: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with diethyl 2-allyl-2-methylmalonate **1c** (42.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2c** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (50:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.4$) as an eluent in 59% yield (38.3 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.28 – 3.98 (m, 4H), 3.80 – 3.67 (m, 1H), 2.52 – 2.18 (m, 2H), 2.13 – 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.29 – 1.14 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.6, 171.4, 125.4 (q, *J* = 278.2 Hz), 61.9, 61.7, 53.6 (q, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 52.1, 40.5, 39.5 (q, *J* = 28.3 Hz),

20.3, 13.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.08 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₂H₁₈F₃N₃NaO₄ [M+Na]⁺: 348.1142, found 348.1139.

Ethyl 1-2-azido-4,4,4-trifluorobutyl)-2-oxocyclohexanecarboxylate 2d: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with ethyl 1-allyl-2-oxocyclohexanecarboxylate **1d** (46.9 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2d** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.2) as an eluent in 49% yield (38.3 mg, *dr* = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.36 – 4.01 (m, 2H), 4.00 – 3.77 (m, 0.5H)/3.72 – 3.57 (m, 0.5H), 2.63 – 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.53 – 2.13 (m, 4.5H), 2.06 – 1.85 (m, 1.5H), 1.82 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.64 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.23 – 1.19 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.4/206.9, 171.6/170.9, 125.5 (q, *J* = 275.7 Hz)/125.4 (q, *J* = 278.5 Hz), 62.0/61.9, 59.2/59.1, 54.1 (q, *J* = 2.5 Hz)/53.1 (q, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 41.0/40.7, 40.6/40.1, 39.6/39.6, 38.5/35.4, 27.8/27.4, 22.5/22.1, 14.0/13.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 63.82 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz), – 64.03 (t, *J* = 10.2 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₃H₁₈F₃N₃NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺: 344.1192, found 344.1190.

Benzyl 4-azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexanoate 2e: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with benzyl pent-4-enoate **1e** (76.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **IN-3** (16.9 mg, 0.04 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (1 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 1.0 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 2 mL of EA. The desired product **2e** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (30:1, v:v, R_f = 0.2) as an eluent in 59% yield (70.7 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 – 7.20 (m, 5H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 3.79 – 3.57 (m, 1H), 2.46 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.35 – 2.14 (m, 2H), 1.99 – 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.80 – 1.65 (m, 1H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with those reported in the literature.³



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 3-methylbutanoate 2f: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl 3-methylbutanoate **1f** (35.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2f** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.5) as an eluent in 69% yield (38.5 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.05 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.66 – 3.56 (m, 1H), 2.36 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 2.13 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.06 – 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.83 – 1.55 (m, 4H), 0.89 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.1, 125.6 (q, *J* = 277.1 Hz), 63.3, 56.5 (q, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 43.4, 38.7 (q, *J* = 28.3 Hz), 31.4, 25.7, 25.0, 22.4; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.07 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₁H₁₉F₃NO₂ [M-N₂+H]⁺: 254.1362, found 254.1363.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl benzoate 2g: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with **1g** pent-4-en-1-yl benzoate (38.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.8 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2g** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (10:1, v:v, R_f = 0.3) as an eluent in 77% yield (49.7 mg, coloerless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.39 – 4.32 (m, 2H), 3.79 – 3.65 (m, 1H), 2.53 – 2.21 (m, 2H), 2.00 – 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.96 – 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.84 – 1.70 (m, 2H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate 2h: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl 4-SI-20

methylbenzenesulfonate **1h** (48.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2h** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.4$) as an eluent in 76% yield (53.0 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.12 – 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.58 – 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.31 – 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.82 – 1.36 (m, 4H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with those reported in the literature.⁴

4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl diethyl phosphate 2i: According to the general procedure, the reaction was with diethyl pent-4-en-1-yl phosphate **1i** (44.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2i** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.2) as an eluent in 66% yield (43.9 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.28 – 3.84 (m, 6H), 3.76 – 3.47 (m, 1H), 2.44 – 2.10 (m, 2H), 1.85 – 1.52 (m, 4H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 125.6 (q, *J* = 277.2 Hz), 66.6 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz), 63.8 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz), 56.4 (q, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 38.6 (q, *J* = 28.3 Hz), 30.9, 26.5 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 16.1 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.09 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₀H₁₉F₃N₃NaO4P [M+Na]⁺: 356.0957, found 356.0949.



2-(4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione 2j: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with 2-(pent-4-en-1-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione **1j** (48.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2j** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 81% yield (53.1 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 – SI-21

7.74 (m, 2H), 7.71 - 7.61 (m, 2H), 3.75 - 3.54 (m, 3H), 2.33 - 2.10 (m, 2H), 1.91 - 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.78 - 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.66 - 1.50 (m, 2H). The spectroscopic characterization data were found consistent with the reported in the literature.³



2-(3-Azido-5,5,5-trifluoropentyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione 2k: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with 2-(but-3-en-1-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione **1k** (38.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2k** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 70% yield (43.4 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.71 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 3.86 – 3.69 (m, 2H), 3.71 – 3.53 (m, 1H), 2.44 – 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.98 – 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.85 – 1.70 (m, 1H). The spectroscopic characterization data were found consistent with those reported in the literature.³

4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl furan-2-carboxylate 21: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl furan-2-carboxylate **11** (33.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **21** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (10:1, v:v, R_f = 0.5) as an eluent in 38% yield (22.3 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (dd, *J* = 1.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 3.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, *J* = 3.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.52 – 4.15 (m, 2H), 3.95 – 3.31 (m, 1H), 2.48 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 2.03 – 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.82 – 1.64 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.6, 146.5, 144.5, 125.6 (q, *J* = 276.9 Hz), 118.1, 111.9, 64.0, 56.5 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 38.7 (q, *J* = 28.3 Hz), 31.4, 25.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.04 (t, *J* = 10.5 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₁H₁₂F₃N₃NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺: 314.0723, found 314.0726.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl thiophene-2-carboxylate 2m: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl thiophene-2-carboxylate **1 M** (39.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2m** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (10:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.4$) as an eluent in 41% yield (25.1 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (dd, J = 3.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 5.0, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.45 – 4.27 (m, 2H), 3.78 – 3.65 (m, 1H), 2.47 – 2.21 (m, 2H), 2.06 – 1.61 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.1, 133.6, 133.5, 132.6, 127.9, 125.6 (q, J = 276.9 Hz), 64.2, 56.4 (q, J = 2.6 Hz), 38.7 (q, J = 28.3 Hz), 31.4, 25.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.02 (t, J = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₁H₁₃F₃NO₂S [M-N₂+H]⁺: 280.0614, found 280.0615.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl picolinate 2n: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl picolinate **1n** (38.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2n** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (3:1, v:v, R_f = 0.2) as an eluent in 55% yield (33.2 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.69 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.87 – 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.48 – 7.38 (m, 1H), 4.55 – 4.23 (m, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.88 – 3.57 (m, 1H), 2.46 – 2.26 (m, 2H), 2.11 – 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.86 – 1.63 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.1, 149.9, 147.8, 139.2, 127.0, 125.6 (q, *J* = 278.1 Hz), 125.2, 65.0, 56.5 (q, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 38.7 (q, *J* = 28.3 Hz), 31.4, 25.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.05 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₂H₁₃F₃N₄NaO₂ [M+Na]⁺: 325.0883, found 325.0882.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 3-chloro-2,2-dimethylpropanoate 20: According to general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl 3-chloro-2,2-dimethylpropanoate **10** (41.1 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **20** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.3) as an eluent in 66% yield (41.9 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.24 – 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.70 – 3.56 (m, 1H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 2.39 – 2.11 (m, 2H), 1.91 – 1.47 (m, 4H), 1.22 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.9, 125.6 (q, *J* = 277.2 Hz), 64.0, 56.3 (q, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 52.0, 44.7, 38.6 (q, *J* = 28.3 Hz), 31.2, 24.9, 23.5, 23.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.05 (t, *J* = 10.7 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₁H₁₈ClF₃NO₂ [M-N₂+H] ⁺: 288.0973, found 288.0975.

$$Br \xrightarrow{N_2} O \xrightarrow{N_3} CF_3$$

4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 3-bromopropanoate 2p: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl 3-bromopropanoate **1p** (46.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2p** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 80% yield (53.0 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.16 – 3.99 (m, 2H), 3.72 – 3.56 (m, 1H), 3.40 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.45 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.34 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 2.16 – 2.04 (m, 2H), 1.85 – 1.51 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.5, 125.6 (q, *J* = 277.4 Hz), 63.7, 56.4 (q, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 38.6 (q, *J* = 28.2 Hz), 32.7, 32.3, 31.3, 27.6, 24.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.06 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₀H₁₅BrF₃N₃NaO₂ [M+Na]⁺: 368.0192, found 368.0187.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl diethyl phosphate 2q: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with 1-bromo-2-(but-3-en-1-yl)benzene **1q** (42.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2q** was obtianed by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 49% yield (31.6 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 – 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.41 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.12 (m, 1H), 3.78 – 3.72 (m, 1H), 3.10 – 2.97 (m, 1H), 2.98 – 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.59 – 2.28 (m, 2H), 2.18 – 1.81 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.6, 132.1, 129.4, 127.2, 126.7, 124.6 (q, *J* = 278.4 Hz), 123.3, 55.2 (q, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 37.6 (q, *J* = 28.3 Hz), 33.7, 31.4; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 63.97 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₁H₁₁BrF₃NaN [M-N₂+Na]⁺: 294.0100, found 294.0096.

$$\underset{2r}{\overset{N_{3}}{\underset{2r}{\overset{}}}} \mathbb{CF}_{3}$$

3-Azido-1,1,1-trifluoroundecane 2r: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with dec-1-ene **1r** (28.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2r** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE (R_f = 0.8) as an eluent in 58% yield (29.3 mg, colorless). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.65 – 3.58 (m, 1H), 2.38 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.25 (m, 12H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with the reported in the literature.⁴

$$Me \underbrace{\stackrel{N_3}{\underset{2s}{\longrightarrow}} CF_3}_{2s}$$

3-Azido-1,1,1-trifluorotridecane 2s: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with undec-1-ene **1s** (30.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. SI-25

The desired product **2s** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE (R_f = 0.8) as an eluent in 62% yield (33.0 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.65 – 3.58 (m, 1H), 2.39 – 2.19 (m, 2H), 1.62 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.51 – 1.23 (m, 14H), 0.881 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with the reported in the literature.⁴

$$Me \underbrace{\downarrow}_{13}^{N_3} CF_3$$

3-Azido-1,1,1-trifluoroheptadecane 2t: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with hexadec-1-ene **1t** (45.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2t** was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE (R_f = 0.8) as an eluent and obtained in 59% yield (39.8 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.65 – 3.58 (m, 1H), 2.36 – 2.21 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.26 (m, 24H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with the reported in the literature.⁴

$$Ph \underbrace{\bigvee_{0}^{N_{3}} CF_{3}}_{2u}$$

3-Azido-5,5,5-trifluoro-3-methylpentyl benzoate 2u: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with 3-methylbut-3-en-1-yl benzoate **1u** (38.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2u** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 81% yield (49.1 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 – 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.37 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 4.49 – 4.31 (m, 2H), 2.43 – 2.32 (m, 2H), 2.10 – 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.47 (s, 3H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with the reported in those literature.³



(2-Azido-4,4,4-trifluoro-2-methylbutyl)benzene 2v: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (2-methylallyl)benzene 1v (36.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), IN-3 (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product 2v was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE (R_f = 0.8) as an eluent in 77% yield (37.4 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 2.89 (ABBA, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (ABBA, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 2H), 1.44 (s, 3H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with the reported in the literature.⁵



(2-Azido-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pentyl)benzene 2w: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (2-methylenepentyl)benzene 1w (35.1 mg, 0.2 mmol), IN-3 (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product 2w was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE (R_f = 0.5) as an eluent in 71% yield (38.0 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 2.74 – 2.62 (m, 2H), 2.41 (ABBA, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 2.02 – 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.79 – 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.37 (m, 2H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.9, 128.7, 128.3, 126.3, 125.6 (q, *J* = 278.9 Hz), 63.2, 39.4 (q, *J* = 27.5 Hz), 39.0, 38.8, 30.0, 16.9, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 60.56 (t, *J* = 11.1 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₄H₁₈F₃N₃Na [M+Na]⁺: 308.1345, found 308.1346.



2-Azido-4,4,4-trifluoro-3,3-dimethylbutyl 3-methylbutanoate 2x: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with 3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl 3-methylbutanoate **1x** (34.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired SI-27

product **2x** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (50:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.3$) as an eluent in 49% yield (26.1 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.35 (dd, J = 12.3, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (dd, J = 12.3, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 2.51 – 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.19 – 2.11 (m, 2H), 2.15 – 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 1.36 (s, 3H), 0.89 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 172.6, 126.1 (q, J = 282.5 Hz), 60.6, 59.5 (q, J = 2.9 Hz), 51.0 (q, J = 24.4 Hz), 43.2, 26.1, 25.6, 24.0, 22.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 63.52 (d, J = 9.5 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₁H₁₉F₃NO₂ [M-N₂+H]⁺: 254.1362, found 254.1365.



Diethyl 2-(4-azido-6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-undecafluorodecyl)-2-methylmalonate 2a': According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with diethyl 2methyl-2-(pent-4-en-1-yl)malonate **1a** (49.1 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂C₄F₉ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **2a'** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (15:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 65% yield (65.5 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.12 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.75 – 3.63 (m, 1H), 2.36 – 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.93 – 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.62 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.27 (s, 5H), 1.18 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.1, 172.2, 127.4 – 99.7 (m), 61.3, 55.6, 53.5, 35.6, 35.5 (t, *J* = 21.3 Hz), 35.0, 20.6, 19.9, 14.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 81.07 (t, *J* = 9.8 Hz), – (113.34 – 133.62) (m), – (124.42 – 124.50) (m), – 125.93 (t, *J* = 13.0 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₇H₂₃F₉N₃O₄ [M+H]⁺: 504.1539, found 504.1524.



N-(2-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)-1,3-dioxohexahydro-1*H*-4,7-methanoisoindol-5(6*H*)ylidene)-1,1,1-trifluoromethanesulfonamide 2y: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with diethyl 2-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3a,4,7,7atetrahydro-1*H*-4,7-methanoisoindole-1,3(2*H*)-dione 1y (60.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), IN-3 (8.8 SI-28

mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. An aldehyde **2y** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (2:1, v:v, R_f = 0.3) as an eluent in 92% yield (82.6 mg, white solid). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.51 (t, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 6H), 3.43 (s, 2H), 3.41 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 3.29 (s, 2H), 1.88 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 1.35 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.5, 161.3, 132.7, 118.7 (q, *J* = 321.2 Hz), 104.9, 101.6, 55.6, 46.9, 39.7, 38.9, 31.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 76.44; HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₈H₁₈F₃N₂O₆S [M+H]⁺: 447.0832, found 447.0815,; M.P. = 215 – 217 °C.



2-([1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-yl)acetaldehyde 2z: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with diethyl 4-vinyl-1,1'-biphenyl (72.1 mg, 0.4 mmol), **IN-3** (16.8 mg, 0.04 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (1.0 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 2 mL of EA. An aldehyde **2z** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.6$) as an eluent in 45% yield (35.6 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.80 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.67 – 7.55 (m, 4H), 7.52 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.40 – 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 2H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with those reported in the literature.⁶



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 2-(4-isobutylphenyl)propanoate 4a: According to the general procedure with pent-4-en-1-yl 2-(4-isobutylphenyl)propanoate **3a** (59.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA, **4a** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 76% yield (58.3 mg, *dr* = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.10 – 3.91 (m, 2H), 3.62 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.55 – 3.41 (m, 1H), 2.37 SI-29

(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.28 – 1.98 (m, 2H), 1.88 – 1.56 (m, 3H), 1.43 – 1.39 (m, 5H), 0.82 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.7, 140.7, 137.702/137.695, 129.4, 127.1, 125.5 (q, J = 277.1 Hz), 63.6/63.5 , 56.3 – 56.2 (m), 45.1, 45.13/44.98, 38.5 (q, J = 28.3 Hz), 31.2/31.1, 30.2, 24.9/24.8, 22.4, 18.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.08 (t, J = 10.7 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₉H₂₆F₃N₃NaO₂ [M+Na]⁺: 408.1869, found 408.1870.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 2-(4-benzoylphenyl)propanoate 4b: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl 2-(4-benzoylphenyl)propanoate **3b** (63.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **4b** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.2$) as an eluent in 64% yield (53.2 mg, dr = 1:1 coloerless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 – 7.71 (m, 3H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.42 (m, 4H), 4.16 – 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.81 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.61 – 3.56(m, 1H), 2.36 – 2.10 (m, 2H), 1.87 – 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.74 – 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.61 – 1.44 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.5, 174.0, 140.9/140.8, 138.0, 137.4, 132.6, 131.47/131.46, 130.1, 129.14/129.11, 128.6, 128.4, 125.6 (q, *J* = 277.5 Hz), 64.00/63.95, 56.3 (q, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 45.4, 38.6 (q, *J* = 28.3 Hz), 31.21/31.17, 24.89/24.86, 18.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.02 (t, *J* = 10.5 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₂H₂₃F₃N₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 434.1686, found 434.1689.

4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl nicotinate 4c: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl nicotinate **3c** (38.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **4c** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.4$) as an eluent in 60% SI-30

yield (36.0 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.22 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 4.8 Hz, 1H), δ 4.41 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.79 – 3.64 (m, 1H), 2.48 – 2.26 (m, 2H), 2.10 – 1.68 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.1, 153.4, 150.7, 137.3, 126.1, 125.5 (q, *J* = 278.0 Hz) 123.5, 64.5, 56.4 (q, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 38.7 (q, *J* = 28.5 Hz), 31.3, 25.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.00 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₂H₁₄F₃N₄O₂ [M+H]⁺: 303.1063, found 303.1063.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 4-(*N*,*N*-**dipropylsulfamoyl)benzoate 4d:** According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl 4-(*N*,*N*-dipropylsulfamoyl)benzoate **3d** (64 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **4d** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, R_f = 0.5) as an eluent in 66% yield (55.3 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.33 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.69 – 3.63 (m, 1H), 3.08 – 2.95 (m, 4H), 2.41 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 2.02 – 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.88 – 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.77 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.55 – 1.40 (m, 4H), 0.80 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.2, 144.4, 133.3, 130.2, 127.1, 125.5 (q, *J* = 277.0 Hz), 64.7, 56.4 (q, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 49.9, 38.6 (q, *J* = 28.4 Hz), 31.3, 25.0, 21.9, 11.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.00 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₉H₂₇F₃N₄NaO₄S [M+Na]⁺: 487.1597, found 487.1604.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 2-methoxybenzoate 4e: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl 2-methoxybenzoate **3e** (46.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **4e** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (10:1, v:v, R_f = 0.5) as

an eluent in 62% yield (44.8 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.68 – 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.14 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 4.53 – 4.16 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.79 – 3.63 (m, 1H), 2.64 – 2.23 (m, 2H), 2.08 – 1.71 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 159.2, 133.7, 131.6, 125.6 (q, J = 276.9 Hz), 120.2, 119.9, 112.0, 63.9, 56.5 (q, J = 2.8 Hz), 55.9, 38.7 (q, J = 28.3 Hz), 31.5, 25.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.03 (t, J = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₄H₁₆F₃N₃NaO₃ [M+Na]⁺: 354.1036, found 354.1039.



2-(4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl)benzo[*d*]isothiazol-3(2*H*)-one **1,1-dioxide 4f**: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with 2-(pent-4-en-1-yl)benzo[*d*]isothiazol-3(2*H*)-one 1,1-dioxide **3f** (50.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **4f** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (10:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.4$) as an eluent in 65% yield (47.1 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 – 7.95 (m, 1H), 7.90 – 7.70 (m, 3H), 3.76 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.71 – 3.57 (m, 1H), 2.36 – 2.14 (m, 2H), 2.06 – 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.95 – 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.76 – 1.54 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.1, 137.6, 134.9, 134.5, 127.2, 125.6 (q, *J* = 278.0 Hz), 125.3, 121.0, 56.3 (q, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 38.6 (q, *J* = 28.4 Hz), 38.6, 31.9, 24.7; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.08 (t, *J* = 10.5 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₃H₁₄F₃N₂O₃S [M-N₂+H]⁺: 335.0672, found 335.0673.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 7-chloro-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4-dihydro--**quinoline-3-carboxylate 4g:** According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with hex-5-en-1-yl 7-chloro-1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-4-oxo-1,4dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate **3g** (70.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **4g** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (1:1, v:v, R_f = 0.2) as an eluent in 50% yield (49.8 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.45 – 4.23 (m, 2H), 3.82 – 3.71 (m, 1H), 3.49 – 4.43 (m, 1H), 2.39 – 2.30 (m, 2H), 2.07 – 1.81 (m, 3H), 1.81 – 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.43 – 1.33 (m, 2H), 1.16 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.7 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 165.4, 155.8 (d, *J* = 250.7 Hz), 149.0, 137.2, 129.9 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 128.7 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz), 127.1 (d, *J* = 20.3 Hz), 125.7 (q, *J* = 278.2 Hz), 119.0, 114.0 (d, *J* = 23.1 Hz), 110.5, 64.2, 56.5 (q, *J* = 2.5 Hz), 38.6 (q, *J* = 28.1 Hz), 34.8, 31.5, 25.0, 8.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 63.98 (t, *J* = 10.5 Hz), – (114.54 – 125.63) (m); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₉H₁₈ClF4N₄O₃ [M+H]⁺: 461.0998, found 461.0998.



(*3r*,5*r*,7*r*)-4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl adamantane-1-carboxylate 4h: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (*3r*,5*r*,7*r*)-pent-4-en-1-yl adamantane-1-carboxylate 3h (47.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), IN-3 (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product 4h was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.5) as an eluent in 82% yield (56.7 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.08 (t, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.70 – 3.65 (m, 1H), 2.45 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.91 – 1.81 (m, 7H), 1.78 – 1.59 (m, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.7, 125.6 (q, *J* = 277.2 Hz), 63.1, 56.4 (q, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 40.7, 38.9, 38.6 (q, *J* = 28.5 Hz), 36.5, 31.3, 27.9, 24.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.03 (t, *J* = 10.5 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₇H₂₅F₃N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 360.1893, found 360.1889.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl ((1S,4R)-7,7-dimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-1yl)methanesulfonate 4i: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl ((1S,4R)-7,7-dimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-1yl)methanesulfonate **3i** (60.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product 4i was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.5$) as an eluent in 78% yield (64.3 mg, dr = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.45 – 4.09 (m, 2H), 3.81 – 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.52 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 2.54 – 2.14 (m, 4H), 2.12 – 1.94 (m, 2H), 1.95 – 1.52 (m, 6H), 1.51 – 1.31 (m, 1H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.81 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.6, 126.1 (q, J = 271.0 Hz), 69.6, 57.9, 56.3 (q, J = 2.8 Hz), 48.1, 46.8, 42.7, 42.5, 38.6 (q, J = 28.3 Hz), 30.9, 26.9, 25.6, 24.9, 19.7; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.01 (t, J = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₆H₂₄F₃N₃NaO₄S [M+Na]⁺: 434.1332, found 434.1330.



(*1S*,2*R*,4*S*)-1,7,7-Trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl 4-azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexan--oate 4j: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (*1S*,2*R*,4*S*)-1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl pent-4-enoate 3j (47.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product 4j was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.6) as an eluent in 71% yield (49.1 mg, *dr* = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.12 – 4.70 (m, 1H), 3.92 – 3.65 (m, 1H), 2.50 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.43 – 2.23 (m, 3H), 2.08 – 1.70 (m, 4H), 1.68 (t, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 1.38 – 1.17 (m, 2H), 0.96 (dt, *J* = 13.8, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 0.90 SI-34 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.6, 125.5 (q, J = 277.2 Hz), 80.5, 56.1 (q, J = 2.9 Hz), 48.8, 47.8, 44.9, 38.8 (q, J = 28.4 Hz), 36.8, 30.6, 30.0, 28.0, 27.1, 19.7, 18.8, 13.5; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.07 (t, J = 10.8 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₆H₂₄F₃N₃NaO₂ [M+Na]⁺: 370.1713, found 370.1709.



(*IR*,*2S*,*5R*)-2-Isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 4-azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexanoate 4k: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (*IR*,*2S*,*5R*)-2isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl pentanoate **3k** (48.1 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **4k** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (50:1, v:v, R_f = 0.5) as an eluent in 72% yield (48.3 mg, *dr* = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.74 – 4.68 (m, 1H), 3.84 – 3.62 (m, 1H), 2.46 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.38 – 2.24 (m, 2H), 2.06 – 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.89 – 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.72 – 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.54 – 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.43 – 1.32 (m, 1H), 1.18 – 0.94 (m, 2H), 0.95 – 0.82 (m, 7H), 0.75 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.9, 125.5 (q, *J* = 277.0 Hz), 74.7, 56.2 – 56.1 (m), 47.0, 40.89/40.86, 38.8 (q, *J* = 28.4 Hz), 34.2, 31.4, 30.6, 30.0, 26.4/26.3, 23.4, 22.0, 20.7, 16.24/16.23; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.112 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz), δ – 64.122 (t, *J* = 14.3 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₆H₂₇F₃NO₂ [M-N₂+H]⁺: 322.1988, found 322.1991.



4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 2-((*tert***-butoxycarbonyl)amino)acetate 41:** According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with pent-4-en-1-yl 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)acetate **31** (49.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA.

The desired product **4I** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 67% yield (47.6 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.98 (brs, 1H), 4.18 – 4.03 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.73 – 3.43 (m, 1H), 2.40 – 2.13 (m, 2H), 1.99 – 1.52 (m, 4H), 1.38 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.4, 155.7, 125.5 (q, *J* = 277.3 Hz), 80.1, 64.4, 56.4 (q, *J* = 3.3 Hz), 42.4, 38.7 (q, *J* = 28.4 Hz), 31.2, 28.3, 24.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.05 (t, *J* = 10.7 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₃H₂₁F₃N₄NaO₄ [M+Na]⁺: 377.1407, found 377.1405.



4-((S)-2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methoxy-3-oxopropyl)phenyl 4-azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexanoate 4m: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (S)-4-(2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methoxy-3oxopropyl)phenyl pent-4-enoate 3m (75.7 mg, 0.2 mmol), IN-3 (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product 4m was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.4$) as an eluent in 58% yield (52.2 mg, dr = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H) 5.00 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.60 – 4.55 (m, 1H), 3.85 – 3.79 (m, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.14 - 3.01 (m, 2H), 2.74 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.50 - 2.26 (m, 2H), 2.16 - 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.97 – 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.41 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.2, 170.9, 155.1, 149.5, 133.9, 130.4, 125.5 (q, J = 277.3 Hz), 121.5, 80.1, 56.2 (q, J = 2.7 Hz), 54.4, 52.3, 38.8 (q, J = 28.4 Hz), 37.7, 30.4, 29.8, 28.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 63.99 (t, J = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₁H₂₇F₃N₄NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺: 511.1775, found 511.1778.


(25)-4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methylbutanoate 4n: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (*S*)pent-4-en-1-yl 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methylbutanoate 3n (60.9 mg, 0.2 mmol), IN-3 (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product 4n was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 64% yield (50.9 mg, *dr* = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹HNMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.99 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.29 – 3.99 (m, 3H), 3.69 – 3.57 (m, 1H), 2.45 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 2.20 – 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.95 – 1.54 (m, 4H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 0.95 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.5, 155.7, 125.5 (q, *J* = 277.0 Hz), 79.8, 64.13/64.10, 58.6, 56.4 (q, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 38.6 (q, *J* = 29.8 Hz), 38.6 (q, *J* = 28.2 Hz), 31.3/31.2, 28.3, 24.94/24.89, 19.0, 17.6; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – (64.03 – 64.10) (m); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₆H₂₇F₃N₄NaO₄ [M+Na]⁺: 419.1877, found 419.1868.

(2*S*)-4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-phenylpro--panoate 40: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (*S*)pent-4-en-1-yl 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-phenylpropanoate **30** (60.9 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **40** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 49% yield (43.8 mg, *dr* = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.10 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 4.92 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.51 – 4.45 (m, 1H), 4.15 – 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.66 – 3.44 (m, 1H), 2.99 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.32 – 2.07 (m, 2H), 1.82 – 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.50 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.35 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.1, 155.1, SI-37 136.04/136.01, 129.3, 128.6, 127.1, 125.6 (q, J = 277.0 Hz), 80.0, 64.32/64.28, 56.4 (q, J = 3.4 Hz), 54.6, 38.6 (q, J = 28.5 Hz), 38.53/38.46, 31.2/31.1, 28.3, 24.80/24.79; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.05 (t, J = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₀H₂₇F₃N₄NaO₄ [M+Na]⁺: 467.1877, found 467.1874.



(2*S*)-1-(4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl) 4-cyclohexyl 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino) succinate 4p: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (*S*)-4-cyclohexyl 1-pent-4-en-1-yl 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)succinate 3p (76.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), IN-3 (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product 4p was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, R_f = 0.5) as an eluent in 63% yield (62.7 mg, *dr* = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.40 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.78 – 4.61 (m, 1H), 4.52 – 4.41 (m, 1H), 4.20 – 4.02 (m, 2H), 3.66 – 3.53 (m, 1H), 2.93 – 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.75 – 2.70 (m, 1H), 2.27 – 2.18 (m, 2H), 1.96 – 1.55 (m, 8H), 1.52 – 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.37 – 0.92 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.2, 170.4, 155.4, 125.6 (q, *J* = 277.5 Hz), 80.1, 73.7, 64.7/64.6, 56.4 (q, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 50.1, 38.58 (q, *J* = 28.4 Hz)/38.57 (q, *J* = 28.5 Hz), 37.1, 31.5, 31.1, 28.3, 25.2, 24.9/24.8, 23.6; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.09 (t, *J* = 10.5 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₁H₃₃F₃N₄NaO₆ [M+Na]⁺: 517.2244, found 517.2241.



(4R)-4-Azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl 4-((5S,8R,9S,10S,13R,14S,17S)-10,13-dimethyl-3,7,12-trioxohexadecahydro-1H-cyclopenta[a]phenanthren-17-yl)pentanoate 4q:
According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (R)-pent-4-en-1-yl 4-((5S,8R,9S,10S,13R,14S,17S)-10,13-dimethyl-3,7,12-trioxohexadecahydro-1H-

cyclopenta[*a*]phenanthren-17-yl)pentanoate **3q** (94.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **4q** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (1:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 73% yield (86.7 mg, *dr* = 1:1, yellow oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.09 – 3.99 (m, 2H), 3.65 – 3.58 (m, 1H), 2.88 – 2.75 (m, 3H), 2.33 – 1.88 (m, 16H), 1.84 – 1.49 (m, 7H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.30 – 1.12 (m, 4H), 1.00 (s, 3H), 0.78 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.0, 209.1, 208.8, 174.0, 125.6 (q, *J* = 277.1 Hz), 63.4, 56.9, 56.4 (q, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 51.8, 49.0, 46.8, 45.6, 45.5, 45.0, 42.8, 38.64 (q, *J* = 28.4 Hz), 38.63, 36.5, 36.0, 35.5, 35.3, 31.4, 30.4, 27.6, 25.1, 25.0, 21.9, 18.6, 11.8; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.01 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₃₀H₄₂F₃N₃NaO₅ [M+Na]⁺: 604.2969, found 604.2971.



(3aR,5R,6S,6aR)-5-((S)-2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2,2-

dimethyltetrahydrofuro[2,3-*d*][1,3]dioxol-6-yl 4-azido-6,6,6-trifluorohexanoate 4r: According to the general procedure, the reaction was carried out with (*3aR*,5*R*,6*S*,6*aR*)-5-((*S*)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydrofuro[2,3-*d*][1,3]dioxol-6-yl pent-4-enoate **3r** (68.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), **IN-3** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) in 1 mL of EA. The desired product **4r** was obtained by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (5:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent in 44% yield (39.5 mg, *dr* = 1:1, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.81 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (s, 1H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 4.07 – 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.77 – 3.62 (m, 1H), 2.55 – 2.39 (m, 2H), 2.38 – 2.18 (m, 2H), 2.02 – 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.82 – 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.0, 125.5 (q, *J* = 277.2 Hz), 112.4, 109.50/109.48, 105.09/105.08, 83.4, 79.81/79.78, 76.43/76.36, 72.5/72.4, 67.4, 55.9 – 55.8 (m), 38.7 (q, J = 28.5 Hz), 30.2/30.1, 29.8/29.7, 26.94/26.90, 26.7, 26.2, 25.19/25.17; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 63.98 (t, J = 10.4 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₈H₂₆F₃N₃NaO₇ [M+Na]⁺: 476.1615, found 476.1611.

6. Synthetic Application

Synthesis of 2-(4-Amino-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione 5:

A 10 mL tube equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar was charged with **2g** (27.1 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and MeOH (1 mL), then indium powder (24.3 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and NH₄Cl (11.4 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were added. The mixture was refluxed for 2 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, and added the Boc₂O, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. Then the mixture diluted with EA (5 mL), and filtered through a short pad of celite. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (8:1, v:v, R_f = 0.2) as an eluent to give **5** in 69% yield (23.7 mg, white solid). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 – 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.76 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 4.55 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 4.01 – 3.84 (m, 1H), 3.71 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.38 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 1.86 – 1.69 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.51 (m, 2H), 1.42 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.4, 155.1, 134.0, 132.1, 126.1 (q, *J* = 277.6 Hz), 123.3, 79.8, 45.6, 38.5 (q, *J* = 27.0 Hz), 37.4, 31.8, 28.3, 25.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 62.85 (t, *J* = 11.1 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₉H₂₄F₃N₂O₄ [M+H]⁺: 401.1660, found 401.1683; m.p. = 142 – 143 °C.

Synthesis of 2-(2,2,2-Trifluoroethyl)-4,5-dihydro-2*H*-[1,3]diazepino[2,1*a*]isoindol-7(3*H*)-one 6:



A 10 mL tube equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar was charged with **2g** (36.5 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), PPh₃ (30.1 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv) and toluene (1 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h, then refluxed for another 18 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (10:1, v:v, R_f = 0.3) as an eluent to give **6** in 44% yield (12.3 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.60 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 4.34 – 4.21 (m, 1H), 3.99 – 3.89 (m, 1H), 3.87 – 3.80 (m, 1H), 2.77 – 2.57 (m, 1H), 2.48 – 2.24 (m, 1H), 2.20 – 2.09 (m, 1H), 2.02 – 1.81 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.0, 149.7, 136.3, 133.1, 131.5, 130.5, 126.4 (q, *J* = 277.3 Hz), 122.8, 121.8, 52.9 (q, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 42.2 (q, *J* = 26.6 Hz), 40.9, 33.5, 24.8; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 63.26 (t, *J* = 11.1 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₄H₁₄F₃N₂O [M+H]⁺: 283.1053, found 283.1057.

Synthesisof2-(6,6,6-Trifluoro-4-(4-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)hexyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione 7:



A 10 mL tube equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar was charged with **2g** (32.6 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), ethynylbenzene (20.4 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv), CuI (4.8 mg, 0.02 mmol, 20 mol %) and THF (1 mL). The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 12 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (3:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.3$) as an eluent to give **7** in 50% yield (21.4 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 – 7.79 (m,

5H), 7.74 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.89 – 4.83 (m, 1H), 3.68 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.13 – 2.95 (m, 1H), 2.81 – 2.59 (m, 1H), 2.29 – 2.19 (m, 1H), 2.05 – 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.76 – 1.44 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.3, 147.6, 134.2, 131.9, 130.3, 128.9, 128.3, 125.8, 125.2 (q, J = 278.4 Hz), 123.4, 119.9, 55. 5 (q, J = 2.7 Hz), 39.4 (q, J = 28.9 Hz), 36.6, 32.6, 24.8; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.71 (t, J = 10.2 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₂H₂₀F₃N₄O₂ [M+H] ⁺: 429.1533, found 429.1529.

Synthesis of 2-(4-(5-Benzoyl-1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl)-6,6,6-trifluorohexyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione 8:



A 10 mL tube was equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar was charged with **2g** (33.6 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and benzoyl cyanide (65.9 mg, 0.5 mmol, 5.0 equiv). The mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 36 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (1:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.3$) as an eluent to give **8** in 81% yield (34.8 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.28 – 8.20 (m, 2H), 7.77 (dd, J = 5.4, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 7.69 – 7.62 (m, 3H), 7.53 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 5.74 – 5.55 (m, 1H), 3.88 – 3.55 (m, 2H), 3.20 – 2.92 (m, 1H), 2.79 – 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.34 – 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.08 – 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.76 – 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.50 – 1.37 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 182.0, 168.3, 150.2, 135.4, 134.9, 134.1, 131.9, 131.2, 128.9, 125.0 (q, J = 277.1 Hz), 123.4, 54.3 (q, J = 3.0 Hz), 39.3 (q, J = 29.1 Hz), 36.7, 32.6, 24.5; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.91 (t, J = 10.2 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₂₂H₁₉F₃N₅O₃ [M+H]⁺: 458.1435, found 458.1428.

Synthesis of 5-(2,2,2-Trifluoroethyl)pyrrolidin-2-one 9:



A 10 mL tube equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar was charged with **2g** (38.5 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and MeOH (2 mL), then indium powder (57.4 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and NH₄Cl (10.7 mg, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were added. The mixture refluxed for 2 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with EA (5 mL), and filtered through a short pad of celite. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (3:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.3$) as an eluent to give **9** in 92% yield (19.8 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.97 – 3.85 (m, 1H), 2.39 – 2.18 (m, 5H), 1.84 – 1.69 (m, 1H). The spectroscopic characterization data were consistent with those reported in the literature.³

Synthesis of 2-(2,2,2-Trifluoroethyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline 10:



A 10 mL sealed tube was equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar and charged with **2s** (32.5 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and MeOH (1 mL), then indium powder (23.3 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and NH4Cl (10.7 mg, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were added. The mixture was refluxed for 2 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with EA (5 mL), and filtered through a short pad of celite. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give a crude amine product directly used for the next step without further purification. The crude amine product was transferred into another 10 mL tube, then Pd(OAc)₂ (4.5 mg, 2 mol %), PPh₃ (15.7 mg, 6 mol %), Cs₂CO₃ (65.2 mg, 2.0 equiv), and toluene (1 mL) were added. The tube was sealed and refluxed for 2 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with EA (5 mL), and filtered through a short pad of celite. The solvent was refluxed for 2 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with EA (5 mL), and filtered through a short pad of celite. The solvent was refluxed for 2 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with EA (5 mL), and filtered through a short pad of celite. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (10:1, v:v, $R_f = 0.3$) as an eluent to give **10** in 65% yield (11.9 mg, colorless SI-43)

oil). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.99 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.61 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (brs, 1H), 3.67 – 3.61 (m, 1H), 2.89 – 2.72 (m, 1H), 2.75 – 2.63 (m, 1H), 2.39 – 2.13 (m, 2H), 2.05 – 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.80 – 1.56 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1, 129.4, 127.0, 126.7 (q, *J* = 278.2 Hz), 120.7, 118.1, 114.8, 46.0 (q, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 40.3 (q, *J* = 26.3 Hz), 28.2, 25.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ - 63.30 (t, *J* = 11.1 Hz).

7. Mechanistic Investigation



A 10 mL sealed tube equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar was charged with **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %). After the tube was evacuated and backfilled with argon 3 times, substrate **1a** (48.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in *n*-hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv), TEMPO (2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperinedinyloxy, 78.1 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) and EA (1 mL) were added under an argon atmosphere. The mixture was sealed and stirred at 80 °C for 12 h. After the mixture was cooled to room temperature, a portion of the mixture was took out for ¹⁹F NMR measurement with trifluoromethyl benzene as an internal standard. Meanwhile, GC-MS analysis of the reaction mixture was carried out. No desired product was observed, which indicates that the addition of TEMPO completely inhibits the azidotrifluoromethylation reaction.

$$EtO_{2}C CO_{2}Et Me 1a + N_{3}SO_{2}CF_{3} \xrightarrow{BHT (2.5 equiv)}{standard conditions} + 2a + N.D. Me CF_{3} \xrightarrow{fBu + fBu +$$

A 10 mL tube equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar was charged with **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %). After the tube was evacuated and backfilled with argon 3 times, **1a** (48.7 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv), BHT (2,6-di-*tert*-butyl-4-methylphenol, 110.2 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) and EA (1 mL) were added under an argon atmosphere. The mixture was sealed and stirred at 80 °C for 12 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature.

GC-MS analysis of the mixture revealed that no desired product was formed, and the mass of BHT-CF₃ adduct was detected (mw: 288.1).



A 10 mL tube equipped with a rubber septum and magnetic stirring bar was charged with **IN-3** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 10 mol %). After the tube was evacuated and backfilled with argon 3 times, **11** (48.3 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), N₃SO₂CF₃ (0.5 mL, 1 M in hexane, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) and EA (1 mL) were added under an argon atmosphere. The mixture was sealed and stirred at 80 °C for 12 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using PE and EA (20:1, v:v, R_f = 0.4) as an eluent to give product **12** in 18% yield (13.1 mg, *dr* = 3.5:1, colorless oil). The characterization data of the major isomer: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.13 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 3.43 – 3.08 (m, 1H), 2.49 – 2.27 (m, 2H), 2.27 – 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.11 – 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.18 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.2, 172.1, 126.8 (q, *J* = 276.9 Hz), 61.9, 61.8, 58.5, 51.4, 41.0, 38.6, 36.9, 35.2 (q, *J* = 2.6 Hz), 33.6 (q, *J* = 28.3 Hz), 14.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ – 64.56

(t, J = 10.5 Hz); HRMS (ESI⁺) calc'd for C₁₄H₂₀F₃N₃NaO₄ [M+Na]⁺: 374.1298, found 374.1299.

8. References

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9. NMR Spectra



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of **1i**

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of **1i**

			7
			-0
971'915			10
261.91 >			- 8
55.62			- ຄ
			40
			20
L63.634			- 09
658.997 616.997			- 02
_			- 8
			- 06 (mdd;
			- 01 F1
		میں اور	110
024.211—	-		120
			130
7 <i>L</i> 7' <i>L</i> 81 —			140
			150
			160
	11		170
	¥		180
			190
	Ť.		2





[7





$^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 1p

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3e

 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 3g

-180 -170 -160 -150 -140 -130 -120 -110 -100 - 6--80 f1 (ppm) -70 β -20 -40 -30 - 2 -10 0 10 - 8

696'LII-256'LII-776'LII-826'LII-

212,212 219,227 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,233 219,235 219,255 210,255 210,25

966.742 922.545 992.547 9996.747

Z96'LS-

EI6'69-

976'511-

99*L*'9EI —

-514.611

ΓT

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of **3p**





































































¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of 2i


























































































 $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 2w









SI-113















¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 2a'



¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of 2a'









 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of 2y

-180 -170 -160 - 150 -140 -130 -120 -110 -100 -6--80 f1 (ppm) -70 -9 -69 -40 -30 -20 -11 -0 -9 -8



LEÞ'9L--

SI-121

































 ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4c















¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of **4d**













$^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4e







¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4f



$^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4f











$^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4g



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of **4h**



¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of **4h**


 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4h



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4i

















¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of **4j**



¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of **4j**

SI-151







SI-152



¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4k



19 F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4k









ΓT











SI-158







$^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of $4\mathrm{m}$



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4n







$^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of $4\mathbf{n}$











¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of **40**



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4p











¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) of 4q





















$^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of $4\mathbf{r}$











$^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of $\mathbf{5}$







 $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 6








¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) of 7





















SI-189



$^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) of 10









