Supporting Information

Amino-functionalized MOF derived porous Fe₃O₄/N-doped C encapsulated within graphene network by self-assembling for enhanced Li-ion storage

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Figure S1. SEM image of the NH₂-MIL-101(Fe).



Figure S2. Photograph images of the NH₂-MIL-101(Fe)@GO hydrogel.



Figure S3. Photograph image of the NH₂-MIL-101(Fe)@GO foam.



Figure S4. SEM images of (A, B) Fe₃O₄/NC@rGO-5%, (C, D) Fe₃O₄/NC@rGO-20%.



Figure S5. TGA curves of (A) Fe₃O₄/NC@rGO-10% and (B) Fe₃O₄/NC.



Figure S6. XRD pattern of the NH₂-MIL-101(Fe).



Figure S7. Galvanostatic charge/discharge curves of (A) Fe₃O₄/NC, (B) Fe₃O₄/NC@rGO-5% and (C) Fe₃O₄/NC@rGO-20% electrodes.



Figure S8. EIS of the Fe₃O₄/NC and Fe₃O₄/NC@rGO-10% electrodes.



Figure S9. Comparison of the rate capability of the $Fe_3O_4/NC@rGO-10\%$ with those of other recently reported Fe_3O_4 -based electrodes.



Figure S10. Cycle performance of NC@rGO at the current density of 0.2 A g^{-1} .



Figure S11. (A, B) SEM images of the Fe₃O₄/NC@rGO-10% electrode after 100 cycles, (C, D) SEM images of the Fe₃O₄/NC electrode after 100 cycles.