## Bimetallic Ni-Pt nanoparticles immobilized on mesoporous N-doped carbon as highly efficient catalysts for complete hydrogen evolution from hydrazine borane

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**Figure S1.** SEM images of (a) SBA-15, (b) MNC-500, (c) MNC-600, (d) MNC-700, (e) MNC-800, and (f) MNC-900.



Figure S2. Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms of (a) MNC-500, MNC-600, MNC-700, MNC-800, MNC-900, (b)  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-800$ ; (c) the corresponding pore size distribution.



Figure S3. XRD patterns of (a) MNC-500, MNC-600, MNC-700, MNC-800, and MNC-900; and (b)  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-500$ ,  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-600$ ,  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-700$ ,  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-800$ , and  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-900$  NCs.



Figure S4. The corresponding distribution size histogram of  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -800.



Figure S5. Representative TEM images and the corresponding distribution size histograms of (a and b)  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -600, (c and d)  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -700, and (e and f)  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -900.



Figure S6. Low-angle XRD pattern of MNC-800.



Figure S7. Representative TEM image of MNC-free  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}$  NPs.



Figure S8. EDX spectrum of  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -800 NCs. The Cu signal originates from Cu grid.



**Figure S9.** Time course plots for hydrogen generation from HB (200 mM, 5 mL) catalyzed by Ni<sub>60</sub>Pt<sub>40</sub>/MNC-800 NCs ( $n_{Pt+Ni}/n$ HB = 0.1) with different metal loadings at 298 K.



**Figure S10.** Time course plots for hydrogen generation from HB (200 mM, 5 mL) catalyzed by  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -800,  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/CMK$ -3,  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/XC$ -72, and  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/C$  NCs ( $n_{Pt+Ni}/n$ HB = 0.1) at 298 K.



**Figure S11.** Time course plots for hydrogen generation from HB (200 mM, 5 mL) catalyzed by Ni<sub>60</sub>Pt<sub>40</sub>/MNC-800 NCs ( $n_{Pt+Ni}/n$ HB = 0.1) with different molar concentration of NaOH at 298 K.



**Figure S12.** Time course plots for hydrogen generation from HB (200 mM, 5 mL) catalyzed by  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-500$ ,  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-600$ ,  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-700$ ,  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-800$ , and  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-900$  NCs ( $n_{Pt+Ni}/nHB = 0.1$ ) without NaOH at 298 K.



Figure S13. Schematic representation of  $H_2$  generation from HB over  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -800 catalysts.



Figure S14. TEM images of the  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -800 NCs after the reusability test.



Figure S15. Powder XRD patterns of (a) fresh synthesized  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -800 NCs and (b) the  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -800 NCs after the durability and reusability test.

sample	S <sub>BET</sub> (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	pore volume (cm <sup>3</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	pore size (nm)
MNC-500	354	0.47	4.44
MNC-600	364	0.51	5.56
MNC-700	385	0.65	5.78
MNC-800	438	0.74	5.82
MNC-900	396	0.71	6.49
Ni <sub>60</sub> Pt <sub>40</sub> /MNC-800	289	0.51	5.78

Table S1. Texture Parameters of MNC-500, MNC-600, MNC-700, MNC-800, MNC-900 and  $Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC$ -800.

Sample	N wt%	C wt%	C/N mole ratio
MNC-500	18.46	61.70	3.85
MNC-600	18.07	65.90	4.17
MNC-700	13.62	71.82	6.25
MNC-800	9.75	73.02	9.09
MNC-900	8.67	78.26	10.52

**Table S2.** Element analysis of MNC-500, MNC-600, MNC-700, MNC-800, andMNC-900.

Catalanta	Ni	Pt	Ni/Pt initial	Ni/Pt final
Catalysis	(wt%)	(wt%)	composition	composition
Ni/MNC-800	9.2	-	-	-
Ni <sub>80</sub> Pt <sub>20</sub> /MNC-800	7.0	6.1	80:20	79:21
Ni <sub>70</sub> Pt <sub>30</sub> /MNC-800	6.2	9.0	70:30	69:31
Ni <sub>60</sub> Pt <sub>40</sub> /MNC-800	5.3	11.8	60:40	60:40
Ni <sub>50</sub> Pt <sub>50</sub> /MNC-800	4.3	14.4	50:50	50:50
Ni <sub>40</sub> Pt <sub>60</sub> /MNC-800	3.4	16.9	40:60	40:60
Ni <sub>30</sub> Pt <sub>70</sub> /MNC-800	2.5	19.4	30:70	30:70
Pt/MNC-800	-	26.2	-	-
Ni <sub>60</sub> Pt <sub>40</sub>	31.6	68.4	60:40	61:39
$Ni_{60}Pt_{40}/MNC-800$ after five cycles	5.2	11.7	60:40	60:40

**Table S3.** The catalysts composition determined by inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectroscopic (ICP-AES).

Comulo	C/N mole	Mean particle	<b>TOF</b> / <b>h</b> <sup>-1</sup>
Sample	ratio	size / nm	(298K)
Ni <sub>60</sub> Pt <sub>40</sub> /MNC-600	4.17	7.6	508
Ni <sub>60</sub> Pt <sub>40</sub> /MNC-700	6.25	7.0	882
Ni <sub>60</sub> Pt <sub>40</sub> /MNC-800	9.09	6.0	1111
Ni <sub>60</sub> Pt <sub>40</sub> /MNC-900	10.52	7.4	857

**Table S4.** The relationship between the performance of the catalyst and the C/N mole ratio and the mean particle size of the metal particles.

## Calculation method for *TOF*:

The total turnover frequency (*TOF*) reported in this work is an apparent *TOF* value based on the number of metal atoms in catalyst, which is calculated from the equation as follow:

$$TOF = \frac{n_{H_2}}{n_{metal} \times t}$$

Where  $n_{H_2}$  is the mole number of generated H<sub>2</sub>,  $n_{metal}$  is the mole number of metal (Ni and Pt) in catalyst and *t* is the completed reaction time in hour.