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# **Supplementary Information**

# Metal-Organic Framework-Derived Hierarchical Ultrathin CoP nanosheets for Overall Water Splitting

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### **Experimental details**

**Materials and Chemicals:** Nickel(II) nitrate hexahydrate (Ni(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O), cobalt(II) nitrate hexahydrate(Co(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O), sodium hypophosphite monohydrate (NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>2</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O), 2-methylimidazole (2-MeIm) and potassium hydroxide were purchased from Adamas Reagent Co., Ltd. Nickel foam (thickness: 1.6 mm) was obtained from CeTech Co., Ltd. Commercial Pt/C catalyst (20 wt%) were bought from Johnson Matthey Company (Shanghai, China). IrO<sub>2</sub> and nafion (5 % wt.) were obtained from Afar Aesar. All chemicals were used without further purification.

**Synthesis of Co-MOF/NF:** In a typical fabrication procedure, 2 mmol  $Co(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$  and 16 mmol 2-MeIm were dissolved in 40 mL deionized water to form two clear solution, respectively. Then, the solution of 2-MeIm was subsequently poured into the solution of  $Co(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$  with a piece of clean Ni foam, which was kept at room temperature for 3 h. The reacted sample with blue color was taken out and washed with

methanol several times, and dried at 60 °C to obtain Co-MOF precursor. To perform the the concentrationdependent experiments, the molar ratio of  $Co(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$  and 2-MeIm was tuned at 1:4 and 1:16 to instead the original one (1:8), respectively (Figure S2).

Synthesis of hierarchical  $Co(OH)_2/NF$ : A piece of Co-MOF/NF was immersed into an ethanol solution (100 mL) containing  $Co(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$  (3 mmol) with stirring for 30 min. The obtained  $Co(OH)_2$  sample was then taken out, washed with ethanol, and dried in 60 °C. To perform the etching time-dependent experiments, a series of etching time including 0, 10, and 60 min were employed.

**Synthesis of hierarchical CoP/NF:** In the typical synthesis procedure, a piece of  $Co(OH)_2/NF$  intermediate and NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>2</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O (0.1 g) were placed at the downstream and upstream sides of the tube furnace, respectively. Then the samples were heated at 300 °C for 60 min with a heating speed of 2 °C/min under Ar atmosphere. Noted that the mass loading of active material of pure CoP on NF is about 2.1 mg cm<sup>-2</sup>. To perform the temperatures-dependent experiments, the different annealing temperatures including 250 and 350 °C were employed. For comparison, all intermediates with different etching time were thermal-annealed under the same conditions.

**Synthesis of L-CoP/NF:** The large-size cobalt hydroxide precursors  $(L-Co(OH)_2)$  were grown by electrodeposition in  $Co(NO_3)_2$  aqueous solution(2 mmol 100 mL) with a three-electrode system. a piece of nickle foam (1\*2 cm), a platinum plate and a Ag/AgCl were used as working electrode, counter electrode and reference electrode, respectively. The electrodeposition of cobalt hydroxide was performed at room temperature applying a constant potential of -1.0 V (vs. Ag/AgCl). After deposition for 5 min, the resulting green sample was carefully rinsed several times with deionized water, and finally dried at 60 °C. The L-CoP/NF sample was prepared by the same phosphidation method as described above, except that the precursor was L-Co(OH)<sub>2</sub>/NF.

Materials characterization: The morphologies were characterized with field-emission scanning electron

microscopy (FE-SEM, Quanta FEG450) and transmission electron microscopy (TEM, FEI, TECNAI F30). The elemental composition and distribution was investigated with Energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDX, JEOL-2010) attached to the FE-SEM. The surface structure of the composites was characterized by An Autosorb IQ Gas Sorption System at 77 K. X-ray diffraction (XRD) spectrum was measured by Bruker D8-Advance X-ray diffractometer with Cu Ka radiation to analyze crystal structure of the samples. The Raman spectrum of as-prepared samples was conducted with a LabRAM HR 800 system at 532 nm laser. FT-IR spectra were recorded in the range of 4000–450 cm<sup>-1</sup> with a 92 JASCO FT/IR-460 spectrophotometer. X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS, ESCALAB250Xi, Thermo) was carried out to analyze chemical composition and valence states of the constituent elements in the samples.

**Electrochemical measurement:** All electrochemical measurement was performed in a standard threeelectrode system on CHI760E electrochemical workstation (Chenhua, shanghai), while using the as-obtained catalysts on NF as the working electrode, a carbon rod as the counter electrode, and an Ag/AgCl as the reference electrode. 1 M KOH, 1 M PBS and 0.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> were employed as the electrolyte solution. For HER, the linear sweep voltammograms (LSVs) were measured in a potential range of 0 to -0.5 V vs RHE at a scan rate of 5 mV s<sup>-1</sup>, while for OER, the LSVs were obtained from 1.0 to 1.8 V vs RHE at a scan rate of 2 mV s<sup>-1</sup>. Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) was measured in the frequency range of 0.01 Hz to 100 kHz with a 5 mV AC dither for HER and OER, respectively. Cyclic voltammograms (CVs) were tested at different scan rates, which are employed to estimate the double-layer capacitances (C<sub>dl</sub>) of the catalysts. Chronopotentiometry curves were obtained with a constant current density at 10 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>. Overall water splitting performance was evaluated in a two-electrode system by using CoP/NF as the catalysts for HER and OER in 1 M KOH. And the polarization curves were recorded at a scan rate of 2 mV s<sup>-1</sup>. All potentials reported in this paper were converted from vs. Ag/AgCl to vs. RHE by adding a value of 0.197 + 0.059\*pH, and were corrected for ohmic losses.



Figure S1. SEM images of Co-MOF (Co<sup>2+</sup>/2-MeIm : 1/8).



Figure S2. SEM images of Co-MOF with the different Co<sup>2+</sup>/2-MeIm molar ratio: (a,b) 1:4; (c,d) 1:16.



Figure S3. (a, b) SEM images and (c, d) TEM images of Co(OH)<sub>2</sub>.



Figure S4. (a, b) SEM images and (c, d) TEM images of CoP.



Figure S5. EDX spectra of pure CoP.



**Figure S6.** (a) N<sub>2</sub> adsorption–desorption isotherms and (b) the pore size distribution curves of CoP and Co-MOF. Inset in Figure S4b: pore volumes of CoP and Co-MOF sample.



Figure S7. (a, b) SEM images of L-CoP/NF, and (c) XRD pattern of L-Co(OH)<sub>2</sub> and L-CoP.



**Figure S8**. Nyquist plots of the as-synthesized CoP/NF and L-CoP/NF catalysts in (a) 1M KOH, (b) 1 M PBS and (c)  $0.5 \text{ M H}_2\text{SO}_4$  for HER.



**Figure S9**. ECSA measurement of CoP/NF and L-CoP/NF catalysts in (a-c) 1 M KOH. (d-f) 1M PBS, (g-i) 0.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. CV curves of (a, d, g) CoP/NF and (b, e, h) L-CoP/NF. (c, f, i) Plots showing the C<sub>dl</sub> for studied catalysts.



**Figure S10**. The HER activity of CoP/NF, Co(OH)<sub>2</sub>/NF and Co-MOF/NF in 1M KOH: (a) LSV curves, (b) Tafel slopes, and (c) Nyquist plots.



Figure S11. The CV curves at different scan rates of the L-CoP/NF for OER.



Figure S12. SEM images of cathode material after water electrolysis (Post-HER).



Figure S13. SEM images of anode material after water electrolysis (Post-OER).



Figure S14. XPS full survey spectra of the CoP/NF after the water electrolysis.



Figure S15. The HER activity of CoP/NF under the different etching time: (a) LSV curves, (b) Tafel slopes and (c) Nyquist plots.



**Figure S16**. SEM images of CoP/NF under different annealing temperatures: (a, b) 250 °C, (c, d) 300 °C, and (e, f) 350 °C.



**Figure S17**. (a, d) LSV curves, (b, e) Tafel slopes and (c, f) Nyquist plots of CoP/NF for HER activity (a-c) and OER activity (d-f) at different annealing temperatures in 1M KOH.

**Table S1**. Comparison of the HER activity of the CoP/NF with other electrocatalysts previously reported

 under various pH conditions.

Catalysts	Electrolyte	$\eta_{10}/mV$	Tafel slope/mV	Ref
	Electionyte	, 10/ III v	dec <sup>-1</sup>	iter.
	1 M KOH	41.1	65.3	
CoP/NF	1 M PBS	55.2	68.7	This work
	$0.5 \text{ M H}_2\text{SO}_4$	83.9	55	
	1 M KOH	67.2	66	
CoP/Mo <sub>2</sub> C-NC	1 M PBS	81.8	68	1
	$0.5 \text{ M H}_2\text{SO}_4$	55.7	49	
	1 M KOH	95	72	
NFP/C-3	1 M PBS	117	70	2
	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	72	54	
	1 M KOH	136	56.2	
CoP NFs	1 M PBS	-	-	3
	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	122	54.8	
	1 M KOH	165	96	
CoP/NCNT-CP	1 M PBS	305	100	4
	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	203	56	
	1 M KOH	71	58	
NiCo-	1 M KOH	418	78	5
nitrides/NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /GF	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	432	68	
	1 M KOH	121	65	
Ni-Co-P-H	1 M PBS	157	84	6
	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	90	68	
	1 M KOH	52	58	
CoP NA/CC	1 M PBS	145	72	7
	$0.5 \text{ M H}_2\text{SO}_4$	-	-	
	1 M KOH	237	99	
MoS <sub>2</sub> /EEBP	1 M PBS	258	154	8
	$0.5 \text{ MH}_2\text{SO}_4$	126	68	0
	1 M KOH	100	94.5	
Mo <sub>2</sub> C/N-PC	1 M PBS	224	140.8	9
	$0.5 \text{ MH}_2\text{SO}_4$	178	72.3	,
	1 M KOH	102.6	60.1	
ConNinN	1 M PBS	152.8	90.3	10
	$0.5 \text{ MH}_{2}\text{SO}_{4}$	92.0	55.3	10
	1 M KOH	67	<u> </u>	
NiCoP/CC	1 M PRS	-	-	11
INICOF/CC	$0.5 \text{ M} \text{ H}_{2}\text{SO}$		- 38 5	11
	1 M VOU	40.5	50.5	
$C_{\rm H}C_{\rm O}$ D		49.3	50 65 6	10
CuCo <sub>2</sub> -P		02.3 54.8	03.0	12
	1 M KOU	24.0	42.0	
CaD/Ca MOE		54 40	30 62	12
COP/Co-MOF	1 IVI PBS	49 27	03	13
	1 M VOU	<u> </u>	43	
		95 117	12	14
Ni-Fe-P	I M PBS	11/	/0	14
	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	12	54	
		86	66 72	1 7
Co-Fe-P	I M PBS	138	12	15
	$0.5 \text{ M H}_2 \text{SO}_4$	66	138	

**Table S2**. Comparison of the OER activity of CoP/NF with other electrocatalysts previously reported under

## alkaline conditions

Catalysts	Electrolyte	Overpotenial (mV)	Tafel slope/ mV dec <sup>-1</sup>	Ref.
CoP/NF	1 M KOH	317@50mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	49	This work
Cu <sub>3</sub> NCu <sub>3</sub> P/ NPSCNWS@NF	1 M KOH	240@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	53.8	16
NiCoFeP/C	1 M KOH	270@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	65	17
CoP/NCNHP	1 M KOH	310@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	70	18
CoP NA/CC	1 M KOH	300@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	85	7
CoP/rGO-400	1 M KOH	379@20mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	66	19
Fe-CoP/CoO	1 M KOH	219@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	52	20
Fe <sub>3</sub> -NiCoP	1 М КОН	293@50mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	37.8	21
NiCoP@NC NA/NF	1 M KOH	305@50mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	70.5	22
NiCoP/CC	1 M KOH	242@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	64.2	11
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /Co-Fe oxide DSNBs	1 M KOH	297@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	61	23
2D Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /CBTC	1 M KOH	370@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	50.1	24
Co <sub>4</sub> Ni <sub>1</sub> P NTS	1 M KOH	245@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	61	25
NiCoP/NC PHCs	1 M KOH	297@10mA cm <sup>-2</sup>	51	26

**Table S3**. Comparison of the overall water splitting activity of CoP/NF with other electrocatalysts previously

#### reported under alkaline conditions

Catalysts	Electrolyte	$\eta_{10, \text{ overall}}/\text{mV}$	Ref.
CoP/NF	1 M KOH	1.54	This work
Cu <sub>3</sub> NCu <sub>3</sub> P/ NPSCNWS@NF	1 M KOH	1.54	16
Co <sub>4</sub> Ni <sub>1</sub> P NTs	1 M KOH	1.59	25
CoP/NCNHP	1 M KOH	1.64	18
CoP NA/CC	1 M KOH	1.65	7
CoP/rGO-400	1 M KOH	1.7	19
S-CoW@S,N-C	1 M KOH	1.65	27
Fe <sub>3</sub> -NiCoP	1 M KOH	1.61	21
CoP NFs	1 M KOH	1.65	3
NiCoP@NC NA/NF	1 M KOH	1.56	22
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /Co-Fe oxide DSNBs	1 M KOH	1.7	23
NiFe-MOF	1 M KOH	1.57	28
AP-CoFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1 M KOH	1.63	29
RuNi-NCNFs	1 M KOH	1.56	30
NiFe/NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /NF	1 M KOH	1.67	31
Ni@NC-800	1 M KOH	1.6	32

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