## **Supplementary Information**

## **Compositional Optimization of 2D-3D Heterojunction Interface for**

22.6% Efficient and Stable Planar Perovskite Solar Cells

Maosheng He<sup>a</sup>, Jianghu Liang<sup>a</sup>, Zhanfei Zhang<sup>a</sup>, Yuankun Qiu<sup>a</sup>, Zihao Deng<sup>a</sup>, Heng Xu<sup>a</sup>, Jianli Wang<sup>a</sup>, Yajuan Yang<sup>a</sup>, Zhenhua Chen<sup>b</sup>, and Chun-Chao Chen<sup>a\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>School of Materials Science and Engineering, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai 200240, P. R. China
<sup>b</sup>Shanghai Synchrotron Radiation Facility (SSRF), Shanghai Advanced Research Institute, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 201800, China



Figure S1 False colored cross-sectional SEM image of PNAI-90 treated perovskite device.



Figure S2 3D CLSM image of PNAI-90 treated perovskite film



Figure S3 J-V curves of PSCs under different interfacial treatments by BAI (a) and PEAI (b).

Table S1 Photovoltaic characteristics of the best devices under different interfacial treatments

| Devices  | PCE(%) | $V_{oc}(V)$ | J <sub>sc</sub> (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> ) | FF    |
|----------|--------|-------------|----------------------------------------|-------|
| Control  | 20.26  | 1.08        | 23.74                                  | 78.99 |
| BAI-20   | 21.17  | 1.10        | 23.82                                  | 80.80 |
| BAI-90   | 21.69  | 1.14        | 23.89                                  | 79.63 |
| BAI-120  | 20.87  | 1.12        | 23.80                                  | 78.30 |
| PEAI-20  | 20.77  | 1.10        | 23.88                                  | 79.06 |
| PEAI-90  | 21.30  | 1.12        | 23.78                                  | 79.97 |
| PEAI-120 | 20.65  | 1.10        | 23.74                                  | 79.09 |



Figure S4 J–V curves of PSCs treated by PNAI-90 at different concentrations.

|   | Devices | PCE(%) | V <sub>oc</sub> (V) | J <sub>sc</sub> (mA/cm²) | FF    |
|---|---------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------|
|   | Control | 20.26  | 1.08                | 23.74                    | 78.99 |
|   | 10 mM   | 21.81  | 1.12                | 24.09                    | 80.83 |
|   | 20 mM   | 22.62  | 1.16                | 23.82                    | 81.87 |
|   | 30 mM   | 21.88  | 1.14                | 23.79                    | 80.66 |
|   | 50 mM   | 20.78  | 1.12                | 23.64                    | 78.48 |
| _ | 80 mM   | 17.69  | 1.10                | 21.85                    | 73.57 |

Table S2 Photovoltaic characteristics of PSCs treated by PNAI-90 at different concentrations.

Table S3 Photovoltaic characteristics of the devices under different scan directions

| Devices | PCE (%) | $V_{oc}(V)$ | J <sub>sc</sub> (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> ) | FF (%) | Hysteresis<br>index |  |
|---------|---------|-------------|----------------------------------------|--------|---------------------|--|
| Control | 20.26   | 1.08        | 23.74                                  | 78.99  | 6.3%                |  |
|         | 18.98   | 1.06        | 23.68                                  | 75.63  | 0.570               |  |
| PNAI-90 | 22.62   | 1.16        | 23.82                                  | 81.87  | 0.40/               |  |
|         | 22.07   | 1.16        | 23.75                                  | 80.10  | ۷.4%                |  |

Table S4 Fitting parameters for the time resolved PL curves of perovskite films.

| Samples  | т <sub>avg</sub> (ns) | т <sub>1</sub> (ns) | т <sub>2</sub> (ns) | т <sub>3</sub> (ns) | A1 (%) | A2 (%) | A3 (%) |
|----------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Control  | 509.64                | 7.23                | 78.37               | 553.23              | 34.24  | 25.24  | 40.52  |
| PNAI-20  | 634.42                | 15.72               | 87.27               | 1022.8<br>0         | 67.24  | 27.77  | 4.98   |
| PNAI-90  | 1008.3<br>9           | 7.04                | 59.29               | 1209.5<br>6         | 69.47  | 23.16  | 7.37   |
| PNAI-120 | 402.99                | 16.28               | 87.47               | 738.24              | 62.99  | 31.86  | 5.15   |

 $F(t) = A_1 exp(-t/\tau_1) + A_2 exp(-t/\tau_2) + A_3 exp(-t/\tau_3) + \gamma_0$ 

where  $\tau 1$ ,  $\tau 2$ , and  $\tau 3$  are fast decay time, intermediate decay time, and slow decay time, A1, A2, and A3 are the coefficient, respectively.



Figure S5 Nyquist plots of control and PNAI-90 treated perovskite solar cells measured in the dark.



Figure S6 (a) survey scan of XPS spectra of Control and PNAI-90 treated perovskite films. (b) the core level of Pb  $4f_{7/2}$  obtained from the narrow scan.



Figure S7 Space charge-limited current (SCLC) of electron-only devices with structure of FTO/SnO<sub>2</sub>/Perovskite/with or without interfacial layers/PCBM/Ag under dark conditions.

The architectures of electron-only devices are  $FTO/SnO_2/perovskite/with$  or without interfacial layer/PCBM/Ag, and their dark trap-filled limit voltage (V<sub>TFL</sub>) values from the I-V curves are 0.23 eV, 0.17 eV, 0.14 eV, 0.20 eV, respectively. The trap density ( $n_{trap}$ ) can be calculated according to the following formula<sup>1</sup>:

$$n_{\text{trap}} = \frac{2\varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_r V_{TFL}}{eL^2}$$

Where  $\varepsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12}$  F m<sup>-1</sup> and  $\varepsilon_r = 46.9$  are the vacuum permittivity and the relative dielectric constants of FAPbI<sub>3</sub>, respectively<sup>2</sup>; e is the elementary charge of the electron; L ~ 605 nm is the thickness of the perovskite film measured by the cross-section SEM image.

Furthermore, the electron mobility  $(\mu)$  was derived using the Mott–Gurney law:

$$\frac{8J_DL^3}{9\varepsilon_0\varepsilon_rV^2}$$

where  $J_D$  is the current density and V is the applied voltage.

| Samples  | т <sub>avg</sub> (ns) | т <sub>1</sub> (ns) | т <sub>2</sub> (ns) | A1 (%) | A2 (%) |
|----------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|
| Control  | 9.29                  | 1.29                | 10.70               | 59.42  | 40.58  |
| PNAI-20  | 8.91                  | 1.04                | 10.32               | 64.03  | 35.97  |
| PNAI-90  | 6.24                  | 1.18                | 8.11                | 71.84  | 28.16  |
| PNAI-120 | 7.30                  | 1.41                | 10.12               | 77.42  | 22.58  |



Figure S8 UPS analysis results for work function and valence band of Control, PNAI-90 treated and PNAI-120 treated perovskite film.



Figure S9 The surface potential distribution charts of (a) control perovskite and (b) PNAI-90 treated perovskite film.



Figure S10 Absorption spectra of the perovskite film under different interfacial treatments before (a) and after (b) stored in high humidity ( $70\pm10\%$  RH) for 150 days.

- T. Niu, J. Lu, M.-C. Tang, D. Barrit, D.-M. Smilgies, Z. Yang, J. Li, Y. Fan, T. Luo and I. McCulloch, *Energy & Environmental Science*, 2018, 11, 3358-3366.
- 2. W. Luo, C. Wu, D. Wang, Y. Zhang, Z. Zhang, X. Qi, N. Zhu, X. Guo, B. Qu and L. Xiao, *ACS applied materials & interfaces*, 2019, **11**, 9149-9155.