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## Boron-based nanosheets for combined cancer photothermal and photodynamic

## therapy

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Figure S1. Synthesis scheme of Ce6-PAH-PAA NSs.



Figure S2. XRD spectrum of B NSs



Figure S3. Schematic illustration of the fluorescence release from B NSs.



Figure S4. TGA curves of B NSs, B@Ce6 NSs and B@Ce6-PAH-PAA NSs.



**Figure S5.** Transmittance (T%) profiles of B@Ce6 NSs dispersed in DI water a), PBS b) and medium c) as a function of time and tube length. Transmittance (T%) profiles of B@Ce6-PAH-PAA NSs dispersed in DI water d), PBS e) and cell culture medium f) as a function of time and tube length.



**Figure S6.** Photograph of B NSs, B-PAH-PAA NSs, B@Ce6 NSs and B@Ce6-PAH-PAA NSs dispersed in DI water, PBS and cell culture medium and placed for various time.



**Figure S7.** a) Absorption spectrum of ABDA as a sensor to detect the ROS generation in the presence of Ce6 under 660 nm irradiation for various times. b) Absorption spectrum of ABDA as a sensor to detect the ROS generation in the presence of B@Ce6 NSs under 660 nm irradiation for various times.



**Figure S8.** a) Temperature increase curve observed from the B@Ce6-PAH-PAA NSs with different concentration under 808 nm light irradiation at 1 W cm<sup>-2</sup> for 5 min. b) Temperature increase curve observed from the B@Ce6-PAH-PAA NSs with different concentration under 808 nm light irradiation at 1.5 W cm<sup>-2</sup> for 5 min.







**Figure S9.** Infrared thermal images of B@Ce6-PAH-PAA NSs aqueous solutions with different concentrations as a function of irradiation time for 5 min under the 808 nm NIR laser with the densities of 1 W cm<sup>-2</sup>, 1.5 W cm<sup>-2</sup> and 2 W cm<sup>-2</sup>



Figure S10. Temperature changes curves of different drugs under 808 nm laser irradiation.



**Figure S11.** The temperature change variation curve of B@Ce6 NSs solution (200  $\mu$ g mL<sup>-1</sup>) during five laser ON and OFF cycles in the laser power density of 2 W cm<sup>-2</sup>.



Figure S12. The intracellular fluorescence of Ce6 was quantified using Image J software.



**Figure S13.** Physiological analysis of major organs (heart, liver, spleen, lung, and kidney) and tumor obtained from various treatments groups after 2 weeks treatment. Images were taken under a  $40 \times$  objective.